



DECENNIAL
RECORD

CLASS
OF

NINETY-SIX

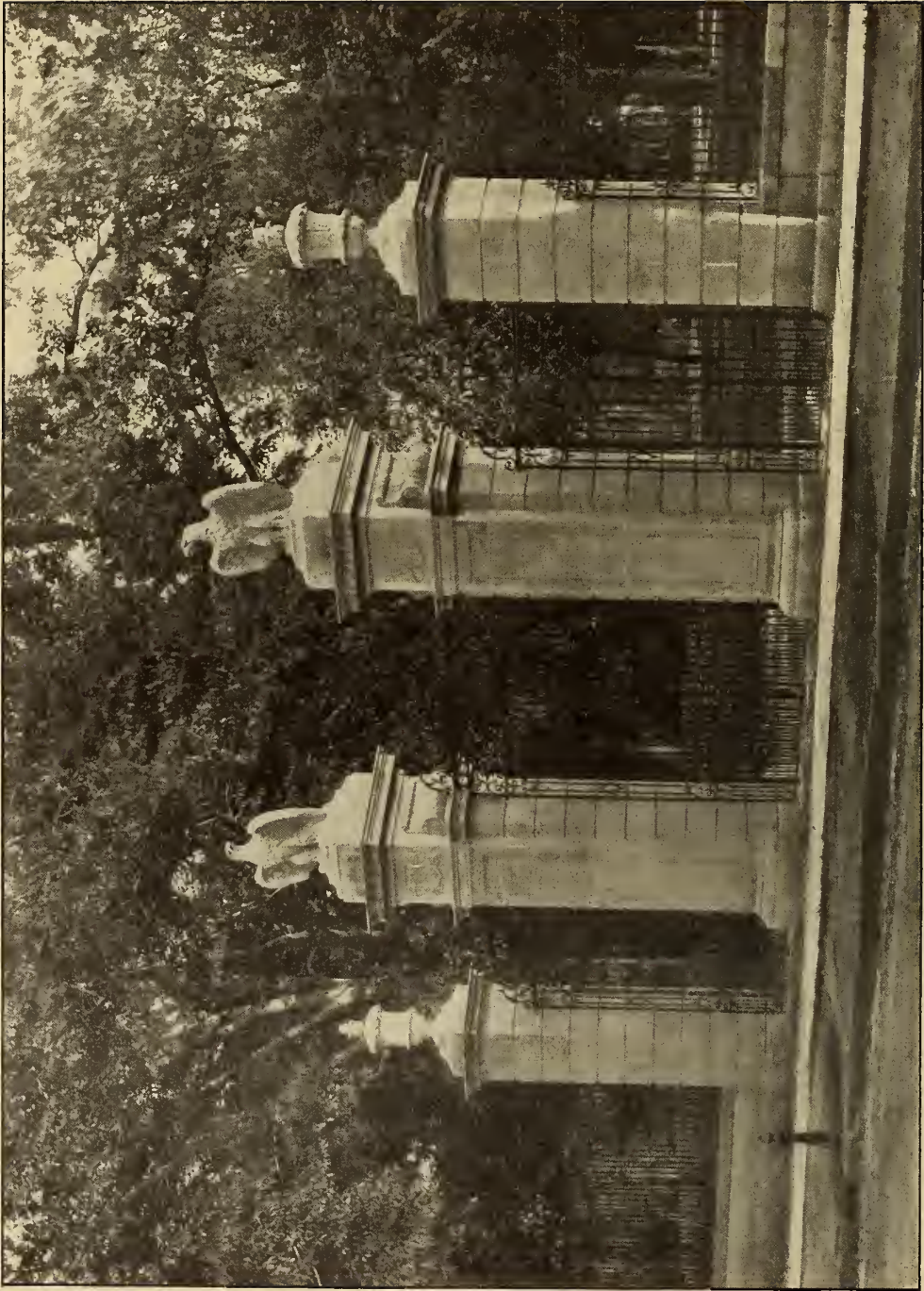
PRINCETON



Class LJ4604

Book 1896 c

PRESENTED BY



THE FITZ RANDOLPH GATEWAY

Princeton university. Class of 1896

A HISTORY OF PRINCETON '96

TO THE TIME OF THE DECENNIAL REUNION OF THE
CLASS IN JUNE, 1906; AND A PART OF THE HISTORY OF
PRINCETON UNIVERSITY DURING THE YEARS 1896 TO 1906



Edited by the Class Secretary
CHARLES BYRON BOSTWICK

NEW YORK
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1906

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REV. M. 20/31

PREFACE

THE letters to the Class this year have explained my intention of departing from custom in the preparation of the Decennial Record.

We talked it over in Committee meetings, and we voted by a decided majority to make our Tenth Year Record something a little different from the usual collection of letters. Ordinarily the chief feature of a Class Record is a collection of letters from seven-tenths of the Class, answering questions of general interest concocted by the Secretary. Most of the letters are stilted, formal and unsatisfactory. I doubt very much whether one man in twenty ever reads a Class Record (of the letter sort) from cover to cover. This means that a lot of work has been done and a lot of money spent, all to little purpose. Many letters are made up of mere statistical information (which is just as good if given in tabular form, *without* padding) and excuses for not writing sooner, and apologies to the Secretary. Then, too, many people dislike to write letters, and some men are very reluctant to write a letter to go into print. When I was getting out our Triennial Record, I received a letter from one of our most enthusiastic members, who flatly refused to send a letter for the book. I quote from his letter, which covers my point exactly:

"I don't like that idea of yours about a class letter, and the other fellows here are of the same mind over it. It seems to me that a letter for the Record would be foolish if written in a strain such as you would use in writing to a close personal friend. None of the fellows here will write one. If you will be satisfied with a short letter consisting of statements of what I have done since graduation, with probably a few other remarks, I shall be glad to write one; but no 'personal' class letter for me."

I have no doubt that many others feel as he does, and send their letters unwillingly, if they send them at all. So many of our men have enthusiastically approved the omission of the letters, that I feel sure that a Record of this kind will be much more acceptable to the Class. (See article, "To the Class," at the end of this volume.)

I have carefully examined two of the best records issued by recent classes, in which information is given about five hundred and seventeen men. Ninety-three have not answered at all. Two hundred and twenty-six have written letters which give some information, (though never in complete form, as this book gives it,) but which are mostly filled with unreadable "hot air," of the poorest sort. One hundred and ninety-eight have hidden one single atom of fact in a mass of padding, or have confined themselves to excuses and apologies. Here are some samples:

"I have not the faintest desire to write a letter for publication. I have nothing whatever to say. I have done nothing notable since I left college. I have written no book, printed no pamphlet. I have delivered no addresses which amount to anything. Have had nothing to do with war, politics or travel. I have been very busy. Hard at work. That is about all I know of which would interest you in even the remotest way."

Mar. 14, 22. J. H. Bean, '96. Ljpt.

"It has taken two notices to stir me up to a letter, for the very good reason that the *kind of a letter that you want I cannot write.*

"I have been extremely happy since leaving Princeton, and moderately successful, and that kind of a life doesn't provide much copy. My travels have been confined to lands with which nine-tenths of my classmates are familiar, and as a law-abiding citizen I have steered clear of any adventures that would interest them. This letter will answer for all the literary work that I have accomplished in ten years. My hobby is loafing, which I cannot indulge, so I am sure you will spare me the pain of telling you what I would do if I could.

"Seriously, I am sorry not to be able to put more of myself into this letter, but as one grows older in life it becomes harder to be communicative on paper, and I hope when the days of our Reunion come around, in June, that in *personal meetings* I may once more exchange with my classmates the old *unreserved confidences* that make perhaps the happiest memories of one's college days."

Now, is it worth while to pad nearly half of a Class Record with stuff like this? No, decidedly not.

So I have aimed to have our Decennial Book give all our own history since we were graduated, and some of the history of the College and the Town in those ten years; and also what I find does not exist in combined form, the statistics of our undergraduate days, now scattered through many different Princeton publications.

In behalf of the Class, I wish to express here my obligations to those who have helped me in the preparation of the book, especially to the editors of the *Princeton Alumni Weekly*, and the *History of Athletics at Princeton*, for varied information; for half-tone plates and photographs, to Mr. N. W. McIntyre, Manager of the 1907 *Bric-a-Brac*; to Mr. William H. Crocker, of the *American Architect*, of New York; to the Rogers & Wise Company, of Boston, publishers of *Indoors and Out*; to Mr. Dumont Clarke, Jr., General Secretary of the Philadelphian Society of Princeton, and to the indefatigable Secretaries of the Classes of '95 and '97.

One of the greatest delights in reading a Class Record lies in the awakened recollections of those four good years at Princeton. Talking over the old days at our Reunions, we often find that our memories do not agree. Here, I hope, the records in this book will prove their value.

Our men are widely separated. Very probably '96 has more men scattered in foreign lands than any other class. For their benefit the book includes some little part of Princeton's history since 1896. We are sure that this will be welcome, and perhaps often entirely new to our absent members, for whose sake we are retelling what may be no news to the more fortunate ones who live nearer the old "Burgh."

So, Brothers in the Faith of Old Nassau, if you get pleasure in knowing what your classmates have done in the past ten years, in living over again our undergraduate days, and in applauding the progress of our well loved Alma Mater, we who have collaborated in preparing the Decennial Book shall feel that we have labored well for the common good.

CHARLES BYRON BOSTWICK.

NEW YORK, May, 1906.



NASSAU HALL

RECORD OF UNDERGRADUATE YEARS



CLASS OFFICERS

FRESHMAN YEAR, 1892-3	{ President, LEA. Secretary and Treasurer, MCGUIRE. Historian, MACMURDY.
SOPHOMORE YEAR, 1893-4	{ President, JOHNSTON. Vice-President, LEA. Secretary, HODGE. Treasurer, SCHEIDE. Historians, GALT and COCHRAN.
JUNIOR YEAR, 1894-5	{ President, GUNSTER. Vice-President, BOSTWICK. Secretary, FISHER. Treasurer, MOMENT. Historians, GALT and COCHRAN.
SENIOR YEAR, 1895-6	{ President, MILBANK. Secretary, BOSTWICK. Historian, DAVID POTTER.

Alexander Guthrie McCosh Prize, W. A. MATHER
The Lynde Prize Debate, { First Prize, R. M. McÉLROY
 Second Prize, F. W. LOETSCHER
 Third Prize, E. W. HAMILTON
The Baird Prize, J. M. TROUT
The Baird Prize in Oratory, J. J. MOMENT
The Baird Prize in Delivery, R. B. PERRY
The Baird Prize in Poetry, F. C. MACDONALD
The Baird Prize in Disputation, { First Prize, R. M. McÉLROY
 Second Prize, A. N. EASTON
The Class of 1859 Prize in English Literature, S. R. SPRIGGS
The Lyman H. Atwater Prize in Political Economy, E. W. HAMILTON
The Frederick Barnard White Prize in Architecture, W. W. POTTER
The Theodore Cuyler Prize in Economics, A. H. LYBYER
The Class of 1869 Prize in Ethics, J. M. TROUT
The George Potts Bible Prizes, { First Prize, S. R. SPRIGGS
 Second Prize, L. G. KIRKMAN
The C. O. Joline Prize in American Political History, A. L. P. DENNIS
The James Gordon Bennett Prize, H. B. ARMES

The Junior First Honor Prize, F. W. LOETSCHER
The Class of 1870 Junior English Prize, J. M. TROUT
The Class of 1870 Anglo-Saxon Prize, F. W. LOETSCHER
The MacLean Prize, E. S. WORCESTER
The Dickinson Prize, J. M. TROUT
The Thomas B. Wanamaker Prize in English, F. W. LOETSCHER
Nassau Literary Magazine Prizes, { Prize Poem, MACDONALD
{ Prize Oration, HAMILTON

The Class of 1861 Prize in Mathematics, A. H. LYBYER
The Class of 1870 Sophomore English Prize, F. W. LOETSCHER
The Sophomore Essay Prize, E. S. WORCESTER
The Stinneke Scholarship, C. B. BOSTWICK

The Freshman First Honor Prize, F. W. LOETSCHER
The Alumni Entrance Prize in New York City, { L. H. GRAY
C. B. BOSTWICK
George W. Childs Entrance Prizes in Philadelphia { (Academic), R. B. PERRY
(Scientific), F. C. LEAS
Entrance Prize in Washington, D. C., W. D. McLEAN
Entrance Prize in Wilkes-Barre and Scranton, T. H. A. STITES
Entrance Prize in Pittsburg, S. W. MILLER, JR.
Entrance Prize in Harrisburg, W. H. MUSSER

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"IN SENIOR YEAR WE TAKE OUR EASE"

HONOR MEN

Senior Year (Graduated Magna Cum Laude)—CHURCHMAN, CRITCHLOW, McMULLEN, MATHER, L. H. GRAY, HODGE, LOETSCHER, LYBYER, MOMENT, PERRY, TROUT, WORCESTER. *School of Science*—B. S. Course Honors, W. BUSH; C. E. Course Honors, STEWART, PAYNE, L. L. SMITH.

Junior Year—CHURCHMAN, COCHRAN, ERDMAN, L. H. GRAY, HODGE, LOETSCHER, LYBYER, MATHER, MOMENT, MORGAN, MUSSER, PERRY, TROUT, URE, WORCESTER. *Scientific School (B. S.)*—COLEMAN, PARKER. *Scientific School (C. E.)*—BUSH, LYLE, L. L. SMITH, F. G. STEWART.

Sophomore Year—L. H. GRAY, HODGE, LOETSCHER, LYBYER, MATHER, MOMENT, TROUT, WORCESTER. *Scientific School (B. S.)*—FORD, PARKER; (C. E.)—BUSH, LYLE, L. L. SMITH.

Freshman Year—BOSTWICK, HODGE, LITCH, LOETSCHER, LYBYER, MOMENT, WORCESTER. *Scientific School*—LYLE, BUSH, MITCHELL, L. L. SMITH.

LITERARY HONORS

Nassau Literary Magazine—MOMENT, BOWER, DENNIS (Managing Editor), MACDONALD, MORRIS, DAVID POTTER, H. G. PIERCE (Business Manager).

Daily Princetonian—BEAM (Managing Editor), CHURCHMAN, JOHNSTON, MORRIS (Business Manager), ELLIOTT, GRAHAM, SMALL, DENNIS.

Tiger—PERRY, BOSTWICK (Business Manager).

'96 *Bric-a-Brac*—BOSTWICK (Chairman), THOMSON, SCHOONMAKER, SOWERS, MARVIN, BLACKMORE, GRANT, ROBERTS.

Nassau Herald—GALT, URBAN, E. K. MILLS, LAMPE.



WHIG AND CLIO HALLS AND THE CANNON

'96 MEN WHO WERE GRADUATED FROM HALL

AMERICAN WHIG SOCIETY

F. O. Allen, Jr., Atkinson, Beam, Briggs, Clay, Doolittle, Dickson, Erdman, Elliott, D. Fentress, French, Hamilton, Jamison, Lampe, McElroy, McMullen, Maxwell, Mather, Perry, H. G. Pierce, Park, J. A. Potter, Parker, Reese, Rives, Sherriff, Snitcher, Stites, Smithers, Loetscher, Turner, C. A. Wilson, Worcester, Wickham, Ziegler. (35.)

CLIOSOPHIC SOCIETY

Bloch, Brearley, H. M. Bruen, J. B. Bruen, Cochran, Crawford, Delafield, Doty, Easton, N. B. Gaskill, T. L. Gaskill, L. H. Gray, Killmer, Lybyer, Lyon, F. L. Mills, Moment, Morgan, Mudge, Oglesby, C. E. Patton, Spriggs, Trout, Ure, Waters, Wayave, Wisner, Yarrow. (28.)

FORENSIC HONORS

Junior Orator Medals

First—MOMENT

Third—TROUT

Second—WATERS

Fourth—HAMILTON

Washington's Birthday Debaters

1893—H. G. PIERCE

1894—PERRY

1895—TROUT

1896—McELROY

Washington's Birthday Orators

1893—MORRIS

1894—MOMENT

1895—HAMILTON

1896—EASTON

THE LYNDE DEBATE

Alexander Hall, Tuesday Evening, June 9, 1896

QUESTION FOR DEBATE: *Resolved*, "That the policy of the present administration with reference to Venezuela is to be commended."

Debaters

Clisophic Society

W. F. DOTY, District of Columbia

A. N. EASTON, New Jersey

A. H. LYBYER, Indiana

Whig Society

E. W. HAMILTON, New York

F. W. LOETSCHER, Iowa

R. M. McELROY, Missouri

First Prize—R. M. McELROY

Second Prize—F. W. LOETSCHER

Third Prize—E. W. HAMILTON

Judges

Hon. JOSEPH CROSS, JR.,—Class of '65

Hon. JOHN A. BLAIR—Class of '66

Hon. JOHN B. MCPHERSON—Class of '66

FREDERICK EVANS, JR.—Class of '86

UNIVERSITY DEBATERS

Second Yale-Princeton Debate—New Haven, May 1, 1895.

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY.

Third Yale-Princeton Debate—Princeton, December 6, 1895.

EDWARD WILLIAM HAMILTON

RALPH BARTON PERRY

Second Harvard-Princeton Debate—Cambridge, March 13, 1896.

FREDERICK WILLIAM LOETSCHER

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY

HERBERT URE

Third Harvard-Princeton Debate—Princeton, December 18, 1896.

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY.



HALL PRIZES

<i>Whig</i> —French Medal Debate, Senior Year, LOETSCHER, First Prize	
Essay - - - -	Senior Year, PERRY, First Prize
General Debate -	Senior Year, J. A. POTTER, First Prize
Oratory - - - -	Senior Year, McELROY, First Prize
	Senior Year, PERRY, Second Prize
<i>Whig</i> —Junior Orators - -	Junior Year, HAMILTON
	Junior Year, TURNER
	Junior Year, LOETSCHER
	Junior Year, WORCESTER
Debate - - - -	Junior Year, LOETSCHER, First Prize
Extempore Speaking,	Junior Year, HAMILTON, First Prize
Essay - - - -	Junior Year, PERRY, First Prize
Competitive Debate,	Junior Year, HAMILTON, Second Prize
<i>Whig</i> —General Debate -	Sophomore Year, J. A. POTTER, Third Prize
Essays - - - -	Sophomore Year, STITES, First Prize
	Sophomore Year, BEAM, Second Prize
	Sophomore Year, SHERRIFF, Third Prize
Debate - - - -	Sophomore Year, McELROY, First Prize
	Sophomore Year, BEAM, Second Prize
	Sophomore Year, TURNER, Third Prize
Oratory - - - -	Sophomore Year, HAMILTON, First Prize
	Sophomore Year, McELROY, Second Prize
<i>Whig</i> —Speaking - - - -	Freshman Year, DOOLITTLE, First Prize
	Freshman Year, SHERRIFF, Second Prize
Debate - - - -	Freshman Year, PERRY, First Prize
Essay - - - -	Freshman Year, H. G. PIERCE, First Prize

Clio—Orations - - - - { Senior Year, N. B. GASKILL, First Prize
Senior Year, URE, Second Prize

Essays - - - - { Senior Year, SPRIGGS, First Prize
Senior Year, MOMENT, Second Prize
Senior Year, LYBYER, Second Prize

Divisional Debate - Senior Year, WISNER, First Prize

General Debate - - Senior Year, EASTON, Second Prize

Clio—Junior Orators - - { Junior Year, MOMENT
Junior Year, TROUT
Junior Year, WATERS
Junior Year, WISNER

Essays - - - - { Junior Year, ARMES, First Prize
Junior Year, L. H. GRAY, Second Prize

Debate - - - - { Junior Year, TROUT, First Prize
Junior Year, CRAWFORD, Second Prize

General Debate - - Junior Year, COCHRAN, Second Prize

Extempore Debate - Junior Year, WISNER, Second Prize

Extempore Speaking { Junior Year, DOTY, First Prize
Junior Year, DENNIS, Second Prize

Clio—Essays - - - - { Sophomore Year, TROUT, First Prize
Sophomore Year, L. H. GRAY, Second Prize

Orations - - - - { Sophomore Year, MOMENT, First Prize
Sophomore Year, TROUT, Second Prize

Debate - - - - Sophomore Year, DOTY, First Prize

Extempore Speaking Sophomore Year, WATERS, Second Prize

Clio—Debate - - - - Freshman Year, TROUT, First Prize

Speaking - - - - { Freshman Year, WATERS, First Prize
Freshman Year, EASTON, Second Prize

Essays - - - - { Freshman Year, DENNIS, First Prize
Freshman Year, L. H. GRAY, Second Prize



'96 MEN WHO WERE MEMBERS OF THE 'VARSITY MUSICAL CLUBS

Glee Club—KERR (four years), Leader, Senior year; CADWALADER (four years), TALMAGE (Sophomore, Junior), FORDYCE (Junior, Senior), GREENE (Junior, Senior), assistant manager Junior year, manager Senior year; CHURCHMAN (Senior), CORSER (Sophomore), KILLMER (Senior), W. W. LEONARD (Senior), J. D. JONES (Senior), McLEAN (Senior).

Banjo Club—R. D. SMITH (four years), Leader, Senior year; TALMAGE (Sophomore, Junior), TILLINGHAST (Junior, Senior), BAYLIS (Sophomore, Junior, Senior), KINGSBURY (Junior, Senior), SAUSSY (Senior), POPE (Senior), D. L. MILLER (Sophomore).

Mandolin Club—McLANAHAN (Sophomore, Junior, Senior), Leader, Senior year; T. CONOVER (Sophomore, Junior), MARVIN (Junior, Senior), SAUSSY (Senior), SCHEIDE (Junior, Senior), R. D. SMITH (Junior), D. L. MILLER (Freshman, Sophomore), RANDOLPH (Sophomore).

DANCE COMMITTEES

Sophomore Reception.

KERR (*Chairman*), BROOKS, BUNTING, CADWALADER, W. K. GREENE, LEA, LITTLE, McGUIRE, McLANAHAN, MILBANK, MORRIS, ROBERTS, SCHEIDE, SOWERS, TALMAGE.

Junior Promenade.

LITTLE (*Chairman*), BROOKS, BUNTING, CADWALADER, W. K. GREENE, KERR, LEA, McGUIRE, McLANAHAN, MILBANK, MORRIS, ROBERTS, SCHEIDE, SOWERS, TALMAGE.

Senior Dance.

BROOKS (*Chairman*), BUNTING, CADWALADER, W. K. GREENE, L. W. HALL, JR., KERR, LEA, LITTLE, McGUIRE, McLANAHAN, MILBANK, MORRIS, ROBERTS, SCHEIDE, SOWERS.



'96 FRESHMAN GLEE CLUB

'96 FRESHMAN GLEE CLUB ASSOCIATION



JOHN H. MACMURDY, *Manager.*

GLEE CLUB

HARRY C. BRIGGS, *Leader.*

First Tenors.

THOMAS CADWALADER
R. McN. McELROY
H. C. TAGGART
H. G. WARING
E. E. CONOVER
B. B. BRIEN
W. D. SILKWORTH

Second Tenors.

R. D. SMITH
P. A. CHAMBERLAIN
H. S. HARRIS
A. W. GODFREY
R. L. LITCH

First Bassos.

H. C. BRIGGS
J. D. JONES
F. S. SMITHERS, JR.
F. L. MILLS
W. D. LIBBEY
D. PARK

Second Bassos.

A. A. TALMAGE
W. K. GREENE
AMOS BISSELL
E. H. BISHOP
H. B. WILSON

BANJO CLUB

EDGAR FITZ RANDOLPH, *Leader.*

Banjeaurines.

A. A. TALMAGE,
J. W. ALFORD
R. D. SMITH
W. S. BAYLIS

Piccolo Banjo.

E. F. RANDOLPH

Banjos.

H. G. WARING
R. S. RODGERS||
K. R. KINGSBURY

Guitars.

W. HAGER
D. L. MILLER

MANDOLIN CLUB

THORNTON CONOVER, *Leader.*

Mandolins.

T. CONOVER
J. J. MOFFITT
S. McLANAHAN
C. M. WILLOCK

Second Mandolins.

A. D. DAVIS
J. H. SCHEIDE

Flute.

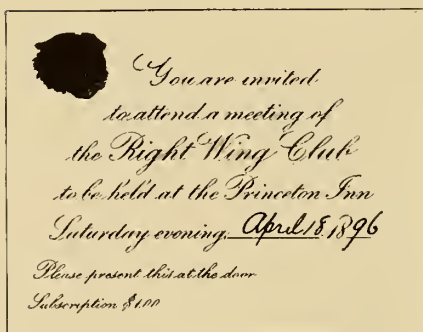
F. P. MUDGE

Guitars.

F. C. LEAS
D. L. MILLER

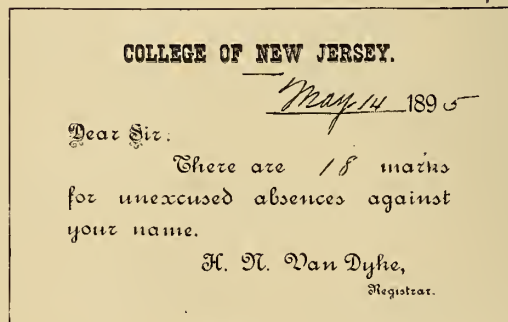


'96 FRESHMAN MANDOLIN CLUB



LIGHT

and



SHADOW

TRIANGLE CLUB

M. GRAY, Asst. Business Manager, Junior Year. Business Manager, Senior Year.

MILBANK, Secretary, Junior Year.

GLENN, President, Senior Year. Stage Manager, Senior Year.

SHERRIFF, Secretary, Senior Year.

HAGER, G. K. ALLEN,	}	Property Directors, Senior Year.
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ACTORS

PLAYS

GLENN, - - -	{	Julius Cæsar, 1894. Who's Who, 1895. Snow Ball, 1895. Mummy, 1896.
MILBANK, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1893.
MAC MURDY, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1893-1894.
AGENS, - - -	{	Julius Cæsar, 1893-1894. Who's Who, 1895. Snow Ball, 1895.
SHERRIFF, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
J. D. JONES, - - -	-	Mummy, 1896.
FRAZER, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
ROGERS, - - -	{	Julius Cæsar, 1894. Mummy, 1896.
KERR, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
TALMAGE, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1893-1894.
W. W. LEONARD, -	-	Mummy, 1896.
BROWNE, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
TURNER, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
FORDYCE, - - -	-	Mummy, 1896.
CADWALADER, - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
GREENE, - - -	-	Julius Cæsar, 1894.
WIESTLING, - - -	-	Mummy, 1896.
KILPATRICK, - - -	-	Pocahontas, 1898.
S. B. DAVIS, - - -	-	Mummy, 1896.
KILLMER, - - -	-	Mummy, 1896.

THE MUMMY

Produced by the Triangle Club May 15 and 16, 1896

Music by R. D. Smith, '96, and W. W. Leonard, '96

COLLEGE OF NEW JERSEY
FRESHMAN EXAMINATION IN GREEK.

HOMER'S ILLIAD.

PROFESSOR CAMPBELL.

MONDAY, JUNE 5TH, 1893.

$\begin{matrix} \text{XVI} \\ 278-363 \end{matrix} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{Αἶψ' ὃ δ' ἄρ' ἔπος εἰπὼν ἔπειτα γαλήνοισσ' ὅτ' ἔπειτα} \\ \text{ἰσ' ἔκοντοισσας δ' ἃ ἰδρύειν πόλιν,} \\ \text{ἔπειτα ταυρὴν κεκαλυμμένης ἐβρίας θυμῶς,} \\ \text{σέβεται δ' ἵσταται τοῖσιν καὶ δοῖται δούρην} \\ \text{ἢ μὲν δὴ γίγνεται μάχη ἑταρὰ λεία νίκη} \\ \text{ἀλλὰ καὶ δὲ δ' ἐνέμμενε, σὶ δ' ἑλπίσιν ἑταίρους} \\ \text{'Πε δ' ἔν' ἀπ' Οὐλύμπου νέφος ἄρχεται οὐρανὸν εἶσω,} \\ \text{αἰθέρος τε δόχη, ὅτε τε Ζεὺς ἡλιότα τε (νῦν)} \\ \text{δὲ τῶν ἐν νῶν γίγεται λαχὴ τε φόβος τε} \\ \text{οἶδ' ἀτὰρ μοῖραν πέρας πάλλει. Ἔπειτα δ' ἔπειτα} \\ \text{ἔκφερ' ὠκυπόδες σὶν τεύχεσσι. Λίπτε δὲ λαὸν} \\ \text{Τρωϊκὸν, οὗς δέκοντες ὄρνυται τέφρῳ ἔρκεσσι.} \end{array} \right.$

$\begin{matrix} \text{XVI} \\ 740-746 \end{matrix} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{'Αμφότερας δ' ὁ φέρ' ἄνελεν λῆθος, οἷδ' αἰ λ' ἔχεν} \\ \text{δοῖτον ὀφθαλμοὶ δὲ χαμαὶ πέσον' ἐν κονίῃσιν.} \\ \text{αὐτοῦ πρόσθε ποδῶν δ' ἄρ', ἀνευθῆρι τοικῶς,} \\ \text{κάππεσ' ἀπ' ἐβρυγίος δίφρου λίπτε δ' ὀνεία θυμῶς.} \\ \text{πολλὰ δὲ Κεβερὸν ὄμφ' ἔβλετο δούρ' ἐπεπύγεσσι,} \\ \text{τοὶ τε περὶ δόρυ ἀπὸ νευρῆφι θυρόθεν} \\ \text{πολλὰ δὲ χαμαὶ μέγα δ' ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐντοφύλλου} \\ \text{μεγαλύνον ὄμφ' αὐτῶν δ' ἔν' ἐν στροφάλλει κοῦρῃ} \\ \text{κῆτος μέγας μεγαλωστί λ' ἔλ' ὁ σμῆνος ἰσσοσύνησιν.} \end{array} \right.$

$\begin{matrix} \text{XVI} \\ 772-776 \end{matrix} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{'Αμφότερας δ' ὁ φέρ' ἄνελεν λῆθος, οἷδ' αἰ λ' ἔχεν} \\ \text{δοῖτον ὀφθαλμοὶ δὲ χαμαὶ πέσον' ἐν κονίῃσιν.} \\ \text{αὐτοῦ πρόσθε ποδῶν δ' ἄρ', ἀνευθῆρι τοικῶς,} \\ \text{κάππεσ' ἀπ' ἐβρυγίος δίφρου λίπτε δ' ὀνεία θυμῶς.} \\ \text{πολλὰ δὲ Κεβερὸν ὄμφ' ἔβλετο δούρ' ἐπεπύγεσσι,} \\ \text{τοὶ τε περὶ δόρυ ἀπὸ νευρῆφι θυρόθεν} \\ \text{πολλὰ δὲ χαμαὶ μέγα δ' ἀπὸ τοῦ ἐντοφύλλου} \\ \text{μεγαλύνον ὄμφ' αὐτῶν δ' ἔν' ἐν στροφάλλει κοῦρῃ} \\ \text{κῆτος μέγας μεγαλωστί λ' ἔλ' ὁ σμῆνος ἰσσοσύνησιν.} \end{array} \right.$

CONIC SECTIONS—Sophomore Final.

- Trace the parabola $y^2 = 8x$ from the origin to the points whose abscissas are 5. Plot its focus and directrix. Obtain the equations of the tangents and normals at the points whose abscissas are 4. For one of these tangents verify the fact that the tangent at any point of a parabola makes the same angle with the axis as with the focal radius of the point.
- Find the points of intersection of the straight line $y = 2x - 5$ with this parabola; also the equation of the tangent which is parallel to this line, and the co-ordinates of its point of contact.
- Given the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$. Find its eccentricity, the co-ordinates of its foci, the equations of its directrices. Also the polar with respect to it of the point (4, -1) and the pole of the line $2x - y + 10 = 0$.
- Find the asymptotes of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{9} - \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$. Also the tangents from the point (-3, 2).
- Find the equation of the conic which passes through the five points: (2, 1), (1, -1), (3, -2), (-1, 1), (-2, -2).
- Transform each of the following equations to its simplest form and trace the curve which it represents:
 - $x^2 + 10xy + y^2 - 18x + 6y - 3 = 0$
 - $4x^2 + 4xy + y^2 - 8x - 2y - 10 = 0$
- Find the equation of the locus of the point of intersection of two tangents to a parabola which make an angle of 45° with each other.
- Lines are drawn through the foci of an ellipse perpendicular respectively to a pair of conjugate diameters and intersect in P; show that the locus of P is a concentric ellipse.
- A series of chords of the hyperbola $\frac{x^2}{16} - \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$ are tangents to the circle described on the straight line joining the foci as diameter; show that the locus of their poles with respect to the hyperbola is $\frac{x^2}{16} + \frac{y^2}{9} = 1$.
- Obtain the tangential equation of $y^2 = 4ax$ and interpret it geometrically.
- State the relation which holds between four fixed points (tangents) of a conic and a variable fifth point (tangent) of the same conic. State also the theorems of Pappus and Brianchon. Demonstrate one of these theorems.

PRINCETON COLLEGE,
MAY 30TH, 1894.

"I pledge my honor as a gentleman that, during this examination, I have neither given nor received assistance."

COLLEGE OF NEW JERSEY.
FRESHMEN—THE ODES OF HORACE.

JUNE 3, 1893.

I. (1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th divisions.)

Descende caelo et die ego tibia regionem longum Calliope melos, seu voce puto maris acuta, seu ōdibus etherae Phoebi. Septimel, Gades additae mecum et Cantabrum indocum iuga ferro aequa et barbaras Syrtis, ubi Mauri semper aestus unda. Pastor cum traheret per freta navibus Idaeus Helenae perōdus hospitam, lugrato caelestis chruil otio vultus, ut caueret fera.

Arrange these passages in strophes; one sapphic, one alcaic, one anacapaean.

II. (5th and 6th divisions.)

Angustam amico pauperum pati
 Robustus acris militia puer
 Condiscat, et Parthos feroces
 Vexet equos metuendus hasta.
 Pons sub curru nimium propinquus
 Solle in terra domibus negata,
 Dulce ridensent Lalagen smabo,
 Dulce loquentem,
 Sic te diva potens Cypru,
 Sic frater Helenae, lucida sidera,
 Ventorumque regat pater,
 Obstrictis alii praeter Iapyga.

Mark quantity, feet and accents.

III. (1st and 2nd divisions.)

Laudant alii claram Rhodon aut Mytilenae
 Aut Epheson bimacris Corintae
 Mœnia vel Baccho Thebas vel Apolline Delphos
 Insignes aut Thessala Tempe.
 Tu ne quaesieris, sote nefas, quem mihi, quem tibi
 Finem d' Ulietis, Laocoon, sse Babylonios
 Tentatis numeros. Ut melius, quidquid erit, pati!
 Seu plures biontes, seu tribuit Iopitter ultimam.

PRINCETON COLLEGE.

EXAMINATION IN PSYCHOLOGY

FEBRUARY 2nd, 1895.

I.

- Distinguish between the presentative and representative or reproductive functions of the mind. Define Retention and show its relation to reproduction. What are the Physiological conditions of retention? Is retention purely physiological?
- Analyze the process by which you reinstate a former experience, say a piece of music that you have heard, and point out its stages. Explain the nature of Recognition and show how its remembering a friend both recollection and recognition are involved.
- Show how the Imagining and constructive functions enter into imagination. How does imagination differ from memory? Explain the process of generalization and liberation of images. In what sense is imagination subject to law?
- What is meant by the Association of Ideas and what is its general function in mind? Distinguish the primary and secondary laws of Association. Point out the Physiological aspect of association, giving the physiological laws.
- Explain and illustrate simple and mixed Redintegration. Describe the processes of abstraction and generalization and analyze the functions of occupation, judgment and reasoning. Are they abstract or concrete?

II.

- Define the Motive powers and show what functions they include. What are the simple sense-feelings? Give their laws. Define tone and state the theories that have been advanced in explanation of pleasure and pain.
- Show how the emotions are distinguishable from the simple sense feelings. What elements enter into the emotions? What are appetences and show how they are related to emotion. Distinguish between primary and secondary appetences and name some of each species.
- Show that an idea or representation is essential to all emotion. Distinguish between the cognitive and motive aspects of consciousness. What facts does consciousness reveal? In what sense is consciousness intuitive?
- How is voluntary distinguished from involuntary action? Analyze Ideo-motor and deliberative choice and show how they differ. What is the relation of alternatives and inhibition or the power of arrest, to deliberative choices?
- Discuss the relation of motives to choice. In what sense is choice self-determination? Explain Psychological freedom and show its relation to alternative choice.

"I pledge my honor as a gentleman that, during this examination, I have neither given nor received assistance."

WE COULDN'T PASS THEM NOW



MURRAY-DODGE HALL

PHILADELPHIAN SOCIETY

COCHRAN, President, Senior year; MOMENT, First Vice-President, Senior year; WISNER, Second Vice-President, Senior year; WORCESTER, Treasurer, Senior year; DOOLITTLE, Organist, Senior year; WISNER, Recording Secretary, Junior year; MOMENT, Corresponding Secretary, Junior year; BRACE, Assistant Organist, Junior year.

ST. PAUL'S SOCIETY

BOWER, President, Senior year.

MONDAY NIGHT CLUB

DENNIS, MORRIS, MOMENT, HAMILTON, CLAY, W. W. LEONARD, BEAM, T. D. LEONARD, BOSTWICK, CHURCHMAN, HODGE, URBAN, MILBANK.



EAST COLLEGE AND THE OLD CHAPEL (no longer standing). VIEW FROM MURRAY HALL

MISCELLANEOUS OFFICES HELD BY 'NINETY-SIX MEN WHILE IN PRINCETON



W. K. GREENE, F. M. PAUL, A. B. ROBERTS, (Chairman), Casino Association (1895-1896).

E. H. BISHOP, College Organist, Senior Year.

J. C. KERR, Leader of College Choir, Senior Year.

P. A. CHAMBERLAIN, Assistant Leader of College Choir, Senior Year.

F. G. STEWART, President Chess Club, Senior Year.

F. H. WARD, President Whist Club, Senior Year.

S. W. MILLER, JR., Secretary Whist Club, Senior Year.

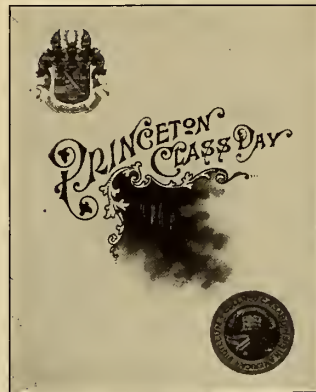


THE NEW LIBRARY. (On the site of East College)

COMMENCEMENT APPOINTMENTS



Master of Ceremonies	-	-	TURNER
Class Orator	-	-	MOMENT
Class Poet	-	-	MACDONALD
Ivy Orator	-	-	HAMILTON
Presentation Orator	-	-	DAVID FENTRESS
Prophet	-	-	MORRIS
Censor	-	-	MCLEAN
Ode Committee	-	-	KILLMER
			KERR
			MACDONALD
			W. W. LEONARD
Valedictorian	-	-	WORCESTER
Latin Salutatorian	-	-	LOETSCHER
English Salutatorian	-	-	LYBYER



CLASS-DAY COMMITTEE

Scott McLanahan, Pa., *Chairman.*

Hugh Wilson Barnett, Ohio.	Jacob Newton Beam, Pa.
Brutus Junius Clay, Jr., Ky.	James Blair Cochran, N. J.
Henry Welty Coulter, Pa.	Benjamin Dangerfield, Jr., Pa.
John Ross Delafield, N. Y.	Alfred Lewis Pinneo Dennis, N. Y.
James Johnston Elliott, Tenn.	Woodward Keeling Greene, Iowa.
Arthur Gunster, Pa.	Edward Blanchard Hodge, Jr., N. J.
Gordon Johnston, Ala.	John Campbell Kerr, N. J.
Minot Canfield Morgan, N. Y.	Frederick Marshall Paul, N. J.
Talbot Eugene Pierce, D. C.	John Hinsdale Scheide, Pa.
James Dunn Small, Md.	



"THE VERDANT FRESHMEN"

PUBLISHED RECORDS OF THE CLASS OF '96

I. '96 *Bric-a-Brac*.

Published in Junior Year (1894), by the '96 Bric-a-Brac Committee.

II. *Nassau Herald*.

Published at graduation by the '96 Nassau Herald Committee.

III. *History of the Class of '96*.

Published at graduation by the Class Historian, David Potter.

IV. *First Record*.

Published in 1898 by the Class Secretary.

V. *Triennial Record*.

Published in 1899 by the Class Secretary.

VI. *Decennial Record*.

Published in 1906 by the Class Secretary.



THE TOWER OF BLAIR HALL AND ENTRANCE TO THE UNIVERSITY

'96 CLASS ORGANIZATION



ALBERT GOODSSELL MILBANK, President

No. 49 Wall Street, New York

CHARLES BYRON BOSTWICK, Secretary

No. 346 Broadway, New York



MEMORIAL COMMITTEE

HARRY GORDON PIERCE, N. Y.

DR. MACY BROOKS, Pa.

PAUL TILLINGHAST, N. Y.

DR. FRANK OLCOTT ALLEN, JR., Pa.

REV. JOHN PINNEY ERDMAN, Japan

TRIENNIAL REUNION COMMITTEE

J. D. KILPATRICK, N. J.

R. M. McELROY, N. J.

A. G. MILBANK, N. Y.

W. C. TITUS, N. J.

S. C. REESE, N. J.

C. B. BOSTWICK, N. Y.

SCOTT McLANAHAN, N. Y.

F. M. PAUL, Pa.

A. B. ROBERTS, Pa.

QUINQUENNIAL REUNION COMMITTEE

J. N. BEAM, N. J.

J. D. KILPATRICK, N. Y.

A. G. MILBANK, N. Y.

C. B. BOSTWICK, N. Y.

SCOTT McLANAHAN, N. Y.

W. B. REED, JR., N. Y.

W. D. McLEAN, D. C.

A. B. ROBERTS, Pa.

W. C. TITUS, N. J.

WALTER CHANDLER, JR., N. J.

SEPTENNIAL REUNION COMMITTEE

J. N. BEAM, N. J.

W. D. McLEAN, D. C.

W. B. REED, JR., N. Y.

C. B. BOSTWICK, N. Y.

A. G. MILBANK, N. Y.

A. B. ROBERTS, Pa.

J. D. KILPATRICK, N. Y.

J. J. MOMENT, Ont.

A. L. WHEELER Pa.

STATEMENT OF GENERAL CLASS ACCOUNT

June, 1896, to January, 1906



RECEIPTS

Amount handed to the Class Secretary by the Class-Day Committee - -	\$133.77
Receipts from sale of tickets to the Class Supper, June 10, 1896 - - -	388.50
Class Day dues paid since graduation - - - - -	50.00
Assessments for Reunion, June, 1897 - - - - -	35.50
Assessments for Reunion, September, 1896 - - - - -	656.04
Assessments for Reunion, June, 1899 - - - - -	466.35
Subscriptions for Reunion, June, 1901 - - - - -	1,586.50
Subscriptions for Reunion, June, 1903 - - - - -	1,363.10
Sundry receipts and subscriptions - - - - -	92.84
Class pins sold - - - - -	8.75
Loans from Memorial Fund (all repaid with interest) - - - - -	744.07
First Records sold - - - - -	195.27
Triennial Records sold - - - - -	540.21
Triennial Record advertisements - - - - -	283.00
Subscriptions, 1904-5 - - - - -	370.75
Profit on two small Reunions in New York - - - - -	10.25
	<hr/>
	\$6,924.90

EXPENSES

Expenses for Class Supper, June 10, 1896 - - - - -	\$463.69
Expenses for Sesquicentennial Reunion - - - - -	718.21
Expenses for Reunion, June, 1897 - - - - -	55.94
Expenses for Reunion, October 30, 1897 - - - - -	10.85
Expenses for Reunion, June, 1898 - - - - -	18.50
Expenses for Reunion, June, 1899 - - - - -	475.92
Expenses for Reunion, June, 1900 - - - - -	8.62
Expenses for Reunion, June, 1901 - - - - -	1,435.40
Expenses for Reunion, June, 1903 - - - - -	1,350.04
Expenses for four Reunions in New York - - - - -	42.43

STATEMENT OF GENERAL CLASS ACCOUNT

(Continued)

Postage, Printing and Stationery - - - - -	\$283.93
Sundry Expenses - - - - -	78.56
Interest on loan from Memorial Fund - - - - -	87.42
Expenses for publication of "First Class Record," 1898 - - - - -	148.67
Expenses for publication of Triennial Record, 1899 - - - - -	920.02
Loans repaid to the Memorial Fund - - - - -	744.07
	<hr/>
	\$6,842.27
Cash on hand, January 2, 1906 - - - - -	82.63
	<hr/>
	\$6,924.90

CONDENSED STATEMENT



PROFIT

Funds from Class-Day Committee - - - - -	\$133.77
Sundry receipts and subscriptions - - - - -	151.59
<i>Net profit</i> on Sesquicentennial, Triennial, Quinquennial, and Septennial Reunions, also on five small Reunions in Princeton and five in New York. Total, fourteen - - - - -	1.83
Subscriptions in 1904-5 - - - - -	370.75
	<hr/>
	\$657.94

LOSS

Loss on Class Supper - - - - -	\$75.19
Net loss on publishing two Records - - - - -	50.21
Postage, Printing and Stationery - - - - -	283.93
Sundry expenses - - - - -	78.56
Interest paid to Memorial Fund on loans - - - - -	87.42
	<hr/>
	\$575.31
January, 1906—Cash balance on hand - - - - -	\$82.63

REUNIONS

(Partially reprinted from '96 Triennial Record.)

I. Our First Reunion was held at the time of the Sesquicentennial Celebration, October 20 to 22, 1896. We being in point of numbers Princeton's foremost Class, it occasioned no surprise that the 'Ninety-Six register showed an attendance of about one hundred and seventy-five men, more than any other class. The Class headquarters were on Witherspoon street, and were constantly crowded with returning members. Princeton was filled to overflowing with visitors, but the town offered so many unusual holiday ceremonies and festivities, that there were few opportunities for unity of demonstration as a Class. In the Alumni Procession we were given the post of honor as rear guard, and after a long parade around town, sat down to a supper at headquarters, after which farewells were said.

II. In June, 1897, there was a second reunion at Commencement time, at which about eighty-five men were present. The only general gathering of the Class was on the day of the Yale game, when we attended the game in a body, entering the 'Varsity grounds in solemn state, preceded by the "Spoon Street" Cadet Band.

III. In the fall of 1897, there was a very informal Reunion on October 30th, the day of the game with Dartmouth. The object in holding a reunion on that particular occasion was to avoid the separation that necessarily occurs when a Class Reunion is held at the time of important athletic events or college festivities of any sort. The Reunion was an experiment, and a successful one. The Class attended the football game *en masse*, and in the evening met at the *Princetonian* office, where a procession was formed. Most of the men in line were somewhat transformed in appearance, owing to the use, as overcoats, of pajamas and kindred articles of apparel, and to the further disguise afforded by theatrical paint and false beards, which were tastefully distributed about our faces by the trained hands of some members who had once been shining lights of the Triangle Club. The "Spoon Street" orchestra was again in evidence, heading a parade that wandered around "the burgh" for two or three hours, giving the residents a treat, and calling on the President and the Dean, who made speeches of welcome.



THE SCHOOL OF SCIENCE

IV. Our Nautical Reunion, the fourth in number, took place during the Commencement week of 1898.

"The Fleet" began to gather two or three days before the Yale game. The auxiliary cruiser "St. Louis" (Capt. Hager), the corvette "Kansas City" (Captain Baker), the cruisers "Louisville" (Captain Barret) and "Springfield" (Captain Dickerman), had steamed many miles from the West. After finding suitable anchorage on the front campus, and establishing a coaling station at Dohm's, our first demonstration consisted of a banquet at Mr. Bave's private parlors, which was attended by the commanding officers of the fleet, and presided over by Admiral Kilpatrick, whose flag was borne by the cruiser "Baltimore." The following day saw the most important naval demonstration indulged in by the fleet. An unexpected northeast storm from the Connecticut shore suddenly arising, the fleet was temporarily scattered, and forced to seek safe anchorage. During the two days following, most of the fleet were dispatched to patrol or coast-guard service, a few chosen vessels being detailed for special duty under the direction of the Admiral. The Admiral's squadron saw active service, being prominently engaged in the prompt repulse of the Spanish attack on Brown Hall, and actively participating in the two evening bombardments of the library. During the latter of these engagements, three strange vessels hove in sight, and decks were at once cleared for action; but upon an exchange of signals, the visitors proved to be a friendly English squadron, composed of the "Dreadnought" (Admiral John Topley, commanding), the "Invincible" (Captain Wm. Leggett) and the "Terrible" (Captain James Connor). The strangers were convoyed out of range, and the bombardment was continued. Peace was declared too soon for the happiness of the Admiral's squadron, and a separation became necessary after Commencement Day.



THE TRIENNIAL REUNION—1899

V. Our Triennial Reunion in June, 1899, was attended by about one hundred men. The headquarters were in the fire engine building in Witherspoon Street.

'Ninety-Six has been the leader in introducing novel features at Princeton reunions. This Reunion was the first at which any class had worn any sort of hat or uniform or any distinguishing mark, except the usual badge and the Class pin. The new feature was a '96 Class hat, in orange and black and white.

The Reunion opened under inauspicious circumstances. The baseball prospects were not very bright, as the team had been shut out at New Haven a week before. In spite of this bad beginning and the prospect of heavy rain, we made up our minds to have a good time anyway, and to hold our parade, rain or shine. About half the men purchased gaudy-colored oil-cloths at one of the village stores and used these as capes. They were intended for protection, but proved to be the amusing feature of the procession. Our never-say-die spirit had its good results, for the sun came out about three o'clock, and the game was played and resulted in a good victory for Princeton, who won the championship on the Saturday succeeding. Our Class had taken Dewey's victory the year before very much to heart, so a miniature battleship *Olympia* was very properly a prominent feature of our parade. A Class supper was held at the headquarters on the evening of Saturday.



THE QUINQUENNIAL REUNION — 1901

For our Triennial, Wallace McLean wrote a number of class songs, the most popular of which was the following. It has been sung at every subsequent Reunion, and is now the "Ninety-Six Song," par excellence.

(Air, "*Hot Time in Old Town.*")

Here we are, so very large and square.
'Ninety-Six, you can find us everywhere.
We are the warmest Class
That ever left this town.
There'll be a hot time
In Princeton to-night—

Old Nassau.

Beat old Yale or know the reason why,
Beat or bust has always been our cry.
And when we win
We'll make the campus ring
With our hot time
In Princeton to-night—

Old Nassau.

Drink to the health of dear old Nassau Hall,
Drink to the team that has won the game of ball,
And we'll drink to the girls,
The fair ones—bless them all.
There'll be a hot time
In Princeton to-night—

Old Nassau



THE QUINQUENNIAL REUNION—1901

VI. On the occasion of our Quinquennial Reunion in 1901, we wore sailor's uniforms of white, with khaki leggings. This was the first complete uniform ever adopted by a Princeton class. It was a success. The headquarters were in the large house, No. 15 University Place, opposite the Observatory. A large tent in the back-yard was used as a reception salon.

On Friday night there was the usual informal gathering.

On Saturday we paraded to the game in our white uniforms, carrying pennants, and made the hit of the day. After the game, which Princeton won (Princeton always wins when '96 has one of her big Reunions), we marched back to the headquarters, and had an open air supper in the tent. While the supper was in progress, the Class Cup was presented to Eugene Gray's son, David Sturgeon Gray, of Columbus, Ohio, who was born July 7, 1899, a few weeks after our Triennial Reunion. Wallace McLean was the presentation orator. After supper we introduced another novelty, a parade about the campus, each man carrying an illuminated Chinese lantern. We then went back to our headquarters and welcomed visiting graduates.



IN THE TENT

'Ninety-Six Headquarters, 15 University Place. Quinquennial Reunion—1901

On Sunday we had a quiet home day, admitting no one except members of the Class and a few specially invited guests. Several of the best entertainers among the alumni visited us that afternoon and told stories of old Princeton life, the Boer War and the Philippine War, to the great enjoyment of the favored '96 men who spent the afternoon there. On the evening of Monday we entertained the Senior Class after Senior Singing. About a hundred of the new graduates were present. All their "talent," called upon in turn, did enjoyable "stunts" for the benefit of the company. Songs, dances and speeches prolonged the entertainment until midnight. This was one of the most enjoyable times of the Reunion. By Tuesday most of the Class had left town, but the few who were left kept together at headquarters on Tuesday and Wednesday, talking over old times. Many letters from absent members abroad were received and read to the Class.

It was decided to hold a Seventh Reunion and to occupy the same house as headquarters.



SEPTENNIAL REUNION—1903

VII. The Septennial Reunion in 1903 brought another novelty in the parade. Our uniforms were the same as in 1901. A cannon was borrowed from the Navy Yard in Philadelphia. One of the Government sailors was detailed to take charge of it. It arrived Saturday morning and we immediately proceeded to fire a salute and break most of the windows in our house and in those adjoining. Salutes were repeated at intervals during Saturday at the 'Varsity Field, and on our return to the headquarters.

As in 1901, we had an informal supper in the garden. The Class Secretary was empowered to act as the representative of '96 in co-operating with the other classes in the scheme for erecting the Alumni Dormitory. On Tuesday night we entertained the graduating class. In other respects the Reunion was like the Quinquennial.

The *Newark News* thus described our share in the parade on the 'Varsity Field:

CLASS OF '96 MAKES A HIT.

"The original Class of '96, as usual, made the hit of the grad 'pee-rade.' The Class, as marines from the gunboat Princeton, had some sixty men in the white uniform of the marine service. The government had lent the Class a one-pounder field howitzer and a gunner in charge of it. The Class 'pee-raded' around the field and placed the cannon in the centre of the field and gave a burlesque drill. When the gun was fired it almost blew Barnwell off his pins. There was a hospital corps which lent first aid to the wounded, and saved a man directly under the jaws of the cannon. The entire Class was attired in regular fringe whiskers of the sailor."

DECENNIAL REUNION COMMITTEES



(1) GENERAL COMMITTEE

J. N. BEAM, N. J.	G. G. BLACKMORE, N. Y.	C. B. BOSTWICK, N. Y.
CHARLES BROWNE, Pa.	THORNTON CONOVER, N. J.	(Chairman)
H. W. COULTER, Pa.	D. F. EDWARDS, N. J.	B. DANGERFIELD, Jr., Pa.
J. J. ELLIOTT, Tenn.	E. W. HAMILTON, Iowa	J. D. KILPATRICK, N. Y.
K. R. KINGSBURY, N. J.	LANGDON LEA, Pa.	J. H. MACMURDY, N. Y.
R. M. McELROY, N. J.	W. D. McLEAN, D. C.	A. G. MILBANK, N. Y.
J. J. MOMENT, Ont.	T. E. PIERCE, Ill.	W. B. REED, JR., N. Y.
A. B. ROBERTS, Pa.	H. W. TURNBULL, N. Y.	(Secretary)
A. L. WHEELER, Pa.		C. M. WILLOCK, Ohio.

(2) FINANCE COMMITTEE

H. W. TURNBULL, N. Y., (Chairman)	W. B. REED, JR., N. Y., (Treasurer)
A. G. MILBANK, N. Y.	A. B. ROBERTS, Pa.
	C. B. BOSTWICK, N. Y.

(3) HOUSE COMMITTEE

J. D. KILPATRICK, N. Y., (Chairman)	J. N. BEAM, N. J.
THORNTON CONOVER, N. J.	A. L. WHEELER, Pa.
H. W. TURNBULL, N. Y.	W. D. McLEAN, D. C.

(4) PARADE COMMITTEE

DR. CHARLES BROWNE, Pa., (Chairman)	K. R. KINGSBURY, N. J.
G. G. BLACKMORE, N. Y.	D. F. EDWARDS, N. J.

(5) ENTERTAINMENT COMMITTEE

A. G. MILBANK, N. Y., (Chairman)	R. B. PERRY, Mass.
R. M. McELROY, N. J.	F. C. MAC DONALD, N. J.
	J. N. BEAM, N. J.

(6) MEMORIAL SERVICE COMMITTEE

REV. M. C. MORGAN, N. J., (Chairman)	J. J. MOMENT, Ont.
REV. N. W. HARKNESS, N. J.	REV. E. S. WORCESTER, Conn.
	REV. F. S. SMITHERS, JR., N. Y.



SOME OF THE REUNIONS IN NEW YORK



VIII.—XV. New York Reunions.

A few small reunions have been held in New York in the course of the past ten years. These have been attended by thirty or forty men, and have been most enjoyable. The chosen few will remember with delight the special "Mazet Committee" meeting at which we "investigated" some of our prominent barristers.



By courtesy "Indoors and Out"

The Railway Entrance to Princeton

REVISITING PRINCETON

Graduates of other colleges always admire the loyalty and enthusiasm of the Princeton alumni; but they fail to appreciate one of the most important ways in which these feelings are kept warm. When two Princetonians meet, a question that is sure to be asked is: "What was the last time you went back?" There's the secret. Princeton men always have in mind a visit to the "Old Burgh" as one of the delights of the near future. Baseball and football games, Commencement week, affairs of the Senior Clubs, lectures and college meetings, all give us good excuses for getting on the train at Princeton Junction as many times a year as we can. The rejuvenated Nassau Club, which used to be a local institution, now numbers among its members many alumni who are more and more frequently returning to Princeton for "week-end" visits, and who are sure of finding their classmates and contemporaries there.

The Class of 'Ninety-Six is very widely scattered, but there are many men whose visits to Princeton are frequent. The replies to the Class Secretary's Decennial Record circular show how '96 men return, and how they follow Princeton's interests. Of those who answered the Class Secretary's questions on this subject, twelve men have revisited Princeton over seventy-five times; nineteen more have revisited Princeton over fifty times; twenty-six more have revisited Princeton over twenty times; thirty-two more have revisited Princeton over ten times; thirty-nine men have attended every Princeton reunion; fifteen more have attended all but one Princeton reunion; nineteen men have attended every football game with Yale since graduation; sixteen more have attended every football game with Yale but one, since graduation; fifty-three more have attended at least three football games with Yale; nineteen men have visited Princeton during every Commencement week since graduation.

Bear in mind that the above figures are merely illustrative. Don't consider them as final statistics. They are by no means complete; for they cover a report from only part of the Class. Many men did not answer these questions fully; and many did not answer them at all.



THE NINETY-SIX LOVING CUP



Our Loving Cup was presented to the Class in May, 1896, by Mrs. William Hardcastle Browne, of Philadelphia, mother of Dr. Charles Browne, '96. It was first used at the farewell undergraduate meeting of the Class on the steps of Old North, June 10, 1896. 'Ninety-Six was the first Class to use a loving cup of its own at the farewell ceremonies.

Since our graduation, the Loving Cup has been kept at the Princeton Inn. It is used whenever the Class has a special reunion at Princeton.

IN MEMORIAM

PARKER JOHNSON BOICE



Parker Johnson Boice was born in Indianapolis, Indiana, May 10th, 1873. He was the only child of Augustin and Adela Verena Johnson Boice. After leaving college, he was with a manufacturing concern for about one year. In the fall of 1898 he entered the Indiana Law School of Indianapolis and was graduated from it in May, 1900, with the degree of LL.B. He was admitted to the bar of Marion County, Indiana, and to that of the United States Circuit and District Courts for the District of Indiana, and of the Supreme Court of Indiana.

The study of the law was pleasing to him and he had the peculiar mental faculty which lawyers call "a fine legal mind"—keen in analysis and with very fine discrimination. He stood high in his class, but was not destined to realize his hopes of a successful professional career. Immediately after he was graduated from the law school, he was compelled to go West. He roughed it for a year in Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona, in hopes of regaining his health.

The trip was measurably successful and he seemed to recover from the disease with which he was then afflicted. After his return from the West, he devoted the greater part of his time to his profession until March, 1903, when he made a trip to Porto Rico and crossed the island in a stage over the Spanish Military Road. On his way home he visited Princeton for the last time. On his return from Porto Rico in the latter part of April, he again took up the work of his profession and continued in it to the end.

Boice's death was sudden and unexpected. The *Indianapolis Star* of February 8th, 1904, gives the following account of it:

"Exercise designed to develop health and strength yesterday brought sudden death to Parker Johnson Boice, a promising young lawyer and prominent society man of this city.

"The young man was found dead on his bedroom floor at his father's home, 1505 North Delaware street, and from the circumstances of the case it is concluded that heart trouble, super-induced by exercise, caused his death.

"It had been the young man's custom to exercise with a set of chest weights upon retiring each night, and when his body was discovered yesterday noon it was lying straight on the back with the arms uplifted above the head, in the position that an athlete assumes in using the weights.

"It is supposed that, after disrobing for the night on Saturday, Mr. Boice took up his usual exercise. Death must have been instantaneous and peaceful, for when the body was discovered there were no evidences of pain or suffering.

"Mr. Boice was a graduate of Princeton College and of the Indianapolis Law School. He formerly was deputy to the county prosecutor. Of late years he had engaged in the practice of law with his father, Augustin Boice."

The date of his death is given as February 7th, 1904, but it must have occurred about midnight of Saturday, February 6th, 1904, but whether before or after midnight is uncertain.

He was a member of the Loyal Legion by inheritance from his grandfather, Major William Parker Johnson, after whom he was named. Meredith Nicholson, Charles A. Wilson, and John D. Thomson, the committee appointed by the Indiana Commandery of the Loyal Legion to prepare a memorial of him, say of him in part:

"Companion Boice's membership in the Commandery was derived from his grandfather, Major William P. Johnson, late Surgeon of the Eighteenth Regiment O. V. I., and he was also linked to the civil conflict through his father, a corporal in the Ninety-first O. V. I., whose record for gallantry was conspicuous.

"There thus entered naturally into Companion Boice's character certain of the sterling qualities of the soldier. He possessed in the highest degree the instinct of loyalty to principle and duty, and he did what his hands found to do patiently, quickly and efficiently. His was a reserved nature, but with an outlook on life that was wholly cheerful and sunny. There was in him a certain austerity; he had for casual acquaintances an air of walking apart; but in the smaller circle of his intimates he was a delightful friend, with a happy gift for saying bright and quotable things.

"Our Companion, cut down at the threshold of manhood, and at the beginning of a career of service and honor, was of the stuff that our American soldiers have been made in every generation. Ill health menaced him through many years, but there was nothing nobler in his life than the silence with which he suffered and the hope and courage with which he lived. He was faithless in no obligation and false to no friend. He lived a clear, open and manly life, leaving nothing back of him that we need excuse or defend."

WILLIAM HAGER



"Dutch" Hager died very suddenly of acute Bright's disease, at his home in St. Louis, on March 13th, 1904. He had not been ill, but on the morning of his death did not take Sunday breakfast with the family, but complained of a severe headache, asking to be allowed to rest. Soon afterward he was found in a sinking condition, and in a few hours he was dead.

After leaving Princeton, he entered the employ of his family's concern, the C. Hager & Sons Hinge Manufacturing Company, and was with them until the time of his death.

Those of us who attended the informal "Nautical Reunion" of the Class in 1898, will always remember with keen pleasure how he was the life and soul of that small gathering, and as the "Cruiser St. Louis" contributed more than any one else to our enjoyment.

This is his last letter to the Class. It was printed in the *Triennial Record*:

"ST. LOUIS, MO., April 10th, 1899.

"DEAR CLASSMATES:

"The persistency of our Secretary in sending letters, circulars and telegrams has had its effect on me. I hasten to write, for I could not trust Bos to write my letter for me.

"I am afraid I will not be with you in June to celebrate our Triennial, as the 'Cruiser St. Louis' is without coal, and it is a long way to the good old 'Burg.' How are all the rest of the flying squadron getting along? All ought to be well repaired by this time and ready to begin active service in June. I understand that Sesquicentennial quantities, combined with open-air concerts, are to be some of the features of the celebration. I wish I could be with you to enjoy it.

"Since leaving the 'Burg' I have been working for my father, doing odd jobs. The other '96 boys here are prospering, and I see them every now and then. Dave Edwards came through here one day last fall and spent a day with me; then sailed South to coach some football team in Texas.

"The Dutch Schooner now bids you good-bye, until we meet again.

"Yours as ever, 'DUTCH' HAGER."



EDGAR THOMAS BLACKWELL

After graduation, Blackwell was in Germany eighteen months, studying the language, spending the greater part of the time in Hanover. After returning home, he entered the American Bridge Company's office at Trenton, as draughtsman. Being taken with heart trouble, followed by asthma, in November, 1898 he went to Arizona and California, returning home, not much improved in health, after a two years' stay. His health continued to fail until his death on February 23rd, 1903, of heart trouble.



SYDNEY SERRILL BUNTING

After graduation, Syd Bunting entered the establishment of John Wanamaker, in Philadelphia. During the fire at Wanamaker's, in the early winter of 1897, he was subjected to great exposure and contracted a very severe cold, which developed into acute pneumonia. He died at his home in Philadelphia, February 20th, 1897.



HARRY BEMAN CAMPBELL

"Tim" Campbell returned to his home at Evanston, Illinois, after graduation, and until the time of his fatal illness, devoted himself to looking after his father's real estate interests. His illness was at first thought to be only a form of malarial fever, from which he had been a frequent sufferer; but it developed into typhoid, and terminated fatally on October 16th, 1897.



CLARENCE MELVILLE JOHNSON

After graduation, "Cyn" Johnson entered the Law School of Columbian University at Washington, D. C. While there he became a member of the legal fraternity of Phi Delta Phi. His health failing, he went to Baltimore to accept a position with the firm of Johnson, Boyd and Co., with whom he was connected at the time of his death. He died of inflammatory rheumatism at his home at Washington, D. C., April 14th, 1905, after a painful illness of nine weeks.



LOUIS WILLIAM HALL, Jr.

After graduation, "Skinny" Hall went to Pittsburg, where he accepted a position with the Adams Express Company. Later he entered the employ of the Standard Manufacturing Company of Pittsburg, and was with that concern until he died. He was suddenly taken ill in April, 1898, and was operated upon for appendicitis, but failed to rally after the operation. He died at 1158 Ellsworth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa., April 12th, 1898.

ERNEST CLAUDE HERR

Herr entered 'Ninety-Six in Freshman Year. He died during the first summer vacation, on July 1st, 1893.

EDWARD J. HERRING

Herring entered Princeton with 'Ninety-Six. He became a member of Whig Hall, where he gave great promise for a brilliant career. He died at Princeton, very suddenly, on November 6th, 1892.

THOMAS MIFFLIN JONES, Jr.

Jones was with the Class in Freshman year. After leaving college, he entered the employ of "Jones & Laughlin, Ltd." steel manufacturers, Pittsburg, Pa. He married Miss Mary Estelle Brown at Pittsburg, on April 9th, 1896. He died May 17th, 1902, leaving one son, Thomas Mifflin Jones III., born December 30th, 1896. Jones was the only married man in the Class who has died.

DANIEL ROUSE BOWER GLENN



After our graduation, Danny Glenn was in Princeton for about a year. In the early part of 1898, he started on an expedition to Alaska with a party of which Post Wheeler, '91, and Billy Verner, '96, were members. The early days of the trip are fully described in a series of letters from him, in our *Triennial Record*.

The original party broke up. Danny alone remained in Alaska, spending part of his time at prospecting and mining. At intervals he held various government positions in the towns. Most of the information about his life in Alaska is indefinite and disconnected. It is reported that he was City Surveyor at Nome City. He led this varying life until 1904, when he made a prospecting trip with a small party. They were subjected to extreme privations, which he ramblingly described to us when he came home. For more than three weeks, he told us, the rations for the party were reduced to a few dried onions and a strip of bacon. At one time,

his share of the camp work had to be done when he was suffering from abscesses on both hands. The party finally got back to the settlements, and he was very ill at Nome for several weeks, absolutely without the comforts and most of the necessities of the sick room. During this illness he often had to go without food for a day or two. What most impressed us, who heard him tell the disjointed story of his hardships, was his indomitable pluck. He would not give up. He hated to come home and say he had failed. He made the finest kind of a fight against heavy odds, and showed himself game to the core, inspired to the end with the Princeton spirit that will not be downed. But the long strain was too great. He broke down at last at Seattle, and came home in the early winter of 1905. Weak and emaciated, in the last stages of consumption, he saw his mother and family again after a separation of seven years, and then with high hope started for the Dry Country in the Southwest to try to fight the conquering disease. But it had gone too far. He grew weaker and weaker on the trip west, and on his arrival had to go to a sanitarium at Phoenix, Arizona, where he died a few weeks later, March 14th, 1905.

The boys in our Class who had laughed at his "You do annoy me so," in the Triangle Club show in Senior year, and had enjoyed the irrepressible humor that he could not repress, never forgot him. At every reunion while he was away, we would hear many inquiries for him.

From the moment when we first heard he was stricken at Seattle, to the day of his burial at Trenton, his classmates cared for him. 'Ninety-Six men helped him when he was getting ready to start back from the Pacific Coast; and 'Ninety-Six men met him and made him comfortable on his way home, and after he had returned East, and was revisiting his old friends. No one ever felt more than Danny did what it means to be a Princeton man, when you are in trouble and sickness and need friends. The Princeton bond of fellowship makes the hardships of life easier to bear, but never more for any one than for Danny Glenn. Even in his last hours he had the comradeship and care of one of his own class, one of his own C.E. men. And even after he was dead, the sympathy of his classmates did much to cheer his family in the hour of grief.

May he rest in peace, a brave soldier in a losing fight.

CHARLES BORLAND STEWART

Stewart entered 'Ninety-Six in Freshman year, in the Academic Course. He won the light weight cane spree for the Class in Sophomore year. He was taken suddenly ill with pneumonia during the Christmas vacation of Sophomore year and died at a hospital in Philadelphia, January 6th, 1894.

HADLEY WYMAN

Wyman was with the Class during Freshman year. He died at Princeton in the spring of Freshman year, after a short illness, May 2d, 1893.



TWO VIEWS OF BLAIR HALL AND THE APPROACH TO THE RAILROAD STATION

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION IN 1906



When an asterisk (*) follows a name, it indicates a more or less temporary residence.
This table is designed to assist members of the Class when travelling, or when desiring to
secure a reliable local correspondent for business purposes.

ALABAMA.

Anniston, Riley.
Birmingham, G. Johnston.

ALASKA.

Point Barrow, Spriggs.*

ARIZONA.

Briggs, Hanlon.
Prescott, Hanlon.

CALIFORNIA.

Los Angeles, Bennett.
Talmage.
White.
Parker.
San Francisco, W. K. Greene.
D. Potter.*

COLORADO.

Denver, W. R. Wilson.

CONNECTICUT.

Hartford, Momen.*
Norwalk, Fish.
Norwich, Worcester,
Stamford, Hammill.
C. F. Williams.

DELAWARE.

Dover, Holmes.
Wilmington, Bush.
Heritage.*
Frazer.

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

Washington, Armes.
Bowes.*
Doolittle.
Holmes.
G. Johnston *
McLean.
Mattingly.
Mitchell.
Philip.*
T. E. Pierce
D. Potter.*
Sowers.
Taggart.
B. H. Warner, Jr.

GEORGIA.

Atlanta, Clay.
Augusta, Berry.
Savannah, Saussy.

HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

Honolulu, Waterhouse.
Turner.*

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION IN 1906—Continued.

ILLINOIS.

Chicago, Dewey.
 R. H. Greene.
 T. E. Pierce.
 Small.
 Work.
 Wickham.
Springfield, Coleman.
 Dickerman.
 Hudson.
 T. C. Smith, Jr.
 W. W. Smith.
Vandalia, Wiestling.

INDIANA.

Brazil, Lybyer.
Fort Wayne, Hoffman.

IOWA.

Ainsworth, Wickham.
Albia, Mason.
Cedar Rapids, W. K. Greene.
Corning, Okey.
 Turner.
Davenport, Drew.
Des Moines, Hamilton.
Dubuque, Loetscher.

KANSAS.

Hiawatha, Moll.
Lawrence, A. H. Brown.*
Topeka, Bennett.*

KENTUCKY.

Louisville, Barret.
 D. L. Miller.
Pewee Valley, D. L. Miller.

LOUISIANA.

New Iberia, Henshaw.

MARYLAND.

Baltimore, Fisher.
 Kilpatrick.
 W. W. Leonard.
 Poe.
 Pope.
 Sowers.*
 Turnbull.
 Wisner.
Garrett Park, Taggart.
Kensington, B. H. Warner, Jr.
Salisbury, W. W. Leonard.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Auburndale, E. E. Conover
Boston, E. E. Conover.
 L. P. Leas.
 H. B. Wilson.
Brookline, L. P. Leas.

Cambridge, Churchman.*
 Perry.*
Chicopee Falls, Stein.
Framingham, Neyhart.
Melton, H. B. Wilson.

MICHIGAN.

Wyandotte, Ford.
Detroit, Ford.
 L'Esperance.

MINNESOTA.

Duluth, C. E. Adams.
St. Paul, Weed.
 Womack.
Stillwater, Bean.

MISSISSIPPI.

Corinth, Park.

MISSOURI.

Kansas City, Baker.
 Trumbull.
 Whitehead.
St. Louis, Drummond.
 Kurtzeborn.
 Moore.
 Yarrow.
Tarkio, McMullen.
 C. A. Wilson.

NEBRASKA.

Lincoln, Mason.

NEVADA.

Bullfrog, Poe.*

NEW JERSEY.

Burlington, Churchman.
Camden, N. B. Gaskill.
 T. L. Gaskill.
Chatham, Ogden.
Dayton, Fordyce.
Elizabeth, Atkinson.
Englewood, Baylis.
 Kerr.
Flemington, Fulper.
Frenchtown, French.
Glassboro, Heritage.
Hackensack, Judson.
Jersey City, Bedle.
 Edwards.
Lakewood, A. D. Davis.
Morristown, Erdman.
 E. K. Mills.
 Randolph.
Montclair, Schoonmaker.
 Tower.
Mt. Holly, Cross.
 N. B. Gaskill.
 T. L. Gaskill.
 A. B. Jones.

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION IN 1906—Continued.

Neshanic Station, Kip.

Newark, Agens.

Atkinson.

Bates.

Bissell.

Coe.

Kirkman.

Dodd.

Fordyce.

L. H. Gray.

Paul.

Stockton.

Van Arsdale.

Orange (etc.), Agens.

Alford.

Auchincloss.

Bishop.

Clark.

Godfrey.

Humes.

Kingsbury.

Winter.

Port Murry, Henry.

Princeton, Beam.

Carnochan.

T. Conover.

Critchlow.

Doolittle.

J. C. Knight.*

Loetscher.

McElroy.

MacDonald.

Mudge.

Stockton.

Red Bank, G. K. Allen, Jr.

Summit, Grant.

Morgan.

Trenton, Appleman.

Emlen.

Harkness.

L. L. Smith.

Titus.

Urban

NEW YORK.

Addison, Winton.

Albany, Newman.

Amsterdam, McFarlan.

Binghamton, Bissell.

Hickey.

La Monte.*

R. D. Smith.

Brooklyn, Bergen.

Blackmore.

Brockway.

Byington.

Easton.

MacMurdy.

Silkworth.

Tillinghast.

Wayave.

Bronxville, Marvin.

Dobbs Ferry, Trout.

Van Syckel.

Flushing, Parsons.

Myers.

Franklin, J. A. Potter.

Gloversville, Northrup.

Hancock, Fish.

Irvington, Van Syckel.

Jamaica, F. L. Mills.

Johnstown, Northrup.

Livingston Manor, Spriggs.

Middletown, Smithers.

New York City, Alford.

Auchincloss.

Baylis.

Bergen.

Bishop.

Billings.

Bostwick.

Bower.

Brockway.

O. I. Brown.

Burt.*

H. F. Chamberlain.

Chandler.

Clark.

Crispin.

A. D. Davis.

Delafield.

Dennis.

Dwight.

Easton.

Fordyce.

Godfrey.

Graham.

Grant.

L. H. Gray.

Halsey.

Hammill.

Harriman.

Helm.

W. L. Johnson

Judson.

Kerr.

Kilpatrick.

Kingsbury.

T. D. Leonard

Libbey.

Little.

Long.

McGuire.

McLanahan.

MacMurdy.

Martin.

Marvin.

Mattson.

Mead.

Milbank.

J. W. Miller.

F. L. Mills.

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION IN 1906—*Continued.*

New York City, Myers.

F. R. Outerbridge.
S. R. Outerbridge.
Parker.*
Parsons.
R. H. Patton II.
Paul.
H. G. Pierce.
J. A. Potter.
Randolph.
Reed.
Roesler.
Sheldon.
Stein.
Sterry.
Stewart.
Tillinghast.
Tower.
Turnbull.
Van Arsdale.
Wailes.
E. P. Ward.
Wilkins.
C. F. Williams.
Winter.
Woldenberg.*

Northport, Wailes.

Ossining, Helm, W. L. Johnson.

Poughkeepsie, Hoyt.

Riverdale-on-Hudson, Delafield.

Riverhead, Petty.

Rochester, F. H. Ward.

Waters.*

Saugerties, Briggs.

Tuxedo, Roesler.

Yonkers, Waring.

White Plains, Faile.

NORTH CAROLINA.

Greensboro, Homans.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Mandan, Brearley.

OHIO.

Akron, A. B. Jones.

Cincinnati, Kittredge, Blackmore.

Cleveland, D. E. Warner.

Columbus, E. Gray.

M. Gray.

Loving.

Outhwaite.

Dayton, M. Brien.

B. B. Brien.

Defiance, Willock.

East Cleveland, Warner.

Grand View, E. Gray.

Jackson Centre, F. M. Hall.

Lebanon, Wright.

Springfield, Barnett.

Rodgers.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Alexandria, Hatfield.

Allegheny, Jamison.

Rafferty.

Verner.

Ardmore, R. F. Williams.

Bala, Roberts.

Berwick, Jackson.

Blairsville, Heritage.

R. B. Smith.

Bryn Mawr, Pew.

Chambersburg, Orr.

Chester, Bloch.

Cogan Station, Howell.*

Danville, Oglesby.

Columbia, Fitzgerald.

East Downingtown, Mudge.*

Fort Washington, Cadwalader.

Greensburg, Coulter.

Harrisburg, Moffitt.

Musser.

Haverford, R. F. Williams.

Indiana, Fiscus.*

Kittanning, Heilman.

Lancaster, McGrann.

Lansdowne, Thomson.

Lebanon, Bressler.

Louser.

Lock Haven, Zeigler.

Mercer, Zeigler.

Overbrook, Libbey.

Philadelphia, F. O. Allen, Jr.

Appleman.

Bloch.

Bowman.

Brace.

Brooks.

Browne.

Cadwalader.

Cain.

Crawford.

S. B. Davis.

Frazer.

Haines.

Hearn.

Hodge.

Howell.

A. T. Johnson.

Kershow.

Lea.

F. C. Leas.

Libbey.

Lyle.

Mattson.*

Morris.

Pew.

W. W. Potter.

Ridgway.

Roberts.

Rogers.

GEOGRAPHICAL DISTRIBUTION IN 1906—Continued.

- Philadelphia*, Rosengarten.
Sinnickson.
Stopp.
Thomson.
Wheeler.
- Pittsburg*, Bowes.
Dangerfield.
Dickson.
Fitz Gerald.
Hatfield.
Jamison.
McLain.
S. W. Miller.
Rafferty.
Reese.
Sherriff.
- Reading*, Roland.
Sprecher.
- Scranton*, Gunster.
Corser.
Stites.
- Sharon Hill*, Mattson.
- Titusville*, Scheide.
- Towanda*, Evans.
Overton.
Woodburn.
- Vintage*, Beam.
- Warrior's Mark*, Patton.*
- West Chester*, Brooks.
- Williamsport*, Righter.*
Ure.
- Wilkes-Barre*, J. D. Jones.
Litch.
- Wyalusing*, Snitcher.
- Youngwood*, Fiscus.
- TENNESSEE.**
- Bolivar*, D. Fentress.
- Memphis*, F. Fentress.
- Murfreesboro*, Elliott.
- Nashville*, Elliott.
- TEXAS.**
- El Paso*, H. C. Adams.
- VERMONT.**
- Burlington*, Worcester.
- Woodstock*, Billings.*
- VIRGINIA.**
- Vienna*, Bronson.
- Marion*, Galt.
- Richmond*, R. R. Knight.
- Remington*, Mattingly.
- WASHINGTON.**
- Seattle*, J. B. Bruen.
- WEST VIRGINIA.**
- Cannelton*, Lea.
- Charleston*, Anderson.
- Montgomery*, Lea.
- Wheeling*, McGregor.
- WISCONSIN.**
- Madison*, Dennis.
- FOREIGN.**
- AUSTRIA.**
- Vienna*, Rives.
- BRAZIL.**
- Bahia*, P. A. Chamberlain
- CANADA.**
- Orono, Ontario*, Moment
- Calgary*, Payne.
- CHINA.**
- Hwai Yuen*, Cochran.
- Pao-Ting-Fu*, Mather.
- Yeung Kong*, C. E. Patton
- Swatow*, Waters.
- COREA.**
- Taiku*, H. M. Bruen.
- EGYPT.**
- Alexandria*, C. A. Wilson.
- ENGLAND.**
- Rugby*, Mitchell.
- INDIA.**
- Rawal Pindi*, Maxwell.
- JAPAN.**
- Sendai*, Lampe.
- Tokio*, Koka.
- Yamaguchi*, Erdman.
- MEXICO.**
- Guadalajara*, Cross.
- OCEANICA.**
- Tahiti, Society Islands*, Doty.
- POLAND.**
- Plock*, Woldenberg.
- SIAM.**
- Muang Nan*, Park.
- SOUTH AFRICA.**
- Cape Town*, LaMonte.
- Port Elizabeth*, Lyon.
- Kimberley*, A. H. Brown.
- TURKEY.**
- Constantinople*, Lybyer.

'96 MEN WHO ARE MEMBERS OF GREEK LETTER FRATERNITIES IN OTHER COLLEGES (Elected Before Entering or After Leaving Princeton)

Alpha Gamma—F. C. Leas (Hahnemann, Philadelphia).
Alpha Kappa Kappa—Brace (Jefferson, Philadelphia), Brockway (Long Island Medical College).
Alpha Mu Pi Omega—Browne (Pennsylvania), Paul (Pennsylvania).
Alpha Tau Omega—Clay (Virginia).
Beta Theta Pi—Anderson (Center College), F. Fentress (Cumberland), Moore (Washington University).
Chi Phi—Saussy (Emory College, Georgia).
Delta Chi—F. M. Hall (Michigan), J. A. Potter (New York Law School).
Delta Kappa Epsilon—Billings (Amherst), Fordyce (Wesleyan).
Delta Phi—Browne (Pennsylvania), Paul (Pennsylvania).
Delta Psi—Cadwalader (Pennsylvania), Cain (Williams), Sterry (Columbia).
Mu Sigma Mu (Medical)—Graham (St. Louis Medical College).
Phi Alpha Gamma (Medical)—Verner (Hahnemann, Philadelphia).
Phi Alpha Sigma (Medical)—F. O. Allen, Jr. (Pennsylvania).
Phi Chi (Medical)—Hoyt (Vermont).
Phi Delta (Medical)—Moore (Washington, St. Louis, Mo.).
Phi Delta Phi (Legal)—C. E. Adams (Minnesota), Armes (Columbian), Clay (Virginia), Delafield (Harvard), Hamilton (Columbia), C. M. Johnson (Columbian), Kerr (Columbia), Kittredge (Cincinnati), Mattingly (Columbian), McLean (Columbian), D. E. Warner (Western Reserve), Wright (Cincinnati).
Phi Delta Theta—C. E. Adams (Minnesota), Holmes (Stanford), Hoyt (Union), E. K. Mills (Columbia).
Phi Gamma Delta—Stopp (Muhlenberg), Moffitt (Pennsylvania).
Phi Kappa Sigma—F. O. Allen, Jr., (Pennsylvania), Mason (Iowa), Wisner (Maryland).
Phi Kappa Psi—Mattson (Swarthmore).
Psi Upsilon—Smithers (Lehigh).
Sigma Phi—Fitz Gerald (Lehigh).
Theta Delta Chi—Schaff (Columbia).
Theta Nu Epsilon—Hoyt (Union), Heilman (Pennsylvania).
Zeta Psi—Bower (Williams), Frazer (Pennsylvania), E. K. Mills (Columbia), Morris (Pennsylvania).



MEMBERSHIP IN GENERAL FRATERNAL SOCIETIES

American Woodmen—F. L. Mills, Mason.
Eagles—Heilman.
Elks—Elliott, Heilman, McFarlan, Bennett.
Knights of Pythias—Elliott.
Knights Templar—Brace, Reese.
Masons—Anderson, Barret, Billings, Bissell, Bowman, Brace, Brearley, Bressler, T. Conover, Elliott, T. L. Gaskill, R. H. Greene, Henry, Homans, A. T. Johnson, Kirkman, R. R. Knight, McFarlan, Northrup, Oglesby, Reese, Saussy, D. E. Warner, Van Arsdale.
Odd Fellows—Heilman, Henry, Hoyt, Kirkman.
Royal Arcanum—Edwards, Kirkman, Brace.



PHI BETA KAPPA

BETA OF NEW JERSEY

Organized Provisionally in 1895. Charter Granted October, 1898.

The Honorary Fraternity of Phi Beta Kappa was provisionally organized in Princeton about the time of 'Ninety-Six's graduation. 'Ninety-Six was the first class admitted to membership. Our Members are:

C. B. Bostwick	P. H. Churchman	F. L. Critchlow
L. H. Gray	E. B. Hodge, Jr.	F. W. Loetscher
A. H. Lybyer	C. B. McMullen	W. A. Mather
J. J. Moment	R. B. Perry	J. M. Trout
E. S. Worcester	J. R. Zeigler	



SEVENTY-NINE HALL

Courtesy "Indoors and Out"

'96 MEN WHO HAVE TAKEN DEGREES AFTER GRADUATION OR AFTER LEAVING PRINCETON

LL.B.—C. E. Adams (Minnesota, 1900), Anderson (Center College, Danville, Ky., 1897), Anderson (West Virginia University, 1898), Armes (Columbian, 1899), Atkinson (New York Law, 1899), Barret (University of Louisville, Ky., 1897), Boice (Indiana Law School, 1900), Bowman (Pennsylvania, 1899), Clay (Virginia, 1898), S. B. Davis (Harvard, 1899), Delafield (Harvard, 1899), Dwight (New York Law, 1899), Elliott (Cumberland, 1898), D. Fentress (Harvard, 1899), F. Fentress, Jr., (Cumberland, 1896), Fordyce (New York Law, 1898), F. M. Hall (Michigan, 1896), Hamilton (Columbia, 1902), Hammill (New York Law, 1898), Holmes (National, Washington, D. C., 1900), Humes (Harvard, 1899), A. T. Johnson (Pennsylvania, 1899), Kerr (Columbia, 1899), Killmer (Pennsylvania, 1899), Kittredge (Cincinnati, 1897), L'Esperance (New York University, 1896), Little (New York Law, 1898), Long (New York Law, 1898), Milbank (New York Law, 1898), S. W. Miller, Jr., (New York Law, 1898), E. K. Mills (Columbia, 1899), Morris (Pennsylvania, 1899), Musser (Pennsylvania, 1905), McGuire (New York Law, 1898), McLanahan (New York Law, 1898), McLean (Columbian, 1898), Oglesby (Pennsylvania, 1899), Okey (Iowa, 1900), Parker (New York Law, 1899), Parsons (New York Law, 1901), R. H. Patton II. (New York Law, 1898), Petty (Columbia, 1899), H. G. Pierce (New York Law, 1898), J. A. Potter (New York Law, 1905), Ridgway (Pennsylvania, 1896), Roberts (Pennsylvania, 1899), Sherriff (Western University of Pennsylvania, 1900), R. D. Smith (New York Law, 1898), Taggart (George Washington, 1906), D. E. Warner (Western Reserve, 1899), Wickham (Harvard, 1900), Willock (Harvard, 1899), C. F. Williams (Harvard, 1899), Wisner (Maryland, 1902).

M.D.—F. O. Allen, Jr., (Pennsylvania, 1900), Appleman (Jefferson Medical, Philadelphia, 1897), Brace (Jefferson Medical, Philadelphia, 1900), Brockway (Long Island Medical College, Brooklyn, 1905), Brooks (Pennsylvania, 1901), Browne (Pennsylvania, 1900), Byington (Columbia, 1900), Carnochan (Medical and Chirurgical, Philadelphia, 1899), Corser (Pennsylvania, 1898), Dodd (Columbia, 1900), Fisher (Johns Hopkins, 1900), Graham (Missouri, 1899), Hearn (Jefferson Medical, 1899), Heilman (Pennsylvania, 1900), Hodge (Pennsylvania, 1899), Hoyt (Vermont, 1902), Kirkman (Columbia, 1900), Kurtzeborn (Marion Sims, St. Louis, 1899), F. C. Leas (Hahnemann, Philadelphia, 1904), Moore (Washington University, St. Louis, 1898), Paul (Pennsylvania, 1900), Roland (Pennsylvania, 1898), Silkworth (Bellevue Hospital Medical, 1899), L. L. Smith (Pennsylvania, 1901), Sowers (Johns Hopkins, 1900), Stites (Pennsylvania, 1901), Verner (Hahnemann, Philadelphia, 1901, also Medico Chirurgical, 1903), Woodburn (Pennsylvania, 1899).



SEVENTY-NINE HALL FROM PROSPECT AVENUE

A.M.—Bishop (Princeton, 1897), Bower (Princeton, 1899), Briggs (Princeton, 1898), Browne (Princeton, 1899), Churchman (Princeton, 1903), Crawford (Princeton, 1900), Critchlow (Princeton, 1897), Delafield (Princeton, 1899), Doolittle (Princeton, 1897), L. H. Gray (Columbia, 1898), Lampe (Princeton, 1898), Litch (Princeton, 1897), Loetscher (Princeton, 1900), Lybyer (Princeton, 1897), Mason (Parsons College, 1897), Morgan (Princeton, 1900), Musser (Princeton, 1899), McElroy (Princeton, 1897), McMullen (Princeton, 1901), C. E. Patton (Princeton, 1897), Petty (Columbia, 1898), Perry (Harvard, 1897), Reese (Princeton, 1897), Riley (Georgetown, Ky.), Saussy (Princeton, 1901), Snitcher (Princeton, 1898), Stewart (Princeton, 1899), Trout (Princeton, 1897), Urban (Princeton, 1899), Ure (Princeton, 1900), Zeigler (Princeton, 1900).

B.D.—Bower (General Theological, 1899), Brearley (Princeton, 1899), Briggs (Princeton, 1899), Bronson (Princeton, 1899), H. M. Bruen (Union Theological, 1899), P. A. Chamberlain (McCormick, 1899), Cochran (Union Theological, 1899), Crawford (Princeton, 1899), Erdman (McCormick, 1899), French (Princeton, 1899), Harkness (Princeton, 1901), Jamison (Allegheny, 1900), R. R. Knight (Southern Baptist, 1899), Lampe (Seminary of Reformed Church, 1899), Loetscher (Princeton, 1900), Lybyer (Princeton, 1900), Mather (Hartford, 1899), Maxwell (Allegheny, 1899), J. W. Miller (Auburn, 1900), Morgan (Princeton, 1900), McMullen (Princeton, 1901), Park (McCormick, 1899), C. E. Patton (Princeton, 1899), Smithers (General, 1899), Snitcher (Princeton, 1899), Spriggs (Princeton, 1899), Trout (Hartford, 1900), Urban (General, 1899), Turner (Union, 1899), Ure (Princeton, 1900), Waters (Rochester, 1899), Worcester (Hartford, 1901), Yarrow (Hartford, 1899), Zeigler (Princeton, 1899).

Ph.D.—Beam (University of Jena, Germany, 1903), Critchlow (Johns Hopkins, 1903), Dennis (Columbia, 1901), L. H. Gray (Columbia, 1900), McElroy (Princeton, 1900), Perry (Harvard, 1899), Reese (Princeton, 1899), B. H. Warner, Jr. (University of Leipsig, Germany, 1903).

B.Sc.—Lyon (University of Cape of Good Hope, 1899).

D.D.S.—Moffitt (Pennsylvania, 1899).

E.E.—A. H. Brown (Princeton, 1898), Kilpatrick (Princeton, 1898), F. H. Ward (Princeton, 1899).

Pd.B.—Wayave (Albany Normal College, 1900).

LL.M.—Holmes (National, Washington, D. C., 1901).

Mech.E.—Wilkins (Cornell, 1898).

Th.D.—R. R. Knight (Southern Baptist, Louisville, 1900); also **Th.M.** (1899).

M.S.—Sinnickson (Princeton, 1897).

PRINCETON '96 IN THE ARMY AND NAVY



GEORGE GLOVER BLACKMORE

Private, Battery A, Pennsylvania Light Artillery Volunteers.

"I served in Battery A, Penna. Light Artillery Vols., from June 16th to November 11th, 1898. Enlisted just after Commencement last June, at Philadelphia, at the time the battery was put on war footing, and joined the battery at Newport News, Va., where they were then in Camp Warburton. After numerous false reports, the long looked for order came that we were to be sent at once to Porto Rico on the expedition to that Island. On August 5th we sailed from Newport News in S. S. 'Manitoba,' in charge of Maj. Castleman, 1st Ky. Vol. Inf., along with the Gov.'s and Sheridan troops of Pa. Cavalry, Battery C, Pa. Vols., detachment of hospital corps and signal corps men. Arrived off Ponce August 10th, and on entering the harbor went aground on a bar. The battery went ashore the next day and had hardly got started with the work of unloading, when the news of the signing of the Protocol came, much to the disappointment of all. However, we completed the unloading and proceeded to our new camp in the foot hills, back of Ponce about two miles. Orders soon came that all artillery and cavalry would be returned to the States, and then on September 3rd we completed the work of loading again, and the S. S. 'Mississippi' left for Jersey City, arriving at the latter place at noon on September 10th, with Troops A and C, N. Y. Cavalry, First City Troop of Phila., Batteries A and C Vols., Governor's and Sheridan's Troops, Pa. Cav., and the battery was taken at once to Philadelphia, where we were dismissed on sixty days' furlough. Reporting again on November 10th, was examined physically and told to report the following Thursday, but the following day succeeded in getting my discharge from the United States service."

BERNIS B. BRIEN

Private, 3rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry, Company G.

"At the outbreak of the war I enlisted as a private in Co. G, 3rd Ohio Volunteer Infantry. Soon after the regiment's arrival in Tampa, I was detailed to the regimental hospital, and thence transferred to the Third Division Hospital, Fourth Army Corps, serving at Tampa and Fernandina. For the twelve weeks we were in Fernandina, I did constant night duty from 6 P.M. until 7 A.M."

CHARLES BROWNE

Hospital Staff—Contract Nurse in charge of two wards at Hospital at Fortress Monroe, Va., 1898.

THOMAS CADWALADER

Private, Troop A, Philadelphia City Cavalry.

Service in Porto Rico, 1898.

HENRY WELTY COULTER

10th Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry.

Service in Manila, 1898.

JOSIAH HUGHES CRAWFORD

Red Cross and Christian Commission.

"The last of May saw me identified with the Red Cross and Christian Commission movements, and I was assigned as their field agent at Chickamauga, with the Second Division of the First Army Corps, General Poland in command, General Brooke being commander of the corps.

"My duties there consisted in getting supplies and reading matter through to the various regiments and hospitals, cultivating friendly relations with the army surgeons, and finally controlling very largely the religious work in the Second Division hospital, with its 600 or more sick men quartered there at a time. In addition to working twelve or fifteen hours a day, I had to preach to the various regiments in the Division when they were without chaplains or when their chaplains were sick. In one week I preached at five such services, and my work only failed reaching Porto Rico, for, when ordered to go there, I was so near a physical wreck from numerous diseases that it took me five weeks to get into any shape before I could return to the Seminary for my Senior year. But in all the work the old class and college were not forgotten. An example is in point. One Sunday morning, after having service with the First Pennsylvania Regiment, and preparing to preach to the First Georgia, Tom Stites, of familiar memory, an assistant hospital steward in the First Pennsylvania, yelled to me from an ambulance, 'Say, Joe, Yale licked the Varsity in baseball yesterday.' Think of preparing a sermon on such news!"

RICHARD EVERETT DWIGHT
With Battery A in Cuba, 1898.

HERBERT WILLIAM FITZGERALD
Governor's Troop, Pennsylvania Volunteer Cavalry.
Service in Porto Rico, 1898.

PERSIFOR FRAZER, Jr.
Private, First Troop Philadelphia City Cavalry.

WILLIAM HENRY FULPER
Passed Assistant Paymaster, U. S. N.

He was appointed Passed Assistant Paymaster in the Navy with the rank of Lieut., on May 23rd, 1898. He has published a book entitled "The Cruise of the U. S. S. *Resolute* with forty tons of Dynamite during the war with Spain." In this book, which is a transcript of his diary, and illustrated, he gives some very graphic accounts of scenes at Guantanamo, Santiago and Havana.

"Being Paymaster in the Naval Reserves of New Jersey I entered the regular Navy on May 24th, with the rank of Lieutenant. On April 16th I went aboard the monitor *Montauk*, at League Island Navy Yard, and went with her to Portland, Me. I joined the U. S. S. *Resolute* at the Navy Yard, New York, on May 19th. Detached from the *Resolute* on October 23rd and ordered home.

"The *Resolute* was in three principal engagements; the Bombardment of Aguadores, on July 1st; the Battle of Santiago, on July 3rd, in which Admiral Cervera's fleet was entirely destroyed. The *Resolute's* participation in this battle is a matter of history.

"Our third and last battle (which was the last battle of the war) was the action at Manzanillo, the afternoon of August 12th and morning of the 13th, the last shot of the war being fired by the U. S. S. *Newark* at 6.32 the morning of the 13th.

"The *Resolute* being commanded and manned almost exclusively by Naval Reserves, has received extraordinary praise from the Navy Department. And as a compliment for hard work the *Resolute* was made the flagship of the North Atlantic Squadron and took the peace commission to Havana, and remained in Cuban waters at Havana and vicinity for about six weeks, when we were compelled to leave on account of yellow fever breaking out aboard ship."

MELDRUM GRAY
Second Lieut. Volunteer Signal Corps.

"I was enlisted in the Fourth Ohio Volunteer Infantry on May 15, 1898, and on the same day left with the regiment for Chickamauga. I served as private and corporal in the Fourth Ohio until June 27th, when I received a commission as Second Lieutenant in the Volunteer Signal Corps. Was stationed at Chickamauga until July 21st, when we were ordered with the First Division, First Army Corps, to proceed to Newport News, and thence to Porto Rico. I was stationed at Ponce, Porto Rico, until some days after the Peace Protocol was signed, then ordered to proceed to Guayama, where I remained until ordered home, in the early part of September. Was then given the usual leave of absence and mustered out with my company."

RENSSELAER HAVENS GREENE
Corporal, 52nd Iowa Volunteer Infantry.

"After a service of four and one-half years in the Iowa National Guard, I enlisted, April 26th, 1898, in the Fifty-second Regiment of Iowa Infantry Volunteers, our National Guard Company retaining its original formation, and we served until the latter part of August at Chickamauga Park, when we were brought to Des Moines and furloughed for a month. I was enlisted as a private and was promoted to corporal May 27th, and served in that capacity until discharged."

WARREN JACKSON HAINES
Second Lieut. 1st Maryland Volunteer Infantry.

"My war record can be told in a few words, as the operations of my regiment were confined solely to this continent. I went into camp with the Maryland National Guard, as a sergeant in Co. E, 1st Maryland Infantry, at Pimlico, Md., on April 25th, 1898. On May 17th the regiment was mustered into the U. S. service, and left for Fort Monroe, Va., on May 25th. I was commissioned 2nd Lieutenant July 6th, and in the latter part of August tendered my resignation, having same accepted September 1st, when I severed my connection with the regiment."

GORDON JOHNSTON

First Lieutenant, United States Army

"In May, 1898, I went into the army as a trooper in the First U. S. Volunteer Cavalry (Rough Riders), but was not one of those who fought at Santiago. The troop and squadron to which I was assigned were not called into active service other than the Tampa Campaign."

1898—Second Lieutenant in Second Mississippi Regiment; camp at Jackson, Miss.

1898—Second Lieutenant in First U. S. Volunteer Cavalry (Rough Riders); service at Fort Ethan Allen, and at Tampa, Fla., and Montauk Point, N. Y.

1900—Second Lieutenant in Forty-third Regiment, U. S. Volunteers, service in the Philippines. First Lieutenant (brevet) February 1st, 1900; Captain (brevet) December 14th, 1900.

1901—Second Lieutenant in U. S. Regular Army, Tenth Cavalry.

1903—First Lieutenant, Fifteenth U. S. Cavalry, Fort Leavenworth, Kansas.

1904—With Company I, U. S. Signal Corps; service in the Philippines.

[Extracts from *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, 1900.]

"Gordon Johnston, '96, formerly of the Rough Riders, is now Lieutenant of the Forty-third Regiment, serving in the Philippines, in the expedition of Brigadier-General Kobb into three islands of the archipelago. Lieutenant Johnston distinguished himself for bravery by putting to rout, with a small band, over a thousand armed Filipinos, after a hard day's work in saving a town from a fire started by the enemy. Lieut. Johnston is a son of General Robert D. Johnston of the Confederate Army. His services in the Rough Riders gained for him the close friendship of President Roosevelt. A short time ago, at the head of twelve scouts, he drove one hundred and fifty natives, who were intrenched near Palo on the Island of Leyte, from their position, and soon after captured their town."

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, May 31, 1902.]

The following excerpts concerning a well-known member of this class are from the *Congressional Record* of March 20th:

"To be First Lieutenant, by brevet: Second Lieut. Gordon Johnston, Forty-third Inf. U. S. V., for conspicuous gallantry in action at Palo, Leyte, P. I., February 1st, 1900, to rank from that date."

"To be Captain, by brevet: Second Lieut. Gordon Johnston, Forty-third Inf. U. S. V., for distinguished gallantry in action at Babatungon, Leyte, P. I., December 14th, 1900, to rank from that date."

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, March 17, 1906.]

The Princeton friends of Gordon Johnston, '96, were not surprised to learn, by the newspaper reports of the recent engagements between United States troops and outlaw Moros at Mount Dajo, that Lieut. Johnston was one of the first to scale the rim of the crater where the enemy was intrenched. For that's the kind of a "boy" he was. As president of his Sophomore class, he was always among the first to scale the rim of the crater of volcanic underclass rivalry. Though too light for the Varsity eleven, as a substitute and a member of the scrub he showed the proper spirit. He was an editor of *The Princetonian*, and in Whig and Murray Halls, also, he was a leader.

[From *The New York Times*, Sunday, March 11, 1906.]

The wounds received by First Lieut. Gordon Johnston during the recent battle with the Moro outlaws at Mount Dajo, on the Island of Jolo, are severe, a slug having passed through his right shoulder. He performed a gallant deed when he scaled the wall of the Rio crater and was blown off the parapet by the force of exploding shells.

CABLE FROM CLASS OF '96.

NEW YORK, March 12, 1906.

Lieutenant Gordon Johnston, Manila.—Class 'Ninety-Six proud of you.

Bostwick.

[From *New York Sun*, March 10th, 1906.]

U. S. TROOPS KILL 600 MOROS.

TRAP OUTLAWS IN VOLCANO CRATER, AFTER FIGHTING UP STEEP MOUNTAIN SIDE.

AMERICANS LOSE EIGHTEEN MEN—FIFTY-TWO ARE WOUNDED—ARTILLERY IS LIFTED THREE HUNDRED FEET BY BLOCK AND TACKLE.

Battle Took Place at Jolo, Sulu Island, and Lasted for Two Days—Band Had Infested the Hills, Defied the Sultan and Raided Peaceful Inhabitants—All Were Killed—"Most Difficult Position We Ever Assaulted," Says Gen. Wood—Will End Depredations.

MANILA, March 9.—Gen. Wood reports the severest fight that has occurred since the close of the insurrection. The battle, which lasted two days, was between the American forces at Jolo, Sulu Island, and outlaw Moros infesting the hills, who defied the authority of the Sultan and raided peaceful inhabitants. The Moros were trapped in the crater of the volcano and were all killed. The general operations were under Col. Duncan, of the Sixth Infantry. The Americans lost eighteen killed and fifty-two wounded. The losses of the Moros were six hundred killed.

Among the Americans wounded were Signal Lieutenant Gordon Johnston, severely wounded in the shoulder, and Lieutenant Ernest H. Agnew of the Sixth Infantry. In his report Gen. Wood says, after describing the field of operation:

"The last four hundred feet of the mountain were at an angle of sixty degrees and there were fifty perpendicular ridges, covered with a growth of timber, strongly fortified and defended by an invisible force of Moros."

After enumerating the losses as above, Gen. Wood adds: "All the defenders of the Moro stronghold were killed. The artillery was lifted by block and tackle for a distance of three hundred feet and placed in position on the lip of the crater. It was the most difficult position we ever assaulted. The resistance was literally to the death. Brig.-Gen. Bliss and myself were present throughout the action. The attacking columns were commanded by Major Omar Bundy, Capt. K. P. Lawton, Capt. Rivers, Capt. L. M. Kohler, Capt. McClachern and Lieutenant Johnston."

GEN. JOHNSON'S SON WOUNDED.

FIRST LIEUTENANT IS A PRINCETON MAN AND AN EX-ROUGH RIDER.

First Lieutenant Gordon Johnston, of the Sixth United States Infantry, who was severely wounded in the shoulder at Mount Dajo, is the only son of the Confederate General, R. D. Johnston, and was born in the old home near Birmingham, Ala., thirty-one years ago. After graduating from the Birmingham High School he came North and entered Princeton University. He was well known as an athlete, playing tackle on the 'Varsity team for two seasons.

After graduating in 1896 he became head coach for the University of North Carolina football team. When the Rough Riders was formed, Johnston enlisted as a private. He won rapid promotion and was especially commended by President Roosevelt in his story of San Juan Hill. At the close of hostilities Col. Roosevelt used his influence in securing for Johnston a Second Lieutenantcy in the Army. Two years ago he married Miss Julia Johnston, of Baltimore. They were children together, but were not related.

[From *The New York Sun*, March 12, 1906.]

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Lieutenant Gordon Johnston, of the United States Army Signal Corps, has the true soldierly habit of speaking briefly and succinctly, and he has followed that rule in addressing the President of the United States. The President and Lieutenant Johnston know each other well, for the Lieutenant was an officer in Colonel Roosevelt's Rough Riders. When news was received that Lieutenant Johnston had been seriously wounded in the battle on Mount Dajo, in the Island of Jolo, the President sent him a telegram of inquiry, and to-day the young officer's answer came. Here is the cabled correspondence, as made public this evening:

WASHINGTON, March 10.

Lieutenant Gordon Johnston, Manila:—How are you?

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

ZAMBOANGA (undated).

President, Washington:—Fine, thanks.

JOHNSTON.

PAUL LOVING

Second Lieut., First Ohio Volunteer Cavalry.

He enlisted in the First Ohio Volunteer Cavalry, was made Sergeant and then commissioned Second Lieutenant in the same regiment. He was stationed at Chickamauga and other Southern camps during the summer, and mustered out in October, 1898.

WILLIAM GALBRAITH MITCHELL

First Lieut. First U. S. Volunteer Engineers.

"I was commissioned a Second Lieutenant in the First Regiment of Volunteer Engineers on July 6th and remained on duty with this regiment while at Camp Townsend, N. Y., and during its three months' service in Porto Rico.

"I was promoted to be First Lieutenant on November 21st, and returned to the United States with the regiment on November 25th, 1898."

WILLIAM BOWNE PARSONS

U. S. S. Yankee.

"I was an able-bodied seaman on board the U. S. S. *Yankee*, and served in that capacity from May 4th to September 2nd, 1898.

"The exploits of the *Yankee* are, of course, now a matter of history, which is very well related in a book written by one of the crew and edited by Admiral Sampson."

WILLIAM WOODBURN POTTER

Private, Battery A, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

"The late war saw me enlist in Battery A., N. G. P. We went to Mt. Gretna, April 26th, and were mustered into the United States service. On May 3d, we went to Newport News. On August 5th we set sail for Porto Rico on the transport *Manitoba*. Soon after we got on the Spanish isle the fighting ceased! Then we left for home, where we arrived on September 10th. We were furloughed and discharged in November."

DAVID POTTER

Paymaster, United States Navy.

Before war was declared, or even thought of by the public generally, he was appointed an assistant paymaster in the regular service of the United States Navy, but was not commissioned until February 18, 1898. On March 15, 1898, he reported for duty on board the U. S. Ram *Katahdin*, as pay officer of that vessel, and saw service on her as follows.

The last days of April, all of May, and part of June, were spent alternating between Provincetown, Mass., and Boston, the duty being connected with the defense of Boston harbor. During the latter part of June the *Katahdin* was ordered to Hampton Roads, and remained either there or at Norfolk until the signing of the Peace Protocol, ostensibly lying in wait for the phantom Spanish fleet. The latter part of September she was ordered to League Island Navy Yard, and there went out of commission. From the peculiar construction of the *Katahdin*, and through the fact that she was an experiment, the Navy Department never permitted her an opportunity of testing the powers for which she was built, so that Potter was one of those unfortunate regular officers who failed to get under fire.

Potter was then ordered, as pay officer, to the *Buffalo*. This vessel was originally the *El Cid*; then, after having been purchased by Brazil, she became the *Nichteroy*, and when obtained by the United States her name was once more changed to the *Buffalo*. Sometime during December the *Buffalo* sailed for Manila, via the Suez Canal, and after a record breaking trip reached there safely on February 2, 1899. During the trip stops were made at Port Said, Colombo and Singapore, but only long enough to coal. Potter reached Manila just in time to participate in the battles of February 4th and 5th, and his letters since then are full of exciting and romantic incidents. He was later transferred to the U. S. S. *Boston*. Commissioned Passed Assistant Paymaster U. S. Navy, March 3, 1899; commissioned Paymaster U. S. Navy, September 9, 1902. In Philippine Insurrection on U. S. S. *Buffalo*, *Boston* and *Manila*. Present at Zapote River fight; bombardment of San Fabian and Lingayen Gulf Expedition; skirmish at Balabac; taking of Zamboanga; General Bates' expeditions to Southern and Northern Mindanao; bombardment at Malay; occupation of Sulu Archipelago.

"As I traveled steadily for four-and-a-half years, owing to my duties as a Naval officer, any general account of my travels would prove too long. The following are some of the more interesting matters that readily occur to me:

"In 1899 we visited the almost unknown, but destined some day to be famous, Crater Lakes in the Island of Cagayan Sulu in the Sulu Sea. With one exception we were the first white men who had ever seen this phenomenon—sailing, in a ship's cutter, right in from the sea, into the first crater.

"In Christmas week, 1899, in a small boat, narrowly missed by a pair of waterspouts off Sandakan, British North Borneo. Hunted wild buffalo at Kudat, Borneo, in the same year.

"Wrecked, in the U. S. S. *Manila*, on a reef off Sibutu, in the channel between the Sulu and Celebes Seas in September, 1899—three days on reef before getting off.

"In 1898 traveled in Ceylon; was present at the Festival of the Golden Tooth at Kandy, the ancient capital of Ceylon; this is one of the greatest Buddhist festivals of the world; saw a number of Thibetan priests there. Traveled in Egypt in the same year.

"In 1901 traveled by 'ricksha and afoot in Central Japan; same year visited China.

"In 1903 visited Santiago, the capital of Chile, South America; Andes, the most awe-inspiring mountains I have yet seen. In same year cruised in Straits of Magellan; was impressed with the size and number of glaciers there. It seems to me these have been very little written about."

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, June 2, 1900.]

Parts of a letter from David Potter, '96, now in the Philippines, to his classmate, Francis C. Mac Donald, '96, now of the Princeton University Library staff, are here printed with the permission of Mac Donald—and without the permission of Potter. These two not only were on the Lit. together, but both being poets to this day, write better letters than most men.

Dated U. S. S. MANILA, ZAMBOANGA, P. ISLANDS, April 4, 1900.

The other day at a place called Surigao, the extreme northeast point of Mindanao, we had a flag raising—previous to which our battleship had escorted thither transports containing the 40th Infantry, General Bates, etc. After the flag raising, as the soldiers presented arms to me (and the general) I heard some one say, "Hello! Dave Potter." It was Joe Righter, 2nd Lieutenant in the 40th. I was properly astonished of course to meet a classmate so unexpectedly. He told me of the triennial reunion, etc., etc. Joe looked very soldierly and business-like in his campaign clothes. Gordon Johnston has distinguish himself in some fights on the island of Leyte—he is a lieutenant in the 43rd, and lately took a town containing nearly 300 "insurrectors," with only seventeen scouts. He is chief of scouts and has had some hot times, as one might expect who knew him in his Sophomore days. Good enough for '96!

Yes, we spent Christmas in Borneo, took another tour among the islands, and then went up to Manila for three weeks' rest. Since leaving Manila some two weeks since, we have seen the great volcano, Mayon, on the east coast of Luzon, in active eruption, visited Leyte and Cebu again, taken several towns in northern Mindanao, attended the slave market at Iligan and dropped in here in time to tell you about it.

I see that Tarkington's book, "The Gentleman from Indiana," has reached its twentieth thousand. It deserves a hundred thousand, I think—there are many parts of it most exquisite, and most true. May he prosper! . . . The only things I can write about nowadays savor directly of these islands—for instance, here is a verse from my latest.

[Here follows a "lyric" not for publication, of which Mr. Potter remarks in continuation].

How's that for machine poetry? Or, if you prefer something characteristically sentimental (whatever that may mean) take "A Lapak Love Song"—

[Follows Love Song not for publication.]

By the way, how is the "Lit." progressing nowadays? Is its circulation about the same—are its expenditures as ever just a little in excess of its receipts—do the editors get as much row and fun out of it as we did? . . .

O Gee, O Gee, a year or so from now, when I come home again and, picking up as many of "de gang" as possible, swoop down on you, strolling the "cloistered walks," what a celebration we will have! Bueno! Well rather!

I have just seen my first bull-fight. In the province of Zamboanga there is a larger admixture of Spanish blood than anywhere else in the islands. Also many pure Spaniards are still resident here. So this bull-fight was a picturesque scene—"the real thing"—with its toreadors and picadors and matador, its queen of beauty, and boxes full of "fayre ladies"—with flowers and scarf, with money and hats and cigars thrown into the ring—with its bands and uproar—its bravas and vivas. Nevertheless, it is a brutal and cowardly sport, in spite of the glitter of it all. * * *

JOHN PRENTISS POE, Jr.
Fifth Maryland Volunteer Infantry.

"I had been in the Fifth Maryland Regiment for over three years when war was declared, and had reached the high position of a corporal. We went to Pimlico (near Baltimore) on the 25th of April, and stayed there until the 19th of May, being mustered into the service of the United States on May 14th. We left for Chickamauga on the 19th of May, reaching that place the 21st of May. Our regiment was ordered to Tampa from Chickamauga on Thursday, June 3rd, with seven other regiments, in a provisional division under the command of Gen. Snyder. We thoroughly expected to go with Shafter's Corps, but I have since been told that there were not enough transports to take the division. I met Ed. Munn, '95, and Gordon Johnston, '96, and Bernis Brien, '96, in Tampa. The two former were in the Rough Riders and the latter in the Fifth Ohio. We stayed in Tampa ten weeks, leaving there August the 15th for Huntsville, Ala., where we stayed about three weeks, reaching home September 7th and being mustered out October 22nd."

From September, 1899, to September, 1901, Poe was in the Twenty-third U. S. Regular Infantry in the Philippines. In January and February, 1904, he was in the Marine Corps at Panama.

THOMAS RIDGWAY
Private, Philadelphia City Cavalry.

Service in Porto Rico.

JOSEPH COTTRELL RIGHTER, Jr.
First Lieutenant, United States Army.

"On April 26th, 1898, I enlisted as a private in the National Guard of Pennsylvania, in Co. G, 12th Regiment, located at this place. On April 27th we were ordered to Camp Hastings, at Gretna, Pa. On May 12th we were mustered into United States service as Co. G, 12th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. About May 20th we were ordered to Camp Alger, Falls Church, Va. On July 30th I was sent to the Divisional Hospital, and on July 31st to Fort Meyer Hospital, suffering with a bad case of typhoid fever. On August 27th I was about to be discharged, cured from the hospital and sent home on a thirty days' furlough, but suffered a relapse and was compelled to remain at the hospital until September 22nd, when I was discharged as cured and sent home on a thirty days' sick furlough. In the meantime my regiment was moved from Camp Alger, Falls Church, Va., to Dunn Loring, Va., and from there to Camp Meade, Middletown, Pa. On September 19th they were sent home on a thirty days' furlough, after which they were to be mustered out. On October 19th we were given a ten days' extension and on November 1st we were paid off and mustered out of United States service, our discharge being dated October 29th, 1898. At present (November 28th) I am still convalescing from my attack of typhoid fever, which I incurred during my service and from which several times the doctors gave up hope of my recovering."

LATER RECORD

After Spanish War, appointed by President McKinley as Second Lieutenant in Company M, Fortieth Infantry Regiment, United States Volunteers. Service at Fort Riley, Kansas, and later in Philippines (1899). (1900) at Surigao, Mindanao (P. I.) with Company B, Fortieth Infantry, U. S. V.; by detail, Captain of the Port, Inspector of Customs, and Collector of Internal Revenue at Surigao. Appointed Second Lieutenant, Eighth United States Cavalry, to rank from February 2nd, 1901; accepted the appointment October 17th, 1901; stationed at Morro Castle, Santiago, Cuba, for five months; promoted to First Lieutenant, Fourth United States Cavalry, December 8th, 1902. September 1st, 1903, entered General Service War College at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., and was graduated July 27th, 1904. September 5th, 1905, sailed for Manila with his regiment, Troop G, Fourth United States Cavalry, now stationed at Malabang, Mindanao, P. I. Now First Lieutenant and Squadron Adjutant, Fourth United States Cavalry.

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, February 23, 1901.]

The following letter from Lieut. Joseph C. Righter, '96, Fortieth Infantry, U. S. V., who is, apparently, the Pooh Bah of the Philippines, needs no comment:

UNITED STATES MILITARY GOVERNMENT IN THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS
OFFICE OF COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE.
District No. 1, Dept. of Mindanao and Jolo.

SURIGAO, P. I., December 29, 1900.

Received your welcome letter dated October 16th, on December 26th, when the hospital ship

Relief arrived here from Cagayan, bringing us our first mail since November 10th. Little did I think when I left Princeton in June, 1899, after attending the '96 triennial reunion, that the Philippine Islands would ever see me. On August 29th, 1900, I accepted a commission as Second Lieutenant in the Fortieth Infantry, United States Volunteers, and on September 4th started on my way to "Frisco" to help organize a battalion for my regiment. Arrived there on September 10th, and for a month was kept busy drilling men. During that time I ran across Garrett Cochran, '98, and "Ad" Kelly, '98, who were coaching the University of California football team. Witnessed one of their games, and they had a crack team. The students of the University simply idolized Garry, and you would take it to be a second Princeton, from the customs, spirit, and songs Garrett had infused into the students. Had many pleasant reunions while there. Also met Charley Cochran, '95, who had just returned from Klondike. On October 10th I was ordered to Fort Riley, Kansas, and there was assigned to Company M. On October 31st the regiment left Fort Riley for San Francisco and on November 22d we embarked on the transports *Ohio* and *Indiana*, and started on our eight thousand mile voyage to Manila. Our first stop was at Honolulu, where we remained three days, coaling. While there I tried to find the Water-houses, '96 and '97, but learned that they were away, so missed a pleasant time. Did not know until lately that "Beef" Turner, '96, was there. We arrived in Manila December 26th, and on December 28th were ordered out to El Deposito and the waterworks to do outpost duty. Here I got my first chance at "hiking" in the Philippines, and it is not what it is cracked up to be. From El Deposito we went to the camp on Mariquino road. One morning in January, 1900, about two o'clock, I was awakened by the sergeant of the examining outpost, who stated that there was an officer of Forty-third Infantry, who wanted to see me at once. I went to the outpost and imagine my surprise at seeing good old Gordon Johnston, '96, in the uniform of a Second Lieutenant, looking hale and hearty. Never was so glad in all my life to see a fellow as I was Gordon. We had a good long two hours' chat about old Princeton, triennial, classmates, etc. He told me of Dave Fentress' wedding, and the send-off he had before he left New York. Gordon is now on the Island of Leyte with his regiment and has made a great record for himself as chief of battalion scouts, which are known as Johnston's Scouts. Davis, of New York *Sun*, and Palmer, of *Collier's Weekly*, told me of his good work and bravery. On February 14th our regiment joined Gen. Bates' expeditionary forces to subdue the South Camarines. We arrived there February 19th, and the next day our regiment had its first fight at Libmanan, Luzon. It was a hot one. Another fight occurred at Lulud, Luzon. On March 22nd, 1900, our regiment, with Gen. Bates, started for Mindanao Island to occupy the parts on the northern coast. Our first stop was at Surigao. Before landing I received an order assigning me to B company, and appointing me Collector of Internal Revenue, Captain of the Port, Inspector of Customs and Engineering Officer at Surigao. We landed and the town was surrendered to us by Gen. Prudencio Garcia, ex-Governor of the Island. After the flag raising, among the naval officers I saw Dave Potter, '96, paymaster on U. S. S. *Manila*. He told me of Gordon Johnston, etc. Have seen him several times since, as his ship is on this district. On his last visit he told me that he had been to the Island of Jolo, where the Twenty-third Infantry is stationed, and had at last found Johnny Poe, '95. John, he says, is happy and contented with his life, but has seen no fighting. He told Dave that Nat Poe, '97, kept him posted on football, and he knew exactly how they were tackling and breaking through nowadays; that he intended to be at the Princeton-Yale game in 1902. The officers of the Twenty-third Regiment did not know that John was the great football player, but thought he was some relative of the family. John has been doing special duty in post-office at Jolo, and said he saw a package from Jesse Snook to a soldier in the regiment, and upon looking the fellow up found him to be a Princeton town boy. Since arriving on this island, Mindanao, the Fortieth Regiment has had numerous fights, but the only one I engaged in was a skirmish at Mainit, July 21st, where we ran into some bamboo traps. We lost no men. About a month ago I met Richard M. Corwine, I think Princeton, '79, who is a Second Lieutenant in Thirty-first Infantry, and is acting ordnance officer for this department. Corwine enlisted as a private in Thirty-first Infantry on July 25th, 1899, and was appointed Quartermaster-Sergeant of his regiment. On October 25th, 1899, he was appointed second lieutenant. While here I showed him several copies of *The Alumni Weekly* which I had obtained from Dave Potter. On last mail I received a nice notice from Charley Bostwick, '96, notifying me of our coming quinquennial reunion, and also the pleasant news that I owed the class treasury 75 cents. We have quite a number of college men as officers in this regiment, Columbia, Harvard, Yale, Wisconsin, University of California, and Georgia being among those represented. The regiment has already had about fifteen fights. Am awfully anxious to hear result of the football game. Feel confident that we will win again. While in Manila I met Duke Cassels, '97, who is a Second Lieutenant in Seventh United States Artillery. He told me of Stockley, '98, being captured.

Expect to be in Princeton next June for my quinquennial reunion and will say "A'Dios" until then. Give my best regards to all my classmates you meet. Wishing you success, I am

Sincerely yours,

JOSEPH C. RIGHTER, JR., '96,

Second Lieutenant Fortieth Infantry, U. S. V.

CHARLES ROLAND
Contract Surgeon during Spanish-American War.

ANSELM EDWIN SCHAFF
U. S. S. Yankee.

"I joined the Second Naval Battalion of Brooklyn on the 22nd of April, 1898, and immediately went on harbor patrol, and was on it for one month when I joined the regular service as seaman and was quartered on the U. S. S. *New Hampshire* for a few weeks, when I was transferred to the U. S. S. *Yankee*, where I was left until the Reserves were discharged September 5th, 1898."

LLOYD LLEWELLYN SMITH
Assistant Surgeon, United States Army.

Smith studied in Germany and at the University of Pennsylvania, where he took the M.D. degree in 1901. In October, 1903, he passed the examination for Assistant Surgeon of the U. S. Army. From November, 1903, until April, 1904, he attended the Army Medical School at Washington, D. C., graduating with the highest honors. He was then detailed to active service in the Philippines, sailing from San Francisco April 30th. Upon his arrival in Manila, for a short time he had charge of one of the army hospitals within the city limits. After that, at different times, he had charge of several hospitals within a radius of one hundred miles of Manila. On January 5th, 1906, he was detailed to service as surgeon on board the U. S. Army Transport *Logan*. On February 5th he arrived at San Francisco. While the transport was in port for a month, he took a troop of cavalry to a fort in Montana. He sailed for Manila on March 5th, and expects to be in San Francisco again about May 15th. His term of service in the Philippines will expire next September.

THOMAS HENRY ATHERTON STITES
Private, First Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry.

"Early in April, 1898, believing hostilities to be inevitable, and thinking it my duty to signify my willingness to serve the country, I enrolled myself as a member of the National Guard of Pennsylvania, First Regiment, Company D, and on April 28th, in accordance with orders from Governor Hastings, my regiment proceeded from Philadelphia to Mt. Gretna, Penn., and there went into camp, bivouacking that night under any shelter which would protect us from the storm.

"Within a few days I was detailed to the Regimental Hospital Corps, and upon May 11th, 1898, was mustered into the service of the United States as a private of Co. D, 1st Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. Continuing to serve on the regimental hospital corps, on May 15th I started with my regiment for Camp George H. Thomas, Chickamauga Park, Georgia, arriving there and going into camp on May 18th. About June 16th I received orders detaching me from the 1st Penna. Infantry and transferring me to the Hospital Corps, U. S. A., and was stationed with the Reserve Ambulance Company, First Army Corps, at Camp Thomas. After serving here for about ten days I was ordered (June 26th) to duty at the hospital of the Third Division, First Army Corps. In this hospital I served as nurse and ward master until August 4th, 1898, upon which date I received a furlough and started for my home, suffering from typhoid fever contracted in the hospital. The attack proving quite serious and convalescence very slow, I set about through friends to obtain an honorable discharge. Before, however, this could be obtained I was again transferred, October 1st, 1898—this time from the Hospital Corps, U. S. A., to Co. D, First Penna. Vol. Inf., with orders to report to the Colonel of that regiment at Philadelphia, Penn., 'in order to be mustered out of the service of the United States.' The regiment was mustered out on October 16th, but owing to my inability to be present, my own muster out was delayed and it was not until November 8th, upon my presenting myself and undergoing the prescribed physical examination by the proper officers, that my connection with the army came to an end.

"The service, especially that at the Third Division Hospital, demanded constant work, but my recollections of it are by no means unpleasant, though it was a great disappointment to me that I could see no active service at the front."

WILLIAM WISWELL VERNER
Assistant Surgeon in the Medical Corps of the United States Navy, 1906.
Attached to the *Wisconsin*, Asiatic fleet.

ROBERT MORRIS WILKINS
Assistant Engineer on U. S. S. Baltimore, Manila, 1898.

[From the *New York Tribune*, Saturday, March 17, 1906.]

A DEED OF HEROISM.

SOLDIER TELLS PRESIDENT OF INCIDENT ABOUT ANDREWS AND JOHNSTON.

WASHINGTON, March 16—President Roosevelt has received a letter which gives a picture of conditions confronting American soldiers. It also records a hitherto unknown deed of heroism. THEODORE ROOSEVELT, President U. S. A., Washington, D. C.

Dear Sir: I have the honor to write to you a letter to-day bearing on the character of an officer in our country's service whose name has been in the newspapers of late, connected with the recent fight at Mount Dajo, on the Island of Jolo, Philippine Archipelago.

My object in doing so is this: I myself have been a soldier, having been a sergeant in Company A, Forty-third United States Infantry, in the Philippine Islands, where I came intimately in touch with Lieutenant Gordon Johnston, then in charge of our First Battalion scouts, and had the good fortune to accompany Lieutenant Johnston and the then Major Lincoln C. Andrews, of the First Battalion of the Forty-third Infantry, United States Volunteers (an officer who is true grit from boots to helmet, and a gentleman), upon the expedition known in official records as the movement against the insurgent fortifications of La Paz, Leyte Island, Philippine Island.

This particular fortification was situated upon a mountain having three spurs, which was approachable only by very steep trails running up to it some four miles from the valley at its base.

General Ambrusia Moxica, of the insurgent forces, had concentrated a large force, and from his strongly fortified lair, which had been planned by an expert engineer brought from Manila, he would harass our small detachments stationed at different locations about the island, this being made quite easy from the location of the mountain somewhat in the centre of our various positions. * * *

The irregular formation of the slopes of the mountain made the collective movement of any large number of men all but impossible, while the splendid fortifications and numerical superiority of the defending forces would have made a general assault a foolhardy trick, they having two riflemen to our one, and bolomen enough to give them a total defending force of fully twenty-five men to our one.

Our officers, however, determined, after a spell of fighting, to give them a bit of strategy, and for this purpose Captain Curtis, of the Forty-fourth Infantry, U. S. V., was instructed to continue a strong firing from in front of the position on our spur of the mountain (the regulars, under Lieutenant McNabb, of the Tenth Infantry, but then attached to the Twenty-third, being engaged on the other spur, further around to our left), while Major Andrews and Lieutenant Johnston moved around to the woods on the right of our first position, taking with them Johnston's Scouts and my detachment of Company A men.

Half a mile to the right of the main position, we came upon a ledge rising straight up into the air some twenty or twenty-five feet, which effectually cut us off from their position did we not scale it, and after a consultation Johnston and Andrews decided that we must know what was above, and I went up by the aid of some rubber vines to investigate, later reporting the facts evident to the officers, whereupon Lieutenant Johnston decided he wished to make a personal investigation and ordered me down over the vines, while he went up in my place.

Major Andrews immediately ordered me to send two men along with Lieutenant Johnston, and before he had been absent five minutes, told me to help him up over the vines and send two more men with him. Perhaps fifteen minutes later one of the men returned and said that by order of Major Andrews I was to send three more men up to them, that they were to rush the fortifications on the upper part of the ridge just above them, and as quickly as I heard them firing I was to bring up the rest of the men.

Immediately turning over the orders to Sergeant Black, of the scouts, I selected two men, and with them went up where the officers and the four men accompanying them were, when our little party numbered seven men and two officers. Major Andrews instructed the men what we had to do, and we knew that it was simply to follow him and Johnston into the works of the enemy, for he tersely informed us that our officers would lead the way, not send us ahead, and that we were to go up there quickly and then fight.

Lieutenant Johnston begged of Andrews to allow him to lead the charge, for he told Andrews that he had no one at home to mourn him so deeply as had Andrews, with his wife of only a few weeks, whom he had to leave in the States, saying that Andrews knew well the fortune of war was death. Major Andrews, however, refused, and a moment later we made our rush, and the first man to enter those trenches was Lieutenant Gordon Johnston.

We took the position, and, the other men coming up quickly, we took the second position, and while we had them on the run, got our spur of the mountain, and as it enfiladed a portion of the spur where the regulars were fighting, we drove the insurgents from the portion of the trenches of the other part of the mountain in our range.

Very sincerely yours,

No. 35 Congress street, Boston, March 13th.

JOHN H. HODSDON



Courtesy "Indoors and Out"

THE FITZ RANDOLPH GATEWAY

FOREIGN MISSIONARIES



The Class of 'Ninety-Six has a remarkable record in the number of men who are engaged in missionary work in foreign countries. With sixteen men (about seven per cent. of the graduates of the Class) who have devoted themselves to this unselfish life-work, our Class far outnumbers all other Princeton classes. The Class of '79 comes second with five missionaries, followed by '76, '86, '93, '94 and '97 with four each. '81, '82, '92, '95 and '00 have three each. '72, '77, '78, '80, '83, '84, '90 and '99 have two each. Fourteen other classes have one each.

The missionaries from '96 are:

Henry Munro Bruen,	Taiku, Korea (Presbyterian).
Pierce Annesley Chamberlain,	Bahia, Brazil (Presbyterian).
James Blair Cochran,	Hwai Yuen, China (Presbyterian).
William Furman Doty,	from 1898 to 1900, Port Clarence, Alaska (Presbyterian); from 1901 to 1902, Tahiti, Society Islands, Oceanica (Presbyterian).
John Pinney Erdman,	from 1899 to 1903, Honolulu; since 1904, Yamaguchi, Japan (Presbyterian)
William Edmund Lampe,	Sendai, Japan (Reformed Church in the U. S.).
Albert Howe Lybyer,	Constantinople, Turkey (Presbyterian).
William Arnot Mather,	Pao Ting Fu, China (Presbyterian).
Robert Maxwell,	Rawal Pindi, India (Presbyterian).
David Park,	Laos Mission, Muang Nan, Siam (Presbyterian).
Charles Edgar Patton,	Canton, China (Presbyterian).
Samuel Robert Spriggs,	Point Barrow, Alaska (Presbyterian).
Edward Bates Turner,	Kohala and Honolulu, Hawaii (Presbyterian)
George Henry Waters,	Swatow, China (Baptist).
Charles Wesley Wisner, Jr.,	Beirut, Syria, 1896 to 1899, (Presbyterian).
Charles Alexander Wilson,	Financial Agent for United Presbyterian Mission in Egypt, Alexandria Egypt.

HENRY MUNRO BRUEN

"BRUENSLAIR," TAIKU, KOREA, ASIA, *December 8, 1905.*

"To 'Ninety-Six in the wide, wide world."

MY DEAR CLASSMATES:—

For three years I staid around the familiar parts, taking in a football game when the Tigers came to New York, or running down to see that the Old Town was still there. Then I took my departure to the "Far East," and have been on this side of the world now for the last six years, save for a visit home, in which I singled the globe and doubled myself. Returning with my bride via Europe and Suez, we began to drive down our pegs at Bruenslair. On February 1, '05, Anna Miller Bruen arrived.

It gives one a sort of Rip Van Winkle experience reversed to suddenly step from New York in the twentieth century A.D. to the days of the patriarchs in the twentieth century B.C. And yet what was yesterday the twentieth century B.C. is to-day groaning under the first travail pains of Western civilization. Arriving here in September, '99, I found myself on the edge of the tidal-wave of the "Eastern problem." There yet remained one old world kingdom untouched by the mighty wave which was lashing the western shores of the Yellow Sea. For one brief moment, the "Land of the Morning Calm" seemed secured against the on-rush. Arriving in Chemulpo harbor, I found that the American "iron horse," the advance guard and sure precursor of Western civilization, had nearly covered the distance of twenty-five miles to the capital. Climbing aboard with my faithful companion Mark, an English retriever brought with me from Seattle, he shared with me a delightful feeling of home as I read "Wilmington, Delaware" on the inside of the car door. The great iron bridge across the Han River was still unfinished, so we transferred ourselves to a little "prairie schooner" on trucks and presently two nearly naked coolies steamed up behind and we were moving on. At the river bank we were taken "pig-a-back" to a ferry boat and poled across to the other side, where we found still another mode of locomotion in the waiting "jinrikshas," which took us the last three miles up to the city. After some ten days stay here, returned by boat to Fusan, the southern port, and thence one hundred miles, a three days' journey by back-pony into the interior to Taiku. Passing under the great South gate, I presently found myself descending from my pony in front of the little thatched mud house that was to be my bachelor home. In February it became necessary for someone to go to the port to repack into portable sized boxes some elephant boxes from "Montgomery Ward," Chicago. It was the day before Washington's Birthday, and Sidebotham, a Princeton "Seminoles," and I started with a Korean boy and my folding canvas boat on a coolie's back and a small store of provisions and some bedding on another coolie, for the Naktong River, ten miles distant. The gathering darkness found us searching the banks for an inn at which we might put up. As none could be found, we finally tied up to an old river boat that was beached for the winter. As I stepped aboard, the first glance was reassuring, for the bottom seemed perfectly dry and over the middle portion was a thatched roof that would offer some protection. However, I was soon unreasoned, as stepping out on the dry smooth bottom of the boat, my feet slipped out and I barely escaped a nasty tumble. What I had taken for the smooth dry bottom of the boat I found to be a sheet of ice covered with dust. Tearing off some of the thatch from the roof and placing it over the bow, we crawled up into the prow and, sandwiched in there with our boy, we managed to make out the night somehow. Early morning found us stamping up and down the frozen beach, trying some homeopathic treatment on our stiffened limbs. Turning to our canvas boat, we found that some water had leaked in and become frozen over night. We turned the boat upside down and knocked out the ice, and having thrown in some thatch and replaced our goods, we started off. We had not gone more than five hundred yards when we found the boat was leaking badly. Landing, we removed our stuff and hauling out our boat we found a nasty tear in the prow. Getting out our repair kit, we set to work with a big needle and a piece of canvas to patch it. But it was powerful cold working before sunrise, and our stiff fingers almost refused to pull the thread. We were making some progress when my companion was seized with a cramp in his leg, and rising up quickly his foot caught in the thread and tore another rent which by dint of perseverance we finally sewed around, and smearing on oil we launched her and proceeded on our way. Twice we found the river frozen from shore to shore. Once, trying to break our way through, we had made a canal some fifty yards long till we reached a projecting rock, which obscured our path. We tried to get out on the ice, but while it was now freezing, the ice had rotted under the noon-day sun and would not bear up; so we tried to retrace our way to the open, rebreaking the ice which had frozen behind us, till at last we made our escape to the shore, where we had to carry the boat some three hundred yards to the open water below. The fourth day found us landing, and having secured a cow we packed our goods on her and started five miles across the hills to Fusan, which we reached without further adventure. After attending to business we hired ponies and returned overland.

Until last fall we were in most part shut off from the world, the only white people, with the exception of two French priests, in the province and nearly the only ones who had ever been there. A year ago last August I was sitting in my study, when suddenly, as if suddenly awaking from a dream, I started to my feet at a sound so strange and yet so familiar. Was it possible? Was not this Korea? with its city walls and gates, its beggars and lepers without the gate? Rebecca might even now be seen

going to the well for water, Ruth gleaning in the fields behind the reapers, and sharing with them the noon-day meal. That sound of things seemed far away and so out of place in this patriarchal age. As the railroad whistle sounded again, surely the old top-knots turned over in their graves, for it meant that the Eastern question, which had been moving Eastward for a century, had passed the barrier of the Yellow Sea and was sweeping over the land of the Morning Calm, ere long to seek settlement from the Mikado's kingdom.

With the sinking of the two Russian cruisers in Chemulpo harbor, the war was on and it seemed that Korea was, as so often in the past, to be the battle-ground of opposing armies. The Japs, however, moved with such rapidity and precision that the battle-ground was ever moving northward. Within a few weeks the Russians had retreated across the Yalu. We down here in southern Korea never saw hide nor hair of the Russians, and after the battle of Chemulpo no Jap troops were landed south of that point; so that we did not see many Jap soldiers, the only sign of war being the feverish haste in the construction of the Seoul-Fusan R. R. The loading and unloading of rails went on continuously, day and night. With the opening of the railroad, we have felt ourselves to be again in the world, for now we have frequent visits from globe-trotters and friends. This fall we had the honor of entertaining Miss Roosevelt and party over night. From the governor down, the city turned out to show their appreciation. And speaking of notables, Hon. Billy Bryan, I hear, is now in the country on a trip around the world. With the incoming of the railroad, the Japs have flocked into Korea. They are not a very desirable class, especially the coolies. The Koreans have suffered a great deal from them. Stores have sprung up like mushrooms, until Japanese shops now line the principal business streets of the city. In Seoul there has been considerable disturbance with the high-handed way the Japs were seizing property and lands. Now we are living under a protectorate. The foreign legations are closed and all diplomatic business must be conducted through Tokio. What effect this will have on our work remains to be seen.

As for my work here, it has been very encouraging. When I came six years ago there were less than half a dozen Christians in this province of a million and three-quarters; there are now something over two thousand. I have pastoral charge of a congregation of over twelve hundred, scattered among forty villages, and the work has been doubling yearly. I usually get around twice a year. This, with the class work in the city, keeps a fellow hustling. I always take my gun along and keep myself supplied with fresh game, though the Christians send in chickens and eggs and fruit. There are duck, geese, swan, doves, quail and pheasant throughout most of the year. We have large game, wild-hogs, leopards, and deer, in the mountains near us. Some of the boys who are in these parts are Ned Turner, Jim Cochran, Charlie Patton, Buck Waters, Maggie Mather, John Erdman and Will Lampe. Of these I hear from Ned and Jimmie occasionally.

Yours for '96 and the glory of old Nassau,

HENRY MUNRO BRUEN.

P.S.—The Japs are putting two wide streets through the city and have already torn down places in the old city wall for them. There being as many outside as inside the wall. There are said to be some sixty thousand people in Taiku, which is the third city in Korea. Had a jolly Christmas. You know of our Princeton Alumni Association of Korea. I see a notice of our dinner in last *Alumni Princetonian*.
H. M. B.



CHARLES EDGAR PATTON

Patton is a missionary of the American Presbyterian Church at the Yeung Kong Station (Canton Mission), in Kwang Tung Province, South China. The territory in which he works measures sixty by one hundred miles, and contains a population of two millions. "Pat" superintends thirteen chapels, of more than six hundred members, and has charge of four schools and two hundred pupils. There are thirty-three members in the various stations of the Canton Mission. Patton has been honored with several offices, the chairmanship of the Mission (twice), the treasurership of the Station, and was Delegate at Shanghai, September 19, 1905, from Kwang Tung Province to the Committee on Union of all Presbyterian bodies in China.

Charlie was married in 1899 to Miss Edith R. Carswell at Baltimore. They went to China that year. In August, 1900, at the time of the Boxer Rebellion, they were obliged to leave their station at Yeung Kong and go to the city of Macao, on the coast, for safety. Their little daughter, Edith Carswell Patton, was born in Canton, in March, 1902. Mrs. Patton died a month afterward at Canton, of cholera. That year Charlie returned to America for a six months' stay. His little girl is now living with her grandfather, Mr. Carswell, at Baltimore.

Patton's bulletin of January, 1906, reports the massacre of five missionaries in the country near his station. He says:

"It is about four days' journey down the river to Canton, although it requires about three weeks to go up from Canton against the river current. Couriers overland brought the news down in four days' time. There is a telegraph from Canton to Ying-tak about two days' journey from Lien-chow. The

news reached Canton Wednesday afternoon, November 1st. Thursday a relief party of native soldiers and three foreigners set out to bring down the two survivors. They were met en route, and all came in together.

"As to the cause of this trouble, we are prepared to say nothing. Several theories have been advanced. An investigating expedition, under the Consul-General and a representative of the Chinese Government, went up to Lien-chow to investigate on the ground. Until their report is made public it would be unwise to anticipate. Nobody knows yet, and all statements are but guess work.

"It is generally felt that this affair was entirely local. There is as yet no evidence to the contrary. On the other hand, the fact confronts us that a general and widespread feeling of soreness has been infused into the masses by the American boycott agitation. Whether it had any part in the Lien-chow catastrophe will doubtless be discovered later. The danger is, however, that when news of such affairs may reach other isolated parts, the ignorant part of the natives, who have learned something of the fact that all is not well between China and America, in their misconception of facts may cause trouble.

"Withal we do not fear. God is omnipotent here as well as elsewhere. We cannot fathom His purpose in permitting such a blow to His cause here; perhaps it is His prelude to a blessing—who can say? We trust Him to make all clear. We are taking every precaution possible, avoiding risks, working more quietly, cutting off some phases of activity for a time, and prayerfully, in duty's paths, awaiting His leading and further developments. So far as Yeung Kong is concerned, it never seemed more quiet and favorable to us. We are in close touch with the leaders of the people, with the officials and with our Canton friends, ready to act according to the emergency. We are assured of your constant prayers for our safety. In this, and the assurance of His presence and protection we feel safe."



In connection with his work, Patton publishes the *Yeung Kong Station Bi-Monthly*, a little pamphlet which is regularly sent to American friends of the mission. He sends us this picture of the pastor and four elders of the Yeung Kong Church.



WILLIAM EDMUND LAMPE

tells of a part of his work in Japan in the following article, reprinted from the *Japan Gazette*, Jan. 8, 1906:

"Here in Sendai we hear much of the famine that exists in the surrounding country districts, but the city is only indirectly affected and while we have the poor always with us, their number has not very materially increased because of the famine. To see the worst, however, we do not need to go far. The chief of Kuribara County, who is the brother-in-law of a very dear friend of mine, a gentleman who was a student with me at Princeton, recently made the statement that his county is the worst in this *ken*. Some friends having recently sent a sum of money "for immediate distribution," Dr. Forest and I went last week with this in hand, on the invitation of the head official of Kuribara County, to see this bad spot of the famine region.

"So far, relief works have not been begun except by a few philanthropic individuals, but after work is begun, even the able-bodied must rest many days, when snow is falling or on the ground. The nations of Europe and America do not as governments dispense charity, and here at this time in Japan there is as yet no provision for the sick and aged and those who, for any reason, cannot work.

"For five years I have been secretary and treasurer of the Sendai community's poor relief committee, which annually uses about three hundred *yen* among the poor of the city, and three years ago I was treasurer of the Miyagi Ken Famine Relief Committee. I know more than one poor family whose main food the year round is what is left over in the dishes of the soldiers in the barracks, and have seen many cases of poverty. Officials had recently given us samples of the food being eaten by the poorest of the poor, but I must admit that I was hardly prepared when we suddenly entered one house to actually see a child eating a mixture of boiled leaves and chaff. Breakfast had been made of this stuff by the whole family and there was still some left in the pot. Some of the food we saw on this trip was of a sickly green color and my stomach was almost turned at the sight of it.

"Among the poor there are some who still manage to get a little cheap rice to mix with the *daikon* for one of the meals of the day, but we were in the homes of many who now have not a grain of rice even once a day. A large number of families are trying to live on an average of two *sen* per member per day. My experience with such people leads me to believe that it is not wise to give them money, at least not any large sum. Sometimes kind-hearted people do as much harm as good in their attempts to give aid. With the very poor, a little at a time is a good rule, so, no matter what the circumstances, we did not give more than one *yen* to any family.

"We recently asked the chief of the Tax Bureau of these three *ken* what is the main cause of the poverty of so many people in this region, and he replied that while some are lazy and some wicked, the great reason is the size of the families. The whole world knows that the poor have more than their share of children. The Japanese have a proverb, *bimbo ko takusan*—the poor have many children. They have also a persimmon which they call *bimbo kaki*—poor man's persimmon, because it has very many seeds and contains very little that can be eaten. In Kuribara County the average family consists of more than seven members. One town we visited has a population of a little more than five thousand; and seventy-three per cent. of all the families are said to be in need of aid. There are only two of the twenty-nine towns and villages in the county worse off than this. In one house into which we entered we saw a man who is trying to support a family of seven on about twelve *sen* a day, which he and his wife earn by making of twigs the bundles into which charcoal is put. He is a peasant and has no other work. Here is a family in real distress. The morning meal had been *daikon* leaves and bean husks."



WILLIAM ARNOT MATHER

Mather's family write of his work in China :

"Of course, almost the only work a new missionary can do for the first year is to study the language, a very difficult proceeding. William studied his best and got along well. He soon began to help in little ways; also went on itinerary trips into the mountains, ninety miles away, with Mr. Killie, a veteran in the work. In this way one gets to know the Chinese better than in any other. Near the close of the second year, he came home to be married to Grace Burroughs, a classmate of his in the Hartford Theological Seminary. On his return to China, he took charge of the boys' school, teaching and having a complete oversight of everything. He goes, every Sunday, to an out-station, ten miles from Paotingfu, to carry on religious services there. He is able to preach in Chinese now, and is getting hold of the language well. He also goes off to this station in the mountains to preach and hold 'inquirers' classes,' as he has just done in the depth of winter. He is very happy in his work, and seems to think it pays."



SAMUEL ROBERT SPRIGGS

Samuel Robert Spriggs is a missionary of the Presbyterian Church and a teacher in the Government school at Point Barrow, Alaska. This is the most northerly point in Alaska occupied by white people, and the third northernmost mission station in the world. Mail reaches there only once or twice a year. Trout writes about Spriggs' work in study of the Esquimaux language and translations: "The tribes at Point Barrow are probably of Asiatic origin. These Esquimaux have a distinct language which has not been reduced to writing. Spriggs has prepared for printing most of the New Testament and, while in this country, made some arrangement for its publication. He went back to Alaska largely for the sake of completing the work. So far as I know there is nothing in print about the work."

Spriggs wrote a long letter to Trout in 1904, most of which follows:

BARROW, ALASKA, July 21, 1904.

MY DEAR JOHN:

My memory fails me as to whether I wrote you last fall or not. I rather think not.

You know when I saw you last, we were to travel part way on the "Thetis." Instead we came up from Nome on a whaling ship, and lucky it was for us that we had the opportunity to do so, otherwise we would probably not be here, for the "Thetis" did not come up within two hundred miles of here, and we might have wintered down on Seward peninsula or some other equally undesired locality. The hand of the Lord was in our getting that invitation while in Nome to come up with the captain of the "William Baylies." Missionaries and whiskey proverbially are shipmates together, and you may be assured we did not break the rule.

I hope never to be on a ship, too, when there is so much ice as we encountered. We were nearly crushed once, and well-nigh all on board thought it would be a case of "good-bye." That was a hundred miles below here. We had picked up a native woman whom we knew, who wanted to come up to this village. When we were in straits, I said to her: "When we break, you will put the baby in your 'atee-gee' won't you, and carry him as we try for the shore?" She could clamber and scramble over the ice far better than Mrs. S. or I could. She said "Yes," then added, "You will pay me well for this, I suppose, won't you?" Such are some of the people with whom we live and work. I would emphasize *some*, not all.

But we reached here safely. The ship could get to within about a mile of the shore, and that distance we walked over the ice, part of which was moving floating cakes, to have tarried on which would have been to sink. So, safely landed ourselves, we sat down to wait the final disappearance of the ice and the coming of our supply ship—and we are waiting yet! But we did not go hungry last winter. One of the whaling ships outfitted to winter near McKenzie River. The Lord changed the captain's mind; he decided not to winter, and so had a good, fair supply of household stores, from which he was willing to spare us some. This, with what we got from one or two other ships, at least met our needs.

Our coal was on the "Thetis" and that of course failed us. That failure we met by getting some from the whaling vessels, some from the trading station situated here, and some from the coal banks about a hundred miles down the coast. Gospel and school work have gone on just the same as usual. We have added seven to the Church, with more than that yet to be admitted, who have asked, besides a good nucleus for a C. E. or Young People's Society for another year.

The school has not been as large as some years, because many people have moved away to nearby settlements and some have gone across the river we all must go across, carried off by an epidemic of measles, the fall we went down. The reindeer prosper and multiply and are furnishing already some skins and meat for their owners. In course of time they will be a great source of food and clothing. Fawns come with yearly regularity, but whales do not always, and no whales means hard times—a condition existent at present.

Next year ('04-'05) we will very likely be here alone again, as Dr. and Mrs. Marsh and family intend going out. Whether anyone will come to take their places I do not know—rather doubt it. So I shall be all sorts of things, Teacher, Missionary, Reindeer Superintendent, U. S. Commissioner (which unites Justice of the Peace, Probate Judge, Coroner and Notary Public!), and on occasion, Doctor.

We received our two mails last year, one two weeks late, on February 15, the other April 20. This has brought us nearer the home land than before. The first mail brought me the sad news of my brother's death. He died of pneumonia, combining with typhoid fever. Father and mother and another brother were living, but I surmise the blow was a rather hard one. It has made the past months sad ones for us.

The climate has been about as usual, not quite as cold, perhaps, as usual, nor quite as windy, and a very late spring. How would you like snow on your salad garden till nearly the first of July? We brought up some dandelion seed, thinking them hardy enough to grow indoors, possibly outside. We have had a few tender young leaves from them. Lettuce doesn't seem adapted to any soil I have found here yet. There stands beside me now while I am writing a fragrant carnation, with some five flowers now in bloom. These all grow indoors, of course, and they bask in the sunlight both night and day, when fog and clouds don't obscure, which is most of the time.

Now we are daily looking for the ships. The ice is giving signs of breaking off; when it does, there will be a water way for the whaling ships to get around the Point and off to the eastward, hoping to find whales. While here we glean what news and papers we can from them. When you get this you will know that all this has transpired as usual. Our little boy is doing finely and is just as happy as any little boy down home.

I must close now, ere I bore you. This letter is all about ourselves, but then I trust you will pardon it, as it is, I venture, your chief interest in Pt. Barrow at present.

Your friend,

S. R. SPRIGGS.



PORT OF PAPEETE, TAHITI

American Consulate in Center, Distinguished by Flag-Pole. Mount Aorai in Background (Elevation 7,500 Feet)

WILLIAM FURMAN DOTY

William Furman Doty is United States Consul at Tahiti, Society Islands, French Oceanica.

[From the *New York Herald*, March 10, 1906].

GREAT DAMAGE BY TAHITI'S CYCLONE.

WIND BLEW AT THE RATE OF 120 MILES FOR SIXTEEN HOURS, FLOODING CAPITAL, DESTROYING AMERICAN CONSULATE AND SCORES OF BUILDINGS.

Tahiti and the Tuamoto Islands, as already announced by cable, were visited by the most destructive cyclone in their history on February 7 and 8. The wind blew at the rate of 120 miles an hour for nearly sixteen hours, spreading destruction throughout the archipelago. The disturbance was accompanied by a tidal wave, which swept over Papeete, the capital, the streets of which were inundated to a depth of many feet, so that the residents had to swim from their homes. Many of the smaller islands were completely covered, and the inhabitants had to take refuge in the tops of cocoanut trees. Seventy buildings were destroyed at Papeete, including the American Consulate, but the archives of the latter were saved, owing to the heroism of Mrs. Doty, the Consul's mother. The damage in Tahiti is estimated at \$1,000,000, and a relief fund has been started in San Francisco to aid the sufferers by the cyclone. One report said that ten thousand islanders had lost their lives in the cyclone.

[From the *New York Sun*, March 10, 1906].

WASHINGTON, March 9.—A mail report from William F. Doty, American Consul at Tahiti, Society Islands, which was visited on February 8 by a tidal wave, was received at the State Department to-day. Mr. Doty says that the water came up around the American Consulate, seeping under the foundations and causing the whole structure to collapse.

The records were saved with the aid of half a dozen Mormon missionaries, who, Mr. Doty says, risked their lives in the work. The American Consulate is now established in rented quarters. Mr. Doty wants a new consulate constructed and forwarded plans for an appropriate building, which would cost \$5,000. The State Department, on account of the lack of funds, is unable to do anything for Mr. Doty and it is likely that he will be forced to continue to live in rented quarters. Mr. Doty's personal loss amounted to \$1,000.



TIAPAERNE VALLEY, TAHITI

AMERICAN CONSULATE, TAHITI, SOCIETY ISLANDS, February 17, '06.

FELLOW CLASSMATES OF '96:

"*Iaorana outon!*" "All hail!" as the Tahitian would salute you, wishing for you health, happiness and all other good things. As I address you, from this remote South Pacific Island, I am somewhat in the mood of a Tahitian overawed by the marvels of the "storm god." Less than ten days ago, a most destructive cyclone raged on this beautiful island of Tahiti, and throughout French Oceanica. The sea inundated the City of Papeete, lifting its waves ten or fifteen feet over the quay. Buildings along the water front, to the number of more than seventy-five, were swept away, including many fine Government edifices and mercantile establishments. Among them the American Consulate, that had sheltered my brother for fifteen years and myself more than three years.

It was my misfortune to be in the district of Atriwaona inspecting a large sugar plantation, when the storm broke. Fearful that the Consulate at Papeete might be destroyed and the lives of my mother and sister and my brother's son might be in jeopardy, and perceiving that it was impossible to take a carriage, or even a horse, over the débris of fallen trees and houses, I started on foot in the morning and walked about thirty miles in nine hours. Nearly all the bridges were down, and the swollen streams were exceedingly difficult to pass through. Having accomplished half of the distance, I was confronted with an apparently unsurmountable barrier. The large iron bridge over a deep river in the district of Paea had been swept away, and to attempt to swim the river was to court almost

certain death, so the natives informed me. Two Tahitians volunteered to take me in a canoe to the other shore by way of the sea. In the midst of very large waves, we passed through the wreckage of the demolished bridge, and after a most exciting struggle reached shore again, and I continued my journey on foot. Great trees were bending over me as I hurried on in the storm. At length reaching Papeete, I found the Consulate destroyed, albeit the lives of my kindred had been spared. My library, however, and a collection of curios which I greatly prized, had been swept away. Nor can I, even yet, drive that storm out of my thoughts as we wait patiently day by day for news from distant islands, where it is feared that hundreds, if not thousands, have lost their lives. Such is a recent page from my diary.

But Tahiti, in the words of Charles Warren Stoddard, is the "island of tranquil delight." The harbor of Papeete is usually as a sea of glass, and the ships at anchor look like ethereal fancies in their stillness. One loves to paddle out toward the barrier reef at the rising or the setting of the sun, when the air is almost cool, and look down from the canoe into the beautiful depths of the lagoon. Most weird and fantastic columns of coral, around which brightly colored fish and an occasional shark disport themselves, afford a never-ending recreation. When a more active mood holds the fancy, there are the large crests of the surf for the noble pastime of swimming and diving. When I am completely aroused from tropical lethargy, I climb among the mountains. On five occasions I have ascended the Aori, a peak about seven thousand feet. The scenery is truly beautiful. One clings to knife-like edges of rock, when a slip of the hand or foot might mean a fall of several thousand feet. With extreme care, one can reach the summit. This peak has been ascended only ten times as far back as the memory of the natives goes. There are splendid views to be had from lower peaks, which afford a suitable retreat, when one is weary of the gossip and the meanness and the stench of Papeete. Official formalities and the rendering of judgment in difficult cases involving the rights of officers and crews of vessels, and the investigation of commercial conditions, make up the most of a Consul's life; and these duties are likely to call out all that is mean as well as all that is noble in the official's character. The Consular service is destined, I believe, to become the preparatory school for the larger sphere of American diplomacy. A university graduate who has ambitions to serve his country will make no mistake, in my judgment, were he to apply for a Consular appointment.

But I have known other spheres of activity in strange contrast to Tahiti, and a Consulship. In the Adirondack mountains, in the prairies of North Dakota, on the ice-bound coast of St. Lawrence Island near Behring Strait among Eskimo, I have been a missionary of the Presbyterian Church. At the latter place I was an instructor and agent of the Government, making incidentally meteorological observations for the Navy and Agricultural Departments. During the first year, I had as a man servant a Norwegian, who did not speak English, and the English vocabulary of the Eskimo children was confined to terms of trade. The days were indeed lonesome to one like myself, unable to read, save for an hour a day, on account of weak sight. On occasion I went on hunting trips with the Eskimo far out to sea, and began to love somewhat their dangerous sport. The distress of the Eskimo was very great at times by reason of scarcity of food; but a worse phase than that oppressed me, their proneness to commit suicide when under the spell of a demon, which severe pain always signified. While I was attempting to dissuade persons in comparatively sound health from taking their lives, in some never-to-be-forgotten instances the suicide took place in my very presence. Sadly, I have followed as a pall-bearer the remains of these unfortunates, wrapped in their winding sheets of fur, over the frozen plain and far up the steep icy slopes of a mountain to their last resting places. I cherished a plan in those days to secure to all American Eskimo, St. Lawrence Island as a reservation, believing that if the Government would place there a large herd of reindeer, that the fifteen hundred Eskimo, along the Alaskan coast, would find along with the St. Lawrence Island natives an excellent resort from whiskey traders and immoral prospectors in the mainland, who were bent on their destruction. Later, I am glad to say, a reindeer herd was located there.

You men of '96 have one and all ere this settled down, doubtless, to your life vocations. Occasionally there have come to me announcements of marriages, and of the inauguration of business or professional enterprises. Not a few times I have been saddened, like yourselves, to learn that this or that

classmate has passed to his "final examinations." In three instances only have I met Princeton men at Tahiti. John Chetwood, '82, an attorney at San Francisco, came on the "treasure trove" ship *Herman*, with Capt. James Brown, on an expedition seeking to recover the Cocos Island buried millions. Chetwood is a fine fellow, an old-time "full back," when at Princeton. Bannigan, '03, a "Tiger" wild, was here about a year ago. We swam and strolled together and talked of Princeton. I am greatly interested now and again to hear of President Woodrow Wilson's success in the inauguration of the tutorial system.

May some one of you fellows be President of the United States, and match Harvard's noble Roosevelt! Regretting that I cannot attend the "Decennial Reunion," and wishing for all of you good cheer and good fellowship and all good things for the University as well as for '96, believe me.

Faithfully your classmate,

WILLIAM F. DOTY



[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, May 3, 1902].

OUT OF THE EAST

The following letter from the Rev. James B. Cochran, '96, written to a classmate from his missionary station in China, is of interest to Princeton men, even if they do not know Mr. Cochran personally:

"You may be interested to know that this place is five days' journey overland from Nanking and six days from Shanghai. It is the place where we are likely to be settled permanently. My wife and boy are still in Nanking, but I hope to bring them up here in the fall. Our party consists of my brother Sam, Morris '93, and a Yale '95 man, Lobenstine. The ladies are Sam's wife and mine and Lobenstine's sister. I do not know whether you see any of the papers which discuss the present situation in China. It is about as follows so far as we can judge. All returning missionaries and merchants are received with the greatest politeness on the part of the officials and much seeming, and in many cases very genuine, kindness on the part of the people. China is perfectly aware that she was beaten last year. Reform, or a very fair bluff at it, is on foot. The object of this reform it is not so clear to see. For one thing there is a very large body of troops enlisted and being trained in modern methods of warfare. This was done to some extent before, but the authorities at last seem to have learned that the ancient Chinese weapons are not of the slightest use and are now aiming to have all their troops foreign armed and foreign drilled. There are also proclamations requiring the study of western sciences in preparation for the official examinations. One school of western learning has been established in one provincial capital and others are talked of. Of the sincerity of this movement we are not quite so sure. Now what is the future to be? The large number of troops can mean one of two things. (1) A desire to preserve the Empire against foreign encroachments. (2) War upon the foreign powers. Of course we hope it is the former, but if the latter should prove the case, there is good reason to suppose that China has learned a thorough enough lesson to lead her to carry on warfare in a more civilized way. For such a war in the future, she must need a considerable time for preparation, and in the meantime the intelligent men are learning faster than any Chinamen ever learned before, and it is to be hoped that they will catch up with the times. In the meantime we are doing all we can in the line of educating, preaching, giving them high ideals, and encouraging all forms of advancement. In this line we are soon to have a post-office in this place under semi-government control and can send our letters direct to America."



'96 MEN WHO HAVE WON FELLOWSHIPS, PRIZES AND MISCELLANEOUS HONORS SINCE GRADUATION



JACOB NEWTON BEAM won a fellowship in German at Columbia University in 1899, but did not go there to study.

EDWARD HODGE BISHOP, Organist at Princeton University, 1896-1897.

HENRY CLAY BRIGGS, Organist at Princeton University, 1897-1899.

EDWIN HENRY BRONSON won the Greek Fellowship (\$100 Prize) at the Princeton Theological Seminary in May, 1898.

PIERCE ANNESLEY CHAMBERLAIN was elected President of the Senior Class at McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago, 1898-1899.

JAMES BLAIR COCHRAN was elected President of the Senior Class at Union Theological Seminary in New York, 1898-1899.

ALFRED LEWIS PINNEO DENNIS, in 1897, for the second time, won the C. O. Joline Prize in American Political History at Princeton University.

JAMES JOHNSTON ELLIOTT was General Athletic Treasurer for Princeton University, Season 1896-1897.

LOUIS HERBERT GRAY, Member of American Oriental Society, Deutsche Morgenlandische Gesellschaft, American Philological Association; Vice-President (1903-1904) of New York Oriental Club; Fellowship in Indo-Iranian Languages at Columbia University.

EDWARD WILLIAM HAMILTON (1900-1902), Member of editorial board of *Columbia University Law Review*.

SHARON PETER HEILMAN was elected Secretary of the Class of 1900 (Medical) in the University of Pennsylvania.

AUGUSTINE LEFTWICH HUMES, on the editorial board of *Harvard Law Review* (1898-1899), an honor accorded only to the first ten men in a class at the Harvard Law School.

ROBERT RYLAND KNIGHT was editor of the *Seminary Magazine* (1899-1900) at the Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky.

ALBERT GOODSELL MILBANK is a member of the Committee on Admissions of the Bar Association of New York.

JOHN JAMES MOMENT was elected President of the Senior Class at Hartford Theological Seminary, 1905-1906.

ROLAND SLETOR MORRIS was a member of the debating teams of the University of Pennsylvania in 1898 and 1899. He debated against Cornell and Michigan. He also won second prize in the Frazier Prize Debate at Pennsylvania.

FREDERICK MARSHALL PAUL, in 1903, took an interesting trip in Canada, about which he writes in this way: "Canoe trip in Northern Ontario during summer of 1903. With a party of three others, I went up through the Chinacochichi Lake district, over the height of land and down the Upper Montreal River, a course which had been traversed three years before by a Government survey party, but not since. The country was as rough as could be desired, but extremely picturesque and interesting; most of our traveling was by water, with occasional portages of from one-half to one mile in length. Fish of all sorts in abundance and the country full of moose, bear, deer, wolves and small game. We visited several Hudson's Bay trading posts, where white people were quite a rarity. It is a magnificent country and well worth a trip by any one at all interested in outdoor life."

JOHN MOORE TROUT was editor of the *Seminary Record* at Hartford Theological Seminary, in 1899.

GEORGE DAWES VAN ARSDALE has patented a new process for extracting copper, which does away with the poisonous gases of the old process of treating the ore. This is a leaching or wetting process, and is particularly adapted to silicious or other ores not containing lime and not amenable to smelting. It does not, therefore, compete with smelting, but has a special field in which not much has been done previously. There is an account of this process in the *Engineering and Mining Journal*, June 6th, 1903. A reference to it appeared in the *Queensland Government Mining Journal* in May and June, 1904, and also in an article by Dr. E. D. Peters in the *Transactions of the North of England Institute of Mining Engineers*.

WILLIAM WISWELL VERNER was graduated with the degree of M.D., at the head of his class at Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, 1901. He was a member, in 1902, of the Baldwin-Zeigler expedition to the Arctic Regions.

LEON JOSEPH WAYAVE, JR., Editor of *Echo* in Albany Normal College.

FELLOWSHIPS AT PRINCETON UNIVERSITY

- 1896-7—JOHN MOORE TROUT, A.B., Chancellor Green Fellow in Mental Science.
LOUIS HERBERT GRAY, A.B., Fellow in Classical Literature.
ROBERT LINCOLN LITCH, A.B., Class of 1860 Fellow in Experimental Science.
STANLEY CHESTER REESE, A.B., J. S. K. Fellow in Mathematics.
ROBERT McNUTT McELROY, A.B., Boudinot Fellow in History.
EDWARD HODGE BISHOP, A.B., Boudinot Fellow in Modern Languages.
ALFRED ABEL DOOLITTLE, A.B., Class of 1877 University Fellow in Biology.
- 1897-8—ROBERT McNUTT McELROY, A.M., South East Club University Fellow in Social Science.
ALFRED ABEL DOOLITTLE, A.M., Special Fellow in Biology.
STANLEY CHESTER REESE, A.M., Thaw University Fellow in Astronomy.

[From the *Alumni Princetonian*, December, 1898.]

"At the Theological Seminary the announcement of the award of the Newberry Scholarship to F. W. Loetscher, '96, now a middler in the Seminary, was made by Rev. Dr. J. S. McIntosh, of Philadelphia, a member of the Presbyterian Board of Education. The Newberry Scholarship is a permanently endowed scholarship in the hands of the Presbyterian Board of Education, to be awarded every fourth year by competitive examination to a student in the middle class in one of the theological seminaries. It yields the successful competitor \$500 a year for three years, continuing through the remainder of his course, and for one year after his graduation. This is the first time in many years that it has come to Princeton Seminary. In his presentation address, Dr. McIntosh said that in no examination thus far held for the award of this scholarship had the candidates shown such signal ability and such rapid reading. As the two highest candidates showed such superior ability, the Board of Education had decided to apply certain funds in its possession to establishing a special temporary scholarship, which is awarded to Mr. J. B. McCreary, who passed the second best examination, which will yield \$300 a year for three years."

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, November 9, 1901.]

"Quite a number of Princeton men go into railroading of various kinds each year, most of them being graduates of the civil engineering department. And they usually do pretty well. Two '96 men have recently received unusual recognition for their services to the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. This company gives several prizes for special merit. The Grand Prize for maintenance of way was recently awarded to the division near Baltimore, of which C. S. Heritage, '96, is assistant supervisor. This is the largest prize offered by the Pennsylvania Railroad. Mr. Heritage's portion amounts to \$500. The New York Division Prize, offered for the best section of the part of the road that serves Princeton, was awarded to the Tacony section, of which George R. Sinnickson, '96, is the assistant supervisor."

PRIZES AT HARTFORD SEMINARY

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, November 23, 1901.]

"Seven prizes out of a possible eleven have been won by three Princeton men during the past three years at Hartford Theological Seminary. J. M. Trout, E. S. Worcester and W. A. Mather are the men, all of them members of the scholarly class of '96. Of the five prizes awarded at the Seminary's commencement in 1899, each of these men won one, and in 1900, Mr. Trout won two and Mr. Worcester one. Two of these prizes are fellowships, yielding \$600 annually for two years, to be spent in post-graduate study in America or abroad. In 1899 Mr. Mather took the William Thompson Fellowship. He has just completed two years of study on it and is back at the Hartford Seminary as Acting Librarian. Mr. Trout took the John S. Welles Fellowship in 1900, and spent one year in study upon it. Mr. Worcester took the Thompson Fellowship in 1901, succeeding Mr. Mather, and is now studying in Berlin. Another interesting succession in these honors happened when Mr. Worcester followed Mr. Trout as the winner of the Bennett Tyler Prize in Systematic Theology."

LITERARY WORK BY '96 MEN

JACOB NEWTON BEAM. (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, March 26, 1904.)—"Dr. Jacob N. Beam, '96, of the department of German, is the author of a book entitled "Die ersten Uebersetzungen Englischer Komödien ins Deutsche im achtzehnten Jahrhundert," now in press at the publishing house of Leopold Voss, in Hamburg. This interesting work was the author's thesis for the Ph.D. degree, conferred at Jena last July. It will now appear as No. XX of the *Theatergeschichtlichen Forschungen*, which is a series of monographs on the history of the German stage, under the editorship of Professor Berthold Litzmann, of the University of Bonn. Dr. Beam's book deals with the appearance in Germany, about 1750, of translations from the works of the Restoration comedians—a movement growing out of and immediately following the period of translation from the French dramatists, and directly preceding the translation of Shakespeare's works and their adaptation to the German stage."

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, February 9, 1901.]

"Material for an unwritten chapter in that turbulent period of Princeton's history, the end of the eighteenth and the beginning of the nineteenth centuries, is brought to light through some recent discoveries of Jacob N. Beam, '96, instructor of French in the University. In Lancaster County, Pa., Mr. Beam has unearthed a bundle of old letters, written home by two undergraduates of a hundred years ago, both of whom gained fame in after life, and one of whom was a candidate for Vice-President of the United States. These old letters are of peculiar interest in themselves, first, because they give the details of one of the student riots that were so prevalent at that time—details set down on the spot by an eye-witness and therefore authentic; also because they show that the undergraduate a century ago was just as skilled as the undergraduate of to-day, in the short and easy path that leads to the goal *Baccalaureus Artium*. . . . The originals of these letters, together with some forty others written about the same time, are now the property of Mr. J. Watson Ellmaker, of Lancaster, Pa., a son of the late Esaias Ellmaker, who was a younger brother of the two writers. Through the efforts of Mr. Beam, Mr. Ellmaker has kindly consented to loan the original letters to the University Library, where they will be placed on exhibition."

HENRY WILLIAM BLOCH. Lectures on Mormonism in churches in New York and Pennsylvania, and before Clio Hall, Princeton.

CHARLES BYRON BOSTWICK. (1899) "Triennial Record of the Class of 'Ninety-Six, Princeton University," (1906) "Decennial Record of the Class of 'Ninety-Six, Princeton University."

HENRY CLAY BRIGGS. Published "Evelyn Mazurka" and "Dorothy Waltz." Composed eighteen pieces for piano and organ.

ROBERT ORMISTON BROCKWAY. Poem, "The Infinite Little" in *The Outlook*, May, 1899.

HENRY MUNRO BRUEN. Partial list of publications: "A Night in a Japanese Inn," "The First Christian Funeral in Taiku, Korea," "A Sunday at Fusan, Korea," "A Fire at Sea," "Among the Country Christians in Korea," "Echoes from an Upper Bralt," "Christianity in Japan," "Taiku Sunday School," "Hunting in Korea" (*National Sportsman*), "In the Heart of the Alps," "Medical Work in Taiku" (*Missionary Review*), "From Belvidere to Scotland." These articles and others have appeared from time to time in missionary magazines, such as the *Assembly Herald*, *Hospital Review*, etc. He also has taken many photographs that have been published.

RODERICK BYINGTON. "Early Diagnosis of Smallpox" (*New York and Philadelphia Medical Journal*), 1903. "Treatment of Acute Articular Rheumatism," lecture (March, 1903) before York County Medical Society, York, Pa.

PHILIP HUDSON CHURCHMAN. "La Alégría del Capitán Ribot" (Edited in collaboration, Heath & Co., 1906.), "Spanish Costumbristas" (In collaboration, American Book Co., 1906), "French Pronunciation" (In preparation, 1906). These books to be used as text-books at Harvard University. Articles in *Bibliotheca Sacra* (July and October, 1904).

FRANK LINDLEY CRITCHLOW. Article on the "Forms of Betrothal and Wedding Ceremonies in the Old French Romans d'Aventure," in *Modern Philology* (Chicago), April, 1905. Lecture on "Tristan and Iseut" before Alliance Francaise, Newark, N. J., November, 1905. (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, June 17, 1903.)—"F. L. Critchlow, '96, instructor in French, read a paper on 'A Study of the French Romances of Adventure,' at the annual meeting of the Modern Languages Association of America, held in Baltimore during the holidays."

ALFRED LEWIS PINNEO DENNIS. "Eastern Problems at the Close of the Eighteenth Century" (Cambridge, 1901). Frequent book reviews in the *American Historical Review*, and articles in the *Library Journal*, *Proceedings of Maine Historical Society*, etc.

ALFRED ABEL DOOLITTLE. (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, January 26th, 1901.)—"Alfred A. Doolittle has published a book entitled 'Forbidden Paths in the Land of Og, by the Other Wise Man.' The book describes the travels of two Princeton men, Rev. Wm. K. Eddy, '75, and Rev. F. E. Hoskins, '83, in Syria and Palestine"

LITERARY WORK—Continued

ALEXANDER NELSON EASTON. Author (in collaboration) of "The History of the New York Stock Exchange" (1905).

WILLIAM HENRY FULPER. "Diary of William H. Fulper, on the Cruise of the U. S. S. *Resolute*, during the War with Spain" (J. L. Murphy Publishing Company, Trenton, N. J.), 1898.

LOUIS HERBERT GRAY. "Indo-Iranian Phonetics" (1902), "One Hundred Songs of Kamal-ad-Din of Isfahan" (1904). Articles on language, literature and religion of India and Persia, and on comparative linguistics, in technical journals, and in New International and Jewish Encyclopedias. (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, January 19, 1901.)—"Dr. Louis H. Gray, chief cataloguer in the Library and instructor in Indo-Iranian languages in the University, has in press several papers on Oriental languages. Dr. Gray is the only American university representative on the staff of the *Orientalische Bibliographie*, his duty being to record the Oriental literature which appears in America. Mr. Gray was graduated from Princeton in 1896." (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, September 29, 1900.)—"Dr. Louis H. Gray, '96, has been appointed chief cataloguer in the University Library. He also offers a post-graduate course in Indo-Iranian. Mr. Gray was classical fellow in 1896-7. The second year after graduation he studied Sanskrit and Indo-Iranian at Columbia and received his degree of Ph.D. He has published many articles on Oriental linguistic subjects." (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, January 5, 1901.)—"Many learned papers were read by Princeton professors and graduates before the congress of the Philological and Archæological Societies which met in Philadelphia on December 27th, 28th and 29th. Dr. Louis H. Gray, who was graduated from Princeton in 1896, and who is now on the staff of the Princeton University Library, was on the programme as from Columbia University (where he received his doctor's degree) for a paper before The American Oriental Society, on 'Contributions to the Syntax of the Avesta—The Subordinate Clause.'"

ISAAC SMITH HOMANS. Miscellaneous articles on insurance in the technical insurance journals.

ROBERT RYLAND KNIGHT, Editor-in-Chief of *Seminary Magazine*, Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky. (1899-1900).

WILLIAM EDMUND LAMPE. Article in *Japan Gazette*, January 8th, 1906, "Two Days in the Famine Regions," etc., etc.

ALBERT HOWE LYBYER. Three articles in *New York Observer* (1901 and 1902). Lecture on "The Usefulness of Mathematics" before Robert College (Constantinople, Turkey), 1901, and American College for Girls, 1903.

BENJAMIN ALLEN MASON. Address before students of the University of Omaha, April, 1903, on the "Policy of Webster."

DENNIS LONG MILLER writes: "Since leaving the musical clubs at Princeton I have kept up my music pretty regularly and am now engaged in my leisure moments in writing a comic opera, which is an offense which I believe about 99 44-100 of the population of the United States have been guilty of."

FRANCIS CHARLES MACDONALD. "Two Sonnets" in *Scribner's*, May, 1898.

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY. (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*).—"The historian referred to in the following paragraph from the *New York Tribune* is Dr. Robert McNutt McElroy, Assistant Professor of American History in Princeton University—not the President of the Kentucky Bar Association: Commenting upon the proposed publication of a new history of Kentucky, by a Mr. McElroy—presumably C. U. McElroy, President of the Kentucky Bar Association), *The Lexington Morning Herald* says there is abundant room for a new and valuable history of the State, and a rich mass of material which has never been put to use awaiting the historian. The *Morning Herald* instances family collections of letters and manuscripts, the publications of the Filson Club and the various patriotic and historical societies of Kentucky and the libraries of similar societies in other States. Former histories of Kentucky, according to this authority, have been disappointing because 'no one has sedulously, exhaustively, skillfully digested this vast mass of necessary material, and then from its careful and philosophical study drawn a faithful, complete portraiture of Kentucky.'"

RICHARD PHILIP McGRANN. Articles about horses in *Rider and Driver* (New York), etc.

DAVID PARK. (1898) Book, "Missionary Methods for Missionary Committees;" (1899) "Campaign Manual" for Presbyterian Churches; article on "Deputation Work" in *Intercollegian*, March, 1899.

RALPH BARTON PERRY. Articles: "The Abstract Freedom of Kant," *Philosophical Review*, 1900 "Poetry and Philosophy," *Philosophical Review*, 1902; "The Practical Man and the Philosopher," *International Journal of Ethics*, 1903; "The Practical Consciousness of Freedom," *International Journal of Ethics*, 1902; "Conceptions and Misconceptions of Consciousness," *Psychological Review*, 1904; "Truth

LITERARY WORK—Continued

and Imagination in Religion," *International Journal of Ethics*, 1904; "The Religious Experience," *Monist*, 1904; "Philosophical Procedure with Reference to Science," *Journal of Philosophy, Psychology and Scientific Methods*, 1904; "Professor Royce's Refutation of Realism and Pluralism," *Monist*, 1902; "Emerson in the Market Place," *Harvard Monthly*, 1903. Book, "The Approach to Philosophy," published by Chas. Scribner's Sons, 1905.

DAVID POTTER (under nom de plume of "Edward Barron"). "Songs of the Sulu Sea," including "Let's Go Back to Borneo," "The Lookout," "The Tithe," "The Monsoon," in *Century Magazine*, September, 1904; "A Moro Love Song," *Century*, November, 1904; "Keel Aslant," *Century*, September, 1905; "Trade Clouds," *Harper's Magazine*, February, 1902; "Amuck," *New York Sunday World*, Easter Number, 1905; "The Flight," *New York Sunday World*, Easter Number, 1905; "The Young Lawyer's Dream," *Puck*, No. 1032; "A Ballade of Philippine Islands," *Puck*, June, 1900; "Haunting Lines—A Communication," *San Francisco Argonaut*, May 8th, 1905; "Stray Poetry of the Bible—A Communication," *San Francisco Argonaut*, October 9th, 1905; "A Ballade of Bygone Days," *Outing Magazine*, December, 1897; "The Reconciliation," *Pearson's*, November, 1896; "The Zanzibar Girl," *Godey's*, January, 1898; "A Soldier's Farewell," *Munsey's*, February, 1906; "Outward Bound," *Sunset Magazine*, February, 1906; and some others.

STANLEY CHESTER REESE. *Astronomical Journal*, May 22nd, 1899, "New Elements and Ephemeris of Planet No. 367," *Astrophysical Journal*, December, 1899, "A Spectroscope of Fixed Deviation," being a translation from the French of the article of Ph. Pellin and André Broca, written for the *Séances de la Société Française de Physique*, No. 1, 1899; *Astrophysical Journal*, October, 1900, "Field of the Reflecting Telescope," being an investigation of the parabolic reflector, by the use of Green's theorem; *Astrophysical Journal*, March, 1901, "The Theory and History of the Photographic Objective," being a review of the German work on that subject by Dr. Von Rohr, of Jena *Astrophysical Journal*, (in press); "Optical Instruments," being a review of the German work on that subject by Dr. Von Rohr; *Pittsburg Sunday Despatch*, August, 1896, "Princeton University," being a full-page account of the Sesquicentennial. Lectures: "Too numerous to mention." Lectures twice a week several years before a class in Present-Day Problems, at the Pittsburg Y. M. C. A.; also a series of lectures on Economics and Banking before the Bank Clerks' Institute, at Pittsburg. Series, October, 1905, to January, 1906: I. Sources of Wealth; II. Manufacturing; III. Forms of Capital; IV. Demand Loans on Collateral Security; V. The Stock Exchange; VI. The Tariff; VII. The Labor Unions; VII. The Insurance Companies; IX. The Railroads; X. Rate Regulations.

JOSEPH COTTRELL RIGHTER, JR. Article on "The Lumbering Industry of the West Branch of the Susquehanna," in *Pennsylvania Report of the Department of Agriculture—Part II., Division of Forestry*, 1897. Various essays on military matters.

AUGUST ROESLER. Technical papers on Cement Constructions, etc., in *Engineering and Mining Journal*, and *Cement Age*.

FREDERICK TUPPER SAUSSY. "Analytical Chart Showing the Distribution of the Federal Courts" (1902).

THOMAS HENRY ATHERTON STITES. Report of case "Patulous Urachus," *American Medicine* (Philadelphia), 1903; "Six Months in a Dispensary for Diseases of the Lungs," *American Medicine* (Philadelphia), March, 1904. Lectures before Medical Societies of Lackawanna County and Monroe County, Pa.

JOHN MOORE TROUT. Translation of Th. Zahn's "Einleitung in das Neue Testament" (Press of T. and T. Clark), 1906; Editor of Hartford (Conn.) *Theological Seminary Record*.

HERBERT URE. Articles on travel in *Newark Sunday Call*, 1900; poem in *New York Observer*.

GEORGE DAWES VAN ARSDALE. Article on Copper Extraction Process, *Engineering and Mining Journal*, June 6th, 1903.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR WAILES. Editor of *Encyclopedia of Law* (Edward Thompson & Co), Northport, Long Island, N. Y.

BRAINARD HENRY WARNER, JR. Many articles for papers and magazines, including "The German Merchant Marine," "The Organization and Importance of Free Public Employment Offices in the United States," and "Employment Agencies in Austria-Hungary."

'96 MEN WHO HAVE STUDIED IN OTHER INSTITUTIONS OF LEARNING

(BEFORE ENTERING AND AFTER LEAVING PRINCETON)



Pennsylvania: F. O. Allen, Jr., Bowman, Browne, Brooks, Cadwalader, Corser, Frazer, T. L. Gaskill, Godfrey, Heilman, Hodge, A. T. Johnson, Kershaw, Killmer, Koka, Moffitt, Morris, Musser, Oglesby, Paul, Ridgway, Roberts, Roland, L. L. Smith, Stites, Taggart, Woodburn.

New York Law School: Atkinson, J. B. Bruen, Coe, Dwight, Edwards, Fordyce, Hammill, Kerr, Little, Long, Milbank, S. W. Miller, Jr., McGuire, McLanahan, Outhwaite, Parker, Parsons, R. H. Patton II, H. G. Pierce, J. A. Potter, R. D. Smith.

Princeton Theological Seminary: Bloch, Briggs, Brearley, Bronson, Crawford, Doty, French, Harkness, J. C. Knight, Loetscher, Lybyer, Morgan, Moment, Mudge, McMullen, C. E. Patton, Snitcher, Spriggs, Ure, Zeigler.

Columbia: Bush, Byington, Dennis (Ph.D., 1901), Dodd, L. H. Gray, Hamilton, Kerr, Kingsbury, Kirkman, E. K. Mills, McGrann, McGuire, Petty (A.B., 1897; A.M., 1899), Schaff, Sterry, Stewart.

Harvard: Brockway, Churchman, S. B. Davis, Delafield, Dennis, D. Fentress, N. B. Gaskill, Humes, F. R. Outerbridge (C.E., 1896), S. R. Outerbridge (C.E., 1897), Perry (A.M., 1897), Wickham, C. F. Williams, Willock.

Albany (N. Y.) Medical College, Hoyt; *Albany (N. Y.) Normal College,* Wayave; *Allegheny (Pa.) Theological Seminary,* Maxwell; *Amherst,* Billings (B.S., 1897); *Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary,* J. W. Miller, Turner; *Bellevue Hospital Medical College (N. Y.),* Silkworth; *Berlin (Germany),* Browne, Kurtzeborn, Loetscher, McElroy; *Center College (Danville, Ky.),* Anderson; *Central University (Pella, Ia.),* Wickham; *Charlottenburg (Germany),* Polytechnical School, Woldenberg; *Chicago,* Wiestling; *Cincinnati,* Kittredge, Wright; *College of Pharmacy (Philadelphia),* F. C. Leas; *Columbian University (Washington, D. C.),* Armes, C. M. Johnson, McLean, Mattingly, Rives, Taggart (B.S., 1900), B. H. Warner; *Hartford Theological Seminary,* Mather, Moment, Trout, Worcester, Yarrow; *Cornell,* Hamilton, Wilkins; *Cumberberland,* Elliott, F. Fentress, Jr.; *Des Moines (Iowa) College,* Wickham; *Eastman's Business College,* Anderson, Berry; *Edinburgh (Scotland),* Mather; *Emory College (Georgia),* Saussey; *General Theological Seminary (N. Y.),* Bower, Smithers, Urban; *Geneva (Switzerland),* Beam; *Georgetown (Ky.),* Riley, R. R. Knight; *Grenoble (France),* Churchman; *George Washington University Law School (Washington, D. C.),* Taggart; *Grove City (Pa.),* College, Zeigler (A.B., 1895); *Hahnemann (Philadelphia),* F. C. Leas, Verner; *Halle (Germany),* Trout, Mather; *Hamilton (Clinton, N. Y.),* La Monte; *Heidelberg (Germany),* Beam, Dennis; *Indianapolis,* Boice; *Jefferson Medical (Philadelphia),* Appleman, Brace, Hearn; *Jena (Germany),* Beam; *Johns Hopkins,* Critchlow, Fisher, Pope, Sowers; *Lake Forest,* Small; *Lafayette,* H. M. Bruen, J. B. Bruen, Hoyt; *Lehigh,* Fitzgerald, Smithers; *Leipzig (Germany),* Beam, McElroy, L. L. Smith, B. H. Warner, Jr.; *Louisville,* Barret; *Long Island Medical College (Brooklyn, N. Y.),* Brockway; *McCormick Theological Seminary (Chicago),* P. A. Chamberlain, Erdman, Park; *Marion Sims Medical (St. Louis),* Kurtzeborn; *Maryland,* W. W. Leonard, Wisner; *Medico-Chirurgical (Philadelphia),* Carnochan, Verner; *Michigan,* F. M. Hall, J. C. Knight, Riley; *Minnesota,* C. E. Adams (A.B., 1896); *Missouri Medical (St. Louis),* Graham; *Muhlenberg (Allentown, Pa.),* Stopp; *National Law School (Washington, D. C.),* Holmes; *New York University,* Godfrey (A.B., 1897), L'Esperance, Wayave; *Ohio State University,* Outhwaite; *Oxford (England),* McElroy; *Paris (France),* Churchman; *Parsons College (Fairfield, Ia.),* J. C. Knight, Mason (A.B., 1894; A.M., 1897), Wickham; *Pittsburg Law School (Western University of Pennsylvania),* Sherrieff; *Rochester (N. Y.) Theological Seminary,* Waters; *St. Louis (Mo.) Medical,* Moore; *Seminary of the Reformed Church in the United States (Lancaster, Pa.)* Lampe; *Southern Baptist Theological Seminary (Louisville, Ky.),* R. R. Knight; *Stanford,* Holmes; *State University of Iowa,* Mason, Okey; *Swarthmore,* Mattson; *Tarkio (Mo.) College,* McMullen (A.B., 1894), C. A. Wilson (A.B., 1895); *Union College (Schenectady, N. Y.),* Hoyt; *Union Theological Seminary (New York City),* H. M. Bruen, Cochran, Turner; *Vermont,* Hoyt; *Vienna, Austria,* Corser; *Virginia,* Clay, Pope; *Waynesburg (Pa.) College,* French; *Wesleyan,* Fordyce; *Western Reserve (Cleveland, O.),* D. E. Warner; *West Virginia University,* Anderson; *Williams College,* Bower, Cain, Hickey; *Yale,* McMullen.

MEN WHO TOOK POST-GRADUATE COURSES AT PRINCETON (EXCLUSIVE OF FELLOWSHIPS AND SEMINARY STUDENTS):

A. H. Brown (E.E., 1898), Hanlon, Kilpatrick (E.E., 1898), Mason, Reese, Sinnickson (M.S., 1897), F. H. Ward (E.E., 1899).

RECORD OF '96 MEN IN POLITICS AND PUBLIC SERVICE



C. E. ADAMS, Court Commissioner, St. Louis County, Minnesota.

H. M. ANDERSON, formerly (1894-1895) in Secretary of State's office, Charleston, W. Va.

HENRY BEARD ARMES, in State Department, Washington, D. C. Was detailed in 1902 to the Netherlands as Assistant Counsel of the United States in connection with the arbitration of the so-called "Pious Fund" case against Mexico. This was the first case to be presented to the International Tribunal at the Hague.

W. M. ATKINSON, three times Delegate from 12th Ward of Elizabeth, N. J., to Democratic State Convention. Elected Justice of the Peace for City of Elizabeth, N. J., in 1902. Did not qualify.

PARKER JOHNSON BOICE was at one time Deputy to the County Prosecutor at Indianapolis, Ind.

ROBERT WALTER BRACE, M. D., elected, 1906, School Director, 36th District, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES OSCAR BRESSLER, candidate on Democratic ticket for District Attorney, Lebanon, Pa. (November, 1901). Reduced normal Republican majority, though defeated.

JAMES KNOX CAIN, School Director, Philadelphia, Pa.

THORNTON CONOVER, member of Board of Directors of Princeton Board of Trade. Registrar of Vital Statistics for Borough of Princeton, N. J.

JOHN ROSS DELAFIELD, Citizens-Union-Republican-Independent-Democratic (Fusion) candidate in 1903 for Alderman in 42nd New York District, Borough of Bronx. Defeated by Tammany by 57 votes. Made campaign speeches in Municipal and National campaigns in New York, 1900-1901-1902-1903-1904.

ALFRED ABEL DOOLITTLE, Scientific Assistant, Biological Survey, U. S. Department of Agriculture (summer of 1902), Scientific Assistant, Bureau of Fisheries (summers of 1904 and 1905).

WILLIAM FURMAN DOTY, United States Consul, Tahiti, Society Islands. Formerly Missionary at Government School, Reindeer Station, Port Clarence, Alaska. Formerly Missionary and Assistant United States Consul at Tahiti, Society Islands, Oceanica.

D. F. EDWARDS, Delegate from Hudson County, N. J., to Democratic State Convention, September, 1898.

JAMES JOHNSTON ELLIOTT, Delegate from Tennessee to Republican National Convention at Philadelphia, 1900. Republican candidate for Railroad Commissioner in Tennessee, 1902.

THOMAS GALT, JR., Clerk of Eagle Township, Sioux County, Iowa, 1901. Also Census Enumerator for Eagle and Centre Townships, Sioux County, Iowa, 1900.

AARON WILLIAM GODFREY, elected constable at East Orange, N. J. (1905).

JOHN RANDOLPH GRAHAM, Medical Inspector in Department of Contagious Diseases, Health Department, New York City.

SHARON PETER HEILMAN, M. D., candidate for Coroner, Kittanning, Pa. Defeated by 200 votes.

ALFRED MUIRHEAD HOWELL, formerly (1898) in Money Order and Registry Department, Post Office at Williamsport, Pa.

GORDON JOHNSTON, First Lieutenant United States Army. (See "War Record" in this volume.)

JOHN CAMPBELL KERR, Delegate from Englewood to Bergen County (N. J.) Republican Convention, September, 1905.

LEROY GRESHAM KIRKMAN, candidate for School Commissioner, 7th Ward, Newark, N. J. (1905). Defeated by 39 votes.

THOMAS DIMOCK LEONARD, formerly (1899-1904) with United States Geological Survey.

JOHN HANCOCK LOUSER, candidate for District Attorney, Lebanon County, Pa.

BENJAMIN ALLEN MASON, JR., Chairman of Republican District Convention, Albia, Iowa, August, 1905.

EDWARD KIRPATRICK MILLS, candidate for Alderman, Morristown, N. J.

FREDERICK LIVINGSTONE MILLS, with Board of Education, New York City, 59th Street and Park Avenue.

ROLAND SLETOR MORRIS, candidate for Pennsylvania Legislature, 1902.

WILBUR CLYDE MCGREGOR, formerly in Recorder's Office, Ohio County, West Virginia.

ALEXANDER ROBERT FORDYCE, JR., twice nominated and elected to New Jersey State Assembly, from Middlesex County, on Republican ticket, 1903-1904. Deputy Quartermaster-General of National Guard of New Jersey (1905), rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, March 11, 1905.]

"Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr., member of the New Jersey Assembly from Middlesex County, has recently introduced in the New Jersey Legislature two bills, one an act for the establishment of forest park reservations in New Jersey and for the appointment of a State board of forest park reservation commissioners, the other a bill looking to the protection of excursionists from the dangers of excursion boats not properly protected against fire. Referring to the latter bill, the *Newark News* says: 'Assemblyman Fordyce, of Middlesex County, a lawyer practising in New York, has introduced in the Legislature a bill that gives evidence of a profound study of the difficulties involved in the drafting of a state law that shall fully protect New Jersey excursionists, without infringing upon the rights and authority of the United States. Apparently the young lawyer has not only studied ship architecture and the federal laws governing the licensing of vessels, but has made a thorough investigation of and has probably taken senior advice upon the limitations of State authority with reference to vessels carrying passengers from any of the docks in this State. In his bill Mr. Fordyce does not attack the vessels themselves, nor does he attempt to abrogate the licenses which the government inspectors may issue even to combustible wooden hulks; but he does attack, in what appears to be a perfectly legal and effectual manner, the owners or agents of steam vessels and barges of every description who sell tickets or evidences of transportation privileges of any kind whatever, to citizens of New Jersey, thus inducing them to take passage on vessels not properly and adequately protected against fire.'"

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, October 7, 1905.]

"Here is an interesting editorial from the *Newark Evening News* of September 18: 'Middlesex County has rarely sent to the State Legislature either a Senator or an Assemblyman of the ability and general usefulness of Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr. A lawyer young in years but of acknowledged capabilities, a statesman of the constructive rather than of the imitative type, and withal a man having a mind of his own. He was an interesting and valuable member of the lawmaking body at Trenton. During the last session he introduced ten bills, among them the State forest reservation act, the fireproof steamboat bill, which, unfortunately, did not become a law; the school fund custodian bill and others of almost equal importance. But Fordyce incurred the enmity of Boss Strong, and will not be returned to the Legislature. Fordyce was valuable to the State, but he had the audacity to oppose the Middlesex boss upon two vital points. Fordyce announced that he would seek the nomination for State Senator against Senator Jackson in 1906, and this was a threat against the boss's pet and could not be overlooked. To make matters worse, Fordyce was indiscreet enough to declare his sympathies for Everett Colby (brother of Howard A. Colby, '95), of Essex, in the latter's fight against machine domination. This was equivalent to a declaration of war against bosses and bossism in Middlesex County, and the penalty pronounced was political death. Fordyce was refused a renomination. To give a plausible face to the boss's retaliatory scheme, all the Assemblymen were turned down and an entirely new set was nominated. . . . In Middlesex, therefore, the boss is still in business, but if Assemblyman Fordyce will take hold upon his own account, as Mr. Colby did in Essex, he is likely to utterly overthrow the stronghold of bossism in his own county, secure the nomination for Senator and place Middlesex among the free bailiwicks of this State. . . . The Fordyce element in Middlesex is relatively the same as the Colby element in Essex, and bossism quakes at its presence.'"

[From the *New York Daily Tribune*, April 11, 1906.]

FORDYCE A COLBY MAN.

SEEKS NOMINATION FOR STATE SENATOR ON ANTI-BOSS PLATFORM.

"New Brunswick, April 10.—Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr., who served two terms in the Assembly, in 1904 and 1905, and was defeated for the nomination for a third term at the last Republican County Convention, has announced himself a candidate for the Republican Senatorial nomination next fall. He has declared himself on an anti-boss platform and has begun a Colby movement in Middlesex. He will be opposed by the regulars, who will doubtless renominate Senator Jackson. Fordyce is a graduate of Princeton in the class of 1896. He lives at Dayton, and is a lawyer, practising in New York. In his platform he says: 'I have been requested to indicate my position with reference to the Senatorial nomination next fall, and after due consideration, now desire to state publicly that I shall be a candidate for that office and will make a campaign for the purpose of securing delegates to the Republican County Convention. In seeking this nomination it is my intention to appeal to the people directly, as I believe in government by the people and not by bosses; representation of and responsibility to the people, not of and to a boss. The boss representing not the people, but special interests, dictating party nominations, making public officers his puppets, usurps the sovereignty of the people and barter away their rights and liberties, to his own pecuniary profit. Bossism and graft, going hand in hand, have been undermining the very foundation of representative government in this commonwealth. I believe that the people, with the scales fallen from their eyes, with an awakening sense of present evils and dangers yet to come from these vampires, will repudiate and throw them off entirely. I have sustained to the best of my ability the confidence of my fellow citizens in this county placed in me during my term in the Assembly; and if nominated and elected to the Senate I shall keep their confidence unsullied, be their representative in fact as well as in name, and shall look only to the advancement of the interests of the people of this county and State.'"

WILLIAM STRONG MCGUIRE, Assistant District Attorney, New York City (1905). In charge of District Attorney Jerome's campaign in Second Assembly District, New York City (1905).

WALLACE DONALD MCLEAN, formerly (1898) in Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

WILLIAM VASTINE OGLESBY, Justice of Peace, Danville, Montour Co., Pa.

FRANK CLIFFORD OKEY, City Solicitor, Corning, Ia.

WILLETTE BRONSON ORR. (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, May 25th, 1901.)

"W. Bronson Orr, of Chambersburg, Pa., was appointed referee in bankruptcy for Franklin and Fulton Counties, on May 6th, 1901, by Judge Archibald of the new federal court for the middle district of Pennsylvania. He has been the referee for Franklin County since February, 1900."

GASTON PEARSON PHILIP was with the Engineering Department of the Panama Canal as transit-man, instrument man and assistant engineer from July 27th, 1904, to January 17th, 1906.

DAVID POTTER, Paymaster United States Navy. (See "War and Army Record" in this volume.)

JOSEPH COTTRELL RIGHTER, JR., First Lieutenant United States Army. (See "War and Army Record" in this volume.)

GEORGE BARCLAY RIVES, Secretary of American Embassy, Vienna, Austria. Formerly (1903) Second Secretary of American Embassy at Vienna, Austria; and (1902) Third Under Secretary of American Embassy at Berlin, Germany.

ALGERNON BROOKE ROBERTS, State Senator from Montgomery Co., Pa.; formerly Assistant City Solicitor, Philadelphia, Pa., and Assistant United States District Attorney, at Philadelphia, Pa.; and (1900) Elector-at-Large, State of Pennsylvania; and (1900) President Board of Commissioners, Lower Merion Township, Pa. Roberts was the father of the Corrupt Practice Bill which passed the Pennsylvania Legislature recently. "Abe" has also been the originator of the modern Pennsylvania Road Bill and of the Bill which established for the State a Department of Health. He has been very active in his own township in Montgomery County and has at last succeeded in establishing a sewer system for the whole of Lower Merion, which includes all the places along the main line, and for which it was necessary to negotiate a loan for over half a million dollars. Such are a few of his achievements in constructive legislation. He has had in every respect a creditable career in the Legislature and he is already much talked of for higher honors.

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, March 23rd, 1901.]

"Algernon B. Roberts, of Philadelphia, has been appointed Third Assistant United States District Attorney of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, by Attorney-General Griggs. He was sworn in by Judge John B. McPherson, '66, on March 18th. Mr Roberts studied law for three years after being graduated from Princeton, and was admitted to practice in 1899. At the last National Republican convention he was a delegate from Montgomery County and later an Elector-at-Large on the McKinley ticket. He has been for some time a County Commissioner of Montgomery County, and, till his recent appointment as an Assistant United States District Attorney, he was an assistant to the City Solicitor of Philadelphia. His father was the President of the Pennsylvania Railroad."

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, December 20th, 1902.]

"The following is from the *Philadelphia Public Ledger*: Roast Pig for Republicans. Senator-elect Roberts to dine his Kulpville constituents.—Lansdale, December 9th (Special).—Senator-elect Algernon B. Roberts, of Montgomery County, will to-morrow give a roast pig dinner to the residents of Kulpville and vicinity. This is in keeping with a promise made by him during his campaign, that if they gave him 150 votes he would provide such a feast. His vote was just 150. One hundred invitations have been sent out to the leading Republicans of the township. The menu consists of roast pig, sauerkraut, vegetables, cranberries, apple sauce, pumpkin pie, mince pie, fruit, wine and cigars."

CHARLES ROLAND, M. D., Member of Board of Health, City of Reading, Pa.

LLOYD LLEWELLYN SMITH, Assistant Surgeon United States Army. See "War and Army Record" in this Volume.

GILES RUSSELL TAGGART, in Bureau of Corporations, Department of Commerce and Labor (formerly in Department of Justice), Washington, D. C.; formerly candidate for City Clerk, Woodbury, N. J.

WALTER CLARK TITUS, formerly (1896-1897) Assistant City Comptroller, Trenton, N. J.

WILLIAM WISWELL VERNER, Assistant Surgeon in United States Navy. See "War and Army Record" in this volume.

BRAINARD HENRY WARNER, JR., formerly United States Consul and Vice-Consul at Leipzig, Germany, until 1904.

ROBERT MORRIS WILKINS, Assistant Engineer United States Navy.

See "War and Army Record" in this volume.

CURTIS MOORE WILLOCK, candidate for Common Council, 20th Ward, Pittsburg, Pa.; defeated in three-cornered fight; ran 200 votes ahead of ticket (Republican).

MAYNARD WINTON, formerly assessor at Winton, Minn.

CHARLES GORDON WIESTLING was Deputy County Clerk at Vandalia, Ill., from 1896 to 1900.

WILLARD JUREY WRIGHT (1896), Deputy Probate Judge, Warren County, O.

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, April 13th, 1901.]

"Willard J. Wright, of Lebanon, O., who was a candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Warren County, O., was defeated at the recent Republican primary by thirty-seven votes. Mr. Wright made a strong run against two prominent attorneys of long experience."

'96 MEN IN EDUCATIONAL WORK

Members of Faculty of Princeton University



FRANCIS CHARLES MACDONALD (A. B.), *Preceptor in English* (1906); formerly (1899–1901) in University Library, Princeton, N. J.; (1901–1902) Assistant Librarian Theological Seminary Library, Princeton, N. J.

JACOB NEWTON BEAM (Ph.D., Jena), *Instructor in Modern Languages*, 1906.

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY (Ph.D., Princeton), *Assistant Professor of American History. Clerk of the Academic Faculty*, 1906.

FRANK LINDLEY CRITCHLOW (Ph.D., Johns Hopkins), *Preceptor in Modern Languages*, 1906.

PHILIP HUDSON CHURCHMAN (A. M., Princeton), formerly (1900–1904) Instructor in French, J. C. Green School of Science, Princeton University.

EDWARD STRONG WORCESTER, formerly (1897–1898) Instructor in Latin, Princeton University.

LOUIS HERBERT GRAY, formerly Instructor in Indo-Iranian Languages at Princeton University.

HENRY CLAY BRIGGS, formerly (1897–1900) gave course of Optional Lectures at Princeton University on "The Theory and History of Music."

FRANCIS GRAY STEWART, *Course at Princeton University (since 1897) with senior class in Civil Engineering on "Construction of High Buildings."* (From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, May 12, 1900)—"Frank G. Stewart, '96, gave two lectures to the senior class of the department of Civil Engineering of Princeton on the construction of high buildings. Since graduation he has been engaged in the designing and construction of some of the larger buildings in New York City, and has had a wide variety of experience. While the lectures touched on most of the details of construction, they dealt more especially with the use of cantilever in the sub-structure, and with the correct designing of the wind bracing. They were illustrated by lantern slides, principally of the buildings with which the lecturer had been engaged."

TEACHING IN SCHOOLS

CHARLES EDWARD ADAMS, formerly Superintendent of City Schools, Granite Falls, Minnesota.

JACOB NEWTON BEAM, formerly teaching Modern Languages at Princeton Preparatory School (1896–1899).

EDWARD HODGE BISHOP, *Irving School, 35 West 84th street, New York*; Hamilton Lodge, Pomfret, Conn. (1899); Mercersburg (Pa.) Academy (1898–1899); Maryland Nautical Academy (1897–1898).

FRANK LINDLEY CRITCHLOW, formerly teaching at Pingry School, Elizabeth, N. J.

ALFRED ABEL DOOLITTLE, *Instructor in Biology and Zoology in all High Schools of District of Columbia*; formerly Instructor in Science, Lake Forest Academy, Lake Forest, Ill.

LEON BERNASCONI FISH, formerly (1897) teaching.

RENSSELAER HAVENS GREENE, formerly (1894–1899) Assistant Principal High School, Fort Dodge, Iowa.

EDWARD WILLIAM HAMILTON, formerly (1896–1899) teaching at Lawrenceville School.

DANIEL JAMES HOYT, formerly (1893–1894) teaching in North Galway (N. Y.) Public Schools.

ROBERT LINCOLN LITCH, *Head of Latin Department, Harry Hillman Academy, Wilkes-Barre, Pa*

FREDERICK WILLIAM LOETSCHER, formerly (1896–1897) teaching at Lawrenceville School.

ALBERT HOWE LYBYER, formerly at Michigan Military Academy, Orchard Lake, Michigan.

GEORGE FRANKLIN MOLL, *Principal of Central High School, Hiawatha, Kansas*

JOHN JAMES MOMENT, formerly (1898–1904) teaching at Lawrenceville School.

WILLIAM HENRY MUSSER, formerly (1896–1902) teaching Classics at Harrisburg High School.

FRANCIS CHARLES MACDONALD, formerly (1897) teaching at Kiskinimetas Springs School for Boys Saltsburg, Pa.; and (1897–1899) private tutor at Worthington, Pa.

HARRY GORDON PIERCE, formerly (1896–1898) private tutor.

JOHN ALBERT POTTER, formerly (1896–1899) teaching at Irving Institute, Tarrytown, N. Y.; and (1899–1903) at J. A. Browning's School, 31 West 55th street, New York City; and (1903–1905) at Carpenter's School, 310 West End avenue, New York City.

STANLEY CHESTER REESE, Lecture course 1905, before Bank Clerks Institute, Pittsburg, Pa., on Economics and Banking, also Class in Present Day Problems at Pittsburg Y. M. C. A.

LEON JOSEPH WAYAVE, JR., *Teaching in Commercial High School, Brooklyn, N. Y.*; formerly teaching in High School at Schenectady, N. Y.
 CHARLES WESLEY WISNER, JR., formerly (1900) teaching in Brooklyn Polytechnic Institute.
 EDWARD STRONG WORCESTER, (1896–1897) teaching in Princeton Preparatory School.
 JESSE REINHART ZEIGLER, formerly (1896–1897) teaching at Mercer (Pa.) High School.
 PHILIP WALTER YARROW, Trustee of Windom Institute, Montevideo, Minnesota.
 FRANK PHINEAS R. VAN SYCKEL, *Teaching at Mackenzie School, Dobbs Ferry, New York*; (1896–1900) Private Tutor; (1900–1901) Family Instructor with S. S. McClure, taking trip around the world; (1901–1902) teaching at Helicon Hall, Englewood, N. J.; (1902–1904) teaching at Irvington, New York.

'96 MEN TEACHING IN OTHER COLLEGES

DR. LEIGHTON FRANCIS APPLEMAN, *Instructor in Ophthalmology, College for Graduates in Medicine and Polyclinic, Philadelphia; Demonstrator in Pharmacy and Materia Medica, and Instructor in Therapeutics, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia.*
 DR. ROBERT WALTER BRACE, *Prosecutor, Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy and Assistant Curator of Museum, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa.*
 DR. MACY BROOKS, (1905) Lectures to Post Graduates at Polyclinic Hospital, Philadelphia.
 DR. CHARLES BROWNE, formerly, Course in Special Diagnosis to Fourth Year Students, University of Pennsylvania Medical School, one year.
 PHILIP HUDSON CHURCHMAN, formerly Instructor in Modern Languages at United States Naval Academy (1904–1905).
 FRANK LINDLEY CRITCHLOW, Instructor in Romance Languages, Johns Hopkins University (1903).
 ALFRED LEWIS PINNEO DENNIS, *Professor of History in the University of Wisconsin.* Formerly (1900–1901) Assistant in Historical Department, Harvard University; (1901–1902) Assistant and (1902–1904) Professor in History and Political Science, in Bowdoin College; (1904–1905) Associate Professor of History, University of Chicago; (1905–1906) Lecturer on Modern History at Harvard University.
 EDWARD WILLIAM HAMILTON, Lecturer on "Negotiable Instruments" at Buffalo, N. Y. Law School (1902–1905).
 WILLIAM EDMUND LAMPE, *Professor in North Japan College at Sendai, Japan.*
 FREDERICK WILLIAM LOETSCHER, *Instructor in Church History, Princeton Theological Seminary.*
 ALBERT HOWE LYBYER, *Professor of Mathematics and Secretary of Faculty, Robert College, Constantinople, Turkey.*
 WILLIAM THOMAS LYLE, *Instructor in Civil Engineering, University of Pennsylvania.*
 WILLIAM ARNOT MATHER, formerly (1901–1902) Acting Librarian at Hartford (Connecticut) Theological Seminary.
 BENJAMIN ALLEN MASON, JR., formerly (1897–1900) Professor of Political and Mental Science, Bellevue College, University of Omaha, Neb.
 ALBERT GOODSSELL MILBANK, *Trustee of Barnard College and Chairman of Finance Committee.*
 FRANCIS CHARLES MACDONALD, formerly (1902–1905) Instructor in English, Lake Forest University, Lake Forest, Ill., and Registrar (1904).
 CHARLES BELL MCMULLEN, *Professor of Philosophy and Psychology at Tarkio College (Missouri).* Formerly (1896–1897) Professor of Latin and Greek at Hayward College (Fairfield, Ill.).
 FREDERICK MARSHALL PAUL, M. D., formerly (1903–1904) Prosecutor for Applied Anatomy and Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy at the University of Pennsylvania.
 RALPH BARTON PERRY, *Assistant Professor in Philosophy, Harvard University.* Formerly (1899–1900) Instructor in Philosophy, Williams College; (1900–1902) Instructor in Philosophy, Ethics and Pedagogy, Smith College, Northampton, Mass; (1903) Instructor in Philosophy, Harvard University.
 STANLEY CHESTER REESE, formerly Assistant Astronomer, Yerkes Observatory (University of Chicago) at Williams Bay, Wisconsin.
 SAMUEL GAYLE RILEY, *President and Professor of History, Anniston College, Anniston, Alabama.* Formerly (1899–1902) Professor of History and Political Science, Brenau College, Gainesville, Ga.; and (1902–1905) Professor of German, Southwestern Baptist University of Jackson, Tenn.
 DR. WILLIAM FRANCIS MATTINGLY SOWERS, *Assistant in Surgery, Johns Hopkins Medical School.*
 JOHN MOORE TROUT, formerly (1901–1902) Instructor in Systematic Theology in Congregational College (McGill University), Montreal, Canada.
 CHARLES ALEXANDER WILSON, formerly (1896–1899) teaching German History and Literature at Stuttgart College, Stuttgart, Arkansas; later Vice-President of Stuttgart College.
 CHARLES WESLEY WISNER, JR., (1896–1899) teaching at American Protestant College, Beirut, Syria.

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NUMBER	SENT BY	RECEIVED BY	CHECK
			23 PM

RECEIVED at *July 7 1899*

Dated *Columbus Ohio*

To *C. B. Postwick*
321 West 46th St.
J. D. Gray Princeton 1p Bern
Today do we even answer.
Eugene Gray.

THE CLASS BOY ARRIVES

GRAYMONT

Dear Uncle

I am coming
own in June. I hope we
will have a good time
I like my class cup

that you gave me.
I have a little brother
named Charles Mildrum
Gray. I hope he will
soon get big enough

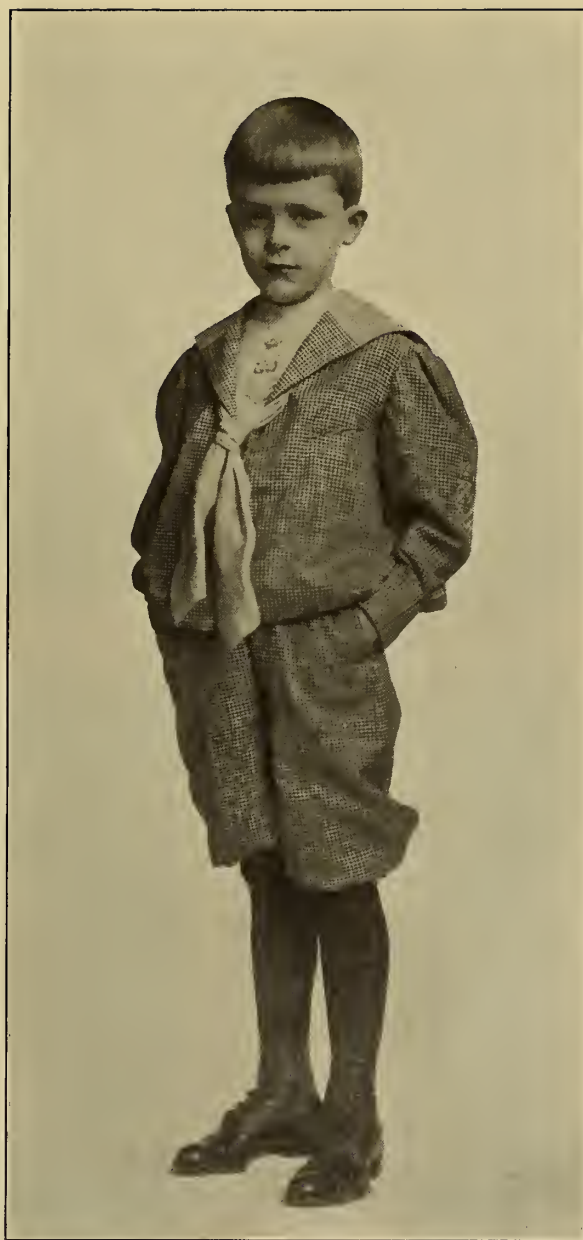
to play base ball with
me.

We are both going
to Princeton when we
grow up.

Good bye.

David Sturgeon
Gray.
Tuesday April 3d.

FROM OUR CLASS BOY
TO
HIS "UNCLES" IN NINETY-SIX.



DAVID STURGEON GRAY
The '96 Class Boy
Born at Columbus, Ohio, July 7th, 1899



1901



1905



1906



1906

OUR CLASS BOY



TOWER OF BLAIR HALL
Courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

'NINETY-SIX—SECOND GENERATION

- Elizabeth Stella Adams, born February 3, 1905.
(Daughter of C. E. Adams.)
Charles Mahin Alford, born September 28, 1902.
Charlotte Alford, born March 21, 1905.
Leighton Parsons Appleman, born November 24, 1903.
Frank Allen Baker, Jr., born December 20, 1905.
Hugh Wilson Barnett, Jr., born September 22, 1902.
Daniel Jefferies Barnett, born December 23, 1903.
Bean (son) born and died February, 1898.
William Bronson Bean, born January 18, 1899.
Philip Jacob Bean, born May 7, 1903.
Brigham Wagner Bennett, born March 26, 1903.
John B. Bowman, born October 19, 1902.
Elison Brearley, born April 5, 1902. (Died March 28, 1903.)
Ruth Brearley, born February 5, 1906.
Jane Elizabeth Bressler, born July 31, 1905.
Manson Milner Brien, born May 10, 1905.
(Son of B. B. Brien.)
Evelyn Foland Briggs, born June 23, 1899.
Dorothy Mead Briggs, born June 14, 1904.
Henry Bayles Bronson, born June 3, 1901.
Helen Marguerite Bronson, born January 2, 1905.
Ellen Herndon Brooks, born February 13, 1904.
John George Brown II, born April 16, 1903.
Jessie Heller Brown } born April 28, 1905.
Grace Heller Brown }
(Children of O. I. Brown.)
Margaret Munro Bruen, born December 31, 1898.
James Allison Bruen, born November 15, 1901.
(Children of J. B. Bruen.)
Anna Miller Bruen, born February 1, 1905.
(Daughter of H. M. Bruen.)
Annesley Chamberlain, born March 1, 1903.
(Son of P. A. Chamberlain.)
Walter Kirby Chandler, born October 21, 1902.
Sterling Clark, born March 21, 1906.
Henry Carter Cochran, born October 7, 1900. (Died November 19, 1902.)
Anne Cochran, born May 27, 1902.
Williams Cochran, born January 19, 1904.
James Blair Cochran, Jr., born November 4, 1905.
Helen Scranton Conover, born July 14, 1900.
Woolsey Scranton Conover, born July 27, 1902.
(Children of E. E. Conover.)
Richard Coulter III, born November 4, 1905.
Elizabeth Brockway Crispin, born January 3, 1905.
Priscilla Davis, born September 26, 1902.
Mary Hare Davis, born January 28, 1906.
(Children of S. B. Davis.)
John White Ross Delafield, born May 12, 1905.
Mary Elizabeth Dennis, born April 13, 1900.
Louise Cable Dennis, born August 25, 1903.
Phoebe N. Edwards, born July 31, 1902.
Rose E. Elliott, born May 21, 1905.
Harold Randolph Erdman, born June 18, 1905.
Edward George Faile, Jr.
Livingston S. Faile. (Died.)
Samuel Faile.
David L. Faile.
Thomas H. Faile.
Florence E. Faile II.
Antoinette L. Faile.
James Fentress III, born December 10, 1900.
David Kingsbury Fentress, born December 13, 1904
(Children of David Fentress.)
Mary Martin Fentress, born January 12, 1903.
James Francis Fentress, born February 14, 1905.
(Children of Francis Fentress, Jr.)
Leon Augustus Fish, born March 11, 1905.
Maria Newbold Frazer, born November 7, 1898.
Persifor Frazer III, born April 15, 1900.
Isabel Frazer, born December 8, 1903.
Leanna May French, born May 9, 1902.
John Randolph Graham, Jr., born August 9, 1905.
Alfred Watts Grant, born December 3, 1900.
Louise Collier Grant, born December 2, 1902.
David Sturgeon Gray, born July 7, 1899.
(THE CLASS BOY.)
Charles Meldrum Gray, born August 1, 1904.
(Children of Eugene Gray.)
Warren Jackson Haines, Jr., born February 13, 1903.
Lewis Marshall Haines II, born May 9, 1904.
Marinus Willett Hammill, born November 29, 1904.



THE CLASS CUP

Norris Worrell Harkness, born November 28, 1902.
 Mary Maull Heritage, born August 24, 1904.
 David Maull Heritage, born September 12, 1905.
 Isaac Smith Homans, Jr., born July 22, 1905.
 Isabel Herron Jamison, born February 1, 1900.
 Elizabeth Suydam Jamison, born April 3, 1902.
 Alice Cross Jones, born December 10, 1901.
 (Daughter of A. B. Jones)
 Alden Witmer Jones, born March 19, 1904.
 (Son of J. D. Jones.)
 Thomas Mifflin Jones III, born December 30, 1896. (Son of T. M. Jones, Jr.)
 Madeline France Judson, born June 9, 1900.
 Rollin Wentworth Judson, born October 16, 1902.
 Mary Elizabeth Lampe, born October 3, 1900.
 William Thomas Lampe, born March 5, 1902.
 Grace Evelyn Lampe, born June 14, 1903.
 Harold Christian Lampe, born September 9, 1905.
 Francis Cabeen Lea, born September 16, 1904.
 Norman Leas, born March 28, 1902.
 (Son of L. P. Leas.)
 Thomas Dimock Leonard, Jr., born August 1, 1903.
 Lucy Norton Leonard, born January 9, 1905.
 (Children of T. D. Leonard.)
 William Wirt Leonard, Jr., born October 15, 1904.
 (Died September 13, 1905.)
 Robert Brodhead Litch, born October 11, 1900.
 George Houser Litch, born March 2, 1905.
 Lefferts Augustine Loetscher, born July 24, 1904.
 Thomas Howland Lyle, born October 5, 1902.
 Sherwood Ferris Marvin, born June 4, 1903.
 Margaret Maxwell, born February 12, 1902. (Died October, 1902.)
 Pollock Maxwell, born August 18, 1903.
 George Small Maxwell, born February 8, 1906.
 Frances Louise Mead, born October 16, 1902.
 Albert Robbins Milbank, born May 9, 1903.
 Samuel Robbins Milbank, born March 16, 1906.
 Robert Carter Miller, born January 4, 1906.
 (Son of J. W. Miller.)
 Samuel Graff Miller, born July 25, 1903.
 (Son of S. W. Miller, Jr.)
 Edward Kirkpatrick Mills, Jr., born March 19, 1906.
 (Son of E. K. Mills.)
 Frances Evelyn Mills, born August 2, 1899.
 (Daughter of F. L. Mills.)
 Gordon Hoyt Mills, born December 13, 1903.
 (Son of F. L. Mills.)
 Frederick Lester Moll, born March 31, 1901.
 Charles Raymond Moll, born January 3, 1906.
 Sarah Arndt Morris, born May 25, 1904.
 Edward Shippen Morris, born February 14, 1906.
 Elizabeth Hunt McElroy, born May 31, 1901.
 Louise McNutt McElroy, born August 17, 1902.
 Bernard Penn-Gaskell McGrann, born November 20, 1903.
 Katharine McLain, born December 14, 1899.
 John Linton McLain, born June 21, 1902.
 Will McLain, born December 14, 1904.
 Ruth Neyhart, born November 6, 1896.
 Dorothy Neyhart, born July 1, 1900.
 Margaret Northrup, born April 28, 1905.
 Ellen Wilson Outhwaite, born September 26, 1899.
 Joseph H. Outhwaite II, born March 6, 1901.
 Edith Carswell Patton, born March 3, 1902.
 (Daughter of C. E. Patton.)
 Arthur Edmund Pew, Jr., born September 25, 1899.
 Robert Pierce, born March 13, 1904.
 (Son of H. G. Pierce.)
 Walter Crocker Pew, born June 4, 1901.
 Algernon Roberts, born April 5, 1903. (Died July 23, 1905.)
 Rowland Evans Roberts, born November 29, 1904.
 Rosalina Brooke Roberts, born November 29, 1904.
 (Died March 12, 1905.)
 Rachael Rodgers (died at birth November 26, 1901.)
 Alice Kilgore Rodgers, born August 4, 1904.
 Elizabeth G. Roesler.
 Margaret McKnight Schaff, born December 25, 1902.
 Alice Schoonmaker, born August 3, 1904.
 Cornelia Hunt Snitcher, born August 31, 1905.
 Sarah Elizabeth Sprecher, born August 17, 1904.
 Harold Bouton Spriggs, born March 15, 1903.
 Howard Ernest Taggart, born July 12, 1894.
 Giles Russell Taggart, Jr., born March 17, 1897.
 Virginia Archibald Talmage, born April 6, 1896.
 Beatrice Talmage. (Died.)
 Archibald Alexander Talmage, Jr., born July 29, 1904.
 Hazel Edna Thomson, born August 29, 1905. (Died.)
 Edward Harold Turner, born April 6, 1901.
 Helen Gertrude Turner, born June 29, 1903.
 Austin Norris Turner, born March 23, 1905.
 Catharine Urban, born September 27, 1903.
 Ruth Ure, born May 20, 1904.
 Van Arsdale (born and died August, 1903).
 Edward Thompson Wailes, born February 16, 1903.
 Mary Elizabeth Ward, born August 17, 1903.
 (Daughter of E. P. Ward.)
 Eugene Patterson Warner, born July 24, 1904.
 (Son of D. E. Warner.)
 Martha Montague Waterhouse, born July 18, 1902.
 Elizabeth Pinder Waterhouse, born September 8, 1903.
 Samuel Thomas Alexander Waterhouse, born November 20, 1904.
 Herbert Ogden Waters, born November 15, 1903.
 Henry Scott Waters, born January 3, 1906.
 Edward Henry Waters, born October 30, 1902.
 (Died November 3, 1902.)
 Theodore Marshall Wayave, born January 18, 1906.
 Emily Stickney Weed, born October 28, 1901. (Died 1901.)
 Abbie Bartlett Weed, born October 23, 1902.
 Emily Lucile Weed, born April 17, 1904.
 Thomas Croasdale White, born August 18, 1900.
 Louise Ashbridge White, born January 7, 1905.
 Charles Franklin Whitehead, born January 10, 1900.
 Kirk Whitehead, born May 2, 1902.
 Marion Erdice Wickham, born December 31, 1905.
 Elizabeth Willock, born July 20, 1904.
 Samuel Moore Willock, born January 25, 1906.
 William Leonard Wilson, born February 16, 1900.
 (Son of W. R. Wilson.)
 Louise Wilson, born July 19, 1896.
 Marion Wilson, born January 26, 1898.
 (Children of H. B. Wilson.)
 John Moore Woodburn, born June 4, 1901.
 Dorothy Renick Work, born August 2, 1897.
 John Gould Work, born October 15, 1902.
 Russell C. Wright, born April 3, 1904.
 Lot Wright, born April 6, 1905.
 Paul Yarrow, born July 17, 1901.
 Dorothy Yarrow, born January 6, 1904.



CHRONOLOGICAL RECORD OF BIRTHS



- 1894—July 12, Howard Ernest Taggart.
 1896—April 6, Virginia Archibald Talmage.
 July 19, Louise Wilson.
 November 6, Ruth Neyhart.
 December 30, Thomas Mifflin Jones III.
 1897—March 17, Giles Russell Taggart, Jr.
 August 2, Dorothy Renick Work.
 1898—January 26, Marion Wilson.
 February, *Bean, son (died)*.
 November 7, Maria Newbold Frazer.
 December 31, Margaret Munro Bruen.
 1899—January 18, William Bronson Bean.
 June 23, Evelyn Foland Briggs.
 July 7, David Sturgeon Gray.
 (THI CLASS BOY.)
 August 2, Frances Evelyn Mills.
 September 25, Arthur Edmund Pew, Jr.
 September 26, Ellen Wilson Outhwaite,
 December 14, Katharine McLain.
 1900—January 10, Charles Franklin Whitehead.
 February 1, Isabel Herron Jamison.
 February 16, William Leonard Wilson.
 April 13, Mary Elizabeth Dennis.
 April 15, Persifor Frazer III.
 June 9, Madeline France Judson.
 1900—July 1, Dorothy Neyhart.
 July 14, Helen Scranton Conover.
 August 18, Thomas Croasdale White.
 October 3, Mary Elizabeth Lampe.
 October 7, *Henry Carter Cochran (died)*.
 October 11, Robert Brodhead Litch.
 December 3, Alfred Watts Grant.
 December 10, James Fentress III.
 1901—March 6, Joseph H. Outhwaite II.
 March 31, Frederick Lester Moll.
 April 6, Edward Harold Turner.
 May 31, Elizabeth Hunt McElroy.
 June 3, Henry Bayles Bronson.
 { June 4, Walter Crocker Pew.
 { June 4, John Moore Woodburn.
 July 17, Paul Yarrow.
 October 28, *Emily Stickney Weed (died)*.
 November 15, James Allison Bruen.
 November 26, *Rachael Rodgers (died)*.
 December 10, Alice Cross Jones.
 1902—February 12, *Margaret Maxwell (died Oc-*
 tober, 1902).
 March 3, Edith Carswell Patton
 March 5, William Thomas Lampe.
 March 28, Norman Leas.

- 1902—April 3, Elizabeth Suydam Jamison.
 April 5, *Elison Brearley (died March 28, 1903)*.
 May 2, Kirk Whitehead.
 May 9, Leanna May French.
 May 27, Anne Cochran.
 June 21, John Linton McLain.
 July 18, Martha Montague Waterhouse.
 July 27, Woolsey Scranton Conover.
 July 31, Phoebe N. Edwards.
 August 17, Louise McNutt McElroy.
 September 22, Hugh Wilson Barnett, Jr.
 September 26, Priscilla Davis.
 September 28, Charles Mahin Alford.
 October 5, Thomas Howland Lyle.
 October 15, John Gould Work.
 { October 16, Rollin Wentworth Judson.
 { October 16, Frances Louise Mead.
 October 19, John B. Bowman.
 October 21, Walter Kirby Chandler.
 October 23, Abbie Bartlett Weed.
 October 30, *Edward Henry Waters (died)*.
 November 28, Norris Worrell Harkness.
 December 2, Louise Collier Grant.
 December 25, Margaret McKnight Schaff.
- 1903—January 12, Mary Martin Fentress.
 February 13, Warren Jackson Haines, Jr.
 February 16, Edward Thompson Wailes.
 March 1, Annesley Chamberlain.
 March 15, Harold Bouton Spriggs.
 March 26, Brigham Wagner Bennett.
 April 5, *Algernon Roberts (died)*.
 April 16, John George Brown II.
 May 7, Philip Jacob Bean.
 May 9, Albert Robbins Milbank.
 June 4, Sherwood Ferris Marvin.
 June 14, Grace Evelyn Lampe.
 June 29, Helen Gertrude Turner.
 July 25, Samuel Graff Miller.
 August 1, Thomas Dimock Leonard, Jr.
 August 17, Mary Elizabeth Ward.
 August 18, Pollock Maxwell.
 August 25, Louise Cable Dennis.
 August , *Van Arsdale (died)*.
 September 8, Elizabeth Pinder Waterhouse.
 September 27, Catharine Urban.
 November 15, Herbert Ogden Waters.
 November 20, Bernard Penn-Gaskell McGrann.
 November 24, Leighton Parsons Appleman.
 December 8, Isabel Frazer.
 December 13, Gordon Hoyt Mills.
 December 23, Daniel Jefferies Barnett.
- 1904—January 6, Dorothy Yarrow.
 January 19, Williams Cochran.
 February 13, Ellen Herndon Brooks.
 March 13, Robert Pierce.
 March 19, Alden Witmar Jones.
 April 3, Russell C. Wright.
 April 17, Emily Lucile Weed.
 May 9, Lewis Marshall Haines II.
 May 20, Ruth Ure.
- 1904—May 25, Sarah Arndt Morris.
 June 14, Dorothy Mead Briggs.
 July 20, Elizabeth Willock.
 July 24, Eugene Patterson Warner.
 July 24, Lefferts Augustine Loetscher.
 July 29, Archibald Alexander Talmage, Jr.
 August 1, Charles Meldrum Gray.
 August 3, Alice Schoonmaker.
 August 4, Alice Kilgore Rodgers.
 August 17, Sarah Elizabeth Sprecher.
 August 24, Mary Maull Heritage.
 September 16, Francis Cabeen Lea.
 October 15, *William Wirt Leonard, Jr., (died September 13, 1905)*.
 November 20, Samuel Thomas Alexander Waterhouse.
 { November 29, Marinus Willett Hammill.
 { November 29, Rowland Evans Roberts.
 { November 29, *Rosalina Brooke Roberts (died)*.
 December 13, David Kingsbury Fentress.
 December 14, Will McLain.
- 1905—January 2, Helen Marguerite Bronson.
 January 3, Elizabeth Brockway Crispin.
 January 7, Louise Ashbridge White.
 January 9, Lucy Norton Leonard.
 February 1, Anna Miller Bruen.
 February 3, Elizabeth Stella Adams.
 February 14, James Francis Fentress.
 March 2, George Houser Litch.
 March 11, Leon Augustus Fish.
 March 21, Charlotte Alford.
 March 23, Austin Norris Turner.
 April 6, Lot Wright.
 { April 28, Margaret Northrup.
 { April 28, Jessie Heller Brown.
 { April 28, Grace Heller Brown.
 May 10, Manson Milner Brien.
 May 12, John White Ross Delafield.
 May 21, Rose E. Elliott.
 June 18, Harold Randolph Erdman.
 July 22, Isaac Smith Homans, Jr.
 July 31, Jane Elizabeth Bressler.
 August 9, John Randolph Graham, Jr.
 August 29, *Hazel Edna Thomson (died)*.
 August 31, Cornelia Hunt Snitcher.
 September 9, Harold Christian Lampe.
 September 12, David Maull Heritage.
 { November 4, Richard Coulter III.
 { November 4, James Blair Cochran, Jr.
 December 20, Frank Allen Baker, Jr.
 December 31, Marian Erdice Wickham.
- 1906 { January 3, Henry Scott Waters.
 { January 3, Charles Raymond Moll.
 January 4, Robert Carter Miller.
 January 18, Theodore Marshall Wayave.
 January 25, Samuel Moore Willock.
 January 28, Mary Hare Davis.
 February 5, Ruth Brearley.
 February 8, George Small Maxwell.
 February 14, Edward Shippen Morris.
 March 16, Samuel Robbins Milbank.
 March 19, Edward Kirkpatrick Mills, Jr.
 March 21, Sterling Clark.



TOWER OF LITTLE HALL
Courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

CHRONOLOGICAL RECORD OF MARRIAGES

- | | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1892—April 11th, Petty. | 1898—June 22nd, F. L. Mills. |
| 1893—June 29th, Taggart. | July 14th, E. E. Conover. |
| 1894—May 25th, Faile. | July 25th, E. Gray. |
| 1895—January 2nd, Neyhart. | September 11th, Sheldon |
| April 15th, Bissell. | September 12th, Briggs. |
| June 15th, Talmage. | October 4th, Whitehead. |
| September 20th, H. B. Wilson. | October 18th, McLain. |
| October 30th, Bean. | November 16th, McFarlan. |
| December 12th, W. R. Wilson. | November 30th, Pew. |
| 1896—February 12th, Work. | 1899—January 2nd, Bergen. |
| April 9th, T. M. Jones, Jr. | January 3rd, Outhwaite. |
| September 17th, French. | March 24th, Henry. |
| 1897—April 12th, Frazer. | April 5th, Judson. |
| May 26th, Moll. | April 20th, Jamison. |
| June 29th, Easton. | May 16th, Spriggs. |
| July 17th, Lyle. | May 29th, W. K. Greene. |
| September 2nd, Bronson. | { June 7th, Dennis. |
| 1898—February 1st, J. B. Bruen. | { June 7th, C. E. Patton. |
| March 8th, Heilman. | June 20th, Hudson. |
| May 7th, White. | June 21st, Cochran. |
| May 14th, Van Arsdale. | August 26th, Snitcher. |
| May 25th, Billings. | September 6th, Roesler. |

- 1899—September 6th, Litch.
 September 27th, Dwight.
 October 11th, Thomson.
 November 15th, D. Fentress.
 December 28th, Lampe.
- 1900—February 6th, Waterhouse.
 February 15th, Drummond.
 February 27th, Kittredge.
 April 4th, Grant.
 April 24th, Rives.
 April 28th, MacMurdy.
 May 3rd, Willock.
 May 21st, McElroy.
 June 5th, Rodgers.
 June 7th, Crispin.
 { June 12th, Alford.
 { June 12th, S. W. Miller, Jr.
 June 26th, Crawford.
 June 27th, Bennett.
 July 3rd, Turner.
 July 5th, Woodburn.
 August 8th, Yarrow.
 August 14th, Maxwell.
 September 12th, Weed.
 September 26th, S. B. Davis.
 October 9th, Barnett.
 October 31st, Brearley.
 November 7th, L'Esperance.
 November 14th, F. Fentress, Jr.
 December 27th, A. B. Jones.
- 1901—January 30th, Stopp.
 April 3rd, Bowman.
 April 18th, Loetscher.
 May 7th, Waters.
 { June 4th, L. P. Leas.
 { June 4th, D. L. Miller,
 June 5th, Appleman.
 June 13th, Urban.
 { June 15th, P. A. Chamberlain.
 { June 15th, Chandler.
 June 26th, Doolittle.
 June 27th, Schoonmaker.
 June 29th, Mead.
 July 9th, Hammill.
 July 25th, Lybyer.
 September 4th, Edwards.
 { October 9th, R. H. Greene.
 { October 9th, Haines.
 { October 9th, Schaff.
 October 23rd, Ure.
 October 30th, Coleman.
 November 21st, Lyon.
- 1902—January 14th, Harkness.
 January 28th, Milbank.
 February 5th, Roland.
 February 14th, H. M. Bruen.
 March 26th, H. G. Pierce.
 April 23rd, Wailes.
 May 14th, C. E. Adams.
 June 7th, O. I. Brown.
 June 11th, Trout.
 { June 12th, Roberts.
 { June 12th, Silkworth.
 August 6th, Wayave.
 September 10th, Marvin.
 October 4th, T. D. Leonard.
- 1902—October 21st, E. P. Ward.
 November 11th, Homans.
 November 12th, Lea.
 December 10th, McGrann.
- 1903—February 21st, W. W. Leonard.
 March 14th, Wright.
 April 20th, Morris.
 April 21st, Armes.
 April 22nd, Brooks.
 { June 2nd, Heritage.
 { June 2nd, Kingsbury.
 June 3rd, J. D. Jones.
 June 10th, Bressler.
 { June 11th, Tillinghast.
 { June 11th, Sprecher.
 June 16th, Long.
 { June 17th, Hoyt.
 { June 17th, Northrup.
 September 16th, Riley.
 October 7th, Wickham.
 October 21st, D. E. Warner.
 November 10th, M. Gray.
 November 18th, B. B. Brien.
 December 28th, Fish.
- 1904—January 6th, Scheide.
 February 10th, Hodge.
 March 23rd, R. H. Patton II.
 April 7th, Okey.
 April 14th, H. C. Adams.
 April 23rd, D. Potter.
 May 25th, Johnston.
 June 8th, L. H. Gray.
 June 14th, Delafield.
 June 22nd, Evans.
 June 30th, Elliott.
 August 10th, Erdman.
 August 30th, Mather.
 September 28th, Graham.
 October 20th, J. W. Miller.
 October 25th, Kerr.
 October 26th, Baker.
- 1905—January 5th, Coulter.
 January 17th, Byington.
 January 21st, E. K. Mills.
 January 26th, Ford.
 February 7th, McGregor.
 May 24th, Clark.
 June 1st, C. A. Wilson.
 June 7th, Little.
 June 8th, Corser.
 June 15th, Howell.
 June 19th, Jackson.
 June 20th, Dangerfield.
 June 21st, Bush.
 June 27th, Stites.
 June 28th, Bostwick.
 August 15th, Perry.
 August 23rd, Mattingly.
 September 14th, R. B. Smith.
 November 22nd, Fordyce.
 December 9th, Hammett.
 December 12th, Mason.
 December 23rd, Sherrieff.
- 1906—January 23rd, Myers.
 March 20th, R. D. Smith.

RECORD OF MARRIAGES

Charles Edward Adams to Grace Mabel Tennant, May 14, 1902, at Minneapolis, Minn.
 Hugh Claiborne Adams to Helen Elder Smith, April 14, 1904, at San Antonio, Texas.
 Joseph Warren Alford to Florence Mahin, June 12, 1900, at Muscatine, Iowa.
 Leighton Francis Appleman to Anna Hough Parsons, June 5, 1901, at Falsington, Pa.
 Henry Beard Armes to Theodosia Osborne Culver, April 21, 1903, at Washington, D. C.
 Frank Allen Baker to Martha Elizabeth Rea, October 26, 1904, at Marshall, Mo.
 Hugh Wilson Barnett to Alice Jefferies, October 9, 1900, at Springfield, Ohio.
 William Hersey Bean to Mary Augusta Bronson, October 30, 1895, at Stillwater, Minnesota.
 Erasmus Bennett, Jr., to Winifred Welles Wagner, June 27, 1900, at Topeka, Kansas.
 Henry Hannah Bergen to Gertrude Marion Hopkins, January 2, 1899, at New York.
 Richard Billings to Mary Merrill, May 25, 1898, at Woodstock, Vermont.
 Amos Bissell to Louise Salisbury, April 15, 1895, at Milford, N. Y.
 Charles Byron Bostwick to Francesca Stone, June 28, 1905, at New York.
 Carl Miner Bowman to Maud Lewis Hiron, April 3, 1901, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 Edward Swayne Brearley to Annie Elison Small, October 31, 1900, at Mapleton, N. D.
 Charles Oscar Bressler to Florence M. Herman, June 10, 1903, at Harrisburg, Pa.
 Bernis B. Brien to Lindsay Decker Metcalfe, November 18, 1903, at Dayton, Ohio.
 Henry Clay Briggs to Mabel Foland, September 12, 1898, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Edwin Henry Bronson to Lizzie Wilson Bayles, September 2, 1897, at Princeton, N. J.
 Macy Brooks to Katharine Minor Lester, April 22, 1903, at Harrisburg, Pa.
 Oscar Irwin Brown to Maud Ada Heller, June 7, 1902, at New York.
 Henry Munro Bruen to Martha Depew Scott, February 14, 1902, at White Haven, Pa.
 James Bayley Bruen to Augusta Prescott Allison, February 1, 1898, at Newark, N. J.
 William Bush to Joanna Du Pont Bradford, June 21, 1905, at Wilmington, Del.
 Roderick Byington to George Waldo Vinton, January 17, 1905, at Elmira, N. Y.
 Pierce Annesley Chamberlain to Julia Barber Law, June 15, 1901, at West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.
 Walter Chandler, Jr. to Lucy Victorine Terres, June 15, 1901, at New York.
 Luther Stowell Clark to Eleanor Augusta Sterling, May 24, 1905, at East Orange, N. J.
 James Blair Cochran to Margaret Huntington Jenkins, June 21, 1899, at Boonton, N. J.
 Logan Coleman to Priscilla Warren Hitt, October 30, 1901, at New Berlin, Ill.
 Edgar Everest Conover to Minnie Irene Scranton, July 14, 1898, at New Haven, Conn.
 John Bliss Corser to Fannie Gildersleeve Lavery, June 8, 1905, at Scranton, Pa.
 Henry Welty Coulter to Stella M. Head, January 5, 1905, at Greensburg, Pa.
 Josiah Hughes Crawford to Caroline S. Meirs, June 26, 1900, at Cream Ridge, N. J.
 Mordecai Jackson Crispin to Marie Brockway, June 7, 1900, at Berwick, Pa.
 Benjamin Dangerfield to Helen Dickson, June 20, 1905, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 Samuel Boyer Davis to Ruth Harding, September 26, 1900, at Wood's Holl, Mass.
 John Ross Delafeld to Violetta S. White, June 14, 1904, at New York.
 Alfred Lewis Pinneo Dennis to Mary Boardman Cable, June 7, 1899, at Northampton, Mass.
 John N. Drummond, Jr., to Margaret Griffiths, February 15, 1900, at Chicago, Ill.
 Alfred Abel Doolittle to Mary Edna Terhune, June 26, 1901, at Princeton, N. J.
 Richard Everett Dwight to Gertrude Annie Grace, September 27, 1899, at Jamestown, N. Y.
 Alexander Nelson Easton to Margaret Pauline Farrell, June 29, 1897, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 David Farragut Edwards to Grace Livingston Wright, September 4, 1901, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 James Johnston Elliott to Rose Elizabeth Hogan, June 30, 1904, at Chicago, Ill.
 John Pinney Erdman to Marion Eleanor Dillingham, August 10, 1904, at Oakland, Cal.
 Charles Milton Evans to Mary Frances Spalding, June 22, 1904, at Towanda, Pa.
 Edward George Faile to Florence E. Haviland, May 25, 1894, at New York. (*Mrs. Faile died January 13, 1906.*)
 David Fentress to Mabel Kingsbury, November 15, 1899, at New Hartford, N. Y.
 Francis Fentress, Jr. to Ethel Allen Coffin, November 14, 1900, at Memphis, Tenn.
 Leon Bernasconi Fish to Marie Kittman, December 28, 1903, at New York.
 Emory Leyden Ford to Valerie Etheridge Moran, January 26, 1905, at Detroit, Mich.
 Alexander Robert Fordyce, Jr., to Ida McCoy, November 22, 1905, at East Orange, N. J.
 Persifer Frazer, Jr. to Mary Newbold Welsh, April 12, 1897, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 John Calvin French, Jr., to Priscilla McVay, September 17, 1896, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 John Randolph Graham to Belle Knight Ward, September 28, 1904, at Winchester, Va.
 Charles Henry Grant to Edith Louise Watts, April 4, 1900, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Eugene Gray to Mabel Sturgeon, July 25, 1898, at Newark, Ohio.
 Louis Herbert Gray to Florence Lillian Ridley, June 8, 1904, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Meldrum Gray to Eleanor Dougherty Olds, November 10, 1903, at Columbus, Ohio

Rensselaer Havens Greene to Aileen Saye Marquette, October 9, 1901, at Fort Dodge, Iowa.
 Woodward Keeling Greene to Ellen Belle Safley, May 29, 1899, at Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
 Warren Jackson Haines to Laurine Wilson, October 9, 1901, at Centreville, Md.
 George Gordon Hammill to Margaret Willett Boardman, July 9, 1901, at New York.
 Norris William Harkness to Anna Aylett Rust, January 14, 1902, at Washington, D. C.
 Sharon Peter Heilman to Lupah Muirhead, March 8, 1898, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 David Ford Henry, Jr., to Della H. Stewart, March 24, 1899, at Alexandria, Va.
 Christian Stanger Heritage to Julia Maull, June 2, 1903, at Wilmington, Del.
 Edward Blanchard Hodge, Jr., to M. C. Gretchen Greene, February 10, 1904, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 Isaac Smith Homans to Mary Wootton Van Wyck, November 11, 1902, at Perth Amboy, N. J.
 Alfred Muirhead Howell to Margaret McCormick Updegraff, June 15, 1905, at Williamsport, Pa.
 Daniel James Hoyt to Ida Smith Mitchell, June 17, 1903, at New York.
 Charles Ridgley Hudson to Violet Sanborn, June 20, 1899, at Springfield, Ill.
 Edward Wilson Hammett to Gertrude Mahoney, December 9, 1905, at Boston, Mass.
 Alexander Campbell Jackson to Edna L. Kirby, June 19, 1905, at Towanda, Pa.
 William Herron Jamison to Georgiana E. Anderson, April 20, 1899, at Princeton, N. J.
 Gordon Johnston to Anna Julia Johnson, May 25, 1904, at Baltimore, Md.
 Alfred Bloomfield Jones to Helen Cross, December 27, 1900, at Mt. Holly, N. J.
 Jesse Dille Jones to Elizabeth Musselman Foley, June 3, 1903, at Williamsport, Pa.
Thomas Mifflin Jones, Jr., (deceased,) to Mary Estelle Brown, April 9, 1896, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 Percy Ogden Judson to Gertrude France, April 5, 1899, at New York.
 John Campbell Kerr to Elizabeth Archbald, October 25, 1904, at Scranton, Pa.
 Kenneth Raleigh Kingsbury to Nelle Risher Roberts, June 2, 1903, at East Orange, N. J.
 Bernard Stallo Kittredge to Mary Frances Collamer, February 27, 1900, at Woodstock, Vt.
 William Edmund Lampe to Anna Lenora Thomas, December 28, 1899, at Boonsboro, Md.
 Langdon Lea to Lavilla Belknap Lyons, November 12, 1902, at Charlottesville, Va.
 LeRoy Porter Leas to Ethel Ripley McKenney, June 4, 1901, at Boston, Mass.
 Thomas Dimock Leonard to Lucie Moore Norton, October 4, 1902, at Clifton, Staten Island, N. Y.
 William Wirt Leonard to Nellie McBryde Jackson, February 21, 1903, at Baltimore, Md.
 Robert Lincoln Litch to Ellen Webb Houser, September 6, 1899, at Bethlehem, Pa.
 Robert Forsyth Little to Janet Stewart Heath, June 7, 1905, at New York.
 Frederick William Loetscher to Mary Aletta McClelland, April 18, 1901, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Joseph Mackey Roseberry Long to Ella May Tuttle, June 16, 1903, at New York.
 Albert Howe Lybyer to Clara Sibley Andrews, July 25, 1901, at Brazil, Ind.
 William Thomas Lyle to Mertie A. Dakin, July 17, 1897, at Aurora, N. Y.
 George Wood Lyon to Engela Maria Johanna Stegmann, November 21, 1901, at Claremont, South Africa.
 David Andre L'Esperance to Elise Hegeman Depew Strang, November 7, 1900, at Peekskill, N. Y.
 Charles Ingalls Marvin to Anna Edwards Ferris, September 10, 1902, at Upper Saranac Lake, N. Y.
 Benjamin Allen Mason, Jr., to Vida Anderson, December 12, 1905, at Saling, Kansas.
 William Arnot Mather to Grace Burroughs, August 30, 1904, at Coxsackie, N. Y.
 William Francis Mattingly, Jr., to Evelyn G. Darby, August 23, 1905, at Buck Lodge, Md.
 Robert Maxwell to Maud Pollock, August 14, 1900, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 Lawrence Johnson Mead to Anna Frances Ely, June 29, 1901, at Doylestown, Pa.
 Albert Goodsell Milbank to Marjorie Elizabeth Robbins, January 28, 1902, at Boston, Mass.
 Dennis Long Miller to Lucy Fitzhugh Young, June 4, 1901, at Louisville, Ky.
 Joseph Walter Miller to Jeannette Carter, October 20, 1904, at Morristown, N. J.
 Samuel Wilson Miller, Jr., to Willma Frew Graff, June 12, 1900, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 Edward Kirkpatrick Mills to Laura Emmet Slade, January 21, 1905, at Morristown, N. J.
 Frederick Livingston Mills to Gabrielle Adelaide Hoyt, June 22, 1898, at Jamaica, N. Y.
 George Franklin Moll to Edith Frances Vinsonhaler, May 26, 1897, at Highland, Kansas.
 Roland Sletor Morris to Augusta Twigg Shippen West, April 20, 1903, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 Joseph Laurence Myers to Henrietta Eugenie Hawley, January 23, 1906, at New York.
 Robert McNutt McElroy to Louise Robinson Booker, May 21, 1900, at Louisville, Ky.
 John Capell McFarlan to Jessie Sephrona Horstmann, November 16, 1898, at Schenectady, N. Y.
 Richard Philip McGrann to Amy Penn-Gaskell Hall, December 10, 1902, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 Wilbur Clyde McGregor to Grace H. Davis, February 7, 1905, at Bloomingdale, Indiana.
 John Evans McLain to Anna Linton, October 18, 1898, at Johnstown, Pa.
 John Hobart MacMurdy to Mrs. Mary F. Dillon, April 28, 1900, at Lancaster, Pa.
 Adnah Neyhart to Grace Grandin Stephenson, January 2, 1895, at Newton, Mass.
 Harold Byron Northrup to Flora Cross, June 17, 1903, at Johnstown, N. Y.
 Frank Clifford Okey to Mary Alice Stoddard, April 7, 1904, at Villisca, Iowa.
 Charles Edgar Patton to Edith R. Carswell, June 7, 1899, at Baltimore, Md. (*Mrs. Patton died of cholera at Canton, China, April 1, 1902.*)
 Singleton Peabody Outhwaite to Margaret Anne Gardner, January 3, 1899, at Columbus, Ohio.
 Robert Hunter Patton II. to Katharine Lyman Sharp, March 23, 1904, at Portsmouth, Va.
 Ralph Barton Perry to Rachel Berenson, August 15, 1905, at London, England.

Arthur Edmund Pew to Helene Crocker, November 30, 1898, at New York.
 Nathan Orcutt Petty to Maude Fielder, April 11, 1892, at New York.
 Harry Gordon Pierce to Austana Loring Angell, March 26, 1902, at Waverly, N. Y.
 David Potter to Jane Grey, April 23, 1904, at Salem, N. J.
 Samuel Gayle Riley to Anna Rose McConnell, September 16, 1903, at Gainesville, Ga.
 George Barclay Rives to Elizabeth Emlen Hare, April 24, 1900, at New York. (*Mrs. Rives died at London, England, July 23, 1900.*)
 Algernon Brooke Roberts to Elizabeth Binney Evans, June 12, 1902, at Cynwyd, Pa.
 Robert Sinclair Rodgers to Edith Anne Winwood, June 5, 1900, at Springfield, Ohio.
 August Roesler to Agnes Bell Laidlaw, September 6, 1899, at Great Neck, N. Y.
 Charles Roland to Elizabeth Seyfert, February 5, 1902, at Reading, Pa.
 Anselm Edwin Schaff to Margaret Grace McKnight, October 9, 1901, at Bayside, Long Island.
 John Hinsdale Scheide to Mary Abba Hewitt, January 6, 1904, at Derby, Conn.
 William Henry Schoonmaker to Genevieve Barnes, June 27, 1901, at North Haven, Conn.
 Edwards Lyman Sheldon to Leonora Stults Wilson, September 11, 1898, at Interlaken, N. J. (*Mrs. Sheldon died August 20, 1904.*)
 John Charles Sherriff to Jacova Anne Bray, December 23, 1905, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 William Duncan Silkworth to Marie Antoinette Bennett, June 12, 1902, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Ralph Brown Smith to Laura Miller Graff, September 14, 1905, at Blairsville, Pa.
 Ralph Dusenbury Smith to Agnes Weld, March 20, 1906, at Binghamton, N. Y.
 Homer Clay Snitcher to Sara Ewing Hunt, August 26, 1899, at Greenwich, N. J.
 Oliver Bennett Sprecher to Sarah Brumbach Leishiser, June 11, 1903, at Reading, Pa.
 Samuel Robert Spriggs to Eunice Cornelia Bouton, May 16, 1899, at Prattsville, N. Y.
 Thomas Henry Atherton Stites to Mary Adaline Henry, June 27, 1905, at Boulton, Pa.
 Joseph Henry Stopp to Maude Evelyn Kurtz, January 30, 1901, at Allentown, Pa.
 Giles Russell Taggart to Emma Rebecca Harper, June 29, 1893, at Woodbury, N. J.
 Archibald Alexander Talmage to Virginia Woodruff, June 15, 1895, at Brielle, N. J.
 William Paton Thomson to Jessie Marian Green, October 11, 1899, at Philadelphia, Pa.
 Paul Tillinghast to Grace Louise Alden, June 11, 1903, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 John Moore Trout to Edith Wilson Leavitt, June 11, 1902, at Melrose Highlands, Mass.
 Edward Bates Turner to Gertrude Louise Norris, July 3, 1900, at Honolulu, Hawaii.
 Ralph Ernest Urban to Mary Elizabeth Gunsauls, June 13, 1901, at Stroudsburg, Pa.
 Herbert Ure to Ethel Allcock, October 23, 1901, at Newark, N. J.
 George Dawes Van Arsdale to Jessie E. Mayo, May 14, 1898, at Newark, N. J.
 Montgomery Blair Wailes to Anne Thompson, April 23, 1902, at Brooklyn, N. Y.
 Edwards Pierrepont Ward to Mary Marguerite Whipple, October 21, 1902, at Geneseo, N. Y.
 Dorr Eugene Warner to Mary Eleanor Patterson, October 21, 1903, at Geauga Lake, Ohio.
 John Waterhouse to Martha Mabel Alexander, February 6, 1900, at Oakland, Cal.
 George Henry Waters to Mary Kay Scott, May 7, 1901, at Swatow, China.
 Leon Joseph Wayave, Jr., to Susan A. Boughton, August 6, 1902, at Schenectady, N.Y.
 Paul Charles Weed to Emily Stickney, September 12, 1900, at St. Paul, Minn.
 Llewellyn Ashbridge White to Linda Hancock Delany, May 7, 1898, at Pasadena, Cal.
 Charles Hallock Whitehead to Mary Maud Askew, October 4, 1898, at Kansas City, Mo.
 Thomas Young Wickham to Lelia Erdice, October 7, 1903, at Keota, Iowa.
 Curtis Moore Willock to Mary Carter Stevenson, May 3, 1900, at Pittsburg, Pa.
 Charles Alexander Wilson to Maud Brandon, June 1, 1905, at Fountain Grove, Ill.
 Harry Byram Wilson to Anna V. Waters, September 20, 1895, at Boston, Mass.
 William Rolla Wilson to Margaret Leonard, December 12, 1895, at Denver, Colo.
 Charles Ladd McKeehan Woodburn to Bessie Cleveland Moore, July 5, 1900, at Canton, Pa.
 George Renick Work to Elsie Gould, February 12, 1896, at Evanston, Illinois.
 Willard Jurey Wright to Harryet Crigler, March 14, 1903, at Springfield, Ohio.
 Philip Walter Yarrow to Georgiana Robinson, August 8, 1900, at Lawrence, Mass.

(I) MARRIAGES RECORDED TO MAY 1, 1906.....	174
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The Secretary has likewise been informed indirectly of the marriage of the following men, but has been unable to have this information confirmed by any direct communication from them: Agens, Burt, Park, Rafferty, Harriman, and five "ex-members."

(II) MARRIAGES NOT RECORDED IN DETAIL.....	10
TOTAL MARRIAGES.....	184

THE PRINCETON ALUMNI WEEKLY

The story of *The Princeton Alumni Weekly* is a vital part of Princeton history of the decade since the Class of '96 was graduated. The *Weekly* was established in 1900 as the successor of the old *Alumni Princetonian*, which, though good in its day, was little more than a reprint of such parts of the *Daily Princetonian* as were interesting to the alumni. But under the brilliant editorship of Jesse Lynch Williams, '92, and the able business management of the late John L. Rogers, '01, the *Weekly* soon showed that it had entered a much wider field. It was apparent from the first paragraph in the first number that the influence of the graduates of Princeton, through their alumni publication, was to be felt in a wider sense than ever before. That paragraph started with the following significant statement: "The vital question of Alumni Representation is mentioned in another part of this issue. Even though the graduates of Princeton have no voice in the conduct of their college, as yet, they ought at least to know how it is being conducted; and how well. . . . The *Weekly* will publish a brief series of valuable articles, prepared for this very purpose. The first will tell of the finances of Princeton, showing the amount of endowments and their productivity, the total amount of income from all sources, together with average rates of interest and other financial facts, which cover the last twenty years, and which never have been made public before."

From that first issue *The Princeton Alumni Weekly* became an important factor in voicing the opinions of the alumni in all fields of Princeton activity. The provincial habit of praising everything in sight was succeeded by a vigorous editorial policy. Only six months after the *Weekly* had begun its agitation for Alumni Representation in the Board of Trustees, President Patton made the following statement: "I count it the supreme honor of my life to announce that Princeton University gives to her sons to-day, scattered over the wide world, the right of large representation in her Board of Trustees. I regard this as the most important and influential announcement I have ever had the honor to make as President of this institution—even more far-reaching in its effects than the announcement made in 1896, when the College of New Jersey became Princeton University." And ever since its establishment the *Weekly* has stood for clean sportsmanship in intercollegiate athletics.

The primary object of the establishment of the *Weekly* was to keep the alumni in touch with their alma mater, to keep the campus world in touch with the alumni, and to keep the alumni in touch with each other. By so doing, it has quickened the interest of the entire Princeton family in their University, it has promoted the extensive organization of Princeton alumni throughout the world, it has drawn them closer together, and it has contributed no small part to the period of remarkable development of the University, which is now going forward under the able leadership of President Wilson.

At its inception, the *Weekly* was financed by a group of generous alumni. It required three years to place the paper on a self-supporting basis. Meantime, by a canvass of all the alumni, and by the helpful co-operation of some energetic class secretaries, the subscription list has been more than quadrupled, and the advertisements have increased in proportion.

'Ninety-Six men have always been loyal supporters of the alumni publication. In the winter of 1902-3 the Class Secretary undertook a thorough canvass of the class in behalf of the *Weekly*, which resulted in placing 'Ninety-Six in first place on the subscription list, of all classes graduated before the establishment of the paper. That position the class has continued to hold, though there is still room for improvement. There are at present one hundred and one subscribers to the *Weekly* from the class, which puts it fifth among all the classes graduated, the Classes of '05, '04, '03, and '01 leading in the number of subscribers, in the order named.

History of the Princeton Club of Philadelphia

IN the early Fall of 1897, Algernon B. Roberts, '96, called together a number of Princeton men residing in Philadelphia and submitted to them a plan for the organization of a Princeton Club. The suggestion met with general approval and received from the outset the earnest support of both George R. Van Dusen, '77, and Philippus W. Miller, '79, who were at that time among the most active of the Philadelphia alumni. As a result of this informal conference, a circular was mailed to a large number of the graduates of Princeton in and about Philadelphia.

The object of the Club, as stated in the circular, "Was to promote the interests of Princeton and foster good-fellowship among Princeton men; and also to provide a suitable place for Alumni meetings, smokers, etc."

The responses to the circular were so favorable that a charter for the Club was applied for and was granted by Judge Craig Biddle, '41, at that time the President of the Philadelphia Alumni Association.

A home for the Club was first obtained at 1628 Chestnut Street, and the clubhouse was formally opened in February, 1898.

In April, 1899, the Club moved to a more commodious clubhouse, at 117 South Seventeenth Street. The neighborhood, however, was soon found unsuitable for club purposes, and on March 1, 1900, the Club moved to 1417 Walnut Street.

In February, 1901, Philippus W. Miller, '79, resigned the Presidency, feeling that the Club had justified the hopes of its founders and had taken a permanent place among the Princeton Alumni in Philadelphia. Alexander Van Rensselaer, '71, was elected to succeed him.

In February, 1903, a plan was adopted by which the Princeton Club and the Princeton Alumni Association of Philadelphia were merged into one body, under the name of the "Princeton Club of Philadelphia."

On March 21, 1905, the Club moved to its present home, 114 South Fifteenth Street.

It seems impossible to one who saw the empty barn-like store on Fifteenth Street when Wheeler, '96, as a last resort, suggested it for our Club home, that out of such material could have evolved our present cozy quarters. For this marvelous development we have to thank the taste and ability of "Texas" Potter, '96. In his hand the cold

show-window was transformed into a cozy-corner, slightly elevated above the level of the room; the long and narrow store was divided into two parts, the front a lounging room and café, the back a small but cozy dining room; the walls, treated in orange and black, have added warmth and color; the deep easy chairs are invitingly comfortable and the special collection of Princeton prints and pictures calls up memories of the old happy days.

Here every day between one and two can be found a faithful band who with almost clock-like regularity gather in the cozy dining room. "Beef" Wheeler getting a bite of lunch, but keeping his ear toward the nearby telephone, lest the market should break during his absence; "Joe" Rosengarten, bowed under a weight of responsibility, but proud of the greatest chemical combine in the world; "Abe" Roberts, who, when not discoursing at Harrisburg, orates to the lunch club with that steady stream of words which refuses to hear any sound save its own dashing (to adopt a quotation from "Thanotopsis"). These are a few of the "steadies" from '96, and I am sure all of them will testify what a delightful break in a day's work this lunch hour at the Club has been.

There are twenty-two active members from '96; and ten non-resident members. The total resident membership of the Club is about 256. The Club, among its other activities, has given a series of Princeton lectures and every winter is in the habit of having "smokers" from time to time with addresses from Princeton graduates or professors. The '96 men have been among the most active men in the Club, from the time when Abe Roberts first suggested the idea, until the time when Beef Wheeler found us our present quarters after all others had failed. Roberts and Morris have been on the Board of Governors almost continuously since the organization of the Club, and at present Wheeler, Roberts, Rosengarten and Morris are members of the Board.

ROLAND S. MORRIS, '96.

THE PRINCETON CLUB OF NEW YORK



THE PRINCETON CLUB

Park Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street, New York

The Princeton alumni in New York City founded the Alumni Association in 1866. This was merged into a club in 1886, and for a number of years after that time occasional meetings and banquets were held for the promotion of Princeton interests. The University Club of New York is of long standing, but is not available for many men, for a variety of reasons. In 1892 the University Athletic Club was founded as a club for younger men recently out of college. A great many of the younger Princeton men belonged to it.

Graduates of the class of '95 started the "Princeton House," and had rooms in West 24th Street. It was their intention to enlarge this club by adding the younger alumni as they were graduated. 'Ninety-Six men also joined that club. It did not prove very successful, however, as it did not afford the comforts and conveniences of a permanent clubhouse, the attempt to bring the men together being made only once a week.

About the year 1897, the Yale and Harvard Clubs started permanent clubhouses of their own. This resulted in the resignation of many of the younger graduates of these colleges who had been in the University Athletic Club. So many of those remaining were Princeton men, that they thought it would be desirable to have their own clubhouse too.

Accordingly, in June, 1899, the Princeton Club of New York secured possession of the old Vanderbilt House, on the corner of Thirty-fourth Street and Park Avenue. It has occupied the present house ever since that time, with the exception of a few months in the summer of 1902, when it had temporary quarters in the Waldorf-Astoria, owing to changes in the clubhouse. The club will be in its present home for another year yet, but it is probable that a permanent clubhouse will be a thing of the near future. The club has all the comforts and conveniences of the permanent city club. Many men live there. The club has about 1,400 members, including about 600 non-residents. The men who patronize the club most largely belong to classes contemporary with '96. Our class is second on the list of membership. We have eighty-five members, including residents and non-residents. Since the club has been in its present quarters, the following '96 men have been among its officials: McLanahan, Secretary; Turnbull, Treasurer; Bostwick and Kilpatrick, members of the Committee on Admissions; Kilpatrick, Chairman of House Committee.

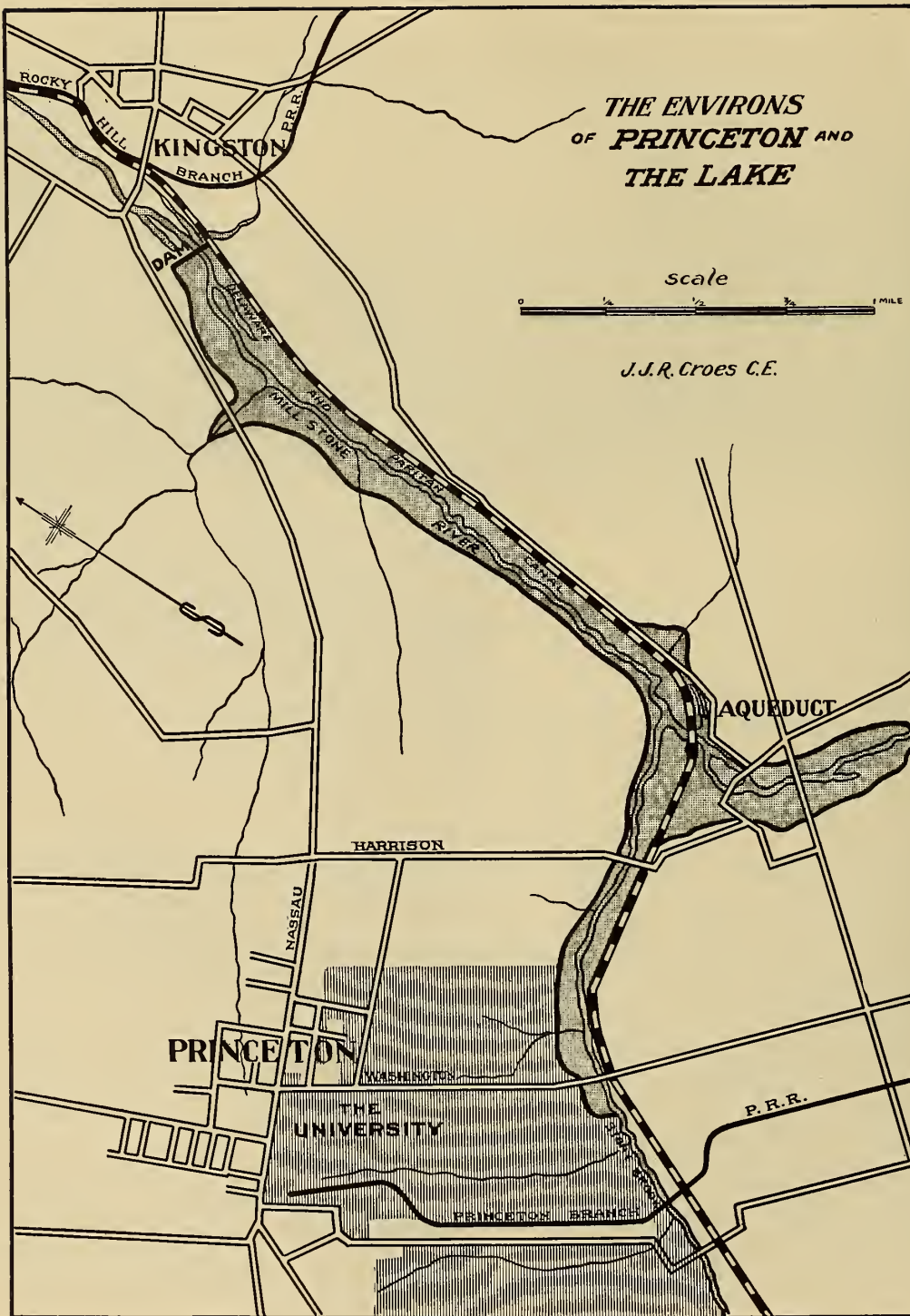


LITTLE HALL—ERECTED 1898

OFFICERS OF ALUMNI ASSOCIATIONS



- SCOTT McLANAHAN, formerly Secretary of Princeton Club of New York (1903-1904).
H. W. TURNBULL, formerly Treasurer of Princeton Club of New York (1903-1905).
R. F. LITTLE, JR., formerly Secretary of the "Princeton House," New York (1896-1897).
C. B. BOSTWICK, formerly Vice-President of the "Princeton House," New York (1896-1897).
W. D. MCLEAN, Secretary of Princeton Alumni Association of the District of Columbia and Southern States.
W. H. MUSSER, Secretary of Central Pennsylvania Alumni Association of Princeton University.
W. R. WILSON, Secretary of Rocky Mountain Princeton Club.
G. W. LYON, Vice-President and Secretary of Princeton Alumni Association of South Africa.
JOHN WATERHOUSE, President of Princeton Club of Hawaii.
E. B. TURNER, Secretary of Princeton Club of Hawaii.
J. N. BEAM, Home Secretary of Princeton Alumni Association of Germany.
W. K. GREENE, formerly (1902) Secretary and Treasurer and Member of Executive Committee of Princeton Club of Cedar Rapids, Iowa.
P. C. WEED, formerly (1903-1904) Secretary of Princeton Alumni Association of the Northwest



THE PRINCETON LAKE



In the spring of 1903, Mr. Carnegie made a visit to Princeton, in company with Mr. Howard Russell Butler, '76. When crossing the railroad bridge at the canal, Mr. Carnegie turned to Mr. Butler and asked him why the College had not cleaned up the swamp along the canal, which he thought was a menace to health and an unsightly blot on the landscape. Mr. Butler replied that it had been the intention, for a great many years, to build a lake in the valley, if the money could ever be raised. Mr. Carnegie seemed to be taken with the idea, and told Mr. Butler to find out what the scheme would cost. An engineer was appointed, and in the fall of 1903 bids were asked from a number of contractors. I was in Philadelphia, spending Sunday, and happened to see in one of the papers that the contract was about to be closed. I immediately got into communication with Mr. Tainter, one of my partners, and after getting permission, we submitted our figures later in the week. Mr. Tainter was familiar with the project, as he had made an independent report for Mr. Pyne some years previous, before Mr. Carnegie became interested. Eleven bids were received, and on December 24th, 1904, a little over a year after we submitted our figures, the contract was given to our firm.

The lake will be, approximately, three and three-quarters miles long, the lower end of it being at Kingston, and the upper end at the Pennsylvania Railroad crossing in the valley. Its width at the upper end, where excavation was necessary, is from 300 to 400 feet; but at the aqueduct, and from there to Kingston, in some places it is 1,000 feet wide. The water for the lake will be supplied by Stony Brook and the Millstone River, the combined water-shed of these two brooks being approximately 240 square miles, which will furnish abundant water.

A dam at Kingston will back the water up and a lake of some eighty acres will be formed over across the canal in the little hamlet of Aqueduct. The majority of houses in this little village have been torn down, as the back water would flood them. The entire area of the lake is approximately 300 acres.

The dam at Kingston is about 750 feet long, running from the tow-path of the canal, westward, almost to the main Kingston Turnpike. The trench was excavated down to rock, and in some cases the footings extend ten feet in the rock. The material used is concrete, reinforced by heavy steel I-beams. Two forty-eight-inch gate-valves are provided, for lowering water, in case it is necessary.

We commenced work on the second of January, 1905, and our first efforts were directed toward clearing up the very heavily wooded bottom land between Harrison Street (which you will remember is the street running toward the canal near Evelyn College and which crosses the canal at Packer's Bridge) and Kingston. There were about 170 acres of the thickest growth of pine oak, willows, etc., and an almost impassable thicket of underbrush. According to the contract, we had to dispose of the stumps, and in order to accomplish this object, we found that burning was the quickest method, so after the roots of the trees were grubbed and cut, the trees were pulled over by means of mules, and sawed or chopped up, and the stumps placed on top, then the pile was fired. After this was done, we started the excavation between Harrison Street and the Railroad Bridge. This called for the removal of about 200,000 yards of earth.

Our contract also called for the erection of two bridges—one at Washington Street and the other at Harrison Street. We submitted the designs for the Washington Street Bridge, which were accepted. The bridge will be of reinforced concrete, faced with New Jersey granite. It will have four arches of 100 feet span each. The Harrison

Street Bridge is of reinforced concrete, but faced with steel beams. The work was practically finished by the first of December, 1905, which was the time set; but delays caused in getting the necessary sanction from the authorities of Mercer County to these changes, made it impossible to finish the bridges, and so the lake will probably not be completed before the middle of the summer of 1906.

The lake, when completed, should be a great boon to Princeton men, as it will give an opportunity in the summer time for sailing or rowing, and in the winter time for hockey, ice boating, etc. It is not the intention, at present, to form a University Crew; but rather to encourage the love of boating among the undergraduates. To this end, it has been proposed that interclass and interclub contests be arranged; but no one doubts that ultimately, should we show proficiency in the sport, a University Crew will be the natural result.

JOHN D. KILPATRICK,

Secretary of the Hudson Engineering and
Contracting Company of New York.

[From *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, January 14, 1906.]

The accompanying full-page topographical sketch of the University and the environs of Princeton shows the new Princeton Lake, to be built along the north side of the Delaware and Raritan Canal from Princeton to Kingston—the generous gift of Mr. Andrew Carnegie—the contract for which, with the Hudson Engineering and Contracting Company, of New York, was recently signed. During the past two years the site of the lake has been acquired and surveyed, and the work of clearing the timber and the undergrowth along the meadows bordering Stony Brook and the Millstone River has already been started, at the northern end, near Kingston. During the present winter it is expected that this part of the work will be completed, and it is hoped that by a year or so the lake will be finished. After the frost is out of the ground in the spring, about two feet of the present top-soil of the meadows will be removed and a layer of dead soil will be spread, for the bed of the lake, to prevent the growth of vegetation. At Kingston a large concrete dam is to be constructed, to hold the combined water of the Millstone River and Stony Brook. It is to be 600 feet in length, extending from the canal towpath to the macadam road leading from Kingston to Princeton, and twenty-seven feet in height, seventeen feet below the ground and ten above. With this dam for a barrier, the Millstone River and Stony Brook are to be backed up from Kingston to the lower border of the University campus at Princeton, giving a sheet of water about three miles and a half in length and about 800 feet across at its widest point, the embankment of the canal (where the towpath runs) forming one border of the lake, and the high ground opposite, toward the old Princeton and Kingston turnpike, forming the other border. The water will be kept alive, at a depth of about eight feet, by the inflow from Stony Brook, the Millstone, and the smaller streams emptying into them, and there will be a considerable overflow above the dam at Kingston, forming a beautiful waterfall of considerable volume during the spring floods. Altogether it is estimated that about 1200 acres of meadow and farm land will be flooded.

This enterprise has no official connection with Princeton University, but is undertaken by a private association, which has also secured the old Kingston grist-mill property, to be maintained partly as a picturesque feature and partly for the convenience of the farmers in the vicinity. The lake is to be stocked with game fish, and there will probably be a race-way and lock connecting it with the Delaware and Raritan Canal, so that light-draft boats may come to Princeton by way of the Delaware River at Trenton and the Raritan River at New Brunswick. The many advantages to Princeton of having such a fine body of water nearby are obvious, even though it may not seem advisable for the University to undertake the development and maintenance of crews for intercollegiate rowing.



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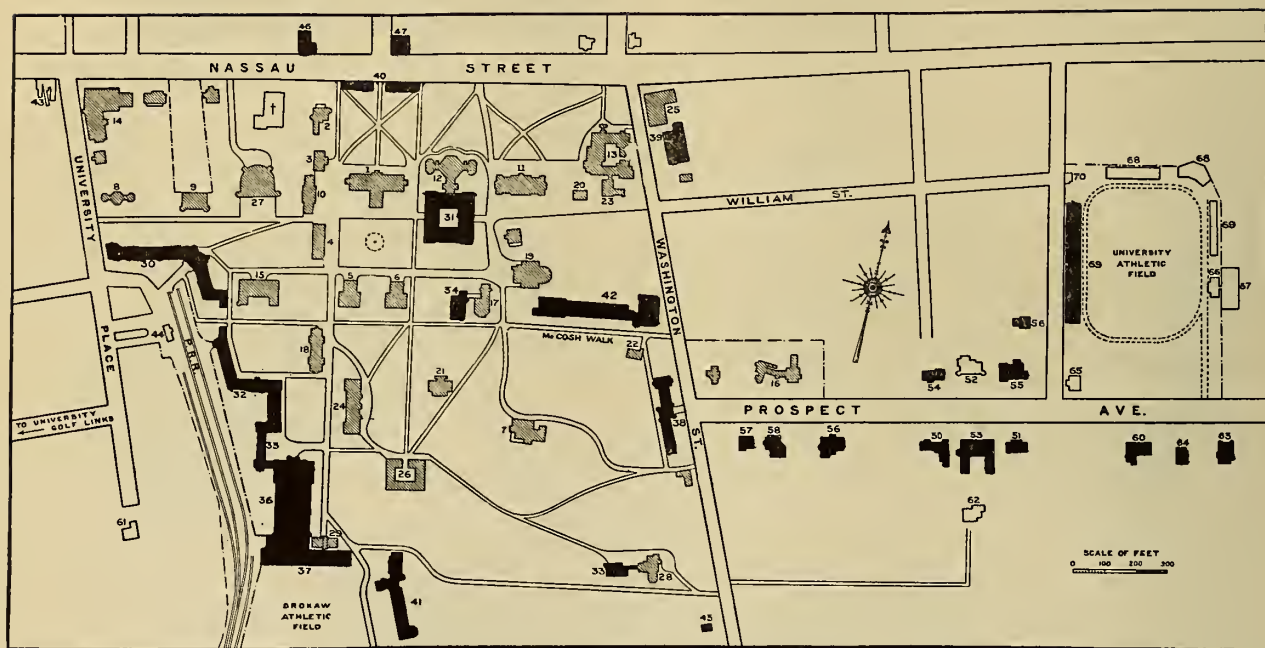
HOUSE OF H. C. BUNN
HOUSE OF ROBERT GARRETT

"DRUMTHWACKET," HOUSE OF M. T. PYNE
"DRUMTHWACKET," REAR VIEW

HOUSE OF PROFESSOR WARREN
HOUSE OF PROFESSOR GARFIELD

"DRUMTHWACKET," THE GARDENS

DIAGRAM OF THE PRINCETON CAMPUS



BUILDINGS ERECTED SINCE 1896 ARE INDICATED IN SOLID BLACK

1. Nassau Hall	1756	24. Albert B. Dod Hall	1890	46. Upper Pyne Building
2. Dean's House	1756	25. Chemical Laboratory	1891	47. Lower Pyne Building
3. University Offices	1803	26. David Brown Hall	1891	50. Ivy Club
4. West College	1836	27. Alexander Hall	1892	51. Cap and Gown Club
5. Clio Hall	1838 and 1893	28. Infirmary	1892	52. Tiger Inn
6. Whig Hall	1838 and 1893	29. Brokaw Memorial	1892	53. Cottage Club
7. Prospect	1849			54. Colonial Club
8. Halsted Observatory	1869	30. Blair Hall	1897	55. Elm Club
9. Old Gymnasium	1869	31. University Library	1897	56. Cannon Club
10. Reunion Hall	1870	32. Stafford Little Hall	1899	57. Campus Club
11. Dickinson Hall	1870	33. Infirmary Annex	1899	58. Quadrangle Club
12. Chancellor Green Library	1873	34. Dodge Hall	1900	59. Terrace Club
13. School of Science	1873	35. Stafford Little Hall	1901	60. Charter Club
14. University Hall	1876	36. New Gymnasium	1903	61. The Bachelors' Club
15. Witherspoon Hall	1877	37. University Power Plant	1903	62. Bayles Farm
16. Observatory of Instruction	1878	38. Class of 1879 Dormitory	1904	63. Tower Club
17. Murray Hall	1879	39. Civil Engineer's Laboratory	1904	64. Key and Seal Club
18. Edwards Hall	1880	40. Fitz Randolph Gateway	1905	65. Osborn House
19. Marquand Chapel	1881	41. Alumni Dormitory	1906	66. Field House
20. Biological Laboratory	1887	42. McCosh Hall	1906	67. Cage
21. Art Museum	1887	43. Alumni Weekly Building		68. Grand Stand
22. Magnetic Observatory	1889	44. Railroad Station		69. Open Stands
23. Dynamo Building	1889	45. Diagnostic Station		70. Thompson Gateway



PRINCETON'S ARCHITECTURAL CHANGES, IN THE UNIVERSITY AND THE TOWN



By courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

TOWER OF '79 HALL

In writing this article I assume that there are some of our classmates who have not revisited Princeton since we graduated, and that some others, who have been here only rarely, have no clear and distinct idea of all the changes which occurred. For such I wish to describe those developments in buildings and architecture, which, in many places, have made the Princeton of this decade seem so different from that of the last. For the detailed facts of construction, architecture and cost I am indebted to the University Catalogue and to *The Handbook of Princeton*, published in 1905 by Mr. John Rogers Williams, the General Editor of the Princeton Historical Association.

When one revisits his former home and familiar haunts the absence of old well-known faces, associated with those scenes, at first makes more impression than the presence of those whom one must look upon as strangers. Such must be the impression of a has-been who comes back to the old "Burg." Of all those people who were here when we graduated but a very small proportion is left. Inclination and truth both compel me to say that the present crowd of Princetonians compares more than favorably with the old one. Just spend a few days or a week watching them and you'll be convinced. However, the general statement at the beginning of this paragraph is not meant to apply to people. I was told to write about buildings. I must deal with bricks rather than brains.



THE NEW LIBRARY (Winter View)

In the middle of the campus two familiar structures have disappeared. For, as you all remember, it was announced in May, 1896, that an unnamed friend (Mrs. Percy Rivington Pyne) of the University had, as the first sesquicentennial gift, donated the sum of \$650,000 for the building of a new library, and also that this new library would be joined to the Chancellor Green on the south, thus necessitating the destruction or removal of Old Chapel and East College. It was felt by many that it was a poor policy, when more dormitory accommodation was needed, to demolish East College, and the proposal was made to move it elsewhere on the campus. To do this, however, was found to be impracticable. In the summer of 1896 Old Chapel disappeared and excavations for half of the library were begun. The next summer East followed. 'Ninety-Seven used her doors and woodwork for their graduation-night bonfire. The removal of Old Chapel and East College has often been referred to as the "Crime of '96."



Courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

ARCHWAY OF NEW LIBRARY

The new library has a capacity of 1,200,000 volumes, is built around an inclosed quadrangle, of Longmeadow stone, in the style of the Gothic architecture of Oxford, from plans designed by William A. Potter, who was the architect of Alexander Hall. It is connected with the Chancellor Green Library, now a reference library open to students, by a passageway in which are the catalogues and delivery desks. The western archway over the road leading through the court is adorned by statues of President Witherspoon and McCosh; on the south side of the tower, facing Whig, is a statue of Madison, and facing Clio, on the west, one of Ellsworth. The book-stacks of the library are around the inner quadrangle. The outer corners are devoted to Seminary rooms containing special libraries of the different departments.

Blair Hall* is the first of the new dormitories built in the Collegiate Gothic style, which seems to have been adopted for all subsequent campus buildings. Blair was made possible by a gift of Mr. John I. Blair, of \$150,000. The

architects were Cope and Stewardson. The material is known as Germantown white stone, of which all the later buildings on the western boundary of the campus are constructed.

In the spring of 1898, Mr. Henry Stafford Little, of the class of 1844, gave \$100,000 for the construction of a dormitory to be of the same style as Blair Hall and to be a continuation of the same. Work was begun during that summer and the building was ready for occupancy in February, 1900. The plans were drawn by the same architects, Cope and Stewardson, who designed Blair Hall. These two dormitories are of harmonious design and are separated only by the "Tiger gateway" which leads to the railroad station. Three years later, Mr. Little gave another sum, equal to the former one, for the completion of Little Hall. Work was begun at once, the new addition being completed and ready for occupancy in the fall of 1902. Soon after the second part of Little was begun, ground was also broken for the new gymnasium which, at a cost of nearly \$300,000, was erected as a gift of the Alumni of the University. It was ready for occupancy in the fall of 1903. The architects were Cope and Stewardson. The gymnasium joins Little Hall on its north and west sides and the Brokaw building on its south. By this means the swimming tank is available to all who use either the gymnasium or the tennis courts and baseball diamonds on the Brokaw field, and it thus becomes the center of

* Illustrations on pages 37, 44, 87



Courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

STAFFORD LITTLE HALL

the athletic activity of the University. The main floor of the building is 166 feet long and 101 wide. There are no pillars or obstructions, for the roof is supported only by the side walls. In the gallery there is a running track of 170 yards, or ten laps to the mile. In the basement are dressing rooms and locker accommodations for about two thousand men. The entrance is through a spacious trophy room, finished in English oak, flanked with smaller rooms for committee meetings, and for fencing and boxing. The building is surmounted by a tower after the pattern of the Blair Hall tower, but higher and more slender.

The Casino was moved to the west side of the railroad track a few years ago to make room for the new Little Hall and the gymnasium. It is no longer used for dances, which are held in the new gymnasium, but it is still valuable for the Triangle Club performances, indoor tennis in the winter, and in addition, as the armory of Company L of the New Jersey National Guards, whose captain is Professor William Libbey.

Directly south of the Brokaw Building and tank is the University power-house. It is in the basement, on a level with the tank, and its roof forms a lower terrace, as the roof of the tank forms a higher one, both of which are very convenient and much used when dances are held in the gymnasium. The Power Company was formed in 1902 for the purpose of providing more economically for the heating and lighting of the entire University. As a result, all the campus buildings are heated with steam and lighted with electricity. The heating plant consists of six boilers of a total of 1,700 horsepower. The



THE INTERIOR OF THE NEW GYMNASIUM

most of the steam produced is sent through large underground tunnels leading to all parts of the campus. A by-product, however, of this steam heat is the electric light produced by a plant which consists of three powerful two-phase alternators and adjunct machinery. The entire electrical equipment is available, for purposes of study, to the members of the department of electrical engineering. Just below the Brokaw and Brown Hall is Patton Hall, now in course of erection.

On crossing to the other side of the campus to observe the changes there, we notice, south of the new library, and of a kind of stone and style of architecture conformable to it, Dodge Hall,* built in 1900 as a gift of Mr. William Earl Dodge and his son, Cleveland H. Dodge, of the class of 1879, in memory of the late William Earl Dodge, of the same class. It is in reality an addition to Murray Hall, containing four rooms for the religious meetings of the four classes, reading rooms, committee rooms, and apartments for the general secretary of the Philadelphian Society. The architects were Parish and Schroeder, of New York.

In 1899 an addition was built to the Isabella McCosh Infirmary to the west of that building and connected with it by a long two-story passageway. This is intended to accommodate any students suffering from contagious diseases, and requiring isolation. The style of architecture is in conformity with that of the main building.

* Illustration on page 19



By courtesy of "The American Architect"

TOWER OF '79 HALL

The most notable addition, however, to this eastern section of the campus is the new red-brick dormitory occupying a position along Washington Road between the electrical school and the infirmary, and known as 'Seventy-Nine Hall. The trimmings are of Indiana limestone. The style of architecture is the Tudor Gothic, the architect Mr Benjamin W. Morris, Jr. This building, a gift of the class of 1879, was presented to the University in 1904 on the occasion of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the graduation of that class. The ground was broken for it October 25th, 1902, the day on which Woodrow Wilson was inaugurated President. The Hall was built at a cost of \$110,000, and provides accommodation for about fifty men, sons or relations of the members of the class of '79 being given the preference. It consists of two long, low wings, flanking an irregularly turreted tower, which stands exactly at the head of Prospect Avenue. An archway leads through the tower to the campus side of

the building where the entries to the dormitory rooms are. Above the archway in the tower is a large room to be used as an assembly-room during reunions of the class.

Just north of McCosh Walk, and extending its whole length from Washington Road and Marquand Chapel, as well as including an L of more than one hundred feet on Washington Road, is now rising a new recitation hall, to be known as McCosh Hall. The plans were prepared by Raleigh C. Gildersleeve, of New York. The architecture will be, as in the case of all the later buildings, the Tudor Gothic, and the hall will probably be constructed of brownstone to conform with the neighboring buildings. It will form the southern and part of the eastern boundaries of the new "Chapel Quadrangle."

Along Nassau Street, on the University side, the only change to be noticed, except the removal of several of the dwelling houses, is the newly-built Fitz Randolph Gateway.* This was erected last year at a cost of \$20,000 as the gift of the late Augustus Van Wickle, of Hazleton, Pa., in memory of his ancestor, Nathaniel Fitz Randolph, who, in 1756, donated to the College the tract of ground now comprised in the front campus. The architects were McKim, Mead and White, of New York City. There is a central gateway directly in front of the steps of Nassau Hall and two smaller ones, one beside the Dean's house and the other on the library walk. The gates and the fence are of iron, ten feet in height. The pillars are of granite and limestone, surmounted with carved designs, the tops of the two main pillars at the head of Witherspoon Street being stone eagles.

In Old North several changes have been made. The tops of the towers at each end have disappeared. Inside, the large museum room in the south wing has been remodeled in carved oak, and will be used as a council chamber for faculty meetings.

Such are the actual changes on the campus. Others are soon to follow, some of which are still mere rumors, some authoritative announcements. The latest in the

* Illustrations, Frontispiece and on page 62.



By Courtesy of "The American Architect."

'79 HALL (View from West)

latter class is a building to be known as the John R. Thompson Graduate College, made possible by the benefaction of the late Mrs. J. Thompson Swann. Also at the last meeting of the Board of Trustees it was announced that Blair Hall would, in the coming summer, be extended as far as the observatory, with an archway over the campus entrance, surmounted by a low quadrangular tower. To the former class belong the extension of Patton Hall around Brokaw field, and a replica of the tower of Magdalen between Patton Hall and the extension of the same, a contemplated gift of one of the older classes.

Prospect Avenue is much altered. Gradually all the residences here are being turned into clubhouses.* In 1896 there were on the avenue just four of these houses, Ivy, Cottage, Cap and Gown, and Tiger Inn. Of these only Tiger Inn is occupying the same building it had ten years ago, though this building has been somewhat enlarged. The old Cap and Gown house, moved to a side street opposite the athletic field, has served as a starter for several clubs, and is now known as the "Incubator." It is at present occupied by the latest of the clubs, the Terrace, which club, however, has just completed the purchase of the residence of Professor Hibben on Washington Road. The present Cap and Gown building was completed in 1897. The old Cottage Club House was moved further down and is now the last house on the avenue, being the home of the Tower Club,

* Illustrations on pages 131, 132 and 134.



THE HILL DORMITORY—ERECTED 1904

which was organized in 1902. On its former site stands the handsome new house of the Cottage Club, just lately opened for use. The plans are the work of McKim, Mead and White. The former home of the Ivy Club has been remodeled in colonial style and is, since 1897, the home of the Colonial Club. Across the street stands the new Ivy Club House,* built in 1897, of brick, in Elizabethan architecture, from designs by Cope and Stewardson. The former home of Professor West is now the clubhouse of the Campus

* Illustration on page 131.



LOWER PYNE

Club. Next to it stands, remodeled from the former home of Professor Fine, the Quadrangle Club. The next house is that of the Cannon Club. Then Ivy (below the McCosh residence), Cottage, Cap and Gown and, with an interval of five residences, Charter, Key and Seal, and Tower. On the corner beside Tiger Inn, and opposite the Athletic Club House, stands the spacious building of the Elm Club, designed by R. C. Gildersleeve, and behind it, on the street in front of the University field, Terrace.

While on the subject of clubs, I ought to mention the Faculty Clubs, for these constitute an interesting development since our graduation. At the foot of University Place, in the house formerly known as the Monastery, are the headquarters of the Bachelors. This club arose out of the necessity of finding a place where the younger members of the faculty could get their meals and live together. It was organized in the spring of 1901 and started as a club that fall in the house beside the Methodist Church, now the home of Dr. "Jack" Carnochan. In 1903 the Bachelors moved into their present quarters. The club, consisting now of a membership of thirty-nine Preceptors and Instructors, has a comfortable house, well-kept grounds, tennis courts, and a baseball field. The older organization for towns-people and members of the University is the Nassau Club, which three years ago moved from its former quarters in University Hall to the house on Mercer Street next to Priest's drug store. Here are reading rooms, dining rooms with a grill, card rooms and several sleeping rooms for transient guests. The constitution of the club has been modified so as to make eligible for membership any alumnus of the University of more than three years' standing. Large numbers of the younger alumni of New York, Philadelphia, and elsewhere have availed themselves of this privilege and the membership of the club now numbers about one hundred and twenty-five resident and two hundred and fifty non-resident members. The Nassau Club can be used as a hotel for the accommodation of alumni who wish to spend a few days in town, and is gradually coming to fulfill the functions of a University or Graduate Club.

On the University athletic field things are pretty nearly the same as we used to know them. The permanent stands on the west side of the field are new. During the



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HOUSE OF JESSE LYNCH WILLIAMS

HOUSE OF JUNIUS SPENCER MORGAN

HOUSE OF DR. MAGIE

HOUSE OF PROFESSOR WEST

HOUSE OF W. U. VREELAND

MORGAN GARDENS

HOUSE OF PROFESSOR NEHER

present College year the Field House was burned. This is being rebuilt on the same foundation, but the new building will consist of three stories. In speaking of improvements in an athletic way, however, the most prominence is rightfully deserved by the new Golf Club House, built in 1901, and presented to the University by the Class of 1886. It is on a knoll on the Springdale Farm, south of the Theological Seminary, contains baths, dressing rooms, and several large rooms used for the general purposes of a country club. This house will be the headquarters of the donating class when they return for reunions.

Opposite the campus several new buildings strike the eye. On the lower corner of Witherspoon Street stands Lower Pyne, a dormitory built and presented to the University by Mr. M. Taylor Pyne. Upper Pyne, a few doors above, is privately owned. These were in course of erection when we graduated. They are from plans prepared by Mr. R. C. Gildersleeve, and are built in the half-timbered style of the old houses in Chester, England. The upper stories overhang the street. The roofs are of red slate. On the upper corner of Witherspoon Street stands the first and only skyscraper in Princeton, the home of the First National Bank. Opposite University Hall is the new building of the Princeton Bank, with offices of the bank on the first floor and private apartments on the second and third. On University Place, near the railroad station, is a new private building for the accommodation of students, known as the Hill Dormitory. On a walk out Mercer Street one notices many new residences. Lovers' Lane leads to a view of the large estates of Mr. Pyne, Mr. Russell and Mr. Morgan; on turning into Library Place from Stockton Street we see the handsome new residences on this street and neighboring ones, most of which have been built only lately.

It is probably in the town that returning alumni notice the most changes. When we graduated, Princeton was a country village, and withal, a very pleasant one, without trolleys or Sunday trains. It is now a place of suburban residence, two trolleys connect it with Trenton, we have a train for commuters who live in Princeton and do business in New York, and fine residences and villas in the western part of the town occupy the grounds which were cornfields when we came to College. Carnegie Lake on the east and south will extend this development in that direction also. To the old "Grad." a walk around the outskirts would be most profitable and entertaining. Let him not, however, become despondent. In spite of the great development of the town, the University is still the center of it and still the biggest and grandest thing about it; for the town has grown and developed only because of the life and energy which have emanated from a real, live and growing institution. May the time never come when Princeton will not mean first and primarily the University of Witherspoon and McCosh!

JACOB NEWTON BEAM



THE NEW CURRICULUM



Inspiration will come too late, should it come at all, to the man selected to write a brief sketch of the changes which ten years have made in the curriculum of Princeton. To any one who has taken even a casual peep at the document in our recent catalogue, called "The Undergraduate Course of Study," it will not seem remarkable that the inspiration is a little belated. It is calculated to inspire only those who in the old days loved the poetic pages of the "number-system," or halted irresolute between two enticing programs, whether to elect calculus or physics. The rest of us are rather inclined to glance at its orderly lines of "Advised," "Prerequisite," "Requisite Cognate," and "Required," and turn away, thankful that we lived before the days of the "Revival of Learning," the new curriculum and the Preceptorial System. Our first feeling is likely to be that the old system of "laissez faire" was good enough for us

And yet a few moments' serious comparison of our own undergraduate course with that of the present day will convince the most conservative of us that ten years have done quite as much for the Princeton student as for the Princeton campus. With the changes in his social life and his physical surroundings, I am not asked to deal. Of his relations with his Preceptor, the most important of all the additions to our university world, an account is elsewhere furnished by one who speaks with the knowledge which only preceptors can possess. All these things should be considered in any fair-minded comparison of the Princeton of 1896 with the Princeton of 1906. But back of all, and perhaps more fundamental than any, lies the complete revision of the course of study. In our day the idea of the free elective was at its zenith. Shortly after our day it began its decline. Not only at Princeton but throughout the American university world, the feeling began to gain ground that the free elective system had not been justified by its results. Princeton had never adopted that system in its entirety; but it was generally felt even here that the element of co-ordination had been sacrificed through concessions to the prevailing tendency. "We have dropped the threads of system in our teaching," President Wilson declared in his Inaugural Address, speaking of the general field of modern education. ". . . We have so spread and diversified the scheme of knowledge in our day that it has lost coherence." And then he proceeded to point out the specific method of correction. "No doubt," he said, "we must make choice" among the host of studies, "and suffer the pupil himself to make choice. But the choice that we make must be the chief choice, the choice the pupil makes the subordinate choice . . . he must choose only which one of several tours that we may map out he will take. . . . We must supply the synthesis and must see to it that, whatever group of studies the student selects, it shall at least represent the round whole, contain all the elements of modern knowledge, and be itself a complete circle of general subjects."

In that address we find the clear promise of just what has been brought about by the revision of the course of study. One of the first important acts of the new administration was the appointment of a committee to completely revise the course of study. After sittings extending over several months, the report of the committee was presented to the Faculty (on April 26th, 1904), where, section by section, it was debated, slightly amended and passed. This report had as its primary object "to present for the use of the student an organic body of studies, conceived according to a definite and consistent system and directed towards a single comprehensive aim, namely, the discipline and development of the mind." To accomplish this, in view of the varied preparation of the entering students, it was considered necessary to make the Freshman year a year of wholly prescribed studies, devoted to subjects elementary and fundamental to any

system of higher education, no matter what lines it should follow later. The subjects selected as best calculated to constitute such a general foundation were English, Latin, Greek, French, German, Mathematics, and, for those entering without Greek, Elementary Physics. Thus Freshman year has undergone comparatively little change since our own day. The addition, however, of a new degree, gives a somewhat different aspect even to Freshman year, although causing no real alteration in the curriculum of that year.

The old cry "of Greek only through translations" had become so strong, and the reaction against the study of the Greek language had gone so far in other institutions, that, in order to maintain it as one of the fundamentals of the old arts degree, it seemed wise to the rulers of this world, to create a new degree, unknown "even to the omniscient ancients." Accordingly it was ordained that the degree of Bachelor of Letters (Litt. B.) should be instituted for "those who enter with the equivalents for Greek and subsequently concentrate in one of the Departments in philosophical, political, literary, or other humanistic studies—and that hereafter the degree of Bachelor of Science be open to those who enter with the equivalents for Greek and subsequently concentrate in one of the mathematical or scientific Departments." These candidates for the new degree (Litt. B.) follow precisely the same course of study as the candidates for the B.S. degree, until the close of Sophomore year. It is only at the beginning of Junior year, when they choose a department, that they separate, the Litt. B. men turning to literature, art, philosophy, or history, while the B.S. men congregate into the scientific Departments. Under the old system there was always a considerable body of men who, in order to enter without Greek, were matriculated in the School of Science as candidates for our B.S. degree, with no idea of studying science, but looking toward a course, at least in Junior and Senior years, differing in no respect from that pursued by candidates for the A.B. degree. The Litt. B. course thus furnishes an honorable escape from the ancient three-fold alternative of "Feeling the Greek," entering the School of Science or becoming a Special. The Freshman studies of the men entering with Greek and, therefore, candidates for the old arts degree, differs from that of the Litt. B. and B.S. men only in this respect—in having four hours devoted to Greek and only two hours to a modern language, while the latter class divide those six hours equally between French and German, or between Physics and either modern language, according as Physics has or has not been offered for entrance.

As we approach Sophomore year, however, the atmosphere is quite new to us. Our old Exhibit of Studies consisted of the simplest possible statement of an extremely simple system:

First Term.		REQUIRED.		Second Term.	
Latin.....	2	Latin.....	2		
Greek.....	2	Greek.....	2		
Mathematics.....	3	English.....	2		
History.....	2	Chemistry.....	2		
Zoology and Botany.....	2	Mechanics.....	2		
Bible.....	1	Bible.....	1		
	<u>12</u> hours.		<u>11</u> hours.		
ELECTIVE. (<i>Student to take two Electives—4 hours.</i>)					
Latin.....	2	Latin.....	2		
Greek.....	2	Greek.....	2		
Mathematics.....	2	Mathematics.....	2		
French.....	2	French.....	2		
German.....	2	German.....	2		
	<u>16</u> hours.		<u>15</u> hours.		

The Sophomore of to-day is confronted with this somewhat disconcerting proposition. "The Sophomore courses, required and elective, arranged so as to include elementary courses prerequisite to the subsequent studies of various departments, are as follows:"

SOPHOMORE A.B.—REQUIRED

Physics
Logic (1st term), Psychology (2d term)
Greek (1st term), Latin (2d term)

ELECTIVE (*Two courses to be taken*)

Latin (1st term), Greek (2d term)
Chemistry
Mathematics
History (1st term), English (2d term)
French (Advanced or Beginners')
German (Advanced or Beginners')

SOPHOMORE B.S. AND LITT. B.—REQUIRED

Physics
Logic (1st term), Psychology (2d term)

ELECTIVE (*Three courses, one of which must be Latin or Mathematics to be taken*)

Latin
Mathematics
Chemistry
Graphics, if Mathematics is taken
History (1st term), English (2d term)
French (Advanced or Beginners')
German (Advanced or Beginners')

"The student's choice of a Department for Junior and Senior years is largely conditioned by his selection of the electives in the Sophomore year. The Sophomore prerequisite and advised elective courses for the various Departments are as follows:"

[PREREQUISITE Sophomore elective courses in small capitals. *Advised* Sophomore elective courses in italics.]

DEPARTMENT	PREREQUISITE AND ADVISED ELECTIVE COURSES	FOR DEGREE OF
I. <i>Philosophy</i>	<i>A foreign language</i>	A.B. & Litt.B.
II. <i>History, Politics and Economics</i>	HISTORY <i>A foreign language</i>	} A.B. & Litt.B.
III. <i>Art and Archæology</i>	CLASSICS, through year <i>A modern language</i>	
	LATIN, through year <i>A modern language</i>	} Litt.B.
IV. <i>Classics</i>	CLASSICS, through year	
V. <i>English</i>	ENGLISH <i>A foreign language</i>	} A.B.
	ENGLISH LATIN, through year <i>A modern language</i>	
VIa. <i>Modern languages Germanic Section</i>	} GERMAN, through year	} A.B. & Litt. B.
VIb. <i>Modern languages Romanic Section</i>		
	FRENCH, through year <i>Classics</i>	} A.B.

	FRENCH, through year	}	Litt. B.
	LATIN, through year		
VII. <i>Mathematics</i>	MATHEMATICS, through year	}	A.B. & B.S.
VIII. <i>Physics</i>	MATHEMATICS, through year		A.B. & B.S.
	<i>Chemistry</i>	}	
IX. <i>Chemistry</i>	CHEMISTRY, through year		
	<i>Mathematics</i> (must be taken here or	}	A.B. & B.S.
	in Junior year)		
X. <i>Geology</i>	CHEMISTRY, through year	}	A.B. & B.S.
	<i>A modern language</i>		
XI. <i>Biology</i>	CHEMISTRY, through year	}	A.B. & B.S.
	<i>A modern language</i>		

Can anyone wonder that hazing stops soon after the work of the year begins?

All that this means, however, is that a man must so choose his courses in Sophomore year as to prepare himself for entering the Department of his choice at the beginning of Junior year. For example, if a man wishes to take the Department of History, Politics and Economics in his Junior year, he must have the prerequisite course in General History which is offered in Sophomore year. If he has not taken it, he will have to go back and get it as an extra course. Similarly, if he wishes to concentrate in any one of the eleven Departments which I shall describe presently, he must select, as his Sophomore elective, the course which the Faculty (not the student) deems essential to the work of that Department. This does not mean, however, that a man's choice of a Department is irrevocably made by the end of the Sophomore year. By that time he is necessarily qualified for any one of several Departments, and, of course, he may elect to concentrate in any one of these Departments at the opening of his Junior year. Should he select as his Sophomore electives Latin, History and German, for example, he will be qualified, at the opening of the Junior year, to take any one of the Departments, (1) History, Politics and Economics, (2) Art and Archæology, and (3) English (if he be a candidate for the Litt. B. degree), and (4) Germanics. There must also be several Departments for which he is not qualified. If he wishes to enter one of them, he must make up the prerequisite course which he did not take in Sophomore year, and which is regarded as fundamental to the work of that Department. Sophomore year is therefore planned so as to enable the student to prepare a broad basis for the more specialized work of Junior year, eliminating certain lines of study indeed, but qualifying for a sufficient number to make the choice of a Department a real choice. All undergraduate courses after Freshman year are on a three-hour basis.

The scheme of study for Junior year represents a kind of character determinism. A man is free to choose, but he can choose only upon the basis of what he has done in the past. Or, to use a more homely simile, he cannot take the fish course until he has had the soup. He may take any Department for which his Sophomore courses have qualified him, but having once selected the Department, his activities are largely foreordained. He must take all the courses which that Department offers to Juniors, and all the Junior courses cognate to that Department. The courses of Junior and Senior years are arranged in four Divisions of two or more Departments each.* "The Division of Mathematics and Science," for example, contains five Departments, viz.: Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Geology, and Biology. Three of the Junior's courses must lie in the Division in which his Department lies. Of his other two courses one must lie outside that Division, while the other, out of deference to the principle of free agency, may be outside or

* *A* - Division of Philosophy; *B* - Division of Art and Archaeology; *C* - Division of Language and Literature; *D* - Division of Mathematics and Science.

inside, as he himself may determine.* In this provision, allowing for two practically free electives, lies the final element of elasticity in the system. It provides the last means by which a man may change from one Department to another without loss. At the opening of Senior year he may remain in the Department which he selected at the beginning of Junior year, or he may change to that for which he has qualified by the use of his two free electives.

But the man who has passed his Junior year without making this provision against the future, enters Senior year irremediably attached to the Department of his Junior year. He must take three courses in that Department, or, in case three Senior courses are not offered by that Department, he must select three which fall within the Division in which that Department lies. Thus the new curriculum gives order and co-ordination to the work of every student, and elasticity for those who have the intelligence to see it. It makes impossible the enormous classes which were so common in our undergraduate days, by keeping the classes separate and distinct. And, by a provision that one at least of three scheduled hours of each week shall be devoted, not to lectures, but to some form of quiz, recitation or conference upon assigned work or reading, it signalizes Princeton's revolt from the too generally accepted view that you can educate a man by talking to him.

CHANGES IN THE FACULTY



The University Faculty, during the past ten years, has undergone changes quite as remarkable as those which have been noticed in connection with the undergraduate course of study.

Our old catalogue (1896-7) shows a total of 82 members of the teaching force, consisting of 37 Professors, 11 Assistant Professors, 22 Instructors, 7 Assistants, 2 Lecturers, 1 Demonstrator, 1 Librarian, 1 Reference Librarian.

The recent catalogue (1905-6) presents a list of "Faculty and Instructors," consisting of 154 members, of whom 53 are Professors, 10 Assistant Professors, 47 Preceptors with the rank of Assistant Professors, 32 Instructors, 5 Assistants, 4 Lecturers, 2 Librarians with the rank of Professors, 1 Associate Librarian.

The personnel of the Faculty has also undergone far greater change than these figures alone would indicate.

Of the 37 full Professors of our undergraduate days, only 21 remain in active service. Ex-President Patton still retains the Chair of Ethics and Philosophy of Religion, which he held as President. Professor Woodrow Wilson has exchanged his original title of "Professor of Jurisprudence" for that of President, and "McCormick Professor of Jurisprudence and Politics." Professor Brackett retains his position as Henry Professor of Physics, in spite of his repeated resignations, which the Board of Trustees have persistently declined to accept. Professors Cornwall, Macloskie, McMillan, Hunt, Winans, Libbey, Scott, Marquand, West, Fine, Westcott, Magie, McCay, Thompson, Harper and Daniels continue at the work of active instruction, although not all of them in precisely

* As there are, in almost every instance, but two Junior Courses given in any Department, the Junior is generally left free to select two of the five courses in another Department.

the same positions. Professor West has added to the dignified title of "Giger Professor of Latin," under which we knew him, the still more dignified designation of "Dean of the Graduate School," and upon dress parade covers his portly person with a robe of scarlet, indicative of the fact that he has been received into the brotherhood of European letters, and sealed with the seal of the University of Oxford. Professor Fine, now "Dod Professor of Mathematics," has succeeded to the office and dignity of "Dean of the Faculty," and enjoys the respect and affection which we as undergraduates paid to the late lamented and beloved James Ormsbee Murray. Professor Magie has succeeded Professor Henry Clay Cameron as "Clerk of the Faculty"; and Professor Harper has exchanged his old title of "Woodhull Professor of Romance Languages" for the more attractive one of "Holmes Professor of Belles Lettres and English Language and Literature," formerly held by our own beloved Dean. Professor Ormond, formerly "Stuart Professor of Mental Science and Logic," now appears as "McCosh Professor of Philosophy."

Aside from these changes the positions of the Professors who have survived, in full activity, the departure of the "Glorious Class," is unaltered. Of the remaining fifteen Professors whom we knew as undergraduates, three have altered their allegiance and accepted positions of honor and emolument in other institutions of learning. Professor Sloane is now Professor of History in Columbia; Professor Baldwin in the Johns Hopkins, and Professor Perry, who left us to become editor of the *Atlantic Monthly*, has recently accepted a call to Harvard, where he is to occupy the chair once held by Longfellow and Lowell. Six have retired from active service. Professor H. C. Cameron, now Emeritus; Professor W. A. Packard, now Emeritus; Professor C. A. Young, now Emeritus; Professor C. G. Rockwood, now Emeritus, and Professor H. C. O. Huss, who has returned to the Old Country, and Professor G. L. Raymond; and the rest have passed to their eternal reward; James Ormsbee Murray, John Thomas Duffield, J. Stillwell Schanck, Charles Woodruff Shields, S. Stanhope Orris, William Cowper Prime

Of the eleven Assistant Professors of our day, nine now appear among the list, of Full Professors in the departments in which they were then employing their energies: H. S. S. Smith, J. G. Hibben, W. B. Harris, E. S. Lewis, G. S. Patton, W. M. Rankin, C. F. W. McClure, H. C. Warren, T. M. Parrott; one, Taylor Reed, has changed his vocation in life; and one, Willard Humphreys, succeeded to the Chair of Germanics, which he filled with great success until his death in 1902.

Of the 31 Instructors, Lecturers and Assistants named in our old catalogue, nine now occupy positions as Full Professors: A. H. Phillips, Fred. Neher, J. H. Coney, E. H. Loomis, E. Y. Robbins, W. K. Prentice, W. U. Vreeland, H. C. Butler, and V. L. Collins (Reference Librarian, who is soon to assume the duties of Preceptor in Modern Languages); four as Assistant Professors: H. F. Covington, Walter A. Wyckoff, J. P. Hoskins and Ulric Dahlgren; and one, G. M. Priest, as Preceptor in Princeton.

The development of the Faculty has, however, by no means been confined to the regular and orderly development of material already on hand when we delivered over the affairs of the University to our less competent and far less experienced successors. Notable additions have been made from without, men whose names are familiar within the guilds of learning throughout the two continents: Paul Van Dyke, Professor of History; Henry Van Dyke, Murray Professor of English Literature; Edgar Odell Lovett, Professor of Astronomy, whose reputation was made in the field of pure mathematics, but whose general attainments as a scientist have secured him the honor of an election to the chair so long occupied by Professor Charles Augustus Young; James Hopwood Jeans, Professor of Applied Mathematics, who has recently come to us from the University of Cambridge, England, with a reputation which has lately been recognized by the distinguished honor of an election to membership in Royal Society; Harry Augustus Garfield, Professor of Politics, who sacrificed a highly lucrative and a most influential

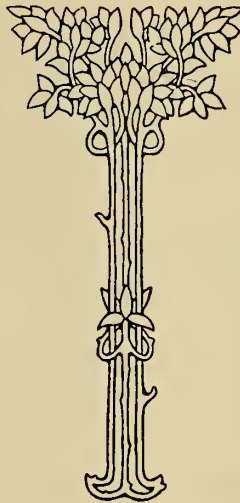
position at the bar in order to devote himself as a teacher to the same high political ideals which give such undying glory to the memory of his father, "our martyred President"; Frank Thilly, Stuart Professor of Psychology, whose work both as a writer and as a teacher have secured him a high rank among the psychologists of the country; Stockton Axson, Professor of English, whose lectures have won for him much the same position in the minds of the undergraduates of the present generation as that held by Bliss Perry "in the old days"; Charles Henry Smyth, Professor of Geology, formerly connected with the geological survey work both of the Federal Government and of New York State, who ranks as an authority upon physical and petrographical Geology; Enno Littmann, Librarian of the Oriental Department and Lecturer in Semitic Philology, whose distinguished services in the field of Oriental research have recently secured him an election to the chair of Oriental Philology in the University of Strasburg. The Trustees of Princeton have also honored him with a call to the chair of Oriental Languages in this university, but his decision has not been received at the present writing.

One page of our present catalogue is a source of pride and gratification to every Princeton man. I transcribe it without comment:

"The Stafford Little Lectureship on Public Affairs, founded by the Honorable Stafford Little, of the Class of 1844.

"Lecturer: The Honorable Grover Cleveland, LL.D., Ex-President of the United States."

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY.





UPPER PYNE

HISTORY OF YALE-PRINCETON AND HARVARD- PRINCETON DEBATES



YALE

Year. Debate Won By.

'92-3	No decision.
'93-4	No debate.
'94-5	Princeton.
'95-6	Yale.
'96-7	Princeton.
'97-8	Yale.
'98-9	Yale.
'99-00	Princeton.
'00-01	Princeton.
'01-02	Yale.
'02-03	Yale.
'03-04	Yale.
'04-05	Yale.

HARVARD

Year. Debate Won By.

'94-5	Harvard.
'95-6	Harvard.
'96-7	Harvard.
'97-8	Harvard.
'98-9	Harvard.
'99-00	Harvard.
'00-01	Harvard.
'01-02	Princeton.
'02-03	Princeton.
'03-04	Harvard.
'04-05	Princeton.
'05-06	Princeton.

THE PRECEPTORIAL SYSTEM



This account of the preceptorial system will best satisfy its end by not beginning with any definition. We all know what that system is and why it was adopted at the University. At least, we have heard a good deal already upon the subject in general, ranging all the way from fairy tale to the straight truth. The reason, no doubt, for the many rumors that come to our ears about the system lies in the fact that a dozen or more different departments of the University, from philosophy to French, from politics (in theory, of course) to mathematics or Old-English, are all adapting one system of instruction to all these diverse subjects. Add to this fact another consideration: there are four classes, each differing from the next by a whole year's experience in learning and maturity. So that, while the preceptorial system, abstractly taken, is a unified and homogeneous plan for all departments and for all four classes of the undergraduates, the application of the method in practice to individual students is a rather complex affair. The question is, not "What is the system?" but "How does it work or operate or adapt itself to the purpose for which it was inaugurated?"

That is a question hard to answer. The general plan of this method is to afford each undergraduate individually one hour a week, at least, personal instruction at the hands, or feet, as they used to put it in the old days, of a man and a scholar. The aim to secure for the individual student a pointed response to his particular needs is so great a factor in the preceptorial system that some undergraduate wag has styled it the "lung-to-lung" method of teaching. In other words, whereas in past years the students were made to rotate about that central point of the University, the professor, it is the professor who has to do all the moving about a fixed point called the undergraduate, as far as the preceptorial system is concerned. The University is at last for the student in the every-day practical meaning of the phrase.

We will suppose a student taking a course in United States History. The course is three hours a week. This student attends a class in which a professor gives a lecture on this particular branch of history to one hundred or so of his fellow classmen. The next day another lecture to this same group. On the third day the student goes to the preceptor appointed for him, and not to the professor, where, instead of a lecture, he attends a meeting of a group of six men to discuss the subject of United States History intimately with the preceptor for an hour in the teacher's private rooms. The basis of their mutual discussion is a number of chapters from some standard work on the history of the United States which the student has to prepare carefully before he meets the preceptor. The discussion of the particular topic of the day begins; there are six men seated about the room and, as it happens, three of these students are from the North and three from the South; the period they are busy over in this preceptorial hour is about 1854; the discussion develops, supported by the arguments in the text, but more especially by the arguments *pro* and *con* which precipitated the Civil War. The preceptor serves here as judicial umpire and an hour goes by in which those six men thresh out the subject from their respective points of view. And so a term's work from week to week is accomplished; if the student gives evidence of a grasp of the subject of United States History in his preceptorial conferences, his preceptor recommends him to the professor, who delivers the lectures in class, and he is permitted to take the regular mid-year examination. If the preceptor finds the student's work with him has been of inferior quality, he is debarred outright from taking the examination and receives forthwith a condition in the class-work as well as the preceptorial work. This furnishes an idea of the value set

upon the preceptorial hour, and although no cuts are taken to be handed in to the Registrar, it is plain to see that a student will not jeopardize his chances by treating the preceptorial work and attendance carelessly.

If one should happen to drop in to a preceptorial hour in Freshman Greek this present term he would find a well-trained scholar at work with six young fellows on a study of Greek verb and noun forms exclusively. A Freshman is required to take fifteen lines of Greek to his preceptor and to tell him every grammatical detail about every word, and to ask a multitude of questions about the subject from his teacher, who devotes the entire hour on direct information to the student. The Freshman learns more Greek in one hour by that system than two or three hours of class-work could yield. And the same is true of German or Spanish and the rest.

It follows that book reading is at present more specific. A Senior pointed out the other day a shelf of books which he is reading at first hand and annotating the margins moreover. Books in English like Milton's "Paradise Lost" and "Paradise Regained"; Walton's "Complete Angler"; Browne's "Religio Medici" and poems from Browning are being read under the very eyes of a man who directs a student through the works of these representative English authors and sees that they are studied intelligently. This direct instruction means an enormous amount of reading as compared with times hitherto; whether the undergraduate can stand the pressure remains for the immediate future years to disclose. There is naturally some discontent both with instructors, here and there, and with the subjects, but these symptoms of conservatism, to put it mildly, are to be read only one way: the student is being broken in to study and to do his book-work systematically. As he is not yet accustomed to the new plan, it is to be expected that it may rub him the wrong way at first. Naturally, fewer men from year to year will have to drop out on account of inefficiency and conditions. By this system a closer oversight is maintained upon Freshmen and any dropping that will have to be done may ultimately confine itself to men in the first year, except in rare cases of upper class men who may turn out to be altogether neglectful of their work.



TEN YEARS AFTER



I was never up against anything harder in all my life than I am now up against this article on the "Changes in Undergraduate Life." It has successfully "gloomed" (to use the slang of the present "simple student") my days and nights, and has barely missed bringing my few sad last gray hairs in sorrow to the grave. It is not by lack of material that I am embarrassed, but by the very abundance of it. It is not a question of inclusion, but of exclusion. The one thing that I find the same, unchanged and unchangeable, is the Spirit which underlies the whole structure of undergraduate convention and which we fondly believe is our legacy from the days of James Madison and Philip Freneau.

In externals, undergraduate life in Princeton has undoubtedly changed during the years that have passed since the consulship of Jake Beam and Pin Dennis. Those ancient worthies, were they alive to-day, would find this "dam college" a much more difficult business to run than it was in the days when a mere editorial, inspired by the muse whose seat was in the secret recesses of South Reunion, could set the whole world right in a morning issue of the *Daily Princetonian*. What was so simple and natural then has become complex; tendencies have crystallized into set forms; "old customs" have passed away and new ones sprung up to take their places; and the phrase "when I was in college," from a '96 man, applies, in the mind of the present junior or senior, to a time at least mediæval, if not antediluvian. It was to be expected, of course, that changes should take place, for Princeton is by no means stagnant; and the current, even though it has swept away much that we loved and called good, has compensated generously in other ways.

Ours was the last class to be graduated from the College of New Jersey, and the Freshman Class which entered in the autumn of 1897 began to see by the light of another day. When the name of the institution was changed, there were many loyal Princetonians who lamented the passing of the old college as a sign of the passing of the old order. The change seemed not so much a development as a revolution; and what then was called the "Crime of 'Ninety-Six"—the destruction of East College to make room for the new University Library, was taken to be the beginning of a movement which would undoubtedly end in the removal of Nassau Hall, that last haunt of the "shades of mightier sons than we." There seemed, besides, to many, a pretentiousness in the name of university which put Princeton in an equivocal position among the institutions of learning in America. Princeton was not a university, they contended, and was over-reaching herself in assuming that title. As a college, she had flourished for one hundred and fifty honorable years, and a college she should remain to the end of time. Grave heads wagged and wise tongues clacked; and certain of her enemies voiced only too harshly the opinions of many of her faithful sons in predicting the downfall of Alma Mater, the falling, as it were, between the two stools of College and University.

And yet, at that very time, although not, according to some definitions, a university, Princeton was no longer purely a college. Years before she had undertaken, half-heartedly, some functions of a university and become foster-mother to a large number of Seminoles who called themselves P. G.'s, took Jeremy Ormond's courses in Philosophy, and, when they could make it, played on the football team.

Neither one thing nor the other, then, Princeton seemed to have no definite aim, no well-ordered plan of development. What new things came about simply grewed, like Topsy. And so the "fathers," the clear-sighted men among the Faculty and Trustees, chose to assume the title of University, giving all Princetonians an ideal to live for, to attain. To-day the College of New Jersey has become Princeton University, with many things still to strive for, with many old sins still besetting her, but nevertheless a university, with one hundred and sixty years of history and tradition, of development and growth, behind her, and before her a future as great as the spirit of her sons shall make it.

Of course, there was little difference between the College of June, '96, and the University of October, in the same year. The Class of 1900, as freshmen, were almost as inadequately professoried and instructed as we had been, as freshmen, four years before; the old sweaters and corduroys, carelessness and uncleanness, had merely been handed down with our other privileges and emoluments to younger, less capable men. The era of decay in Undergraduate Matters had set in; and the whole place was spinning merrily to the dogs. Even that Glorious Victory—the last of the New York games—was not so much a manifestation of continued power as it was a reflection of departed glory.



DICKINSON HALL

But down in Princeton the change had already begun. The President of the United States had reviewed the first stupendous "peeraade" of the new University, which was the beginning of the march forward "all along the line." Soon afterward, the University Library was opened, marking one epoch in progress; and with Blair Hall there burst over the undergraduate world the new dazzling idea of personal cleanliness. There, I contend, is where the new life began for Princeton. Those who remember the painful hours spent in the old "Gym" on Wednesday and Saturday afternoons, waiting for long-deferred "turns" at tub

or shower, can appreciate the fact that there, in those bathrooms in Blair Hall, a new

Princeton Idea had come to light—one which was destined to grow and spread, finally to take the University by storm, and become the very flower of Princeton's face.* Little Hall followed, with its grace and beauty, and likewise with its baths; and as no epidemic of typhoid fever came to block the wheels of progress, the bold Trustees decreed that baths, Early Christians to the contrary notwithstanding, should be fruitful and multiply. To-day, the "old grad," coming back to visit the scenes of his happy, unwashed past, is startled by the sound of running water in Edwards. . . . There is more joy in Princeton over a sinner. . . . And so forth.

I believe, then, firmly, that cleanliness was the little rift in the old condition of things that, slowly widening, made the old music mute. It was not long before it became a habit to burn all sweaters more than ten years old; and the corduroys passed into the wardrobes of Gentlemen on Witherspoon and Hulfish streets. To be sure, there is a tendency just now to revive the corduroy, and the sweater-vest is popular in the highest circles; but there is in the present mode none of the universality that marked the costume of our régime. In fact, the *pièce de résistance* of the present student's trousseau is a garment known as a mackinaw coat, second cousin to a bath-robe and related on the distaff side to a smoking-jacket. Like the golf-trousers of '95-'96, it is no outward and visible sign of the wearer's taste or prowess. It is merely *the* thing for upper classmen to wear. There are other conventions in clothing which have come up in recent years. The present freshman may wear nothing on his head but a cap, a black cap, modest like the general bearing of him, and furnished by local haberdashers in uniform style at a uniform price. The wearing of the slicker has also acquired an etiquette. The freshman wears a black one for his long year of insignificance and burgeons forth on the first rainy day of sophomore year in a bright new yellow one, bought with part of the sum for which the old black article was sold to an innocent new freshman.

Such sartorial details, however new and strange they may seem to us, have now the weight of old tradition. . . . But they are hardly significant of change or progress. The clean collar is another matter. A clean collar, worn in the middle of the week, does not necessarily mean that the "folks" are "coming on," or that a Certain Girl and her mother are in town for the day. One's friends pass by without noticing it. There, indeed, is a sign of the times. Clean collars I associate with club hatbands, for the two, I think, came in together. The hatband to-day is ubiquitous. There are thirteen clubs, each with its own hatband, necktie, and cigarettes; and it is the hatband that marks the man. And a student, conspicuous by a "leading" hatband, must dress accordingly. Whatever may be said against the upper class clubs, it is undoubtedly true that they have made a better-dressed man of the undergraduate. I realize that some "old grads" object to that very thing in them; but to anyone constantly resident in Princeton it is a matter for rejoicing. There is no extravagance in attire, necessarily; merely care, taste, and, generally speaking, decency.

The upper class clubs have been a subject for debate for many a long year. It is argued against them that they foster extravagant ways of living, that they militate

* The first bathrooms were not in Blair Hall, as a matter of fact. But they ought to have been, and so I have ventured to place them there by poetic license. F. C. M.



THE IVY CLUB

By courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

against the properly simple life of the "simple student," that they destroy the democratic spirit of Princeton. . . . There is, perhaps, some danger in the New Clubhouse idea. The tendency is at present for each club as it builds to build more elaborately than its neighbor. But the burden of expense comes chiefly upon the younger alumni; and it is ungracious to cavil at a spirit which is constantly adding to the architectural beauty of Princeton. The Ivy Club is one of the few perfectly satisfactory buildings in the town, and is already a source of pride and vainglory to us all.



THE TIGER INN



THE CANNON CLUB



THE CAP AND GOWN CLUB



THE UNIVERSITY COTTAGE CLUB



THE ELM CLUB



THE COLONIAL CLUB

NEW HOUSES OF SIX OF THE CLUBS OF OUR TIME

It seems to me, too, that the life within the clubs is simple enough. There is no excessive splendor in the "appointments" of the clubhouses, unless a liveried kid-mucker disguised as a bell-boy be considered excessively splendid. And the social life of the undergraduate has been broadened, softened, refined, without losing its essentially frank masculine quality, by the clubs. The clubs have made it possible for men to entertain their friends fittingly; and dances, and even house parties, almost unheard of ten years ago, are now part of the regular program in several of the clubs. Anything which lessens the almost stupendous masculinity of the old Princeton must be welcome to those who are interested in the welfare of the student. It is not good for man to dwell absolutely alone.

As for the third charge—anent Democracy, Democratic Princeton is a fetish before which we have all bowed and do still bow; an Idea lovely to all of us. It is the one thing, we believe, that distinguishes us among great universities—something which must be preserved at any cost. Very well and good. But the upper class clubs are not undemocratic. Cliquey, yes; but undemocratic, not at all. A man's election to a club does not depend upon his pedigree, nor his wealth, nor his achievements, altogether; but upon his personality, his companionable qualities, the manifestation, in other words, of his birth, breeding, and prowess. The poor man who is a gentleman may make, and often does, one of the best clubs; the scion of an ancient stalk who is a cad or a snob or a fool has no more chance of election than an out-and-out mucker; even a prominent athlete or a managing editor may not be *persona grata* to many of his fellows. There may be exceptions. On the other hand, of course, many of the best men in college are not club men, and a number, every year, stay out of clubs by their own preference. I think, then, that most of the charges brought against the clubs are creations of prejudice, or of ignorance of the real conditions.

The clubs are cliques, of course, and sometimes in the most objectionable sense of the term. But, after all, there is very little inter-exclusiveness. The hatbands meet and mingle freely enough and seem to hold one another in mutual respect. That the oldest of them is young, and that the majority of them were founded within one decade, prevents airs on account of age. Twenty-five years of a club's existence is hoary antiquity. And the fact that brothers in college at the same time often belong to different clubs is another safeguard against prolonged animosity between any two of them. In fact, a club's standing depends very largely upon its personnel for the time being; and as the quality of membership varies decidedly from year to year, it is almost impossible for any club to retain supremacy for long periods. It is curious to note, however, how club characteristics are kept. The intellectual, the athletic, the literary, the convivial,—in general the tone of a club is fairly well perpetuated.

The great evil, to many anxious Princetonians, lies in club politics. Combinations and permutations, election and reprobation, to the disinterested spectator seem matters of grave danger. But club combinations do not last long; and there would be politics in class business and athletic managerships if there were no clubs within a thousand miles. The Inter-Club Treaty is a wonder of these latter days. Perhaps the sophomores understand it, and the members of the Boards of Governors of the different



THE QUADRANGLE CLUB



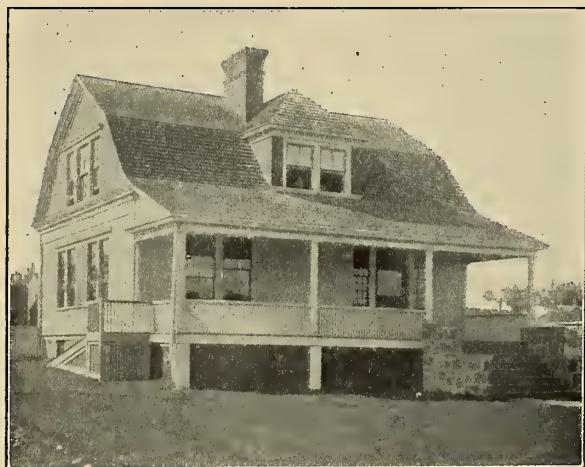
THE CHARTER CLUB



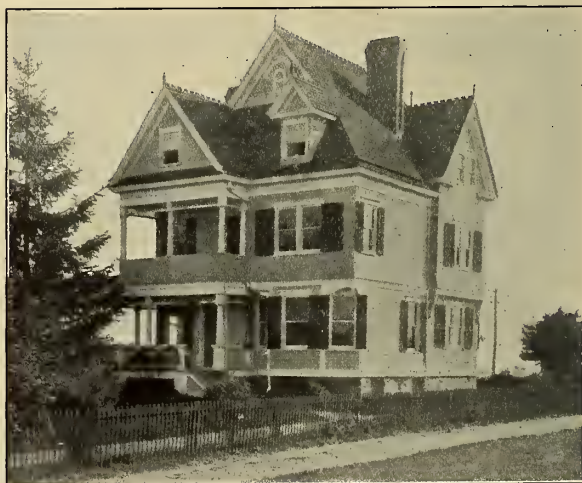
THE CAMPUS CLUB



THE TOWER CLUB



THE TERRACE CLUB



THE KEY AND SEAL CLUB

HOUSES OF THE SIX CLUBS FOUNDED 1896-1906

clubs; but to average humanity it is as esoteric as Theosophy itself. Several interesting "old traditions" have come up with the Treaty, however; no under classman is allowed to walk on Prospect Avenue unless showing guests the beauties of the town; and *The Princetonian*, in its editorial columns, warns the "undergraduate body" that it has long been an "unwritten law in Princeton" that there should be nothing approaching intimacy between upper and under classmen.

The Sophomore Club and the "following" is another intricate piece of machinery. Ever since the authorities decreed against the self-perpetuating sophomore clubs, the air has been full of devices for getting over the difficulty. The sophomore clubs have become almost as numerous as the upper-class clubs, and the names are wonderful to hear and impossible to remember. In fact, the student himself ignores the individual name of each year: and the clubs are designated as "red hat," or "blue hat," or "green hat," according to the color of their head-gear. The "Faust" of our sophomore year has become in turn "Mafia," "Fafna," "Athla," and so on, all names of five letters, ending in a; but is known popularly as the "Red Hats." Another following, whose names, of five letters ending in co, are legion, as "Falco," "Ralco," "Xalco," is called the "Blue Hats"; and so on, to the last newest following, whose origin was in the dim, misty past of last September. It is the rivalry of the freshman clubs to get a "good following" that creates the evil. For certain sophomore "followings" make certain big clubs on the Avenue, and the die is virtually cast in the middle of freshman year. Undoubtedly, there is evil in that method of procedure, and already wise heads among the "students" are planning reforms which will doubtless result in more "old traditions" and "unwritten laws." And yet they call college life free and unconventional! Whereas, the whole University eats, sleeps, studies, plays, makes merry, breaks the laws and the commandments, all by convention. We live under the Tyranny of Ideas.

Athletics hold first place still in the student's heart. Football, be it never so much berated and abolished elsewhere, is still the Great Interest. It is a very poor-spirited man who doesn't "take in" the practice with fair regularity, and the lesser games of the year are attended as they never were twelve or fifteen years ago. And that in spite of the fact that the price of admission has been steadily raised until it's a poor game indeed that isn't worth a dollar. We are too apt to think that the athletic prowess of Princeton is "not what it used to be"; but anyone following the games closely must admit that foot ball victories are quite as common now as in the early nineties, and that baseball championships have recently come to Princeton in an unprecedented "run." The cane-spree is held on Brokaw Field. The time is set by the calendar for a certain night in November. The undergraduates line the terraces on the northern and western sides of the field, each class in its proper station. And the rules of the game are good. This is a much better arrangement than that attempted at one time during our collegé career of listing the cane-spree as an event in some track meet or other on the Varsity Field. . . . Polo came to an unfortunate end, but polo was hardly an undergraduate game. "Soccer" football was banned by the faculty early in the year. Some enthusiastic dreamers have visions of a crew on Carnegie Lake. And the athlete is still the hero.

Perhaps next best to being an athlete is "making" the Triangle Club. That organization has gone on steadily improving, until to-day it is hardly Princeton conceit that makes us call it the best college dramatic club in the country. At the first performance of "Tabasco-Land," given early in April for the faculty and their friends, there was no doubt of the generous applause of the new men (preceptors and such) from all corners of These States. I have heard a Harvard man pronounce it better than "Hasty Pudding." Nothing further need be said. . . . Naturally, then, the ambitious student tries for it, and the man is happy who so much as sings in the chorus. Their "plays" are excellent things excellently done; and the "King of Pomeru," the "Mullah of Miasmia," the "Woodland Marriage," the "Pretenders," and "Tabasco Land" have made immortals, even as the football team. And there are "stories told." There was a famous danseuse who sat up all the night before an initial performance in order to remove a condition before the appointed hour. That is pathetic. There was a famous Diva who missed a last rehearsal through too much liquid support. That is shocking. And the name of the "King of Pomeru" has a curious history. It was, in the book, "Pommern," the name of a Prussian province. The music-maker read it "Pomeru," and made his music accordingly. And it was given as "Pomeru," without much damage to its popularity. The Triangle Club came opportunely to take the place of the moribund Glee Club. Those of us who have seen a Triangle Club "show" in Chicago, or in some other place in the "Provinces" can realize what a delightful change it is. But although "gloomed" somewhat at present, the Glee Club still exists, nay flourishes, and its trips, though less heralded, are barely less successful than in the palmy days of glee-clubbery.



IN FRONT OF THE HALLS

The less spectacular work of the Halls has been ground between the upper and nether millstones of Upper Class Clubdom and "student activities" until there is very little spirit left in it. But the interest in Intercollegiate debating, and the newly-established Freshman debate with Yale (we won last week), have kept alive some of the old Hall Idea, and a reaction is inevitable. A movement is now on foot to attach to each Hall an instructor, who, under the auspices of the Departments of English and Jurisprudence and Politics, shall have general supervision of the work in Oratory and Debate. Just how successful the move will be remains to be seen; but it will un-

doubtedly do something toward restoring the departed glory of Whig and Clio Halls.

I wish Jake Beam would give us his views on College "Journalism" of to-day; for Jake was It when we all lived in Arcadia, and even now he reads the *Daily Princetonian* every morning, advertisements and all. That "esteemed contemporary" is more than ever the official organ of the University, and in these piping times of chapel-twice-a-week, it is an almost necessary fireside, or rather breakfast-table, companion. . . . As I remember it, in '96, before Gordon Johnston had gone into war as a business, it was not beneath the dignity of a real editor to "cover" the "stories." The present editors take turns in issuing a number, and write the editorials, but the front page is almost entirely the work of under classman candidates. Consequently, I think, there are occasional lapses which are apt to startle the dull prosaic preceptorial mind. But when inclined to judge such lapses too harshly, I remind myself of Jake's item that the most finished "number" by the Mandolin Club was "Rubenstein's *Medley* in F," and vail my proud and haughty spirit. The *Princetonian* Dinner, by the way, has become a national, if not an international event, and former Presidents of the United States, famous poets, novelists, journalists, diplomats, orators, gather around the board and vie with undergraduates from Yale, Harvard and Cornell in wit and eloquence. There were over one hundred of such gentlemen at this year's banquet; and gods and demi-gods were benec-tared and ambrosiaed to the "*Prince's*" taste and at the "*Prince's*" expense.

Members of the faculty now review the "*Lit*" for the *Princetonian's* columns. From those columns I gather that the "*Lit*" has lost none of its pristine beauty, and gained no more than the pristine number of subscribers. There is a thankless task. Other heroes win out in the end heroically, wear the bays, receive the plaudits of the multitude. But the "*Lit*" hero (unless he be also a *Princetonian* editorial writer or a *Tiger* cartoonist) toils day and night writing sonnets and editorials, stories and essays, gossip and the rest, but wins no reward except that of being gloriously "stuck" in the end. No ambitious freshman clamors to fill his columns; he cannot afford to banquet the Great of the land; and no Realm of Gold is his in the end—"not even a second-class kingdom."

The "*Lit*" editor feels proud, almost, at being roasted in the *Tiger*. The latter is a most enterprising journal and succeeds in being really humorous. At present the *Tiger* is roaring over the preceptors, and it's a poor page of it that doesn't take a fall out of the System individually or collectively. Jovial, good-natured, clean, it has won an enviable place in the esteem of the University at large. The "middle-page" cartoonist is only a "little lower than the angels" of the Football Team and the Triangle Club.

The "Monday Night Club" and the "Fortnightly" have had interesting careers. The former is now an august body that meets in the evening and in dress clothes to listen attentively to what is known as an Address or Paper. And, I understand, it is "representative"; by which is meant, I think, that "activities" and "clubs" are represented in its membership. The Fortnightly, originally a Junior-Sophomore club of literary tone, has become entirely sophomoric in its make-up, has fallen into the hands of one sophomore club, and is managed from afar by a certain upper class club not especially literary! Sic transit Gloria Clubborum.

The "Monday Night" club, I am told, has been somewhat "gloomed" by the new

Senior Society, an organization of Prominent Students who act as "undergraduate advisors" to the President. There the membership *is* representative. Athletics, the Halls, Murray Hall, the Upper Class Clubs, the Triangle Club, the Musical Clubs, the Pollers, and even (it is darkly hinted) Those Convivially Inclined—each and all have their spokesman. The Society was an undergraduate idea and has already done good work for the University.

Murray Hall is flourishing as never before; but club politics have entered in even there, and I once overheard one student complaining to another that it was a shame the way Cottage was getting all the Murray Hall offices! . . . *varium et mutabile*. . . But under whatever officers, the Philadelphian Society is a live organization, trusting not alone to faith and prayer for salvation, but making good works the keynote of its creed. Locally, it is interested in the Boys' Club, which is forwarding the cause of civilization on Witherspoon street; and in China the Princeton men support the "Princeton Work in Peking," an organization, under the supervision of Bob Gayley, for the education of young men. . . . The Saint Paul's Society, too, is a great factor in the religious life of the University. The two societies work together in many lines, and a large part of their inspiration comes through the present curate of Trinity Church. The Princetonian to-day is by no means necessarily Presbyterian, for all churches are well represented among the undergraduates; but the Princetonian is still Christian in the best meaning of the name.

The Honor System in Examinations—but there never was any question about that. Our new men on the faculty are unanimous in praising it and speak of the Princeton Undergraduate as unusually frank and above-board, honest in all his ways. It is a great tribute to Princeton and the Princeton Spirit which established the system and has kept it unblemished for over a decade.

There was something in our day which moved us mightily on all occasions—sometimes a pose, sometimes a passion, an uplift, a hunch, called Class Spirit. It was all our woe in freshman year, almost our downfall in sophomore year. It made the solid class that made the solid college. We felt it rise within us with the first "hit it up!" that fell from sophomore lips; and every smile we put in our pockets put a little more of the "spirit" in our souls. Since then, hazing, the hard, untender nurse of it, has been abolished seven and seventy times; but, like Truth crushed to earth, has in every event risen again. So that in spite of everything—mass-meetings for the abolition of hazing, indefinite suspensions, club politics—what was so firmly established in the first two or three months of college life has endured through each college generation, and the solid class and the solid college of yesterday is the same to-day and forever.

The rue is worn with a difference. The inter-class football games, never popular, have been dropped from the calendar. The one great inter-class athletic event of the year is the Freshman-Sophomore baseball game. But whereas the game used to be merely an interchange of hostilities between the two under classes, with eighteen men throwing balls and running bases, in the middle distance, it is now a public exhibition, on the part of the seniors, of splendid Homeric humor, with underclassmen, game and all, shoved out into almost any distances whatever. We had a senior "pee-rade," of

course—an impromptu affair, negligee and dishabille, under the leadership (I think I remember) of John Douglas Kilpatrick. But there is nothing impromptu about the present business. It is carefully planned, prepared, and takes away one's breath with its elaboration of detail. Last October, Adam and Eve, in barrels "built by Flynn" (the popular Nassau Street tailor), moved gracefully about the thronged Eden of the outfield; ladies of the ballet and famous historical personages exchanged courtesies with startling lack of convention; but most popular of all was the Preceptor with his "simple studes," each with book and slate in hand, chained securely to him. The student was beginning to find out what the "system" was like. He was traveling every day from a Greek preceptor on Wiggins Street to an English preceptor Lord-knows-where, and then back again to a lecture in Dickinson Hall or the School of Science, all in three consecutive hours. And here was his protest. There were signs and transparencies: "Take the Trolley to 2000 Alexander Street"; "Bring your own lunch and makings"; and, best of all, "Do not tip the preceptor." It is no wonder that, with all this mass of color and movement continually before him, the spectator takes but little interest in the game itself; and when the masquers finally sweep the field, carrying off game and players, it seems like a "feature" of the "pee-rade" and not an outrageous ending to the game.

When the Class of '96 met in Examination Hall to elect, with other officers, the best Secretary class ever had, it was more or less of an occasion. Joy was unconfined. The lid was off. The "bald heads of Europe" looked down upon us with envy from their niches in the wall. It was such royal sport, though a bit rough on the furniture! The conviviality of class elections increased steadily with the passing of years until, in the very last of the '90's, I think, the voice of Reform was heard. Now it is a pious observance, done decently with no disorder; and this is the manner of it. Nominations endorsed by ten members of the class are handed in to a committee some little time before the day set for election. Two days before the election, the list of nominees is published in the *Daily Princetonian*. Finally, on election day, each little man trots up to the *Princetonian* office and leaves his vote; and the result appears next morning in the *Prince*. No meeting; no festivity; no destruction of property. Merely "bicker-sessions," politics, electioneering, club squabbles, and cold-blooded ballots in the unblushing light of day.

The seniors still sing, in the dusk of spring days, on the steps of Nassau Hall. The ivy-covered walls behind them, the broad elm-studded campus, the underclassmen taking his ease on the grass—all the setting is the same. The mellow ring of the bell speaks enchantment still. And it seems ungrateful that, here, too, I must note the touch of change, and note it regretfully. When '93 sang on the steps, in those glorious days of Tarkington and Danny Deever, when life was all straight romance, I remember the audience as purely collegiate, almost entirely undergraduate, with only the ubiquitous kid-mucker to mar the happy-family air of the whole gathering. And there was a spontaneity in the singing, with perhaps a lack of harmony in the choruses, that carried us into moods, intricate and inexplicable, that were little short of rapture. The change to-day is not so much in the singing of new songs, for the best of the old songs still hold their own from year to year, but in the self-consciousness, the lack of spontaneity, in the singers. "Senior Singing" has become a stunt, written about in books and public

prints; it is "something to hear" to the world at large, and consequently must be taken seriously, almost as an academic exercise. . . . The campus is thronged with visitors, members of the Faculty bring their wives and sisters-in-law to hear the song which made the Faculty famous, each professor proud to have his memory embalmed in a verse of it. (Getting into the Faculty Song is, to some of the Faculty, almost what making a club is to the sophomore.) The undergraduates bring all their guests—and guests are more numerous now than we ever dreamed they could be. Proud parents and gushing girls sit on camp-stools and applaud each song to the echo. From down Nassau Street and Alexander Street and Witherspoon Street come ladies trundling baby-carriages and damsels with bags of peanuts. With all this audience eager to be pleased, has grown up a corresponding desire, in the singers, to please. "The Pope" and "Rum-ski-ho" are "numbers" on a programme and are conscientiously rehearsed beforehand in Murray Hall! Where are the voices of yesterday, when those who couldn't sing "made a joyful noise" and everybody was happy? I think it is the self-consciousness born of literary advertisement that has changed the nature of the custom. The "rush," too, has become public; and last October I saw baby-carriages hustling to get out of the way of the onslaught; but there is enough earnestness in the rush to prevent grand-stand playing. . . . To come back to the front campus and senior singing. The old favorites are still sung. The popular song of the day disappears after one season, but the rest remain. The Faculty Song, already referred to, has expanded into the proportions of an epic. We miss verses now and then; several venerable gentlemen, known and beloved by us, celebrated in song and story, have gone, and the very omission of certain lines makes a man homesick. But there is a liberal supply of new lines. The preceptors were heralded thus, last year, in a stanza ominous to the present senior class:

"Here's to those preceptor guys
Who're coming here to make us wise;
Too late to stuff it down our throats,
They'll make poor 'Oughty-Six the goats!"

This year's version is:

"Here's to those preceptor guys,
Fifty stiffs to make us wise;
Easy job and lots of pay,
Work the students night and day."

There is another song to the tune of Tammany which was "sung with great success" last year, apropos of the Lake. Thus:

Carnegie, Carnegie,
He is building us a lake—
You can hear the breakers break;
Carnegie, Carnegie,
Andy, Andy, you're a dandy, Carnegie!

And another to the same tune is:

Faculty, Faculty,
They will give us our degree,
P. D. Q. or C. O. D.;
Faculty, Faculty,
Pensum, pensum, now and then some,
Faculty!

Of the Faculty Song itself, the verse to President Wilson is a satisfactory endorsement of his policy. But when it comes to

Johnnie, Johnnie *Topley*,
Do you want me?

there *has* been a change.

I do not want to imply too much in what I have said. To each generation its own way is best. And already there is a reaction against set forms of senior singing. As it is now, they sing better than we could sing; and given the twilight of the rising moon, the outline of Nassau Hall against the sky, the hushed murmur of the listeners—I do not doubt that Romance is abroad in her old haunts and that her presence is sensible to these younger men even though we of a former generation have no longer eyes to see and ears to hear. There's one song, at least, the best song ever written, that is never perfunctory, never studied. All the old spirit, the enthusiasm, the loyalty, the love of generations of Princetonians, blaze out in that last song of all:

Her sons will give
While they shall live
Three cheers for Old Nassau!

There is never any change there.

I have been asked, especially, for a report on two things that I might have ignored as having no concern with student life—chapel and recitations. Chapel exercises are held every morning in Marquand Chapel, beginning at 8.50 and lasting till 9.10. The student is required to attend twice a week. He sits where he pleases in the section assigned to his Class, and when the hymn has been sung writes his name on a card (provided by the University) and gives it to a "spotter" at the door. He may attend chapel four times one week, if he so pleases, and rest the next (I assume his point of view); or he may make up one week's absences by four cards the next; but woe betide him if he "over-cuts." No excuses are received, even for illness; and he is suspended forthwith. The vesper services on Sunday, which to many of us were the best of all, have been dropped altogether. And yet there is no appreciable lowering of the moral standards of the student. . . . The recitations and lectures for the day begin at eight o'clock (like the "Dean's English") and run right through until two o'clock, after which a man's time is his own. It is a much better scheme than the old one, and more satisfactory to everybody concerned.



THE OLD-TIME CENTRE OF THE COLLEGE

On the campus, men kick football in the autumn, and the first spring day brings out the base-balls and bats. "Thank you!" is still a modest request for you to return a ball that barely missed hitting you on the head. . . . To our surprise the centre of the campus has been changed. No longer is it the plot of bare ground in front of Reunion, but the sidewalk in front of Gulick's! There one sits on a bench, and hears the latest "scandal," and smokes and rallies the passers-by. Exactly why the move has come about, I cannot say. Those of us who loved the steps of Reunion can

only wonder at the taste. The vernacular of the campus changes easily. Ninety-five had an opprobrious song about us, referring to us collectively, as "fruits and freaks." The word "fruit" has no meaning now. Not long ago I heard an '88 man use it—the only time I have heard it for years. "Plumber" and "piker" came and passed, and to-day a man is a "gloom" or a "sad bird." "Scandal" passes current for any bit of harmless gossip; and a "bicker session" or a "bickerbee" (wherein one is occasionally "stung") is a general conversation party. It is strange that the "system" has not created more new words and phrases; perhaps it is a little early as yet. One word which has come in with the preceptors is "floater," a term used to describe a student not in a Department who, nevertheless, elects a course in it to fill out his schedule. The word is not of undergraduate origin, but began in faculty councils, where it was soon barred out as undignified and slangy. But it has been adopted by the floaters themselves and has probably come to stay. The preceptors are facetiously styled "persecutors," but that Etonian word lacks the true flavor of true slang. Polling and bootlicking are still spades; and there is more of the former and less of the latter than in our youth. . . . Of words peculiar to the Princeton undergraduate there are but few, new or old. The present artists in slang take George Ade or the "refined vaudeville" as their masters.

There are two trolley-lines to Trenton, and Trenton is Trenton still, with the added attraction of a "refined vaudeville" place, the Trent. There the student finds relief for an over-preceptored mind. I was told yesterday that of ten men going down by trolley not long ago to see "In the Swim," nine were reading "Othello" on the way down! That's the way the System works.

But after all, I have not touched undergraduate life, the every-day life of the fourteen hundred young men who make up the University community. They go to bed

late and stay late in bed. Chapel is a twice-a-week function now, and signing a card is not an arduous business. They play Bridge at the Clubs, and I hear the word Poker mentioned occasionally. The Inn does business at the old stand, but I doubt if there is as much of it as there used to be when Arthur Bave and the *New York Voice* united their efforts to make it popular. "Dohm's" is a tale that is told; the old tables were lost in a fire last summer, and the present proprietor is not exclusive in his choice of guests. "Scud's" and the "Nassau" are still names to conjure with, but I doubt, even there, if there is quite as much magic as of old.

And the preceptors have come to town, a motley crowd from all the world over. They have met the Princeton student and have capitulated in every instance. The attitude of the student toward the new men has never been anything less than courteous, and in many instances it has been cordial. The *Tiger* pokes his fun at the System and an occasional sophomore thinks he is overworked; but those of us among the preceptors who are Princeton men have more cause than ever to be proud of Princeton and the Princeton Spirit. The new men on the faculty, so far as I know, without exception have become in one year thoroughly Princetonian; upholders of Princeton tradition and spirit, good rooters at the games; and they can sing our songs with the genuine ring that brings the lump to your throat and the mist to your eyes. And the simple student has made it possible. Frank, honest, courteous, hospitable, these undergraduates of to-day are the Real Thing. They have all our spirit and more. It is the touch that makes us all kin in the final issue. It is the Spirit that underlies undergraduate life in Princeton, unchanged and unchangeable; the Spirit that took the boys to war in '76, that divided them in '61, that called them out together again in '98; the Spirit that wins games and knows how to lose them; that works and plays, rightly or wrongly, and will save us in the end. Come down in June, hear these boys sing "Old Nassau," and thank God you are a Princeton Man.

FRANCIS CHARLES MACDONALD.



ATHLETICS

The '96 Decennial Record contains a brief history of Princeton athletics—especially football and baseball—during our undergraduate days and the succeeding ten years. It is hoped that this will prove acceptable to the men living outside of the United States, who are unable to keep very closely in touch with our athletic history as it is made. Those of us who are nearer together may be glad to have some statistics for ready reference, when a discussion arises about the score of an old baseball game, or about the personnel of the football team a few years ago. We are indebted for the following condensed statistics to the *Princeton Alumni Weekly* and the excellent "History of Athletics at Princeton."

The character of the annual football and baseball contests with Yale has changed since we were in college. The last football game with Yale in New York was played in 1896. Since then the contests have been held on college grounds. This has led to a decrease in the size of the crowd in attendance, but a marked improvement in its quality. We now have permanent stands situated so as to be available for both baseball and football games, and the general arrangement of the 'Varsity Field during the games is materially changed from the days when we used to watch the practice and a good many of the games, from the grass on the side-lines, without a thought of a stand to sit on.

FOOTBALL

FOOTBALL SCORES

1892	at	New York	Yale 12	Princeton 0
1893	at	New York	Princeton 6	Yale 0
1894	at	New York	Yale 24	Princeton 0
1895	at	Princeton	Princeton 12	Harvard 4
1895	at	New York	Yale 20	Princeton 10
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1896	at	Cambridge	Princeton 12	Harvard 0
1896	at	New York	Princeton 24	Yale 6
1897	at	New Haven	Yale 6	Princeton 0
1898	at	Princeton	Princeton 6	Yale 0
1899	at	New Haven	Princeton 11	Yale 10
1900	at	Princeton	Yale 29	Princeton 5
1901	at	New Haven	Yale 12	Princeton 0
1902	at	Princeton	Yale 12	Princeton 5
1903	at	New Haven	Princeton 11	Yale 6
1904	at	Princeton	Yale 12	Princeton 0
1905	at	New Haven	Yale 23	Princeton 4

Since our Senior year, Princeton has won four games and Yale six. The two colleges have played continuously since 1876. The first game was played in 1873. Of the total of thirty-one games played, Princeton has won nine and Yale sixteen. Four were tie games, neither side scoring. In these years of tie games (1877, 1879, 1880, 1881),

the championship was once undecided, twice awarded to Princeton and once to Yale, the title being based on the results of the games with Harvard. Two games were unfinished. In the first, in 1884, with the score 6 to 4 in favor of Yale, Moffat of Princeton kicked a goal from the field, which the referee refused to allow, as he had not seen the play. The game was unfinished on account of darkness. The second, in 1886, stood 6 to 0 in favor of Yale, and was unfinished on account of darkness. The summary is: Games won by Princeton 9; games won by Yale 16; tie games 4; unfinished games 2; total games played 31.

The football series with Harvard has resulted in eleven victories for Princeton (1877 fall, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1883, 1884, 1886, 1888, 1889, 1895, 1896); three for Harvard (spring 1877, 1882, 1887), and one tie game without scores (1881). The two colleges have not met in a football game since 1896.

Since our graduation, the Yale-Harvard games have resulted as follows: 1896, no game; 1897, tie game, no score; 1898, Harvard 17, Yale 0; 1899, tie game, no score; 1900, Yale 28, Harvard, 0; 1901, Harvard 21, Yale 0; 1902, Yale 23, Harvard 0; 1903, Yale 17, Harvard 0; 1904, Yale 12, Harvard 0; 1905, Yale 6, Harvard 0.

As between Yale, Harvard and Princeton, the championship title has been held as follows, since 1873: Yale, fifteen championships (1876, 1881, 1882, 1883, 1887, 1888, 1891, 1892, 1894, 1895, 1897, 1900, 1902, 1904, 1905). Princeton, ten championships (1873, 1878, 1879, 1880, 1885, 1889, 1893, 1896, 1899, 1903). Harvard, two championships (1890, 1901). Undecided, four times (1877, 1884, 1886, 1898).

In the season of 1898, Yale was beaten by both Harvard and Princeton, but they did not play to decide the championship. In 1894, 1895, 1897, 1904 and 1905, Pennsylvania disputed Yale's title, having beaten Harvard. In the years of Princeton's and Harvard's championships, in the above summary, the others of the Big Four lost at least one game.

We have not sufficient space to tabulate all the minor games of the last ten years. Since 1896, the teams of the smaller colleges have made remarkable advances in football, and matters are now so changed that Yale, Princeton and Harvard, who until lately had only one another to fear, have several times been defeated in preliminary games by the teams of Cornell, West Point, Dartmouth, Annapolis, Columbia and Amherst, while tie games have not been infrequent during the early season.

In the last decade the annual football game between the Army and Navy has grown greatly in popular favor. When it was first decided to play the game on a neutral field, the football field of the University of Pennsylvania was the arena of conflict. In 1905, the game was transferred to Princeton. The score was Army 6, Navy 6. Princeton has never had a more brilliant audience in attendance at a football game. Princeton's hospitality delighted the guests from the Army and Navy, but the railroad arrangements were hardly satisfactory; so it is doubtful whether the game will be played at Princeton again.

The following is a brief résumé of Princeton's games with Yale and Harvard, during our college course and since our graduation, with the names of the players on both sides.

1892—IN NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 24.

Yale scored a touchdown on the third play of the game on a long end run by L. Bliss. Yale scored again in the second half on Stillman's block of a kick. Score: Yale 12, Princeton 0. PRINCETON—Trenchard '95 (R. E.), Harrold '93 (R. T.), Hall '96 (R. G.), Balliet '94 (C.), Wheeler '95 (L. G.), Lea '96 (L. T.), Randolph '93 (L. E.), King '93 (Captain, Q.), J. P. Poe '96 (L. H. B.), Morse '95 (R. H. B.), Homans '92 (F. B.). YALE—Greenway (R. E.), Wallis (R. T.), Hickok (R. G.), Stillman (C.), McCrea (L. G.), Winter (L. T.), Hinkey (L. E.), McCormick (Captain, Q.), L. Bliss (L. H. B.), Graves (L. H. B.), C. Bliss (R. H. B.), Butterworth (F. B.).

1893—IN NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 30.

Both colleges had excellent teams. Princeton scored toward the end of the first half on a succession of tandem plays, Ward making the touchdown. No scoring was done in the second half, although the ball was in Yale's territory almost all the time, and was repeatedly carried within Yale's ten-yard line. The features of this half were Morse's long run on a long pass, and several long runs by King, carrying back kicks. Score: Princeton 6, Yale 0. PRINCETON—Brown '95 (L. E.), Holly '95 (L. T.), Wheeler '95 (L. G.), Balliet '94 (C.), Taylor '95 (R. G.), Lea '96 (R. T.), Trenchard '95 (Captain, R. E.), King '93 (Q.), Ward '95 (L. H. B.), Morse '95 (R. H. B.), Blake '94 (F. B.). YALE—Hinkey (Captain, L. E.), Murphy (L. T.), McCrea (L. G.), Stillman (C.), Hickok (R. G.), Beard (R. T.), Greenway (R. E.), Adeo (Q.), Armstrong (L. H. B.), Thorne (R. H. B.), Hart (R. H. B.), Butterworth (F. B.).

Orange Boven !

"Princeton is not in the same class
with New Haven and Cambridge."
J. HIGHLANDS

PRINCETON, 6
Yale, . . 0

Yale, . 6
HARVARD, 0

HARVARD, 26
U. OF P., 4

Where, 0 where is "Pennsy" ?

MEMORIES OF '93

1894—IN NEW YORK, DECEMBER 1.

Yale completely outclassed Princeton in knowledge of the game and physical condition. Yale scored three times in the first half and once in the second. The game was played in a pouring rain, and there were consequently many mistakes in handling the ball. Score: Yale 24, Princeton 0. PRINCETON—Brown '95 (L. E.), Holly '95 (L. T.), Wheeler '96 (L. G.), Riggs '97 (C.), Rhodes '97 (R. G.), Taylor '95 (R. T.), Trenchard '95 (R. E.), Ward '95 (Q.), Poe '97 (L. H. B.), Rosengarten '97 (L. H. B.), Barnett '96 (R. H. B.), Cochran '98 (F. B.), Bannard '98 (F. B.). YALE—F. Hinkey (L. E.), Beard (L. T.), McCrea (L. G.), Stillman (C.), Hickok (R. G.), Murphy (R. T.), Chadwick (R. T.), L. Hinkey (R. E.), Adeo (Q.), Thorne (L. H. B.), Letton (L. H. B.), Jerrems (R. H. B.), Butterworth (F. B.).

1895—IN PRINCETON, NOVEMBER 2.

Yale and Harvard broke off athletic relations this year, and a game was arranged between Harvard and Princeton. The Harvard team was a decided favorite. During the first half Harvard's strong attack kept the ball in Princeton's territory, but was unable to score. Toward the end of the half Harvard fumbled the ball on Princeton's five-yard line, and Suter, the Princeton quarter-back, picked up the ball and made a ninety-yard run. The apparently sure touchdown was prevented by a tackle

from behind by Harvard's half-back, C. Brewer. The half ended without scoring. In the second half, Harvard was held for downs on her own five-yard line fumble, and Princeton immediately scored her first touchdown. A blocked kick soon afterward gave Harvard her only score, and on a similar play Princeton scored a few minutes later. Princeton's third touchdown was made toward the end of the game, on a double pass at Harvard's fifteen-yard line. Score: Princeton 12, Harvard 4. PRINCETON—Hearn '96 (L. E.), Church '97 (L. T.), Riggs '97 (L. G.), Wentz '99 (L. G.), Gailey P. G. (C.), Rhodes '97 (R. G.), Lea '96 (Captain, R. T.), Tyler '97 (R. T.), Cochran '98 (R. E.), Suter '99 (Q.), Rosengarten '97 (L. H. B.), Armstrong '98 (R. H. B.), Bannard '98 (R. H. B.), Baird '99 (F. B.). HARVARD—Cabot (L. E.), Stevenson (L. T.), Hallowell (L. T.), Holt (L. G.), Shaw (C.), Doucette (C.), Jaffray (R. G.), Donald (R. T.), A. Brewer (Captain, R. E.), Newell (R. E.), Borden (Q.), Wrightington (L. H. B.), Gonteman (L. H. B.), C. Brewer (R. H. B.), Fairchild (F. B.), Dunlop (F. B.).

1895—IN NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 23.

This was a most spectacular game, full of surprises. The teams were well matched. In the first half, Bass, Yale's left end, picked up a fumbled ball and carried it across the line for a touchdown. Yale made a second score in this half, on a series of rushes following a blocked kick. Yale scored a third time early in the second half on a long run by Thorne, and a series of rushes. With the score heavily against her, Princeton then scored twice, first on a series of rushes from the center of the field, and then after a kick, blocked by Tyler, who followed the ball down the field for a touchdown. Toward the end of the game, Yale's captain, Thorne, made a remarkable run through the entire Princeton team, on a fake kick. Score: Yale 20, Princeton 10. PRINCETON—Lea '96 (Captain, L. E.), Thompson '97 (L. E.), Church '97 (L. T.), Riggs '97 (L. G.), Wentz '99 (L. G.), Gailey P. G. (C.), Rhodes '97 (R. G.), Tyler '97 (R. T.), Cochran '98 (R. E.), Suter '99 (Q.), Armstrong '98 (L. H. B.), Kelly '98 (L. H. B.), Rosengarten '97 (R. H. B.), Bannard '98 (R. H. B.), Baird '99 (F. B.). YALE—Bass (L. E.), Rodgers (L. T.), Chadwick (L. G.), H. Cross (C.), W. Cross (R. G.), Murphy (R. T.), Hinkley (R. E.), Fincke (Q.), Thorne (Captain, L. H. B.), DeWitt (R. H. B.), Jerrems (F. B.).

1896—IN CAMBRIDGE, NOVEMBER 7.

The first half of the game resulted in no scores. Princeton played a kicking game as there was a strong wind with her. In the middle of the second half, Bannard scored for Princeton on a forty-yard run. Toward the end of the game, a blocked kick gave Princeton her second tally. Score: Princeton 12, Harvard 0. PRINCETON—Brokaw '97 (L. E.), Thompson '97 (L. E.), Church '97 (L. T.), Crowdis '99 (L. G.), Gailey P. G. (C.), Armstrong '98 (R. G.), Hillebrand '00 (R. T.), Cochran '98 (R. E.), Brokaw '97 (R. E.), Smith '97 (Q.), Bannard '98 (L. H. B.), Wheeler '00 (L. H. B.), Kelly '98 (R. H. B.), Reiter '98 (R. H. B.), Poe '97 (R. H. B.), Baird '99 (F. B.). HARVARD—Moulton (L. E.), Lee (L. T.), Shaw (L. G.), Doucette (C.), Bouve (R. G.), Swain (R. T.), Cabot (R. E.), Brewer (R. E.), Lewis (R. E.), Beale (Q.), Sullivan (L. H. B.), Dunlop (R. H. B.), Cozzens (R. H. B.), Brown (F. B.), Dibblee (F. B.).

1896—IN NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 21.

Princeton developed this year the strongest eleven in her history. As individuals the players were not stars, but no other Princeton team has ever developed such team work, speed and effective attack. Taking advantage of the one weak point in Princeton's game, Yale scored first on a blocked kick. Princeton then changed her tactics and put into action an attack which could not be stopped. By the use of the revolving tandem (the "turtle back"), first used this year, and short end runs she scored five touchdowns. This was the most decisive victory ever scored against Yale. The most spectacular feature was Smith's long run in the first half, after receiving the ball from Baird, who had been tackled after catching a punt. Score: Princeton 24, Yale 6. PRINCETON—Brokaw '97 (L. E.), Church '97 (L. T.), Crowdis '99 (L. G.), Gailey P. G. (C.), Armstrong '98 (R. G.), Hillebrand '00 (R. T.), Cochran '98 (Captain, R. E.), Smith '97 (Q.), Bannard '98 (L. H. B.), Wheeler '00 (L. H. B.), Kelly '98 (R. H. B.), Baird '99 (F. B.). YALE—Bass (L. E.), Rodgers (L. T.), Chadwick (L. G.), Chamberlain (C.), Murray (R. G.), Murphy (Captain, R. T.), Durston (R. T.), Connor (R. E.), Fincke (Q.), Hine (L. H. B.), Mills (L. H. B.), Benjamin (R. H. B.), Van Every (R. H. B.), Hinkley (F. B.).

1897—AT NEW HAVEN, NOVEMBER 20.

Princeton's team was a decided favorite this year, but her hard games in the early part of the season brought the team to a weakened physical condition, which did much to decide the result of the game with Yale. The revolving tandem play, which had proved so effective the year before, was easily stopped. Princeton's attack had little effect until the end of the second half, when a disastrous fumble ended things. Neither side scored in the first half. De Saulles, Yale's quarter-back, made a long run from the kick off of the second half, and Yale soon after made the only score of the game. Score: Yale 6, Princeton 0. PRINCETON—Craig P. G. (L. E.), Holt '00 (L. T.), Crowdis '99 (L. G.), Booth '00 (C.), Dickey '98 (C.), Edwards '00 (R. G.), Hillebrand '00 (R. T.) Cochran '98 (Captain, R. E.), H. Lathrope '00 (R. E.), Baird '99 (Q.), Burke '00 (Q.), Ayres '99 (L. H. B.), Reiter '98 (L. H. B.), Bannard '98 (R. H. B.), Kelly '98 (R. H. B.), Wheeler '00 (F. B.). YALE—Hazen (L. E.), Rodgers (Captain, L. T.), Chadwick (L. G.), Cadwalader (C.), Brown (R. G.), Chamberlain (R. T.), Hall (R. E.), De Saulles (Q.), Dudley (L. H. B.), Benjamin (R. H. B.), McBride (F. B.).

1898—AT PRINCETON, NOVEMBER 12.

Yale greatly outclassed Princeton in her ability to rush the ball, but the Yale backs made several bad fumbles at critical moments. After one of these in the first half, with the ball on Princeton's fifteen-yard line, Arthur Poe, Princeton's end, picked up the ball and ran ninety-five yards for a touchdown. He repeated the performance in the second half, but the referee would not allow the play. Princeton excelled in every department of the kicking game, the assistance given by the ends being wonderful, and won for that reason. They repeatedly had the ball within Yale's fifteen-yard line, but could not carry it across the line. For full poetical particulars, read "Poe's Run," by McCready Sykes, '94. Score: Princeton 6, Yale 0. PRINCETON—Palmer '98 (L. E.), Geer '99 (L. T.), Crowdis '99 (L. G.), Mills '02 (L. G.), Booth '00 (C.), Edwards '00 (R. G.), Hillebrand '00 (Captain, R. T.), Poe '00 (R. E.), Duncan '01 (Q.), Hutchinson (Q.), Beardsley '02 (L. H. B.), Black '99 (R. H. B.), Kafer '00 (R. H. B.), Wheeler '00 (R. H. B.), Ayres '99 (F. B.). YALE—Eddy (L. E.), Stillman (L. T.), Brown (L. G.), Cutten (C.), Marshall (R. G.), Chamberlain (Captain, R. T.), Coy (R. E.), De Saulles (Q.), Ely (Q.), Durston (L. H. B.), Benjamin (R. H. B.), Corwin (R. H. B.), McBride (F. B.).

1899—AT NEW HAVEN, NOVEMBER 25

In the early part of this season, Princeton lost to Cornell, 5 to 0, in a game of twenty-minute halves. Young, Cornell's quarter-back, kicked a field goal a few minutes before the second half ended. Yale, too, had tasted preliminary defeat this year, at the hands of Columbia, in October, 5 to 0. This was the most sensational game ever played between the two colleges. Princeton scored a few minutes after the game began, after a fifty-yard end run by Reiter, behind splendid interference. Reiter was stopped by a fine tackle from behind, on the one-yard line, but the ball was pushed over in the next three plays, and the goal was kicked. Soon after, Yale blocked a Princeton punt, and fell on the ball for a touchdown. Yale missed the try for a goal, at a difficult angle, with the sun in the eyes of their kicker, Brown, who had just blocked the punt. Within a few minutes, Yale's half-back, Sharpe, kicked a beautiful field goal from the forty-five yard line, and the first half ended with a score of 10 to 6 in Yale's favor.

Princeton's defense was invulnerable against rushing, all through the game. Yale excelled in physical condition. Near the end of the second half, only three members of the original Princeton team remained in the play. Nineteen men played for Princeton in the game. Princeton's substitutes gave her added freshness and strength in attack toward the end of the game. During this half there was little kicking, and both teams tried to hold the ball. A few minutes before the game ended, McBride, Yale's captain, fumbled on a line play and Princeton got the ball. A few rushes carried it to the Yale twenty-five yard line. Thirty seconds were left for play. The ball was passed to Arthur Poe, the end, who dropped a fine field goal from the thirty-five yard line, snatching victory from defeat. Sykes's poem, "Poe's Kick," celebrates this victory. Score: Princeton 11, Yale 10. PRINCETON—Palmer '98 (L. E.), Roper '02 (L. E.), Pell '02 (L. T.), Mills '02 (L. G.), Craig P. G. (L. G.), Booth '00 (C.), Bannard '00

(C.), Edwards '00 (Captain, R. G.), Hillebrand '00 (R. T.), Lloyd '00 (R. T.), Poe '00 (R. E.), Hutchinson '02 (Q.), Burke '00 (Q.), McCord '02 (L. H. B.), G. Lathrope '00 (L. H. B.), Reiter '98 (R. H. B.), S. McClave '03 (R. H. B.), Wheeler '00 (F. B.), Mattis '01 (F. B.). YALE—Hubbell (L. E.), Francis (L. T.), Brown (L. G.), Hale (C.), Olcott (R. G.), Stillman (R. T.), Snitjer (R. E.), Gould (R. E.), Fincke (Q.), Keene (L. H. B.), Richards (L. H. B.), Sharpe (R. H. B.), McBride (Captain, F. B.).

1900—AT PRINCETON, NOVEMBER 17.

This was Princeton's most disastrous season. Cornell completely outplayed her on November 3, and won 12 to 0. Columbia defeated Princeton 6 to 5, three days afterward, on Election Day, no practice intervening after the hard game with Cornell. An unusual decision by the referee deprived Princeton of a chance to kick a goal after a touchdown. This might have prevented the loss of the game.

The heavy Yale team of veterans completely outclassed the light and inexperienced Princeton team, and the story of 1896 was reversed. Yale scored five touchdowns, and Princeton took advantage of her only opportunity by scoring on a field goal by Mattis. Score: Yale 29, Princeton 5. PRINCETON—Roper '02 (L. E.), Wright '02 (L. G.), Pell '02 (Captain, L. T.), Sheffield (L. T.), Losey '03 (C.), Butkiewicz '04 (C.), Mills '02 (R. G.), Little '01 (R. E.), Davis '04 (R. T.), Meier '02 (Q.), Duncan '01 (Q.), McCord '02 (L. H. B.), S. McClave '03 (L. H. B.), Reiter '98 (R. H. B.), Hart '04 (R. H. B.), Mattis '01 (F. B.). YALE—Gould (L. E.), Brown (Captain, L. G.), Bloomer (L. T.), Olcott (C.), Sheldon (R. G.), Coy (R. E.), Stillman (R. T.), Wear (Q.), Fincke (L. H. B.), Chadwick (R. H. B.), Hale (F. B.), Dupee (F. B.).

1901—AT NEW HAVEN, NOVEMBER 16.

Princeton and Yale met after successful preliminary seasons, but Princeton's high hopes were dashed. Yale's superior attack scored two touchdowns, one in each half. Princeton showed poor judgment in kicking too often on the first or second down, and did not develop her attack till toward the end of the game. Score: Yale 12, Princeton 0. Yale was badly defeated by Harvard a week later, 21 to 0. PRINCETON—Davis (L. E.), Pell (Captain, L. T.), Mills (L. G.), Butkiewicz (L. G.), Fisher (C.), Dana (R. G.), Short (R. G.), DeWitt (R. T.), Henry (R. E.), Roper (R. E.), Freeman (Q.), Poe (Q.), Foulke (L. H. B.), Pearson (L. H. B.), McClave (R. H. B.), Stevens (R. H. B.), Sheffield (F. B.), McCord (F. B.). YALE—Gould (Captain, L. E.), Goss (L. T.), Kunzig (L. T.), Olcott (L. G.), Holt (C.), Hamlin (R. G.), Hogan (R. T.), Swan (R. E.), DeSaulles (Q.), Wilhelm (L. H. B.), Hart (L. H. B.), Chadwick (R. H. B.), Weymouth (F. B.).

1902—AT PRINCETON, NOVEMBER 15.

Princeton scored first on a fifty-yard field goal by DeWitt, a few minutes after the game began. Captain Chadwick twice broke through the Princeton line, and made long runs of fifty and sixty yards for touchdowns. There was no scoring in the second half. Yale's team surpassed Princeton's in weight, age and experience. Score: Yale 12, Princeton 5. PRINCETON—Davis (Captain, L. E.), Crawford (L. E.), Brown (L. T.), Short (L. T.), Bradley (L. G.), Rafferty (L. G.), Short (C.), Barney (C.), DeWitt (R. G.), Reed (R. T.), Henry (R. E.), Tooker (R. E.), Pearson (Q.), Hart (L. H. B.), S. McClave (L. H. B.), Foulke (R. H. B.), Bush (R. H. B.), R. McClave (F. B.), Ames (F. B.). YALE—Rafferty (L. E.), Hare (L. E.), Kinney (L. T.), Glass (L. G.), Holt (C.), Goss (R. G.), Hogan (R. T.), Shevlin (R. E.), Rockwell (Q.), Chadwick (Captain, L. H. B.), Metcalf (R. H. B.), Farmer (R. H. B.), Bowman (F. B.).

1903—AT NEW HAVEN, NOVEMBER 14.

This year's game brought a pleasant reversal of football honors. Princeton won the undisputed championship of the East. Yale's strong attack resulted in a touchdown by Hogan in the first fifteen minutes of play. Princeton had rushed the ball nearly to the Yale line a few minutes earlier. Yale started on her way toward a second score, but was held on Princeton's eighteen-yard line. Mitchell tried for a goal from the field. The kick was blocked. DeWitt picked up the ball, and, aided by fine interference by the ends, ran seventy-five yards for a touchdown. The first half ended 6 to 6. In the



ARTHUR LEDLIE WHEELER '96
Guard, 1891-4



LANGDON LEA, '96
Varsity Captain, 1895
Tackle, 1892-5



WILLIAM PRETTYMAN HEARN, '96
End, 1895



HUGH WILSON BARNETT, '96
Half-Back 1894

second half Yale's team weakened, and toward the end Princeton made a long run on a fake kick. DeWitt tried for a field goal and missed. Yale kicked out the ball to the forty-eight yard line, where it was heeled by Vetterlein for a free kick. DeWitt kicked a superb goal from placement. The game ended a minute afterward. Score: Princeton 11, Yale 6. Yale beat Harvard 17 to 0 the week afterward. Carnochan '96 has been the physician in charge of the teams since this season of 1903. PRINCETON—Davis (L. E.) Cooney (L. T.) Dillon (L. G.), Short (C.), DeWitt (Captain, R. G.), Reed (R. T.), Henry (R. E.), Vetterlein (Q.), Burke (Q.), Kafer (L. H. B.), King (L. H. B.), Hart (R. H. B.), Vetterlein (R. H. B.), Rulon-Miller (F. B.). YALE—Rafferty (Captain, L. E.), Kinney (L. T.), Batchelder (L. G.), Roraback (C.), Bloomer (R. G.), Miller (R. G.), Hogan (R. T.), Shevlin (R. E.), Rockwell (Q.), Mitchell (L. H. B.), Bowman (L. H. B.), Metcalf (R. H. B.), Farmer (F. B.), Owsley (F. B.).

1904—AT PRINCETON, NOVEMBER 12.

In the preliminary season Princeton lost to Annapolis, 10 to 9, and Yale lost to West Point, 11 to 6. This was probably the most uninteresting game ever played between Yale and Princeton. This game and the Yale-Harvard game the same year have been made the text for many of the recent discussions on the subject of eliminating mass plays and making the game more open. Mass play after mass play was the order of the contest. Yale's heavy team pushed Princeton back steadily for two scores in the first half, the first following one good run after a delayed pass. Princeton gained consistently through Yale's line in the second half, but neither side could tally. Score: Yale 12, Princeton 0. PRINCETON—Crawford (L. E.), Cooney (L. T.), Dillon (L. G.), Dutcher (C.), Short (R. G.), Stannard (R. T.), Tooker (R. E.), Ward (R. E.), Burke (Q.), Tenney (Q.), Ritter (L. H. B.), Foulke (Captain, R. H. B.), King (R. H. B.), Rulon-Miller (F. B.), McCormick (F. B.). YALE—Shevlin (L. E.), Bloomer (L. T.), Kinney (L. G.), Roraback (C.), Tripp (R. G.), Hogan (Captain, R. T.), Neal (R. E.), Rockwell (Q.), Hoyt (L. H. B.), Leavenworth (R. H. B.), Owsley (F. B.), Flynn (F. B.).

1905—AT NEW HAVEN, NOVEMBER 18.

Princeton lost a preliminary game to Dartmouth. Yale went through the season undefeated. She won from Princeton by a one-sided score, which does not represent the relative strength of the two teams. Princeton gained more ground than Yale in the first half, and during the entire game was often dangerously near the Yale goal line. Yale scored four times, on several series of short rushes, which followed advantages she had gained by Princeton's muff of a punt, two excellent long runs by Yale backs after catching kicks, and a most unusual kick by Princeton, which bounded backward and into the hands of a Yale back, who carried it for a long run. Princeton played pluckily and with her old-time spirit. Both teams were strong aggressively and weak on the defense. Toward the end of the second half Princeton's attack came near the Yale goal again, but not near enough for a touchdown, although a field goal was kicked. Score: Yale 23, Princeton 4. PRINCETON—Brasher (L. E.), O'Brien (L. E.), Cooney (Captain, L. T.), Rafferty (L. G.), P. Waller (L. G.), Carothers (C.), J. C. Waller (C.), H. Dillon (R. G.), Phillips (R. G.), Herring (R. T.), Tooker (R. E.), E. Dillon (Q.), Tenney (Q.), Bard (L. H. B.), Munn (L. H. B.), Daub (R. H. B.), Tibbott (R. H. B.), McCormick (F. B.). YALE—Shevlin (Captain, R. E.), Bigelow (R. T.), Tripp (R. G.), Flanders (C.), Erwin (L. G.), Hockenburger (L. G.), Forbes (L. T.), Cates (L. E.), H. Jones (L. E.), Hutchinson (Q.), Morse (R. H. B.), Veeder (L. H. B.), Roome (L. H. B.), Knox (L. H. B.), Flynn (F. B.), Roome (F. B.).

In the winter of 1906, concerted action was taken by the prominent American universities to restrict athletics within proper bounds, and remove some of the abuses that had crept in during the course of years. Yale, Harvard and Princeton have established new rules of eligibility, which have been adopted with modifications by almost all the other colleges. By these rules, freshmen and others who have not completed their first year of study at the university are not eligible for membership on Varsity teams. Nearly all graduate students are likewise ineligible, and no one may compete as a member of a university team for more than three years. These rules apply to all branches of athletics. The rules for the game of football have been materially amended.



EDWARDS PIERREPONT WARD, '96
Short Stop, 1896



ARTHUR GUNSTER, '96
Third Base, 1893-96



WALTER CLARK TITUS, '96
Catcher, 1896



JOHN PRENTISS POE, JR., '96
Half-Back, 1892

BASEBALL

In the last ten years, Princeton has won seven series and eighteen games, and Yale has won three series and thirteen games, in the yearly baseball contests between the two colleges. The record of all their games since 1867 is: Yale, twenty series and fifty-six games won; Princeton, eleven series and thirty-five games won; one tie game (1890); and five drawn series (1873, 1875, 1881, 1883, 1889).

The record with Harvard since 1868, stands: Harvard, fourteen series and forty games won; Princeton, thirteen series and thirty-five games won; two tie games (1876 and 1879); and five drawn series (1879, 1882, 1886, 1889, 1900). Last year (1905) Harvard won the single game played, which represented their first series won from Princeton since 'Ninety-Six's Freshman year. In the last ten years, Princeton has won seven series, and Harvard one.

During the same ten-year period, Princeton has won the baseball championship, as between Harvard, Yale and Princeton, five times (1896, 1897, 1899, 1903, 1904). Yale won in 1898 and 1905. Harvard and Princeton were tied in their own series in 1900, and did not play in 1901; but both defeated Yale in these years. In 1902, Yale defeated Princeton, Princeton defeated Harvard, and Harvard defeated Yale, so there was no championship. Harvard won from Yale continuously from 1899 to 1904. Since 1893, Harvard has not won an undisputed baseball championship in virtue of defeating both Yale and Princeton.

Lack of space prevents printing detailed scores of the baseball games during our college course, and since 1896; but for purposes of reference the personnel of each Princeton team in the Yale and Harvard games, and the scores of these games, are given as follows:

1893—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY HARVARD.

HARVARD 7	PRINCETON 0	YALE 5	PRINCETON 1
HARVARD 9	PRINCETON 8	YALE 2	PRINCETON 0
		YALE 14	PRINCETON 7

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Drake '94; Catcher, Humphreys '93, Trenchard '95; First Base, Otto '95, Guild '93; Second Base, King '93 (Captain); Third Base, Gunster '96, Guild '93; Short Stop, Brooks '95; Left Field, Mackenzie '94; Center Field, Woodcock '93; Right Field, Payne '95.

1894—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY YALE.

PRINCETON 12	HARVARD 5	YALE 5	PRINCETON 3
HARVARD 10	PRINCETON 4	PRINCETON 4	YALE 2
PRINCETON 11	HARVARD 4	YALE 9	PRINCETON 5

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Altman '97, Bradley '97; Catcher, Williams '97; First Base, Ward '95, Otto '95; Second Base, King '93; Third Base, Gunster '96; Short Stop, Brooks '95; Left Field, Mackenzie '94 (Captain); Right Field, Trenchard, '95, Ward '95; Center Field, Payne '95.

1895—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY YALE.

PRINCETON 7	HARVARD 2	YALE 1	PRINCETON 0
PRINCETON 14	HARVARD 2	YALE 9	PRINCETON 8

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Wilson '97, Altman '97, Easton '98; Catcher, Trenchard '95, Williams '97; First Base, Otto '95, Smith '97; Second Base, Ward '95; Third Base, Gunster '96; Short Stop, Brooks '95 (Captain); Left Field, Payne '95; Center Field, Easton '98; Right Field, Bradley '97.

1896—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY PRINCETON.

(Yale and Harvard did not play together this year.)

PRINCETON 17	HARVARD 9	PRINCETON 13	YALE 0
PRINCETON 8	HARVARD 6 (16 Innings)	YALE 7	PRINCETON 5
HARVARD 8	PRINCETON 5	PRINCETON 5	YALE 0
PRINCETON 4	HARVARD 2 (10 Innings)	YALE 8	PRINCETON 4
	PRINCETON 4	YALE 3 (11 Innings)	

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Easton '98, Wilson '97; Catcher, Smith '97, Titus '96; First Base, Kelly '98, Bradley '97; Second Base, Sankey '97, Wheeler '97, Smith '97; Third Base, Gunster '96; Short Stop, Ward '96; Left Field, Easton '98; Suter '99, Wilson '97, Titus '96, Wheeler '97; Center Field, Bradley '97 (Captain), Easton '98, Titus '96; Right Field, Altman '97.

1897—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY PRINCETON.

PRINCETON 6	HARVARD 3	YALE 10	PRINCETON 9 (10 Innings.)
HARVARD 7	PRINCETON 4	PRINCETON 16	YALE 8
PRINCETON 2	HARVARD 0	PRINCETON 22	YALE 8

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Jayne '97, Wilson '97 (Captain); Catcher, Kafer '00; First Base, Kelly '98; Second Base, Smith '97; Third Base, Hillebrand '00, Barret '98; Short Stop, Butler '98; Left Field, Easton '98; Center Field, Bradley '97; Right Field, Altman '97, Suter '99.

1898—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY YALE.

PRINCETON 12	HARVARD 2	PRINCETON 12	YALE 7
PRINCETON 9	HARVARD 2	YALE 6	PRINCETON 4
		YALE 8	PRINCETON 3

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Hillebrand '00; Catcher, Kafer '00 (Captain); First Base, Kelly '98; Second Base, Burke '00; Third Base, Hutchings '01; Short Stop, Butler '98; Left Field, Easton '98; Center Field, Watkins '00; Right Field, Suter '99.

1899—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY PRINCETON.

PRINCETON 10	HARVARD 2	YALE 8	PRINCETON 0
PRINCETON 12	HARVARD 2	PRINCETON 6	YALE 2
		PRINCETON 11	YALE 4

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Hillebrand '00; Catcher, Kafer '00 (Captain); First Base, Chapman '02, Greene '02; Second Base, Bedford '99; Third Base, Hutchings '01, Hutchinson '02; Short Stop, Hutchinson '02, McGibbon '99; Left Field, Suter '99; Center Field, Watkins '00; Right Field, Harrison '99.

1900—PRINCETON AND HARVARD TIE FOR CHAMPIONSHIP.

HARVARD 4	PRINCETON 0	PRINCETON 9	YALE 3
PRINCETON 9	HARVARD 2	PRINCETON 5	YALE 4

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Hillebrand '00 (Captain); Catcher, Greene '02, Kafer '00; First Base, Pearson '03; Second Base, Steinwender '02; Third Base, Hutchinson '02, Hutchings '01; Short Stop, Meier '02; Left Field, Kafer '00, Chapman '02; Center Field, Watkins '00; Right Field, Burke '00.

1901—CHAMPIONSHIP UNDECIDED.

PRINCETON AND HARVARD, No games.	PRINCETON 15	YALE 5
YALE 9	PRINCETON 8	PRINCETON 5
		YALE 2

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Hillebrand '04, Underhill '04; Catcher, Greene '02 (Captain); First Base, Meier '02, Pearson '03; Second Base, Steinwender '02; Third Base, Hutchings '01; Short Stop, Cosgrave '04, Meier '02; Left Field, Brown '02; Center Field, Hillebrand '04, Pearson '03; Right Field, Cosgrave '04, Pearson '03, Davis '04.

1902—NO CHAMPIONSHIP.

YALE 10	PRINCETON 6	PRINCETON 7	HARVARD 0
PRINCETON 8	YALE 5	YALE 5	PRINCETON 4

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Stevens '04; Underhill '04; Catcher, Greene '02; First Base, Pearson '03; Second Base, Steinwender '02 (Captain); Third Base, Wells '05; Short Stop, Meier '02; Left Field, Brown '02; Center Field, Cosgrave '04; Right Field, Davis '04.

1903—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY PRINCETON.

PRINCETON 6	HARVARD 5	PRINCETON 10	YALE 6
YALE 2	PRINCETON 1	PRINCETON 7	YALE 6

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Stevens '04; Catcher, Reid '06; First Base, Pearson '03 (Captain); Second Base, Wells '05; Third Base, Purnell '04; Short Stop, Ameli '03; Left Field, Underhill '04; Center Field, Cosgrove '04; Right Field, Davis '04.

1904—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY PRINCETON.

PRINCETON 7	HARVARD 6	PRINCETON 10	YALE 1
YALE 3	PRINCETON 1	PRINCETON 10	YALE 4

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Byram '06; Catcher, Cooney '07; First Base, Davis '04; Second Base, Wells '05; Third Base, Reid '06; Short Stop, Purnell '04; Left Field, Underhill '04; Center Field, Cosgrove '04; Right Field, Stevens '04 (Captain).

1905—CHAMPIONSHIP WON BY YALE.

HARVARD 6	PRINCETON 1	YALE 3	PRINCETON 2
PRINCETON 18	YALE 2	YALE 8	PRINCETON 5

PRINCETON TEAM—Pitcher, Byram '06, Doyle '05; Catcher, Cooney '07; First Base, Bard '06; Second Base, Wells '05 (Captain); Third Base, McLean '07; Short Stop, Reid '06; Left Field, Forsythe '05; Center Field, Heim '08; Right Field, L. Doyle '06, Cook '08.

Three games of baseball during this period of ten years are notable for their termination in victory after a whirlwind "Princeton finish," impressing upon our rivals that Princeton is not beaten while the game is unfinished.

In 1900, Princeton won the first game from Yale at New Haven, but the course of the second game brought little hope to Old Nassau. Yale piled up four runs during their nine innings, but not a Princeton man reached second base until the ninth inning. Then a fine batting rally brought in five runs and an unnecessary sixth. Six safe hits and some poor work by the Yale team gave Princeton the game in a scene of excitement which has never been equalled on our Varsity Field.

In 1903, the deciding game was played in New York. Princeton had already defeated Harvard, who won from Yale later. Yale's good work and Princeton's errors on a muddy diamond brought the score to six to one in Yale's favor at the end of the eighth inning. Yale's "Undertaker" song, "No Hope for Princeton," rang out loud and clear as the ninth inning began. The spectators were beginning to file out of the grounds. Four safe hits by Princeton brought in one run and filled the bases, with two men out. Before the third man was retired, Princeton made two more singles, and a two bagger, and the score stood seven to six in Princeton's favor. Yale went out in order in the ninth, and the Championship was safe for Old Nassau.

In the 1904 game with Harvard, the Crimson led by six to nothing after six innings were played. Princeton made three in the seventh, and one in the eighth. Three more in the ninth won the game, and showed our friends from Cambridge that the Princeton finish was not reserved for Yale alone.

MINOR ATHLETICS



It would be impossible to give in this book any full account of the constantly increasing branches of minor athletics. Since our time, golf, basket-ball, wrestling and hockey have been added to our Varsity athletics, and teams now represent the University in Intercollegiate contests in these branches of sport. Polo, fencing, association football have been tried, but have not won much favor as yet. The gymnastic team now enters an annual Intercollegiate meet, and holds dual contests with other colleges. Tennis and track athletics are followed about as they were during our time, with perhaps a little more success. The track team now holds dual meets with Yale and Cornell.

In these minor branches of athletics, where the larger numbers of other colleges count in their favor, Princeton's career has not been comparable with her excellent record in football and baseball. Princeton men, Little, '01, and Alexander, '02, have won two championships each in singles and doubles in the Intercollegiate tennis tournaments; and Thomson, '98, also, won the Intercollegiate tennis championship. Three Princeton men, Bayard, '98, Pyne, '03 and Reinhart, '04, have held the Intercollegiate golf championship. Princeton won one of the Intercollegiate bicycle meets, which have now been discontinued. Cregan, '99, won the Intercollegiate individual championship in the cross-country run in 1899.



By Courtesy of The Outing Pub. Co.

HERBERT MELVILLE HARRIMAN
'96

National Amateur Golf Champion
of the United States, 1898.

H. M. Harriman of our own class won the Amateur Golf Championship of the United States in 1898. He was the first golfer of American birth to win this event. Another Princeton man, James, '05, won the same honor in 1901. Relatively small numbers have always prevented our taking a leading part in the Mott Haven games. In 1898 and 1900, we finished ahead of Yale and Harvard, and a good second to the very strong team that Pennsylvania had in those years. In 1902, we were third, separated by a very small margin from the leaders, Yale and Harvard. Cornell won the Mott Haven meet in 1905.

In 1900 Princeton sent a track team of six men to compete in the Olympic Games at Paris. The French officials in charge mismanaged things and deprived some Princeton men of their right to enter. This was partially due to the official decision to hold some events on Sunday. The Princeton men and others from the American colleges refused to enter on that day. Princeton men won first in the 100 metre dash, and second in the half-mile run, and first in an exhibition pole vault.

In the fall of 1905, the Athletic Field House was burned. A new house, three stories in height, is being rebuilt on the same site.



LANGDON LEA



ARTHUR GUNSTER

ATHLETIC RECORD OF 'NINETY-SIX IN COLLEGE



'VARSITY FOOTBALL: LEA, Tackle, four years; Captain, 1895. WHEELER, Guard, four years, 1891, 1892, 1893, 1894. POE, Half back, 1892. HEARN, End, Harvard game 1895, substitute, 1893. BARNETT, Half back, Pennsylvania games 1892, 1893, 1894. YALE game 1894. F. M. HALL, Guard, Yale and Pennsylvania games 1892. FISCUS, Guard, Pennsylvania game 1892. McFARLAN, Guard, Pennsylvania game 1892. ANDERSON, substitute, 1892. FULPER, substitute, 1892, 1893. EDWARDS, substitute, 1895. J. C. KNIGHT, substitute, 1895. POPE, substitute, 1895. G. JOHNSTON, substitute, 1894, 1895. BURT, substitute, 1893, 1894. DWIGHT, substitute, 1893. TURNER, Captain of "Scrub" Football team 1895.

'VARSITY BASEBALL: GUNSTER, Third base, four years, 1893-1896. E. P. WARD, Short stop, 1896; substitute, 1894-1895. TITUS, Catcher and Center field, 1896; substitute, 1895. G. JOHNSTON, substitute, 1893. SMALL, substitute, 1894, 1895. WAYAVE, substitute, 1896.

TRACK ATHLETICS: POINT WINNERS IN PRINCETON GAMES, DUAL GAMES WITH YALE AND COLUMBIA, AND MOTT HAVEN GAMES 1892-1896. ALFORD, quarter mile; pole vault. C. BROWNE, bicycle. CARNOCHAN, bicycle. CORSER, bicycle. EDWARDS, shot. FISCUS, shot. FORDYCE, quarter mile; 220 dash; broad jump. F. M. HALL, shot. HAMILTON, high jump. HANLON, mile; half mile. HENSHAW, low hurdles. J. D. JONES, high jump. L'ESPERANCE, high hurdles. F. MILLS, broad jump. PAUL, mile. POPE, high hurdles. W. W. POTTER, low hurdles. SCHAFF, quarter mile; half mile. WHEELER, hammer; shot. R. F. WILLIAMS, high hurdles. WHITEHEAD, bicycle. W. R. WILSON, quarter mile; half mile. low hurdles; mile run; bicycle.

GYMNASTIC TEAM: CHARLES BROWNE, 1893-1896. F. M. PAUL, 1893-1896. E. B. TURNER, (CAPTAIN 1896), 1893-1896. G. G. BLACKMORE, 1894-1896. A. L. WHEELER, 1894-1896. WOMACK, 1894.

LACROSSE 1893: McGUIRE, P. A. CHAMBERLAIN, WISNER.

CANE SPREE: 1893-McCOLL '95 (heavy weight) defeated E. H. FAILE '96; COCHRAN '95 (middle weight) defeated W. P. HEARN '96; E. B. TURNER '96 (light weight) defeated REYNOLDS '95. 1894-C. B. STEWART '96 (light weight) defeated BARCLAY '97; C. E. PATTON '96 (middle weight) defeated GEER '97; G. P. PHILIP '96 (heavy weight) defeated GARRETT '97.

HISTORY OF 'NINETY-SIX MEN IN ATHLETICS AFTER GRADUATION

C. E. Adams. Half back, University of Minnesota Football team (1893-1894); quarter-back (1895); and while in Law School (1898), quarter-back in the game against Wisconsin. Member from Law School (1898-1899), of the University of Minnesota Athletic Advisory Board of Control.

Richard Billings. Member of Track team and Relay team at Amherst College (1896-1897). Manager Amherst Football team (1896).

G. G. Blackmore. Member of teams of the Cincinnati (Ohio) Athletic Club (1896-1897).

C. O. Bressler. Captain of Lebanon (Pa.) Athletic Club Football team (1897, 1898, 1899).

W. Chandler, Jr. Played on Elizabeth (N. J.) Athletic Club Football team (1896-1897).

Thornton Conover. Member of Princeton Alumni Golf team in annual Graduate vs. Undergraduate match at Commencement. Organized and captained first Graduate team.

J. P. Erdman. Captain of Football and Baseball teams at McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago, Ill. (1897-1898).

H. W. Fitzgerald. After leaving Princeton played full-back on Lehigh team (1894-1895). Member of Lehigh University Lacrosse team, Intercollegiate Champions, 1895. Full-back on Newton (Mass.) Athletic Club (1897).

A. R. Fordyce, Jr. Right half back on Wesleyan team before entering Princeton.

Arthur Gunster. Played baseball during summer of 1896 with Asbury Park (N. J.) Athletic Club, and Orange (N. J.) Athletic Club.

F. M. Hall. Played Guard on University of Michigan Football team, 1895. Member of University of Michigan Track team (Hammer and Shot events). Played Guard on Canton (Ohio) Professional Football team, fall of 1905.

E. W. Hamilton. Member of Columbia University Track team (High Jump and Hurdles, 1900, 1902). First Prize, High jump, Indoor Games, Columbia University. First Prize, High hurdles, Columbia University Games. First Prize, High jump, Olympia A. C. Games, Dec. 7, 1901.

H. M. Harriman. National Amateur Golf Champion of the United States, 1898.

D. J. Hoyt. Track team, Union College; second prizes in half mile and mile runs.

J. C. Kerr. Played about five years on Englewood (N. J.) Field Club Baseball team.

J. C. Knight. Rowed for Detroit Boat Club (1898, 1899, 1900).

L. D. La Monte. Played on Football team at Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y.

J. H. Louser. President of Lebanon (Pa.) Athletic Association (1896-1897). Manager of Football team for Lebanon (Pa.) Athletic Association (1897-1898).

J. W. Miller. Baseball team of Auburn Theological Seminary (1898).

J. C. McFarlan. Played football with Ridgefield Athletic Club, Albany, N. Y.

J. E. McLain. Played football five years on local team at Johnstown, Pa.

C. B. McMullen. Member of Baseball team at Tarkio (Mo.) College before entering Princeton.

F. M. Paul. Member of Gymnastic team at University of Pennsylvania two years (1896-1898).

T. E. Pierce. Right tackle on Hazleton (Pa.) Football team (1896).

M. W. Pope. Full-back at University of Virginia (1894).

J. A. Potter. Athletic Instructor and Coach at Irving Institute, Tarrytown, N. Y. (1896-1899)

A. E. Schaff. On Columbia College Track team two years. On Columbia College Football team (1896). As member of Columbia team, won first places in the half mile and quarter mile runs, Princeton-Columbia games, May 23, 1896; and also won third place in half mile run in Mott Haven games, 1896.

J. D. Small. Played second base on College Alumni team in Chicago.

W. C. Titus. Played baseball on minor league teams, summer after graduation.

E. P. Ward. Played baseball on minor league teams, summer after graduation.

Maynard Winton. Played on Addison (N. Y.) Baseball team, summer of 1902.

W. J. Wright. Tackle on University of Cincinnati Football team



THE NEW GYMNASIUM

Courtesy of "Indoors and Out"

TENNIS CHAMPIONSHIPS, CLASS OF '96, WON BY:

Fall of 1892—Thornton Conover.

Fall of 1894—F. H. Ward.

Spring of 1893—Thornton Conover.

Fall of 1895—Walter Chandler, Jr

OFFICERS OF ATHLETIC ASSOCIATIONS, ETC.

A. G. Milbank, President Football Association 1895-1896

A. G. Milbank, Treasurer Football Association 1894-1895.

J. J. Elliott, President Baseball Association 1895-1896.

J. J. Elliott, Treasurer Baseball Association 1894-1895.

E. B. Turner, President Track Athletic Association 1895-1896

E. B. Turner, Treasurer Track Athletic Association 1894-1895.

T. D. Leonard, Manager Gymnastic Team 1894-1895.

P. C. Weed, Manager Gymnastic Team 1895-1896.

J. N. Beam, Manager Freshman Baseball Team, (Class of 1898), Spring of 1895.

J. J. Elliott, General Athletic Treasurer 1896-1897.

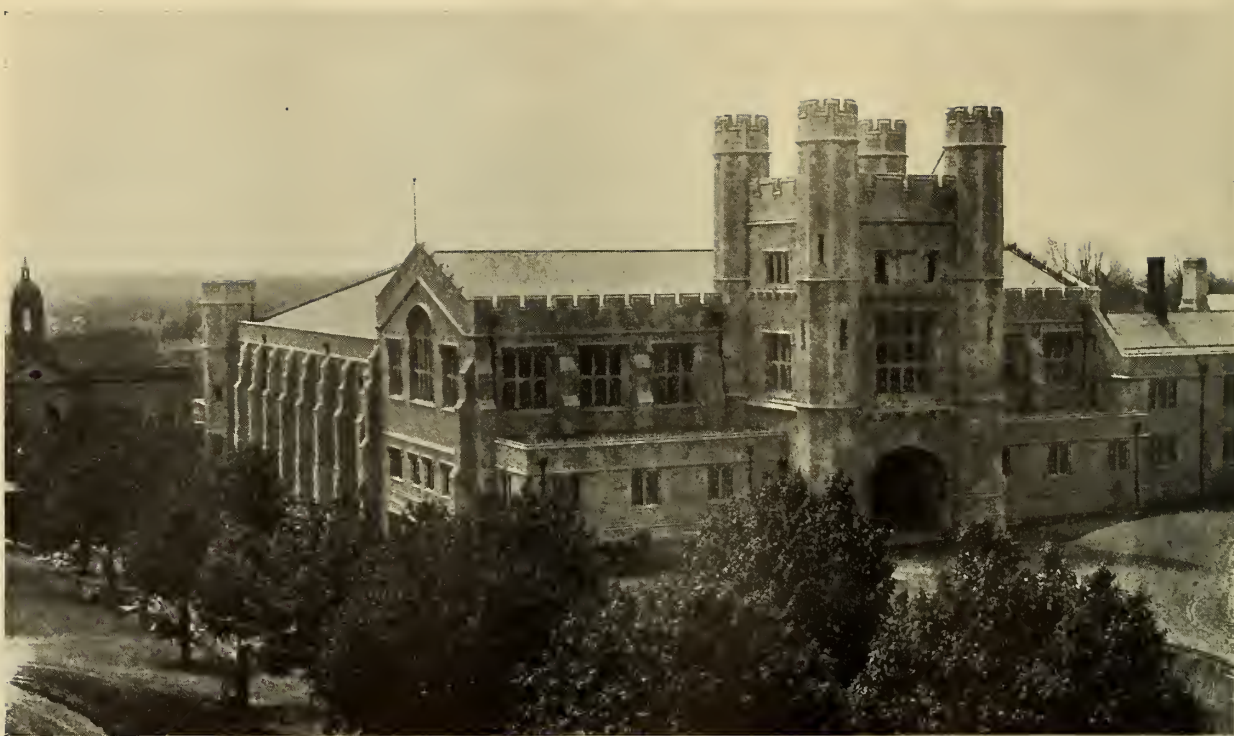
F. M. Paul, President Tennis Association, Senior Year.

F. M. Paul, Secretary Tennis Association, Junior Year.

F. G. Stewart, Treasurer Tennis Association, Junior Year.

C. M. Willock, Secretary and Treasurer Gun Club, Junior Year.

C. M. Willock, President and Captain Gun Club, Senior Year.



THE NEW GYMNASIUM (from Dod Hall)

'NINETY-SIX MEN AS FOOTBALL COACHES

ANDERSON. Football coach in 1895-1897 at Center College, Danville, Kentucky. Football coach in 1898 at West Virginia University.

BENNETT. Coached Topeka (Kansas) Athletic Association Football team in 1894.

EDWARDS. Football coach at Ohio State University, 1897. Football coach at University of Texas, 1898. Football coach at Newark (N. J.) Athletic Club, 1899.

JOHNSTON. Football coach at University of No. Carolina, Chapel Hill, N. C., 1896.

J. C. KNIGHT. Coached State University of Washington, Seattle, Washington, 1902, 1903, 1904 in Football, Rowing and Track. Started Intercollegiate Rowing on Pacific coast, 1903.

LEA. Head coach at Princeton, Seasons of 1899 and 1901. Coached in 1896, 1897, 1898. Head coach at University of Michigan, 1900.

J. P. POE. Coached University of Virginia in 1893 and 1894. Coached Princeton University Football team in 1895, 1896, 1897.

POPE. Coached University of Virginia Football team, 1897 and 1898.

TURNER. Football coach in 1900 at Oahu College, Honolulu, Hawaiian Islands.

WHEELER. Football coach of the Y. M. C. A. of the Pennsylvania Railroad, in 1901.

FOOTBALL TEAM



FRESHMAN FOOTBALL TEAM, CLASS OF '96

SEASON OF 1892. Heritage (left end), Rafferty (left tackle), Martin (left guard), McFarlan (center), Faile (right guard), Hearn (right tackle), Johnston (right end), Dwight (quarter), Gunster (half-back), W. D. Ward (Fresh. '95) (half-back), Pope (full-back), Fitzgerald (left tackle), Chamberlain (center), Herr (half-back), MacMurdy (sub.), Halsey (sub.), Edwards (left guard), Bissell (half-back), Talmage (sub.), McGuire (Manager).

'Ninety-six 10. 'Ninety-four 6. 'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-three 0.
 October 15, 1892, 'Ninety-six 0. Princeton Preparatory School 0.
 October 22, 1892, 'Ninety-six 18. South Orange Field Club 0.
 October 26, 1892, 'Ninety-six 0. Princeton Preparatory School 16.
 November 12, 1892, 'Ninety-six 30. Staten Island Cricket Club 5.
 November 23, 1892, 'Ninety-six 18. Columbia 'Ninety-six 4.
 November 19, 1892, 'Ninety-six 6. Lawrenceville 6.

SEASON OF 1893. Brearley (left end), Halsey (left tackle), Martin (left guard), Chamberlain (center), Philip (right guard), Baylis (right tackle), Heritage (right end), Small (quarter), Gunster (half-back), Fordyce (half-back), Sinnickson (full-back).

October 19, 1893, 'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-five 12.

SEASON OF 1894. Heritage (left end), Baylis (left tackle), Chamberlain (left guard), Chandler (center), Mattingly (right guard), Bruen (right tackle), Titus (right end), Small (quarter), Wiestling (left half-back), Gunster (right half-back), Turner (full-back).

'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-seven 0. 'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-five 6.

SEASON OF 1895. Miller (left end), Chamberlain (left tackle), Philip (left guard), Delafield (center), Chandler (right guard), T. E. Pierce (right tackle), Heritage (right end), Barnett (quarter), Gunster (left half-back), Fordyce (right half-back), Titus (full-back).

October 16, 1895, 'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-eight 0.
 October 23, 1895, 'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-nine 0.
 October 30, 1895, 'Ninety-six 0. 'Ninety-seven 4.



FRESHMAN BASEBALL TEAM, CLASS OF '96

FALL OF 1892. H. B. Wilson (pitcher), Anderson (catcher), Petty (first base), Small (second base), E. P. Ward (third base), Gunster (third base), Burt (left field), Bergen (center field), R. B. Smith (right field), Sterry (catcher), Cain (left field).

'Ninety-six 4. 'Ninety-three 11.

'Ninety-six 2. 'Ninety-four 4.

'Ninety-six 6. 'Ninety-five 8.

FALL OF 1893 Carnochan (pitcher), Frazer (catcher), Bergen (first base), Small (second base), Gunster (third base), E. P. Ward (short stop), Burt (left field), Howell (center field), Johnston (right field), Wilson (pitcher), Turner (short stop).

'Ninety-six 3. 'Ninety-five 4.

'Ninety-six 2. 'Ninety-four 5.

'Ninety-six 5. 'Ninety-seven 12.

FALL OF 1894. Burt (pitcher), Titus (catcher), Haines (first base), E. P. Ward (second base), Gunster (third base), E. Gray (short stop), Small (left field), Howell (center field), D. Potter (right field)

'Ninety-six 9. 'Ninety-seven 13.

'Ninety-six 6. 'Ninety-eight 5

'Ninety-six 2. 'Ninety-five 4.

FALL OF 1895. Carnochan (pitcher), Titus (catcher), Orr (first base), Wayave (second base), E. P. Ward (short stop), Gunster (third base), H. Bruen (left field), Howell (left field), Cross (center field), D. Potter (right field), Thomson (right field).

September 23, 1895, 'Ninety-six 3 'Ninety-eight 1

September 25, 1895, 'Ninety-six 4. 'Ninety-nine 8.

September 27, 1895, 'Ninety-six 9. 'Ninety-seven 7

October 3, 1895. 'Ninety-six 4 'Ninety-seven 13.

'96 FRESHMAN BASEBALL TEAM

SPRING OF 1893. H. B. Wilson (pitcher), Kerr (pitcher), Hodge (pitcher), Anderson (catcher), Williams (catcher), W. D. Ward (Fresh. '95) (first base), Small (Captain, second base), E. Gray (third base), E. P. Ward (short stop), Gould (left field), Frazer (center field), Johnston (right field), Frazer (Manager)

April 19, 1893, 'Ninety-six 0. Camden Athletic Club 8.
 April 22, 1893, 'Ninety-six 9. Pennington 10.
 April 29, 1893, 'Ninety-six 9. Harvard '96 8
 May 10, 1893, 'Ninety-six 18. Princeton Prep. School 5
 May 20, 1893, 'Ninety-six 11. Harvard '96 2.
 May 24, 1893, 'Ninety-six 8. Hill School 2.
 May 27, 1893, 'Ninety-six 4. Lawrenceville 7.
 May 30, 1893, 'Ninety-six 4. Peddie Institute 2.

PRINCETON FRESHMEN HAPPY

Their Nine Wins a Close Game from Harvard '96

[Special to the World.]

PRINCETON, April 29.—Harvard's Freshman team received a defeat at the hands of Princeton '96 to-day.

The game was interesting from the start, but from the sixth inning the excitement was intense. In this inning Princeton tied the score and finally won by a single run. The Harvards began by making an onslaught on Pitcher Herr, making three earned runs in the first and two earned runs in the third inning. Wilson, who relieved him, kept the hits well scattered. The score:

HARVARD	R	H	PO	A	E
O'Malley, c.....	2	2	3	0	0
Winslow, 3b.....	2	1	2	2	1
Brown, ss.....	1	2	2	2	1
Hayes, 2b.....	2	3	2	1	0
Gorderman, lf.....	1	3	1	0	1
McCarthy, p.....	0	2	1	7	1
Griffin, 1b.....	0	2	8	1	1
Paine, cf.....	0	0	4	0	1
Morse, rf.....	0	1	1	0	0
Totals.....	8	16	24	13	6
PRINCETON	R	H	PO	A	E
Ward, 2b.....	1	1	2	4	2
Gunster, 3b.....	1	1	2	0	0
Gray, ss.....	2	3	2	3	0
Small, lf.....	2	3	2	0	0
Ward, 1b.....	0	1	11	0	0
Williams, c.....	1	1	5	3	0
Johnston, rf.....	0	1	1	0	0
Anderson, cf.....	0	0	2	0	0
Herr, p.....	1	0	0	1	0
Wilson, p.....	1	0	0	2	0
Frazer, lf.....	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.....	9	11	27	13	2

PRINCETON '96.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
HARVARD '96.....	0	0	3	0	1	1	3	1	0—9
Base hits.....	3	0	2	0	0	0	2	1	—8

Earned Runs—Princeton, 2; Harvard, 5. Base on Balls—Off McCarthy, 4; off Wilson, 2. Base on Errors—Princeton, 4; Harvard, 2. Left on Bases—Princeton, 9; Harvard, 9. Struck Out—Williams, Johnston, O'Malley, Winslow, Paine (2), Morse (2). Three-base Hits—Gray, O'Malley. Two-base Hits—Winslow, Stolen Bases—Ward, Gunster (2) Williams, O'Malley, Winslow, Hayes, Gorderman (2), McCarthy, Morse. Hit by Pitcher—Griffin. Attendance—600. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Mr. Duffield.



CAPT. SMALL OF PRINCETON, '96.

PRINCETON '96, 11; HARVARD '96, 2

Below is given a more complete score of the game played at Cambridge on Saturday than could be obtained in time for the Extra on Saturday evening. The freshmen played a cool, heady game throughout and earned their victory.

PRINCETON '96.	AB	R	BH	SH	PO	A	E
Gray, 3b.....	5	1	0	0	0	3	0
W. D. Ward, 1b.....	5	2	3	0	12	0	0
Johnston, rf.....	4	1	2	0	0	0	0
Small, 2b.....	5	3	1	1	2	2	0
Anderson, cf.....	5	2	4	0	2	0	0
E. P. Ward, ss.....	5	1	0	0	3	4	2
Williams, c.....	5	1	3	0	6	2	0
Gould, lf.....	3	0	0	0	2	0	0
Wilson, p.....	4	0	0	0	0	1	0
Snyder, p.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Totals.....	41	11	13	1	27	12	2
HARVARD '96.	AB	R	BH	SH	PO	A	E
O'Malley, c.....	3	1	1	0	6	1	1
Brown, 3b.....	4	0	0	0	2	2	1
Hayes, 2b.....	5	0	2	0	3	0	0
McCarthy, cf.....	5	1	2	0	1	1	0
Winslow, rf.....	4	0	2	0	0	0	1
Whittemore, ss.....	4	0	1	0	1	5	0
Gonterman, lf.....	4	0	1	1	2	0	0
Griffin, 1b.....	4	0	1	0	12	0	1
Ames, p.....	4	0	0	0	0	6	1
Totals.....	37	2	10	1	27	15	5

PRINCETON '96.....	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Base hits.....	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	4	5—11
Base hits.....	0	0	0	1	1	2	0	4	5—13

HARVARD '96..... 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 1—2
 Base hits..... 0 1 1 0 2 1 3 1—10
 Earned runs—Princeton '96 4, Harvard '96 0. Left on bases—Princeton '96 6, Harvard '96 12. Two base hit—McCarthy. Three base hit—Anderson. Stolen bases—Princeton '96 8, Harvard '96 9. Bases on balls—Johnston, Gould, O'Malley, Brown, Winslow. Hit by pitched ball—Gould, O'Malley. Struck out—Princeton '96 5, Harvard '96 6. Passed balls—O'Malley, Williams 2. Time of game—2 hours 10 minutes. Umpires—S. Murray and Spalding.

THE COMMITTEE OF FIFTY



The publication of the reports of the Treasurer of Princeton University has revealed, from time to time, that the imposing work of the whole University is conducted on the income of about \$3,000,000 of invested funds, the income from which is about \$120,000 a year. The current expenses of the University, exclusive of the cost of the erection of new buildings, is approximately \$500,000, and the total revenue from the undergraduate body \$250,000; a deficiency, therefore, of \$130,000 must be met each year.

Under the old method of conducting the finances of the University, it was the custom to establish a fund for each expense incurred, and where there was not sufficient money in the treasury to meet the requirements a systematic canvass was made of the alumni body, with the result that an intolerable situation existed for the trustees of the University; for each dollar that was raised by this method came into the University pledged for a specific purpose, and the surplus of one fund could not be devoted to the deficit of another and the trustees were hampered in their work. Moreover, there was a tendency on the part of many who gave to contribute only to special funds, so that gradually certain departments of the University were making great progress while other, and frequently more necessary, departments suffered. The situation was as intolerable for the alumni, for they were being unceasingly canvassed for funds.

As a remedial measure, the Board of Trustees at its meeting held in December, 1904, authorized the President of the University to appoint a Committee of Fifty to provide for the immediate necessities and future developments of the University. Mr. Cleveland H. Dodge, '79, was appointed Chairman of this committee, and Mr. George W. Burleigh, '92, was elected Secretary. At the end of the first year's work, Mr. Burleigh resigned and was succeeded by Mr. H. G. Murray, '93, of New York. This committee has charge of the raising of funds for the University Budget, as well as for the endowment of the University, and its work, therefore, is two-fold: to raise the endowment of the University and to raise money for current expenses.

The Finance Committee of the University recently merged all of the different funds into the College Budget, making one general fund or budget. The Committee of Fifty will endeavor to have every dollar that is paid into the University through its friends, come unpledged, so that from this common fund the Trustees may apportion the money for the various needs of the University unhampered and as they deem fit. It is the purpose of the Committee of Fifty to make a thorough canvass of each alumnus and ask him to give each year to the needs of the University as much as he feels he can afford to. Subscribing in this way will make an alumnus immune from further solicitation so far as the University purse is concerned. What a man's class may ask of him or his club is a matter over which the Committee of Fifty has no jurisdiction, as they represent the Trustees; but that the alumnus may not be indiscriminately and everlastingly approached for funds, this plan has been presented. The advantage of the whole plan, when understood, is at once apparent, not only for the Trustees, but for the alumni body as well.

There are three ways in which the Committee of Fifty are raising funds. The first, known as the endowment form, in which the subscriber agrees to pay a principal sum to the University at the expiration of a given period and five per cent. interest on the amount of his subscription annually to the College until the principal is paid in. This is the most desirable form in which to give, as the money is invested at five per cent. as soon as it is subscribed. The principal, when it is paid in, goes to swell the endowment of the University, the interest, the budget. The second form, and the one most frequently used, is known as the term form, where the subscriber agrees to pay a certain sum each year to the University, either for a definite number of years or until "further notice." The third form is known as the annual and consists of a flat subscription.

The Committee of Fifty, after one year's work, has succeeded in raising over \$1,000,000, its income being in the neighborhood of \$100,000. \$500,000 is pledged in the endowment form and \$300,000 invested in the building of McCosh Hall.

The additional expense of \$100,000 incurred by the establishment of the Preceptorial System has been, and will be, the chief care of the Committee. The annual income at present is not sufficient to pay the expenses of this system, but in the near future the Committee will undoubtedly have a sufficient income to do so, and may look toward the investing of money for endowment.



THE '96 MEMORIAL FUND



Just before leaving college we made arrangements to have subscriptions for our "Memorial Fund" collected by the Class Secretary. Before graduation about fifty men agree to become annual subscribers. During the last ten years about one hundred more have also become subscribers, either for single payments or annual instalments. The total number of subscribers at the present time is about one hundred and fifty. It is difficult to give the exact number, as many subscriptions are somewhat indefinite in their nature.

The subscriptions for the first few years after our graduation were not many in number, and the small amounts collected had to be borrowed from time to time for the General Class Fund, which has been in a nearly bankrupt condition until the last year. All the moneys so borrowed have been repaid with full interest, and there is at the present time no indebtedness from the General Fund to the Memorial Fund. Our subscription grew slowly during the years when we had no definite object in view.

About three years ago, representatives of the ten classes from 1892 to 1901, inclusive, decided to co-operate in a scheme to present to the University a dormitory to be the gift of these ten classes. The general outlines of this scheme are explained in the following extract from the report of the Ten-Class Committee having the work in charge:

The building will occupy a position east of Brokaw Field and south of Brown Hall. It will be the beginning of a series of buildings which the trustees propose to erect at some future time on the east and south sides of Brokaw Field. While it will be a part of the general plan for the development of that section of the campus, it will be a separate building connected with the others by an arcade only and will thus preserve its identity as the gift of the ten classes from 1892 to 1901 inclusive.

The Alumni Dormitory Committee has made the following agreement with the Board of Trustees of the University:

In consideration of the ten classes undertaking to increase their present cash deposits to the sum of \$50,000 before the construction of the building is begun; and in consideration also of their undertaking to collect an additional \$10,000 during the construction of the building, the Trustees of the University agree to advance the balance necessary to complete it. When the building is ready for occupancy the Trustees of the University agree to pay to the Alumni Dormitory Committee three per cent interest per annum on payments made by the several classes. When a class shall have paid \$13,000 it will cease to draw interest; and if twelve years shall have elapsed since the graduation of any class without that class having paid \$13,000, said class shall thereupon cease to draw interest unless its annual payments thereafter shall be at least \$1,000. It is understood and agreed as between the Alumni Dormitory Committee and the Trustees of the University that the interest thus allowed on payments made by the several classes is to be paid back to the University on account of the building fund. This arrangement gives the younger classes the same advantage of accruing interest that the older classes have already secured in raising their funds. It has been further agreed that when a class shall have paid in full its share of the expense the said class will be entitled to place in one of the entries of the building a suitable memorial tablet. If, however, *at the end of fifteen years from the time of its graduation*, a class shall not have paid in full its share (namely \$13,000) the Trustees may apply the amount actually paid by the said class to any object connected with the University which the class may select with the approval of the Board of Trustees; provided always that the Trustees are able to find a purchaser for the entry of the dormitory upon which full payment shall not have been paid by the said class.

At a business meeting held by our Class at the Septennial Reunion in 1903, the Class Secretary was empowered to represent the Class of 'Ninety-Six on this Dormitory Committee. In 1905, additional subscriptions were promised to cover the period of five years ending 1911.

As explained by the following quotations from the *Princeton Alumni Weekly*, the building is to be named Patton Hall.

NEW YORK, March 1st, 1906.

FRANCIS LANDEY PATTON, D.D., LL.D., Princeton, New Jersey:

SIR: The ten classes from 1892 to 1901, which have recently presented a dormitory to the University, have desired to give it a name intimately associated with the progress of Princeton.

We have, therefore, unanimously decided to call the building "Patton Hall," believing that in this way we shall also indicate the respect and admiration with which our classes regard you, under whose administration as President of Princeton University our undergraduate courses were spent.

W. K. Prentice, 1892,
H. G. Murray, 1893,
W. F. Meredith, 1894,
Andrew C. Imbrie, 1895,
C. B. Bostwick, 1896,

J. H. Keener, 1897,
Nathan S. Schroeder, 1898,
J. H. Harrison, 1899,
Frederick P. King, 1900,
Walter E. Hope, 1901.

SPRINGDALE, PRINCETON, N. J., 30th March, 1906.

GENTLEMEN: I have the honor to be informed through your kind letter, which I shall always keep as a cherished possession, that my name has been given to the new dormitory which the graduates for whom you are acting have presented to the University.

I thank you most sincerely for being made the recipient of an unusual compliment and I am especially grateful for the sentiment of personal regard which prompted your action.

The new Hall is a worthy memorial of the classes concerned in its erection and will be a living witness to their loyal devotion to their Alma Mater.

I am exceedingly gratified to know that by means of this handsome building my name will be permanently associated with ten of the classes whose members spent their undergraduate days in Princeton University during the period of my administration of its affairs.

I am, faithfully yours

FRANCIS L. PATTON

The inscription suggested by the committee is approved by the Trustees and will appear in the panel of the west wall of the four-story tower.

The proposed group of buildings, of which Patton Hall, presented to Princeton by the Classes of 1892 to 1901, inclusive, is the first, consists of two lines of buildings four and six hundred feet in length respectively. In style, these dormitories will be of Tudor or Collegiate Gothic, and will be constructed of Germantown stone, similar to Blair and Little Halls, and the new Gymnasium.

Patton Hall will provide accommodations for a few less than one hundred men. The grade of the building will be thirty-five feet above the lowest grade of the proposed group. Its extreme length is to be two hundred and eighty-four feet and its greatest depth eighty feet. Ten entries are to be constructed, and the general arrangement of the rooms will be suites of a study and two bedrooms. Ample and modern plumbing facilities will be provided. The height of the building varies from two to five stories. Every Class will have its doorway, properly distinguished, and will thus secure a tangible and visible demonstration of its generosity to the University.

According to the plans now formulated for the future growth of the University, this group will form the western boundary of a large open campus, sloping in a southerly direction from Prospect. The eastern side of this campus will be bounded by other buildings on a line with Seventy-Nine Hall, and extending along Washington Road.

The building will, it is expected, be ready for occupancy by the students at the opening of the College year, 1906-1907.



THIS IS THE LATEST PICTURE OF THE NEW DORMITORY (TAKEN APRIL 15th, 1906)

The following inscription, suggested by the Alumni Dormitory Committee, and approved by the Trustees, will be carved on a memorial tablet on the west wall of the four-story square tower:

PATTON HALL

GIVEN BY TEN CLASSES GRADUATED DURING THE

ADMINISTRATION OF

FRANCIS LANDEY PATTON

1892	1893
1894	1895
1896	1897
1898	1899
1900	1901

ERECTED 1906

The following is a brief statement of the collections made for the '96 Fund, up to the time of going to press.

Payments to Princeton University for credit of Class of '96.

(I.)	September	25th, 1905.....	\$1,200.00
(II.)	October	19th, 1905.....	1,200.00
(III.)	November	18th, 1905.....	400.00
(IV.)	January	15th, 1906.....	1,500.00

TOTAL PAYMENTS..... \$4,300.00

Balance on hand for next payment to the
University..... 212.67

TOTAL COLLECTIONS..... .. \$4,512.67

We are allowed five years more to raise the thirteen thousand dollars required to complete the payment for our entry. The following is a general résumé of the obligations for unpaid subscriptions, and other sources for raising the entire sum:

Unpaid Subscriptions of 1897-1900.....	\$112.00
Unpaid Subscriptions of 1901-1905.....	1,819.00
Unpaid Subscriptions of 1906.....	695.00
Payable in Single Instalments in 1906.....	1,468.00
Total of Annual Subscriptions Payable in 1907-11, Inclusive.....	2,120.50

TOTAL SUBSCRIPTIONS PROMISED..... \$6,214.50

Estimated 3% Interest on Funds Paid to University, 1906- 7.....	129.00
Estimated 3% Interest on Funds Paid to University, 1907- 8.....	150.00
Estimated 3% Interest on Funds Paid to University, 1908- 9.....	210.00
Estimated 3% Interest on Funds Paid to University, 1909-10.....	270.00
Estimated 3% Interest on Funds Paid to University, 1910-11.. ..	300.00

\$7,273.50

TOTAL ALREADY COLLECTED..... 4,512.67

Additional Subscriptions to be Secured..... 1,213.83

TOTAL PAYABLE.....\$13,000.00

It has not been the policy of our Class Officers to push hard for subscriptions to this fund up to the present time. In years when we have had reunions, bills for the Memorial Fund subscriptions have been withheld, as it was not desired to burden the Class too constantly with requests for funds. As soon as the Decennial Reunion is over, the question will be taken up carefully by the Class Officers, so that there may be no doubt of our completing our subscription as soon as possible. The Class of '95 were able to raise their entire subscription of \$13,000 by the time of their Decennial. Our smaller fund at this time is due rather to the policy of those who have had Class affairs in hand, than to any disposition on the part of the members not to be generous about subscriptions. The other classes have raised varying amounts, exceeding or less than ours.

TO THE CLASS



In submitting these personal statistics, your Secretary feels impelled to make a brief explanation of the methods of getting this information. I reproduce in condensed form the circulars which were used in securing what we wanted to know. These circular letters were sent out twice. In addition, I sent a special circular asking about the men who were slow in answering. They also received large postal cards, at semi-weekly intervals during February, March and April. About seventy-five registered letters were sent, and three or four hundred more letters for special information. About twenty men needed C. O. D. telegrams to stir them into replying. With the aid of some more telegrams, special messengers, telephones, and the assistance of some of our men, I finally succeeded in hearing from almost every one. Since 1896 I have heard at times from every graduate member of the class, and from almost all non-graduate members.

CIRCULAR NUMBER ONE

Information for the Decennial Record of the Class of 1896, Princeton University.

Read this carefully. This is a comprehensive blank. Only a few of the questions can apply to any one man. But I thought it best to include all points to be covered. You will understand, therefore, why this is so long. If not too much trouble, fill this out on the typewriter. Don't complain on account of the size of this paper. Isn't it easier to answer these questions than to write a formal letter for publication?

1. Full name. 2. Date. 3. Permanent address. 4. Residence. 5. Business address. 6. Temporary address (if any). 7. Married (date, place, and wife's maiden name). 8. Children (names and dates of birth). 9 (a). How many times have you revisited Princeton since graduation? 9 (b). What football games with Yale have you attended? 9 (c). What baseball games with Yale and Harvard have you attended? 9 (d). In what years have you visited Princeton during Commencement week? 9 (e). What Princeton men (especially '96 men) do you see most frequently? 10 (a). What '96 reunions have you attended? (Regular—1896–1897–1899–1901–1903). (Special—in Princeton, New York, Philadelphia, etc.). 10 (b). Are you a subscriber to the *Princeton Alumni Weekly*? Do you read it regularly, if not a subscriber? 10 (c). To what local Princeton Club or Alumni Association do you belong? 11. Professional or honorary degrees received since graduation. 12. Literary work since graduation. Give full details with date of publication and name of magazine, paper, etc. 13. Lectures and speeches. When, where and occasions. 14. Membership in clubs, societies, fraternities, etc. Give full names. 15. Travels. Give details on fourth page. 16. Politics. Have you held office or been a candidate? Give full details. 17. Military service. (1) United States Army. (2) United States Navy. (3) State Militia. (4) Spanish War. 18. Athletics. Career in athletics after leaving Princeton. Give full details about coaching any college or club teams. 19. Occupation. Give full details. (a) If in business, give its nature, name of firm or corporation and address; state how long with this firm, etc.; state if member of firm, or officer of the corporation. (b) If teaching, give full name and address of school or college, etc., size of school, etc. (c) If a clergyman, give full name of church and denomination, details as to duties, size of congregation, size of town, etc., etc. (d) If a missionary, give station, name of church and denomination, size of district covered, languages spoken, work accomplished, etc., etc. (e) If an engineer, give nature of work, record of past work, and whether engaged in mining or civil engineering, with full details. (f) If a physician, state whether in private or hospital practice, whether in medicine or surgery, and whether any specialty is followed. (g) If a lawyer, state special line of practice, and territory covered; indicate whether court or office work, etc. (h) If your occupation does not come under any of the foregoing heads, give similar details here. 20. All previous occupations since leaving College. 21. Unfortunately, some graduates and some members of the Class who did not graduate, have not availed themselves of the Class Secretary's repeated invitations to supply information. The Class Secretary earnestly requests as full statistical information about them. 22. The Decennial Reunion Committee has decided to send one copy of the Decennial Record free to each member of the Class (except for C.O.D. express charges). To members living abroad, a Record will be sent with postage prepaid. Extra copies will be sent to those desiring them, at the price of \$1.00 each.

CIRCULAR NUMBER TWO

January 22d, 1906. About a month ago, I sent you a sheet to be filled out, with information for the Decennial Record. Will you be kind enough to add to the questions on that blank the following in reference to the work that you have done in advancing Princeton's interests? 1. What men among later classes have you influenced in choosing Princeton as their College? 2. To what funds are you or have you been a subscriber? Omit amounts. 3. Have you any present connection with undergraduate interests and affairs? If so, please give details. 4. In a general way, what work have you done for Princeton since the time of your graduation? 5. Have you held any fellowship from Princeton or any other college? 6. If you are an "ex-member," please give the year and month of your leaving Princeton. 7. (Blank). 8. What other college did you attend before entering Princeton? Please send in your blank as soon as possible.

CIRCULAR NUMBER THREE

To the former members of the Class of '96: I am sending you with this note a long blank to be filled out. I want to try to make you understand why I am asking you for this information. Do not believe even for a moment that this request is prompted by idle curiosity, or that it is the forerunner of later appeals for funds for Princeton purposes, or anything of that sort.

I am gathering the material for the publication of the Decennial Record of the Class of '96, and I hope to include in the book as much as possible of the personal history of each man in the Class. Of course, many of the men who left our Class early in its College career cannot, under the circumstances, feel any very close affiliation with Princeton or with the Class of '96. Nevertheless, I know that the men who remained with the Class all through will be interested in knowing something about their friends who did not complete the course with '96. I can see no reason why any former member should hesitate to fill out this circular, even if he went to another college later and was graduated there. As historian of the Class, I shall feel that it is my office to record such information as I have on file, or as I may secure from other members of the Class this year. I am making this direct appeal to you in the hope that you will prefer to give me accurate information from the authentic source, instead of having me get it the other way.

As you know, I have been very persistent in continuing to send to all of the former members of the Class the different letters touching on Class matters. If my persistence has offended any one, I am sorry. I know, however, that in some cases it has brought good results, and that I have finally been able to persuade some former members to renew their allegiance to the Class, and have been warmly thanked by them for so doing. I shall continue to carry your names on my Class Record, and it is probable that from time to time you will receive such Class literature as is of general interest, especially requests for information like that contained in this letter, which will be called for every year or so.

I hope that I have made my purpose clear to you, and that you will co-operate with me in the preparation of a very complete Class Record.

CIRCULAR NUMBER FOUR

Dear (): When you recently answered my request for information for the Decennial Record, you answered Question No. without giving the full details that I would like to have for the book. If you have no objections, would you mind filling them in on the enclosed postal card mailing it to me at your early convenience?

The additional information which I want to get and which you did not give me fully, is the following

CIRCULAR NUMBER FIVE

Spring, 1906. You spent four good years at Princeton. What have you done since 1896? Write and tell me all about it. See my previous letters. Send me your blank for the Decennial Record and please answer in full all questions which apply to you.

In addition to what I have learned from the answers to these circulars, I have used the miscellaneous information contained in my General Class Record and in our First Record and Triennial Record, miscellaneous items of information from newspapers and *The Princeton Alumni Weekly*, and such other facts as I could gather from my collection of letters from our men in the last ten years. A few items of general information which are given on the succeeding pages, are not included in the other part of the book. This part was printed last and was held open as long as possible, awaiting the arrival of information from delinquent correspondents. Some answers arrived after the front pages of the book had been printed.

The results of this work have been very gratifying. They prove to me that a Record of this sort is what the class wants at the time of the Decennial. I believe that a collection of letters is more suitable for a Triennial Record, even if they do omit so many facts. Three years after graduation a class has hardly made its start in life, and there is not very much worth telling. I am sure the class agrees with me. Look at the figures. One hundred and twenty-five men, many of them our most loyal members, did not send any letters or information for our Triennial Record.

This year it is very different. I have failed to hear from very few. From four men who are abroad, I have not heard direct, though I have accurate information about them all. For two of these, their families here have replied. Unfortunately, the envelopes in which the first circular was enclosed, proved to be of inferior quality. Many were found badly torn upon arrival at their destination. On this account it is possible that some of the foreign letters, which had much longer journeys to make, did not reach our men. In any event, most of them are so far away that it takes from two to six months to get their answers, which may come after this book is printed. That happened when I published the Triennial Record.

Fifteen men who were with the class for periods ranging from two months to two years, have likewise not answered; but of these there are only seven whose present occupations I do not know, and only two from whom I have never heard and about whom I have not been able to secure any information, since 1896, direct or indirect. In most classes, these lukewarm non-graduate members are not carried on the rolls at all; but I have always included them, to our great satisfaction, even though many of them are almost unknown to the class at large. Persistence has led sixteen others of them back into the fold of Princeton Enthusiasm.

And, best of all, I have information this year from every single man in the class who took his degree with us, or who completed the four-year course. From all but four of them, the information has come direct; the other four, because of serious illness, or for other good reasons, did not write to me, but I secured the full information from their families or friends. We must not forget that '96 is almost the largest Princeton class, larger than many succeeding classes, and exceeded only by one or two classes since 1900.

Numerous inaccuracies must almost inevitably have crept into this mass of statistics. For those which may be the result of any carelessness in transcribing, I apologize. When a book of this kind is prepared on holidays and after the strenuous hours of a business day, it is only too easy to have an occasional slip. The hardest part about the work is that it has been necessary to draw so many inferences based upon incomplete data. When a man makes two answers to class letters in succeeding years, and in those two answers gives different dates for his marriage and the birth of his eldest son, it is easy to understand that other minor matters may be inaccurately recorded. I have done the best I could without making myself too much of a nuisance to the rest of the class. Please accept the result as it is, with charity for its shortcomings, and remember that the compilation has meant the sacrifice of many hours of rest and leisure.

C. B. B.

NEW YORK, May, 1906.

MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICS OF THE CLASS OF 'NINETY-SIX



347 Men have been members of the Class.

4 Died before graduation (two during Freshman Year, and two during Sophomore Year.)

9 Died after graduation (two in 1897; one in 1898; one in 1902; one in 1903; two in 1904; two in 1905.)

223 Living active members were with the Class at graduation.

10 Are living "ex-members" (now enrolled with other Princeton Classes.)

204 Men were graduated with the Class in June, 1896 (A. B. 161), (B. S. 29), (C. E. 14).

19 Men were with the Class at graduation, but did not receive degrees.

7 Men received degrees later, "as of the Class of 1896" (A. B. 4), (C. E. 3).

305 Men were enrolled at entrance.

3 Men were enrolled during Freshman Year.

14 Men were enrolled during Sophomore Year.

14 Men were enrolled during Junior Year.

11 Men were enrolled during Senior Year.

2 Men left the Class in 1892.

73 Men left the Class in 1893.

31 Men left the Class in 1894.

14 Men left the Class in 1895.

4 Men left the Class in 1896.

Of the 347 members of the Class, including "ex-members" and members deceased, 184 (53 per cent.) have been married.

4 Are widowers.

The Class Secretary has received reports of the births of 184 children (of whom 14 are now dead), 109 boys and 75 girls.

FORMER MEMBERS

Ten men were (according to Princeton records, as given by old catalogues and "Bric-a-Bracs"), for short periods enrolled as members of '96; but they are not carried on our Class roll, as their subsequent affiliations have been entirely with other classes, '94, '95 and '97. They are: John Auchincloss ('95), George Winifred Barr ('95), Richard Everett Dwight ('97), George Tuttle Gould, Jr. ('95), Edwin Wilson Hammett ('94), Herbert Staley Harris ('97), William Frederick Hencken ('95), Jacob Kahn ('95), Egbert Shepard Marsh ('95), Edwin Ely Scoville ('95).

PARTNERSHIPS AND ASSOCIATION IN BUSINESS, PAST AND PRESENT

CHARLES HENRY GRANT, LAWRENCE JOHNSON MEAD: (1901-1906) President and Secretary-Treasurer of the A. J. Watts Co., Crystal Gold for Dentists' use, Summit, N. J., and 127 East 23rd Street, New York.

ARCHIBALD DEMING DAVIS, JOSEPH LAWRENCE MYERS: (December, 1900, to May, 1905) Members of the firm of A. D. Davis & Co (later Davis, Van Rensselaer & Myers), Investment Securities, 44 Wall Street, New York.

JOHN HINSDALE SCHEIDE, ADNAH NEYHART: Members of the firm of Grandin & Scheide, Petroleum (1902-1906).

ALGERNON BROOKE ROBERTS, ROLAND SLETOR MORRIS: (1899-1906) Members of the Law firm of Duane, Morris, Heckscher & Roberts, 1617-1623 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

DAVID BOYNTON HELM, ANSELM EDWIN SCHAFF: With W. E. Nichols & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 15 Wall Street, New York. Helm is a member of the firm.

CHARLES BYRON BOSTWICK, PAUL TILLINGHAST, WILLIAM S. BAYLIS, ISAAC SMITH HOMANS, HARRY WARING GODFREY: With Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, 346 Broadway, New York. All started with the Company in 1896. Waring, Baylis and Homans were there till 1898. Tillinghast was cashier of Metropolitan Agency in 1896-1898 and is now in charge of Policy Loan Department. Bostwick was in Correspondence Department till January, 1901, when he was elected Assistant Secretary of the Company.

WILLIAM S. BAYLIS, HENRY HANNAH BERGEN: Have represented the Columbian National Life Insurance Co., of Boston, Mass. Baylis was the Company's Manager in West Virginia and is now representing them in New York City. Bergen is no longer with the Company.

DANIEL ROUSE BOWER GLENN, WILLIAM WISWELL VERNER: They were members of an expedition to the Klondyke in 1898.

LEROY PORTER LEAS, FREDERICK CURWEN LEAS: L. P. Leas has been New England Manager, at Boston, Mass., since 1897, for Leas & McVitty, Inc., of Philadelphia, Tanners and Leather Dealers; he was with them in Philadelphia for a year. F. C. Leas was with the Philadelphia office of the firm until he began the study of medicine.

NELSON BURR GASKILL, THOMAS LOGAN GASKILL: Members of the Law firm of Gaskill & Gaskill, 301 Market Street, Camden, N. J., Attorneys for the Pennsylvania Railroad.

CLASSIFIED OCCUPATIONS

When compiling this record, I prepared a detailed list of classified occupations, rearranging under proper headings the information elsewhere given in the book under each man's name. I intended to print this classification to benefit members of the Class who might desire special information or assistance in certain localities or in certain lines of business. I found that it would take too much space in the book and would add too much to its cost.

The material was sent to the *Princeton Alumni Weekly*. It was printed during the spring months of 1906.

In the usual style of Class Records, a summary of this classification follows. It will be noticed that the sum of the men engaged in the different occupations far exceeds the number of men in the Class; for the reason that when a man has followed more than one calling his name is included under each heading.

C. B. B.

OCCUPATIONS OF 'NINETY-SIX MEN

	IN 1906	FORMERLY	TOTAL
Business General.....	77	31	108
Financial.....	23	15	38
Insurance.....	20	12	32
Real Estate.....	9	4	13
Food Products.....	9	2	11
Oil Products.....	6	4	10
Transportation.....	4	6	10
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Business (Total).....	148	74	222
Practising Law.....	64	11	75
Practising Medicine.....	28	0	28
Ministry.....	18	6	24
Missionaries.....	14	2	16
Architecture.....	2	0	2
Farming.....	5	3	8
Music.....	3	0	3
Engineering and Mining.....	16	18	34
Journalism.....	2	10	12
Teaching in Princeton University.....	5	4	9
Teaching in other Colleges.....	13	11	24
Teaching in Schools.....	9	19	28
Studying (1906).....	2	0	2
Doing nothing at present.....	4	0	4
Miscellaneous.....	5	1	6
Politics and Public Service.			
United States Army.....	3	0	3
United States Navy.....	2	1	3
Consular Service.....	1	1	2
Diplomatic Service.....	1	0	1
Government Service at Washington.....	2	2	4
Government Service Elsewhere.....	0	4	4
Legislatures.....	1	1	2
Officers of the Law.....	4	3	7
Miscellaneous.....	6	23	29
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Politics and Public Service (Total).....	20	35	55
Non-Graduate Members, present occupation unknown.....	7	0	7
Official Positions with Corporations.....	61	9	70
Directors in Banks.....	3	0	3
Members of Business Firms.....	34	4	38
Members of Legal Firms.....	15	6	21
Practising Law alone.....	45	9	54
Pursuing miscellaneous occupations as personal enterprises	29	5	34

156 men have established themselves in their business or profession at their old homes; while 162 men have settled away from their family homes.

LETTERS FROM ASIA

After the first hundred pages of the book had been printed, the mail from the Pacific brought letters from Lampe, Gordon Johnston, Mather, Park and Righter.

A series of letters from Lampe give various information about him which I reproduce by making extracts. In reading this, remember that these are extracts, and that it is not a continuous letter. This will account for the illogical arrangement of the subject matter.

"I have made occasional contributions to the *Japan Evangelist*, of Tokio. An article in November, 1904, issue, entitled "Building in Japan," attracted considerable attention.

"In July, 1905, Kamizowa, Japan, I read a theological paper before the Council of Missions.

"I am a missionary of the Reformed Church in the United States (sometimes called the German Reformed). I am located at Sendai, the center of our field, which includes about three million people, and is two hundred and fifty miles long and one hundred miles wide. I speak Japanese, and can preach and make addresses without manuscript. I am Chairman of the Foreign Committee of Relief for the Famine in the North. This committee is composed of one French and five American missionaries and an English professor in the Government College here. To get a common language, we conduct our meetings in Japanese. Two of the Committee have been here for more than twenty-five years. I am the next to youngest member of the Committee. We have about sixty foreign residents here in Sendai. I am Chairman of the community, getting my share of the work and the honors. As a result of the work our Committee has done, the nations of the earth are showing sympathy to Japan in a wonderful way. I work day and night, sometimes until 4 A.M. It is now 1 A.M. This is the opportunity of a lifetime. Do missions pay? I am willing to let anyone judge from the work of this Committee alone. See the *Christian Herald*, of New York, for 1906, and you will see what our Committee has accomplished. I furnished the Japanese Consul-General with some printed matter, went to see him, and wrote him several letters. He put these into Chinese and sent them to the Empress Dowager, who gave \$75,000. Up to date, America has subscribed \$130,000, England \$60,000, and Canada \$40,000; other nations smaller amounts.

"I wish I had time to write you a decent letter for publication. My experience as a builder, my relation with young men—especially college students—the thirteen policemen I baptized, my relation to officials, the present famine relief work, would all, I think, be quite interesting if properly written up, but I cannot do it now (1.30 A.M.) nor at any time before summer. Forgive me this time. This summer, or early next fall, give me the tip and I will try to do better.

"A few marginal notes on the last paragraph would be that in 1903-04 I built for Mujagi Girls' School the finest school-building for women in the Empire. I also helped superintend the new buildings for North Japan College, the finest educational establishment in the North. We invite to Sendai all prominent visitors to Japan and get quite a few. Last fall we invited Bryan, but he was too busy. Only last month we had John G. Woolley, candidate for President in 1900. He was my guest. The mayor and governor invited Mr. and Mrs. Woolley and my wife and myself to a banquet. There is no city of Japan where the foreigner and Japanese enjoy so cordial relations as right here in Sendai. In these seven years I have baptized about a dozen college students, one of whom is a brilliant orator.

"Please send me copies of all circulars, etc., you send the Class. I don't want to let my love for Princeton grow cold. I have in training a candidate for Princeton '24 and one for '26.

"With very best wishes to every fellow in the Class and a thousand good wishes to you, I remain,

"Cordially yours,

"LAMPE".

"Sendai is the military center of the North. The Second Division has its headquarters here. This means 18,000 soldiers in Sendai. We had 2,000 Russian prisoners, among them the Governor-General of Saghalin and many officers captured during the battle of the Japan Sea. I became fairly well acquainted with several of the latter."

Gordon's letter (written about three weeks before the battle of Mount Dajo) reads as follows:

"What can I say to my friends of '96 to account for myself during these short ten years? I feel that my miserable conduct toward Charlie Bostwick, who has stood for a faithful medium of keeping in touch with them, would prove me almost a deserter from the ranks. But most solemnly will I swear that this is not true. I hope you will judge me somewhat by what you know of me. If there was any fellow among us in those few years who loved the Class any better, I'm glad to know it. That has always been with me. But maybe there are many who have been bearing heavier burdens than there was need for those about us to know of. There may be others who for that first bewildering year or so struggled desperately with the great problem of 'what to do' and 'what do I want at the end of the doing?' Time slid by so fast and some seemed rising so quickly that the spur was continually driven into an already sensitive flank. The obvious personal cost was absolutely undesired. There was no spark of genius on hand nor any decided bent for one thing or another. Chance and a love of adventure started me in the Army and so I've been a soldier since the spring of 1898. I've seen a good bit of the world and some very active service. Joe Righter and I were room-mates at the General Service and Staff College at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., where we spent a most miserable year of grinding. I saw him once before out in Luzon when his outpost held me up one dark night and Joe dug up a bottle of warm beer. He's over here now not far from me in the Moro land.

"It has been my honor to have had the commendation of some of the highest in our Government. I have been thrown with some of the finest specimens of pure 'man' that ever lived. This is what more than anything has kept me in this line, that the best development in this life (the service) is better than any other within my reach. They are clean, clear-cut men, keen in sport, simple in their lives, ambitious, independent, self-respecting, who ask no odds of any man, but 'do their work and hold their peace and have no fear to die.' That isn't the newspaper version, I know, but they live just the same and touch many lives, and they leave the world a bit better perhaps for their having lived. Beyond a fleeting glimpse or a few moments' conversation, there has been little coming my way in the shape of '96 men. Barney Haines I have visited and found moving steadily along and upward, as I always knew that he would. Pete Pierce, after some ups and downs, found the square hole for a square man and is way up in the Semet Solvay Co. Bob Patton is at hand for you to handle. He rarely writes and I'm about as bad.

"GORDON JOHNSTON."

On the last day of April, after a large part of the book had been printed, the Class Secretary secured a clipping from a paper at Williamsport, Pa., which tells that Righter, as well as Johnston, was concerned in the fight at Mount Dajo. This article reads as follows:

LIEUT. JOSEPH C. RIGHTER, JR., IN DESPERATE BATTLE

THE WILLIAMSPORTER COMMANDED TROOP F IN THE FINAL ASSAULT UPON THE MORO STRONGHOLD LAST MONTH—HE WAS IN THE ADVANCE OVER THE WEST TRAIL WITH HIS CAVALRY—
THE NEWS HAS JUST REACHED WILLIAMSPORT FROM THE
PHILIPPINES.

Word has just reached Williamsport that First Lieut. Joseph C. Righter, Jr., of this city, who is in the Philippines with his command, participated with his troop in the desperate fighting which took place during the capture of Mt. Dajo, on the Island of Jolo, last month.

CUT WAY TO THE TOP

Lieutenant Righter, who is Adjutant of his squadron, was assigned to Troop F, which was one of the two troops which formed the column which advanced over the west trail to the attack. There were but three trails leading to the top of Mt. Dajo, and as the Moros had the range and direction of these the troops cut their way to the top, making new trails for themselves

COMMANDER WAS SHOT

When reaching the top the commander of the column was shot and the commander of Troop G assumed command of the column, placing Lieutenant Righter in command of his troop, which was in the advance.

During the remaining days of the fighting Lieutenant Righter was in command of the firing line and led his troop in the final assault.

FOUR AWFUL DAYS

For four days the troops never had an opportunity to even remove their clothing. They had to scale a mountain on almost perpendicular trails, had little but the crackers in their haversacks to eat, and only had such water as the native bearers carried up the trails to them at night.

The fighting was desperate, for the fanatical Moros did not fear death and, chanting prayers and with pieces of the Koran tied on their heads, they made bolo rushes on the troops or poured a deadly hail of bullets into them.



PAOTINGFU, NORTH CHINA, March 27, 1906.

DEAR CLASSMATES:

Bostwick tells me that we in the far country, who are not to have the privilege of meeting the rest of you at the Decennial, must give an account of ourselves by letter; so, though I should like nothing better than meeting you all again under the old elms, I must be content with a one-sided talk at this distance.

As I reported in the *Triennial Record*, I spent the three years after leaving college at the Hartford Theological Seminary. The year following the Triennial I also spent in Hartford, taking post-graduate work, and then in company with John Trout started for Deutschland, where we soon found ourselves, in company with several other Princeton fellows, in a school for the study of German in picturesque Marburg on the Lahn. After six weeks there and a glorious four weeks' wheeling tour through the Black Forest and Switzerland, during which we climbed the "Eiger" and several lower peaks, I spent two weeks in Giessen and then set out for Edinburgh. Here I specialized in philosophy at the University, also taking a course in Hebrew under "Rabbi" Davidson at the New-College. For two months while there I saw the sun only about three times, but the people that I met made up for the defects in the weather, and I had a delightful winter there. When spring came, I rejoined John Trout at Halle on the Saale, entered the University, joined a "Verein," was arrested and fined for riding my wheel without a license, and had a number of other thoroughly German experiences. But the most pleasant memories of those days come from the friends I made among the students, warm-hearted fellows whose kindness I shall not soon forget.

Lybyer had stayed two weeks with us in Marburg on his way out to Constantinople and he also visited us again on his way home the next summer. Soon after he left, I started for America likewise, making a bee line for Brazil, Indiana, where I arrived just in time to stand by him while the nuptial knot was tied. The following year was spent as acting librarian of the Case Memorial Library at Hartford, and in the fall of 1902 I started for China under the Presbyterian Board, being assigned to this city, which is the capital of the province of Chlihi. As some of you know, it was here that Dr. G. Y. Taylor, Princeton '84, and Dr. C. V. R. Hodge, '93, with all the other members of the station who were here, fell before the fury of the Boxers in 1900. It is here also that Dr. J. Walter Lowrie, '76, who is one of the finest missionaries in North China and who received by Imperial decree the honorary rank of an official of the fourth grade for his services to this city during the foreign occupation, has been working for more than ten years, and I have esteemed it one of my greatest privileges out here to have had his help and guidance from the start.

In the *Triennial Record* Bostwick took me to task for not mentioning a prize received at Hartford, but the fact of the matter is that the only prize obtained there about which I feel like boasting was in the person of Miss Grace Burroughs, who consented to be my wife shortly before I left for China. After enduring it for nearly two years out here, I went home for her in 1904 and we were married on the thirtieth of August. A little more than a month later we were on our way to China, and have been here in Paotingfu ever since.

As for experiences of work out here, I have been occupied principally with language study and have been here a so much shorter time than Jimmy Cochran or Buck Waters or Charlie Patten that I don't feel that I can say much that would be illuminating. It is probably true, however, that we in the north see more evidence of the change going on in China now than those in any other part of the empire. And it is a marvelous change. Men who have been in China longer, like Dr. Lowrie, and who know the innate conservatism of the Chinese from long experience, are even more astonished than the new comers. Schools, colleges, and universities established in the various provinces, where foreign branches and foreign languages are taught, government examination for civil appointments to be based hereafter upon these foreign branches as well as upon the classics, schools for girls being established in Tientsin, Peking, and Paotingfu, where not only foreign branches are taught, but also such advanced subjects as using the sewing machine and making cigarettes, girls of high families walking through the streets of Peking to school, Chinese ladies holding meetings for the discussion of public topics, and a daily paper for women being published in Peking, perhaps the only women's daily in the world, the army equipped with the latest arms and drilled according to the latest German and Japanese methods, the soldiers' queues having gone into hiding beneath an ample cap; these and countless changes like them proclaim the fact that there is a new China, and I feel it a wonderful privilege to be here at this time and have a hand in moulding the China that is to be.

I would give a good deal to see you all down at old Princeton this Decennial time, but must be satisfied to send my best wishes to every one in the class.

Yours for '96,

WM. A. MATHER.



S. S. "TENNYSON," April 15th, 1906.

MY DEAR BOSTWICK:

Mrs. Chamberlain and I, with our three-year old boy, Annesley, are on the ocean five days out from New York, one-third of the distance to Bahia, Brazil, where we will disembark to renew our work after a year's absence. We had six months of furlough and were about to sail for Brazil when I had an attack of appendicitis. The consequent operation and period of convalescence, somewhat retarded by slighter operations of an entirely different character, delayed us some five months beyond our furlough.

We return to Villa Nova da Rainha, a town of ten thousand inhabitants, situated amongst the hills on a narrow gauge railway two hundred and eighty miles from the city of Bahia, which is our port. We have trains every other day, mail twice a week, and one of them is an express which takes two days to make the run of less than three hundred miles. It is a decidedly isolated life. Moral, social and religious standards, habits and ways of thinking, are so different, even if there were much social life among the people themselves, and we are fortunate, indeed, if we are able to entertain an English-speaking person once in six months or a year. But then that is not as bad as Spriggs' life at Point Barrow.

My parish is a hundred miles broad along the railway, north and south, and three hundred miles long, east and west. Three times a year I cover from four to five hundred miles on mule-back, stopping anywhere from a day to a week at ten or twelve points where the work is especially progressive. Each trip takes from one to two months. During the other periods I travel up and down the railroad, or visit the different groups of believers nearer by, at distances of ten to twenty miles.

In our field there are fifty communicant believers to-day and fifty more who are preparing to make their profession of faith. As one goes about from group to group the question, "Does it pay?" is conclusively answered by the complete transformation in the lives of many men. For you must know that these men were brought up amid the most deadening influences of a fearfully corrupt religion, that goes by the name of Christianity, a large portion of whose clergy gamble, drink to excess and lead openly immoral lives.

I hope this is not altogether too late for the "Record." Wishing you and all the good classmates who are able to attend the reunion a royal good time, I remain,

Most sincerely yours,
PIERCE CHAMBERLAIN.



NAN, SIAM, via Burma and Raheng, March 10, 1906.

MY DEAR BOSTWICK:

Yours of November 6, 1905, reached me while on a three months and a half trip. We reached home last Tuesday and this will go by the first mail since our return.

It has been almost seven years since we left the United States for Siam, although during this time we have spent one year at home on furlough. We have been here long enough, I think, to realize in some measure how different the East is from the West, and to realize what a big proposition we have before us in trying to understand this people enough to help them solve their problems. It is easy enough for us at Anglo-Saxons to say "Everything we have is good, and everything you have is bad," and to try to impress our American civilization upon them. This principle works beautifully in theory, and they will all admit the foregoing statement—and any other statement you may choose to make, for that matter—but it is like trying to patch a worn-out garment with a new piece of cloth: the rent is only made larger when the new piece is torn out—which it is sure to be.

Siam has approximately eight million people, divided about equally between the "Lao" (*ao* has the sound of *ow*) of the north, and their cousins the more strictly Siamese of the south. The King, although thoroughly Siamese, was educated in England, and is heartily in sympathy with any work which upbuilds the people. In a recent trip to the north, the Crown Prince, also educated in England, was exceedingly gracious to the missionaries, and went so far as to name the boys' school in Chiang Mai for himself, after he had himself laid the cornerstone of one of the new buildings. The Government is taking a great interest in having the curse of smallpox stamped out by widespread vaccination; and recently measures have been taken to stop an epidemic among cattle. On the whole the Central Government is working toward the upbuilding of the country—not perhaps as some of us might do it if we had a free hand—but not the less surely and steadily. We are in the midst of a transition stage from the old extremely primitive feudal system to the beginning of a twentieth century civilization. If there are abuses on the part of petty officials in taking advantage of both their former prerogatives, and those granted them under the new régime, it is but to be expected; and we are glad to be able to state that during the past three years very many of these have been corrected.

The Laos or Lao people of the north differ quite materially from their southern cousins. They are very quiet and respectful and always ready to follow the lines of least resistance. In close accord with these traits is an adeptness at deceit which can hardly be conceived by an Occidental. Sincerity is so far removed from their normal mode of life and thought, that they hardly realize they are not telling the truth when they tell you what they think you wish them to say. They are far removed from anything savage or fanatical, which makes residence or travel in this country safer even than it is at home. The greatest drawback to any progress among them is their dense ignorance and their adherence to "custom" which is bound to them the tighter by their spirit worship. For instance: Each family, each village and each clan has its own guardian spirit. If, therefore, one person offends any one of these spirits, the spirit is angry at this whole family, village or clan, as the case may be, and must be appeased by offerings of flowers, rice, a chicken, a pig, or some larger animal according to the enormity of the crime. If the offering is not forthcoming some one is sure to get sick or die. Hence the origin of sickness, and the mode of treatment. If they think the sickness is caused by an evil spirit of another family they whip the sick person to make him tell whose spirit is troubling him, and when they find out they persecute the offending family and usually run them out of the community. If the sickness is not very great, they make offerings to appease the spirits. They use medicines also to some extent, some of which are very good, but many of them are in the nature of charms and are absolutely foolish

The religion of the country is supposed to be Buddhism, but however high an ethical code Buddhism sets forth, it is utterly unable to meet the needs of its adherents here. I have been unable to find one person in a hundred who even tries to live up to the teachings of Buddha. Even the "Buddhist monks" have their spirit shrines, and the common people universally kill animals—contrary to the first and great commandment of Buddha, and offer them to spirits, also contrary to Buddha's teachings. They confess that doing so will bar them out of heaven, but they are afraid not to do it. Even their making merit is in the nature of freeing their forefathers and relatives from purgatory—they express it: "That, they may have something to eat, and not bother them in their dreams." Judging by their actions and conversation, their standards of morality are little better than those of animals. Yet there is a great deal that is good in them. Taking into consideration their dense ignorance and all of the surroundings, the Christian Church here compares very favorably with that at home. The people try earnestly—the majority of them at least—to live up to Christian standards, and it is not difficult to see the result even in their faces.

Siam is without doubt many centuries behind our western civilization, and it will take several generations before she can catch up; but judging by the progress which we have seen during the past seven years, it is not unreasonable to hope that we may ourselves see the beginning of the end of that transformation.

Sincerely yours,
DAVID PARK.



SALISBURY, RHODESIA, April 15th, 1901.

My dear Bostwick:—

While at the Primrose Mine, some 120 miles west of Salisbury, I received from you a set of blanks to be filled out. I filled out the blanks and wrote you a letter expecting to mail same on my return to Salisbury. Although I arrived in Salisbury about the middle of January, my kit, and with it the letter, has not turned up, the wagons having been delayed on account of heavy rains and flooded rivers. However, the rainy season is now over and I am expecting the wagons to arrive at any time. This is only one of the many unavoidable inconveniences of this country. Should I attempt to relate some of the pests and drawbacks of this country, such as fever, horse sickness, cattle diseases, tsetse fly, the locust, the white ants, etc., to say nothing of wild animals, the natives and the rotten government of the chartered company, you will wonder what keeps me here. While we have more than our share of pests and hardships, we are in a new country, money is plentiful, little competition and many openings not to be met with in older countries.

During the past two years I have been with the leading consulting engineer of Rhodesia, and he is engineer for half a dozen of the leading mining companies of Mashonaland. My work has been chiefly mining engineering, and I have seen most of the mines and been through the greater portion of this section of South Africa. Most of the mines up here are yet in the early stages of development. I think there is plenty of gold here, but the existing government and mining laws are bad, and labor for working the mines is difficult to secure. However, we are looking for improvements in due time.

I am getting a little tired of veldt life and have put in an application for the position of Town Engineer to be filled in July. They are going to put in a system of water works, electric lights and many town improvements, so I will not be idle if I secure the appointment. The position demands \$5,000 per year, so I hope to get it. I will let you know how I come out.

Your letter of February 14th, telling me of the coming Quinquennial Reunion, reached me a few days ago. How I should enjoy being with my old classmates again.

You asked me to write a few lines to be read before the class at the Reunion Banquet. I will write nothing special, but should you find anything in this letter that you think may be of interest to any of my old classmates, I will deem it an honor to be remembered by extracts.

You have all read much of late concerning South Africa, especially in connection with the Boer War. But what have you heard about us poor unfortunates who are attempting to eke out an existence in Rhodesia? We have seen no fighting up here and we have heard little about the fighting down below, yet indirectly we have strong evidence that something is radically wrong in South Africa. However, we have been going steadily forward. Many new buildings have been erected in Salisbury and many of the mines have been steadily developed. So much for Rhodesia, but I can hear some one asking what has old Brownie been doing? Well, I have not made a fortune, nor do I see a fortune near at hand, yet I have been busy most of the time and have been well paid for my time. I have seen lots of wild country, and have had my share of sport in the way of shooting large game. There is any amount of large game fifty or one hundred miles from Salisbury.

It may be of interest to you to know how we travel in going out to mining camps. As yet, we have no railroads leading to the mines, and the wagon roads are something dreadful at the best, and during the rainy months are simply impassable. All transport of machinery, etc., to the mines is done by transport riders in large wagons drawn by from sixteen to thirty-two oxen. I usually go to a mine in a Cape Cart drawn by six mules. Sometimes I am fortunate enough to travel in an American Spider drawn by eight or ten mules, while at other times I am forced to go on horse-back, or even walk where there is no road leading to the mine.

Have I ever killed a lion, did some one ask? Well, yes, I was fortunate enough to kill one last November. I had some machinery going out to the Primrose Mine for the French South African Dev. Co. One night the driver outspanned on the Umfuli River some sixty miles from Salisbury, and allowed the oxen to graze. During the night some lions got among the cattle and killed two large bullocks and nearly killed a third. Of course, the remainder of the thirty-two bullocks cleared in all directions and were not found for days. On the following afternoon I overtook the wagons and one of the drivers told me of the accident and took me over to where the dead bullocks lay. When we were within one hundred and fifty yards of the carcasses, the driver pointed toward a brownish object and cleared back to the wagons. It took me several minutes to realize the true surroundings. There sat a large lion on his haunches, back toward me, and slowly smoothing down his coat with his tongue. I looked about for a tree, but saw none within a couple of hundred yards. I decided to chance it in the open and lodged a bullet in his back, fracturing his spine. This was a most lucky shot, for he turned and frantically endeavored to come for me, but he was as on a pivot. A few more shots put an end to his fruitless efforts, though I must confess that my nerves were quite unstrung after the first shot. I have seen, at various times, a number of other lions, but have never succeeded in getting a shot at them; as they usually sneak off into the bush, quite contrary to tradition.

I am beginning to feel a great longing for American soil, and especially to meet with my old classmates and college friends at a reunion.

I met Geo. Lyon when I was in Cape Town, in '99, and we had several pleasant talks over old times. I also met Clinton Wood, '92, in Cape Town, and I hear that his brother, Wood, '97, is soon to settle in the Colony. I should like to see a few Princeton men in Rhodesia. I have met a number of Columbia School of Mines men out here, and even a talk with them is a great blessing.

With kindest remembrances to all my old classmates, and with a locomotive cheer for old Princeton, and a good long cheer for the Class of '96, I am, as ever, most sincerely,

Your classmate and friend,

A. H. BROWN



LET'S GO BACK TO BORNEO.

Let's go down the Sulu Sea—
I am tired of old Canton,
Shanghai's had enough of me,
Nothing good in French Saigon,
Macao of the Portugee,
All this China side's too slow—
Let's go sail the Sulu Sea—
Let's go back to Borneo!

On the bund at Singapore
Chinks and Sikhs stroll up and down—
Yellow rajas from Lahore,
Half-baked kings to see the town.
By this crowd I set no store,
All this feeble Malay show—
Say, lets sail from Singapore—
Let's go back to Borneo!

No place duller than Penang—
Twice I had the fever there.
Gad! the sleepy isle can hang,
White and brown, for what I care.
Dyak and ourang-outang,
Where they are I want to go—
Sink or swim, leave dull Penang—
Let's go back to Borneo!

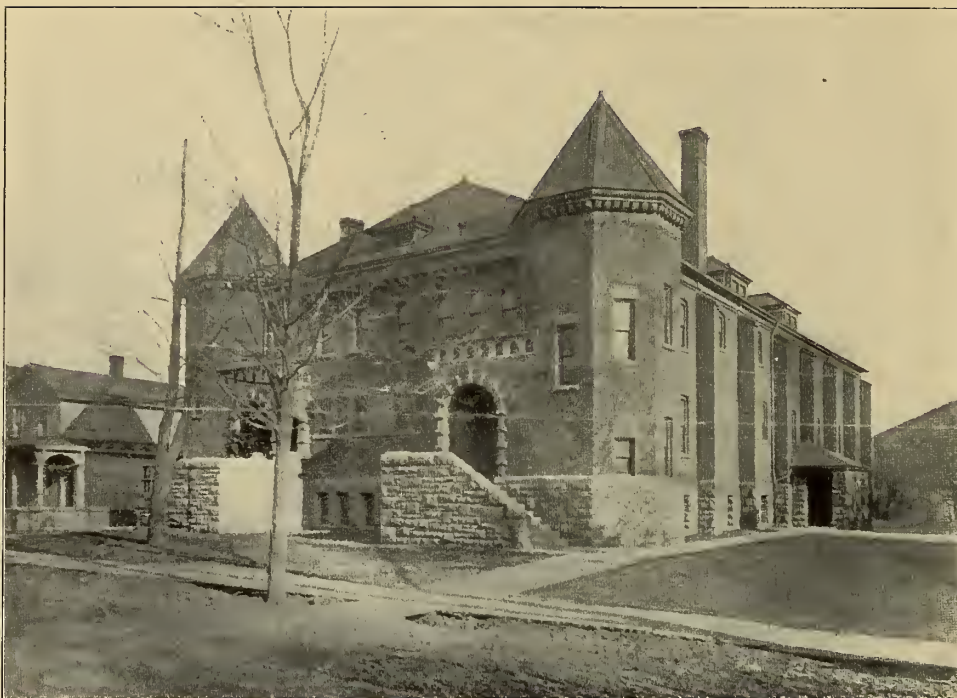
I can see the place in dreams
When the moon shines on the bay—
Liquid fire the water gleams,
Phosphorescent flames at play.
Why, but yesterday it seems
That we watched the turtles glow
Like gold patches—in my dreams—
Let's go back to Borneo!

Don't you mind the honey-bear
Little Mina used to drill?
The parrot that we taught to swear,
In the hut on Laudak hill?
Mina, too—I wonder where
Now she keeps her bungalow—
Has she still the honey-bear?
Let's go back to Borneo!

Let's go down the Sulu Sea—
Yes, it's good in old Japan—
Good enough for some—not me—
I've an older better plan,
Comes the northeast monsoon free,
Islandward I'm bound to go—
Let's go sail the Sulu Sea—
Let's go back to Borneo!

"EDWARD BARRON" (DAVID POTTER).

In the *Century* for Sept., 1904.



ENGINEERING LABORATORY

LIST OF MEMBERSHIP



CHARLES EDWARD ADAMS.

1029 East Second Street, Duluth, Minn.

Member of firm of Adams & Miller, 515 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn. (since 1900). Court Commissioner of St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Left Princeton at end of Freshman year; (1893-6) student at University of Minnesota (A.B. 1896); (1896-8) superintendent of City Schools, Granite Falls, Minn.; (1898-1900) studying law at University of Minnesota (LL.B. 1900); (1900) practising law alone at 812 Torrey Building, Duluth, Minn.

MARRIED Grace Mabel Tennant, May 14th, 1902, Minneapolis, Minn.

CHILDREN—Elizabeth Stella Adams, born February 3rd, 1905.

HUGH CLAIBORNE ADAMS.

914 North Florence Street, El Paso, Texas.

Manager for J. Rosenbaum Grain Co. (of Chicago), at Coles Block, El Paso, Texas (since 1902).

Left Princeton in Junior year; (1895) reporter on "St. Louis Republic"; (1896) with father in grain business at St. Louis, Mo. (1 year); (1898) with Louis Muller & Co., grain exporters, Baltimore, Md.; (1899) advertising department of "St. Louis Post Dispatch"; (1899-1902) representing Frick Export Co. (grain), of Baltimore, Md., at St. Louis, Mo.; (1900) grain broker at 100 Rialto Building, Chicago, Ill., representing Gill & Fisher (of Philadelphia and Baltimore).

MARRIED Helen Elder Smith, April 14th, 1904, at San Antonio, Texas.

SYLVESTER HALSEY MOORE AGENS

Munn Avenue, East Orange, N. J.

Manager of Electrical Supply Co., Newark, N. J.

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton; with '96 in Sophomore and Junior years.

MARRIED (Details unknown).

JOSEPH WARREN ALFORD.

7 Webster Place, East Orange, N. J.

Vice-President and Treasurer of C. G. Alford & Co., Inc., Wholesale Jewelers, 192 Broadway, corner Dey Street, New York City (with above firm since 1893).

Left Princeton at end of Freshman year.

MARRIED Florence Mahin, June 12th, 1900, Muscatine, Iowa.

CHILDREN—Charles Mahin Alford, born September 28th, 1902.

Charlotte Alford, born March 21st, 1905.

FRANCIS OLCOTT ALLEN, JR.

323 South 16th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Surgery and Medicine.

(1896–1900) Studied medicine at University of Pennsylvania, M. D.; (1901–1905) resident physician, Pennsylvania Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.

GEORGE KLOTS ALLEN II.

Red Bank, N. J.

Superintendent of Construction Department for A. D. Granger Co., Contracting Engineers, 95 Liberty Street, New York City (since 1901).

(1896–7) With W. B. Harris Co.; (1897–1901) lumber and hardware business at Red Bank, N. J.

HARRY McCLELLAN ANDERSON.

Charleston, West Virginia.

Practising law at 46 Citizens National Bank Building, Charleston, West Virginia (since 1898).

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton; with '96 during Freshman year; (1894) studied at Eastman Business College, Poughkeepsie, New York; (1894–5), in Secretary of State's office, Charleston, W. Va.; (1895–7) studied law at Center College, Danville, Ky. (LL.B. 1897), and at West Virginia University (LL.B. 1898); coached football team at Center College and at West Virginia University.

LEIGHTON FRANCIS APPLEMAN.

586 West State Street, Trenton, N. J.

Practising medicine at 1708 Pine Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years; studied at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia (M.D. 1897); ophthalmologist to the Frederick Douglass Memorial Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.; instructor in ophthalmology, Philadelphia Polyclinic and College for Graduates in Medicine; demonstrator in pharmacy and materia medica and instructor in therapeutics at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia.

MARRIED Anna Hough Parsons, June 5th, 1901, Fallsington, Pa.

CHILDREN—Leighton Parsons Appleman, born November 24th, 1903.

HENRY BEARD ARMES.

1606 K Street, N. W., Washington, D. C.

In State Department, Washington, D. C. (since 1899).

Entered '96 in Sophomore year; (1897–9) studied law at Columbian Building, Washington, D. C.; also at Columbian University Law School, Washington, D. C. (LL.B., 1899); (1899) with Law Department of Southern Railway, Washington, D. C.

See "Political Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Theodosia Osborne Culver, April 21st, 1903, Washington, D. C.

WILLIAM MAYO ATKINSON.

458 Jefferson Avenue, Elizabeth, N. J.

Practising law at 763 Broad Street, Newark, N. J. (since 1899).

(1896-8) Studying in New York Law School (LL.B. 1899); reading law with R. V. Lindabury, Newark, N. J.; (1899) in office of Lindabury, Depue & Faulks, attorneys, Newark, N. J. Elected Justice of the Peace for city of Elizabeth, N. J., at election of 1902; did not qualify. Three times delegate from Twelfth Ward, Elizabeth, N. J., to Democratic State Convention.

FRANK ALLEN BAKER.

Care of Ridenour Baker Grocery Co., Kansas City, Mo.; or "The Niagara," 6 West 37th Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Member of firm and of Board of Directors of Ridenour Baker Grocery Co., Kansas City, Mo. (Clerk, 1896; assistant cashier, 1899.)

MARRIED Martha Elizabeth Rea, October 26th, 1904, Marshall, Mo.

CHILDREN—Frank Allen Baker, Jr., born December 20th, 1905.

HUGH WILSON BARNETT.

340 North Fountain Avenue, Springfield, Ohio.

General Insurance with Billow, Barnett & Co., 25 Bushnell Building, Springfield, Ohio (since 1896).

MARRIED Alice G. Jefferies, October 9th, 1900, at Springfield, Ohio.

CHILDREN—Hugh Wilson Barnett, Jr., born September 22d, 1902.

Daniel Jefferies Barnett, born December 23d, 1903.

MASON BROWN BARRET.

Frankfort, Ky.—Rossmore Apartments, Louisville, Ky.

Attorney for Kentucky Title Co., Louisville, Ky. (since 1903).

Formerly member of Class '95, Princeton; (1896) reading law at Louisville, Ky.; (1896-7) University of Louisville (Ky.); (LL.B. 1897); (1897-1902) practised law in Louisville; (1902-3) assistant attorney Louisville Title Co.

DAVID WARNER BATES.

225 Garnde Street, Newark, N. J.

Present occupation unknown. Left Princeton early in Freshman year.

WILLIAM S. BAYLIS.

Englewood, N. J.

With Columbian National Life Insurance Co., of Boston, Mass., 253 Broadway, New York City. (Previously manager for this company in West Virginia.)

(1896-7) With Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, home office, 29 Broadway, New York City; (1898) with Prosser & Homans, managers Equitable Life Assurance Society, 173 Broadway, New York; (1899) district inspector Edison Electric Illuminating Co., New York City; with W. B. Mack & Co., brokers, 35 Wall street, New York City.

JACOB NEWTON BEAM.

Princeton, N. J.

Instructor in German, Princeton University.

(1896-9) Teacher of German and French in Preparatory School, Princeton, N. J.; (1897) student at Heidelberg University, Germany; (1899-1900) instructor in German, Princeton University; (1900-01) instructor in French, Princeton University; (1900) student at University of Geneva, Switzerland; (1901-03) student in Germanics, University of Jena, Germany; (Ph.D. University of Jena, 1903); (1905) student at Leipzig, Germany. Won Fellowship at Columbia University in German (1899), but did not study there.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

WILLIAM HERSEY BEAN

319 West Pine Street, Stillwater, Minn.

Lumber, Logs and Lands, Stillwater, Minn. (since 1896).

Left Princeton at end of Freshman year; (1894) timber cruiser; (1895-6) on a fruit ranch in California.

MARRIED Mary Augusta Bronson, October 30th, 1895, at Stillwater, Minn.

CHILDREN—*Son, born and died February, 1898.*

William Bronson Bean, born January 18th, 1899.

Philip Jacob Bean, born May 7th, 1903.

RANDOLPH BEDLE.

112 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Practising law.

With '96 during Freshman and Sophomore years; (1899) practising law at 76 Montgomery street, Jersey City, N. J. Resident assistant secretary of National Surety Company, of New York.

ERASMUS BENNETT, JR.

1203 South Main Street, Los Angeles, California.

Residence, 1297 Girard Street, Los Angeles, California.

General Agent in Southern California for Wayne Automobiles (since May 1905.)

With '96 in Freshman year; (1893-1903) stock raising and importing at Topeka, Kan; (1903-5) real estate business in Los Angeles, California.

MARRIED Winifred Welles Wagner, June 27th, 1900, at Topeka, Kansas.

CHILDREN—Brigham Wagner Bennett, born March 26th, 1903.

HENRY HANNAH BERGEN.

162 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, N. Y.

With Lee Bergen & Co., Cotton Converters, New York City.

(1899) With Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Co., of New York City, and with United States Trust Co., New York City; (1899) with Guaranty Trust Co., of New York City; (1904) with Columbian National Life Insurance Co., of Boston, Mass.

MARRIED Gertrude Marion Hopkins, January 2d, 1899, at New York City

ANDREW JEFFERSON BERRY.

466 Greene Street, Augusta, Ga.

With Southern States Phosphate & Fertilizer Co., Cotton Exchange Building, Augusta, Ga. (since 1902).

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University; (1896) studied at Eastman Business College, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.; (1897-9) with J. M. Berry, Excelsior Meal & Flour Mills, Augusta, Ga. N. Y.; (1897-9) with J. M. Berry, Excelsior Meal & Flour Mills, Augusta, Ga.

RICHARD BILLINGS.

120 Broadway, New York City.

255 West 72d Street, New York City.

Executor of the Estate of Frederick B. Merrill, of Woodstock, Vt.

Left Princeton during Sophomore year; entered Amherst College, Class of '97 (B.S. Amherst 1897); (1897-1902) clerk with Northern Pacific Railroad at St. Paul, Minn

MARRIED Mary Merrill, May 26th, 1898, Woodstock, Vt.

EDWARD HODGE BISHOP

20 Burnett Street, East Orange, N. J

Teaching in Irving School, 35 West 84th Street, New York City (1901-1906

(1896-7) Boudinot Fellowship in Modern Languages at Princeton University; (1897-8) teaching at Maryland Nautical Academy, Easton, Md.; (1898-9) teaching at Mercersburg Academy, Mercersburg, Pa.; (1899-1900) teaching at Hamlet Lodge School, Pomfret, Conn.; degree of A.M. from Princeton, 1897; (1897) organist at Princeton University; (1901-2) organist in New York Avenue Reformed Church, Newark, N. J.; (1902-6) organist in First Reformed Church, East Orange, N. J.

AMOS BISSELL.

556 Chenango Street, Binghamton, N. Y.

Traveling Salesman, Essex Varnish Co., 84 Vesey Street, Newark, N. J. (1900-1906).

With '96 during Freshman year; (1895-7), salesman Horace Partridge & Co., Boston, Mass.; (1897-1900) manager athletic goods department, Iver Johnson Sporting Goods Co., Boston, Mass.

MARRIED Louise Salisbury, April 15th, 1895, Milford, N. Y.

GEORGE GLOVER BLACKMORE.

23 Haddon Avenue, Avondale, Cincinnati, Ohio.

548 Franklin Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Engineer and Superintendent with the Wilson and Baillie Manufacturing Co., Contractors, 26 Court Street, Brooklyn, New York (since 1903).

(1896-7) With Dawson, Blackmore & Co., wholesale grocers, 46 Vine street, Cincinnati, Ohio; (1897-8) with Metropolitan Street Railway, New York City; (1899) construction department of B. and O. S. W. R.R., Mississippi Division; engineer with Southern Pacific Railroad, constructing line between Surf and Elwood, California; (1900) engineer with Southern Pacific Railroad at Oreana, Nevada. engineer for four months for Wilson and Baillie Co. at Merida, Yucatan.

See "War and Army Record" in this volume.

HENRY WILLIAM BLOCH.

938 Highland Avenue, Chester, Pa.

Pastor of Bethany Presbyterian Church, Chester, Pa. (since 1902)

(1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary; (1899-1900) studied at Collegiate Institute, Salt Lake City, Utah; (1900) assistant pastor of First Presbyterian Church, Salt Lake City, Utah.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

CHARLES BYRON BOSTWICK.

234 Central Park West, New York City.

Assistant Secretary of The Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, 346 Broadway, New York (with this company since 1896).

Secretary, Class of '96, Princeton University. Formerly Vice-President of the "Princeton House," New York (1896-7).

MARRIED Francesca Stone, June 28th, 1905, New York.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

LAURANCE FOSTER BOWER.

363 West 20th St., New York City.

Curate of St. Peter's Church, New York City (since 1904).

With '96 in Junior and Senior years. Formerly (one year) member of Class of '95, Williams College; (1896-9) studied at General Theological Seminary of the Protestant Episcopal Church, New York City (B.D. 1899; A.M. Princeton 1899); (1899-1900) in charge of Christ Church, Indiana, Pa.; (1900-1) curate of St. John's Church, Yonkers, N. Y.; (1901-2) curate of Church of the Redeemer, Brooklyn, N. Y.; (1902-4) curate in St. Paul's Chapel, Trinity Parish, New York City.

JOHN ISAAC BOWES.

1304 North Highland Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

With the Drake & Stratton Co., Contractors (of New York) at Washington, D. C.

With '96 in Freshman year.

CARL MINER BOWMAN.

925 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Residence, 2353 North Park Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Law at 925 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Studied at University of Pennsylvania Law School (1896-9); (LL.B. 1899).

MARRIED Maud Lewis Hiron, April 3d, 1901, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHILDREN—John B. Bowman, born October 19th, 1902.

ROBERT WALTER BRACE.

2823 Wharton Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Medicine at 2823 Wharton Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Prosecutor and Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy and Assistant Curator of Museum, Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa.

(1896) Studied at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa. (M.D., 1900). (1901) Assistant physician at Westport (Conn.) Sanitarium.

EDWARD SWAYNE BREARLEY.

Mandan, North Dakota.

Pastor of Presbyterian Church at Mandan, North Dakota.

(1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M. Princeton 1899); (1900) pastor Presbyterian Church, Mapleton, North Dakota; (1902) pastor Presbyterian Church, Enderlin, North Dakota.

MARRIED Annie Elison Small, October 31st, 1900, at Mapleton, North Dakota.

CHILDREN—*Elison Brearley*, born April 5th, 1902 (*died March 28th, 1903*).

Ruth Brearley, born February 5th, 1906.

CHARLES OSCAR BRESSLER.

55 North Fourth Street, Lebanon, Pa.

Member of firm of Bressler & Co., Hardware and Contracting, Lebanon and Palmyra, Pa. Also practising Law at Lebanon, Pa., Seventh and Willow Streets (since 1898).

(1896-8) Studying law in office of Grant Weidman, Jr., Lebanon, Pa.; (November, 1901), candidate on Democratic ticket for District Attorney, Lebanon, Pa.; defeated, but cut down normal Republican majority.

MARRIED Florence M. Herman, June 10th, 1903, Harrisburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—Jane Elizabeth Bressler, born July 31st, 1905.

BERNIS B. BRIEN.

18 Federal Street, Dayton, Ohio.

Stocks and Bonds, 641 Reibold Building, Dayton, Ohio (since 1904).

(1896) Bicycle business at Dayton, Ohio; (1897-8) with Dayton (Ohio) *Evening Herald*; with Dayton (Ohio) *Daily Journal*; (1900) cashier of Miami Valley Debenture Co., Dayton, Ohio; (1902) bond salesman for W. A. Black & Co., Dayton, Ohio.

MARRIED Lindsay Decker Metcalfe, November 18th, 1903, Dayton, Ohio.

CHILDREN—Mansen Milner Brien, born May 10th, 1905.

See "*War Record*" in this volume.

MILNER BRIEN.

9 West Monument Avenue, Dayton, Ohio.

Special Agent for Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Company, of Milwaukee, Wis., at 832 Reibold Building, Dayton, Ohio (since October, 1905).

(1897-9) Agent for New York Life Insurance Co. at Dayton, Ohio; (1899) agent for Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, of New York; member of firm of Brien & Hodges, general agents, at Dayton, Ohio; (1900-5) general agent for New York Life Insurance Co., at 802 Conover Building, Dayton, Ohio.

HENRY CLAY BRIGGS.

Main and Cedar Streets, Saugerties, N. Y.

Organist and Choirmaster of First Reformed Church, Saugerties, N. Y. (since 1904).

(1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary; (1897-9) organist at Princeton University; (1890-1) organist and pastoral assistant at First Reformed Church, of Brooklyn (Bedford avenue); (1899-1900) floor secretary of 23rd Street Branch of Y. M. C. A., New York City; (1901-3) pastor of St. James Episcopal Church, at Callicoon Depot, N. Y.; (1903-4) organist and choirmaster of St. James Methodist Church, Kingston, N. Y.

See "*Literary Record*" in this volume.

MARRIED Mabel Foland, September 12th, 1898, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Evelyn Foland Briggs, born June 23d, 1899.

Dorothy Mead Briggs, born June 14th, 1904.

ROBERT ORMISTON BROCKWAY.
13 Greene Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Practising Medicine.

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years; afterward studied at Harvard (1895-6), and at Long Island Medical College (M.D. 1905); (1897-9) travelled for American Boot and Shoe Reporting Co., of Boston, Mass; (1899) with Ranson Still Co., 50 Broadway, New York City; (1901) with The Aeolian Co., New York City; (1906) physician to Neurological Clinic of the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.; physician to Brooklyn Tuberculosis Dispensary; medical examiner of the Fellowship of Solidarity; medical examiner of the Expressmen's Mutual Benefit Association.

See "*Literary Record*" in this volume.

EDWIN HENRY BRONSON.
Vienna, Virginia.

Pastor of Presbyterian Church at Vienna, Virginia (since 1904).

(1896-1901) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (B. D., 1899; A. M., Princeton, 1898); (1902) pastor of Amwell United First Church, Ringoes, N. J.; (1902-4) pastor of Bellport, N. Y., Presbyterian Church.

See "*Honors and Prizes Record*" in this volume.

MARRIED Lizzie Wilson Bayles, September 2d, 1897, Princeton, N. J.

CHILDREN—Henry Bayles Bronson, born June 3d, 1901.

Helen Marguerite Bronson, born January 2d, 1905.

MACY BROOKS.
West Chester, Pennsylvania.

Practising Medicine at 322 South 15th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1903).

(1897-1901) Studied medicine at University of Pennsylvania (M.D., 1901).

MARRIED Katharine Minor Lester, April 22d, 1903, Harrisburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—Ellen Herndon Brooks, born February 13th, 1904.

ARTHUR HOUSTON BROWN.

Engineer at De Beers Consolidated Mines, Kimberley, South Africa.

(1896-8) Studied electrical engineering at Princeton University (E.E., 1898); (1898-9) with Metropolitan Street Railway Co., New York City; mining engineer at Salisbury, Rhodesia, South Africa.

OSCAR IRWIN BROWN.
827 Tinton Avenue (Bronx), New York City.

Bookkeeper with J. K. Stiefel & Co., Inc., Importers of Laces, 457-9 Broome Street, New York City (since 1898).

With '96 for two years; afterward member of Class of '97, Princeton University; (1896-7) civil engineer with Erie Railroad.

MARRIED Maud Ada Heller, June 7th, 1902, New York.

CHILDREN—John George Brown II, born April 16th, 1903.

Jessie Heller Brown, Grace Heller Brown, born April 28th, 1905.

CHARLES BROWNE.
1126 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Medicine.

(1896-1900) Studying medicine at University of Pennsylvania (M.D., 1900); taught special diagnosis to fourth-year students for one year, University of Pennsylvania Medical School; (1901) resident physician at Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa. Hospital service: At Children's Sea Shore House, Atlantic City (1900); Old Point Comfort Hospital (1898), Children's, St. Agnes, University, Pennsylvania, St. Christopher's and Phipps Institute, Philadelphia; Charité, Augustiner and Conhénu's Polyclinic, Berlin, Germany.

See "*War and Army Record*" in this volume.

HENRY MUNRO BRUEN.

Taiku, Korea, Asia.

Missionary of the Presbyterian Church.

With '96 in Junior and Senior years, formerly member of Class of '96 at Lafayette College; (1896-9) studied at Union Theological Seminary, New York City.

MARRIED Martha DePew Scott, February 14th, 1902, White Haven, Pa.

CHILDREN—Anna Miller Bruen, born February 1st, 1905.

See "*Literary*" and "*Missionary*" Records in this volume.

JAMES BAYLEY BRUEN.

1910 Lander Street, Seattle, Wash.

Practising Law at 213 Marion Block, Seattle, Wash.

With '96 in Junior and Senior years. Formerly member of Class of '96, Lafayette College. (1896-8) Studied at New York Law School; (1896-8) with A. Q. Keasbey & Sons, Attorneys, Newark, N. J.; (1898-1900) with Preston & Bell, Attorneys, Seattle, Wash.; (1900) practising law at Nome, Alaska; (1900-2) practising law at Seattle, Wash.; (1902-4) practising law at Seattle, Wash., member of firm of Bruen & Greene; (1904-6) practising law in Washington and Alaska.

MARRIED Augusta Prescott Allison, February 1st, 1898, Newark, N. J.

CHILDREN—Margaret Munro Bruen, born December 31st, 1898.

James Allison Bruen, born November 15th, 1901.

CASTLE DOUGLAS BURT.

Care of The New York Clipper, New York City.

Actor.

With '96 during Freshman year; afterward a member of Class of '97, Princeton University. During 1904 and 1905 was with Richard Carle's opera company in the "Tenderfoot" and "The Country Girl." Previous occupations unknown.

WILLIAM BUSH.

2425 Delaware Avenue, Wilmington, Delaware.

Paying Teller, Wilmington Savings Fund Society, 840 Market Street, Wilmington, Delaware (since 1900).

(1897) Reading law with Hon. W. C. Spruance, Wilmington, Del.; (1898-9) studied at Columbia Law School, New York City; (1900) practising law at Wilmington, Del.

MARRIED Joanna du Pont Bradford, June 21st, 1905, Wilmington, Del.

RODERICK BYINGTON.

139 Bay 17th Street, Brooklyn, New York.

Practising Medicine, Medical Examiner for New York Life Insurance Co., Mutual Life Insurance Co., and New England Mutual Life Insurance Co.

(1896-1900) Student at College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York (M.D., 1900); (1900-3) resident physician at Bellevue Hospital, New York; (1903-4) practising medicine at York, Pa.; (1902) ship surgeon for Holland-America Line.

MARRIED George Waldo Vinton, January 17th, 1905, Elmira, N. Y.

See "*Literary Record*" in this volume.

THOMAS CADWALADER.

Fort Washington, Pennsylvania.

Practising Law at 133 South 12th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

(1896-9) Studied law at University of Pennsylvania.

See "*War Record*" in this volume.

JAMES KNOX CAIN.

128 South 19th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Fire Insurance and Coal Brokerage, 1017 Harrison Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman year. Entered Williams College, Class of '97.

JOHN MAC DOWELL CARNOCHAN.

Princeton, N. J.

Practising Medicine.

(1896-9) Student at Medical and Chirurgical College of Philadelphia (M.D., 1899); (1899-1901) resident physician Moses Taylor Hospital, Scranton, Pa.; (1901-2) resident physician Hillside Home, Scranton, Pa.; (1903-6) medical director of 'Varsity football team, Princeton University.

HARRY FLOY CHAMBERLAIN.

172 West 72d Street, New York City.

With Central Lard Co., 522 West 34th Street, New York City.

With '96 part of Freshman year; with Westinghouse Co., at Pittsburg, Pa.

PIERCE ANNESLEY CHAMBERLAIN.

Caixa 92, Bahia, Brazil.

Missionary of the Presbyterian Church.

(1896-9) Studied at McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago, Ill; president of Senior Class.

MARRIED Julia Barber Law, June 15th, 1901, West New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Annesley Chamberlain, born March 1st, 1903.

WALTER CHANDLER, JR.

102 Waverly Place, New York City.

Manager for Wm. Taylor & Son, Hotel St. Denis and Hotel Martinique, etc., 795 Broadway, New York (since 1904).

(1896-7) With Fourth National Bank, New York City; (1897) with R. C. Rathbone & Son, fire insurance, 27 Pine street, New York City; (1898) with Albert Willcox & Co., insurance, 27 William street, New York City; (1900-2) manager of Bavarian Mortgage & Exchange Bank, 29 Liberty street, New York City; (1903) with Atlas Fire Assurance Co., of London, 45 William street, New York City.

MARRIED Lucy Victorine Terres, June 15th, 1901, New York City.

CHILDREN—Walter Kirby Chandler, born October 21st, 1902.

PHILIP HUDSON CHURCHMAN.

Burlington, N. J.

Studying Romance Philology and Literature at Harvard University (12 Sumner Street, Cambridge, Mass.).

(1897-9) Master in Chestnut Hill Academy, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1900-4) instructor in French at Princeton (School of Science), (A.M., 1903); (1904-5) instructor in French and Spanish at United States Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md.; studied Romance Philology at Paris and Grenoble, France, 1899-1904.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

LUTHER STOWELL CLARK.

13 Lawn Ridge Road, Orange, N. J.

With Blake Brothers & Co., Bankers, 25 Broad Street, New York City (since 1896).

With '96 during Freshman year.

MARRIED Eleanor Augusta Sterling, May 24th, 1905, East Orange, N. J.

CHILDREN—Sterling Clark, born March 21st, 1906.

BRUTUS JUNIUS CLAY, JR.

18 West Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Attorney for Southern Bell Telephone & Telegraph Co.; Practising at 78 South Pryor Street, Atlanta, Ga. (since 1899).

(1896-8) Studying law at University of Virginia (LL.B., 1898); (1898) with Collins & Fletcher, attorneys-at-law, Chicago, Ill.

JAMES BLAIR COCHRAN.

Hwai Yuen, An Hui Province, China. (Mail Address, Nanking, China.)

Missionary of the Presbyterian Church in China (since 1899).

(1896-9) Studying at Union Theological Seminary, New York City; president of Senior Class; president of Students' Club.

MARRIED Margaret Huntington Jenkins, June 21st, 1899, Boonton, N. J.

CHILDREN—*Henry Carter Cochran, born October 7th, 1900 (died November 19th, 1902).*

Anne Cochran, born May 27th, 1902.

William Cochran, born January 19th, 1904.

James Blair Cochran, Jr., born November 4th, 1905

THEODORE CLIFFORD COE.

53 Washington Street, Newark, N. J.

Real Estate and Insurance, 142 Market Street, Newark, N. J.

(1897) Studied at New York Law School; (1898-9) studied law in Newark, N. J.

LOGAN COLEMAN.

705 South Second Street, Springfield, Ill.

Paying Teller of Illinois National Bank, Springfield, Ill. (since 1898).

MARRIED Priscilla Warren Hitt, October 30th, 1902, New Berlin, Ill.

EDGAR EVEREST CONOVER.

82 Central Street, Auburndale, Mass.

Representing Geo. C. Batcheller & Co., Corset Manufacturers, of 345 Broadway, New York, at 68 Essex Street, Boston, Mass. (since 1897).

With '96 in Freshman year.

MARRIED Minnie Irene Scranton, July 14th, 1898, Madison, Conn.

CHILDREN—*Helen Scranton Conover, born July 14th, 1900.*

Woolsey, Scranton Conover, born July 27th, 1902.

THORNTON CONOVER.

10 Bayard Lane, Princeton, N. J.

Real Estate, Lower Pyne Building, Princeton, N. J.

(1906) Member of Board of Directors of Princeton Board of Trade; also Registrar of Vital Statistics for Borough of Princeton; member of firm of Conover & Murray, coal, Princeton, N. J.; treasurer of Bloomfield Mills Co., Old Bridge, N. J. (licorice root and drugs); treasurer Princeton Garage Co., Princeton, N. J.; (1897-8) with Burton Bros. & Co., wholesale dry goods, 384 Broadway, New York City; (1898-1900) with Prudential Insurance Co., Newark, N. J.

JOHN BLISS CORSER.

1505 Adams Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Practising Medicine at 345 Wyoming Avenue, Scranton, Pa. (since 1899).

Specialist in Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat.

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years; (1894-8) studied at University of Pennsylvania Medical School (M.D. 1898); (1899) resident physician at Lackawanna Hospital, Scranton, Pa. Special studies in Vienna (Austria) and Philadelphia on eye and ear, etc.

MARRIED Fannie Gildersleeve Laverty, June 8th, 1905, Scranton, Pa.

HENRY WELTY COULTER.

Greensburg, Pa.

With First National Bank, Greensburg, Pa.

MARRIED Stella M. Head, January 5th, 1905, Greensburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—*Richard Coulter III., born November 4th, 1905.*

See "War Record" in this volume.

JOSIAH HUGHES CRAWFORD.

321 Barbeck St., Fox Chase, Philadelphia, Pa.

Pastor of Memorial Presbyterian Church, Fox Chase, Philadelphia, Pa.

(1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1900); (1899) pastor of Presbyterian Church, Cream Ridge, N. J. Published occasional papers on church topics. Visiting clergyman at Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa. Second Scribner prize at Princeton Seminary, 1899.

MARRIED Caroline S. Meirs, June 26th, 1900, Cream Ridge, New Jersey.

See "War Record" in this volume.

MORDICAI JACKSON CRISPIN.

39 1-2 Washington Square, New York City.

Secretary, Treasurer and Director, United States Metal and Manufacturing Co., 25 Broad Street, New York City (since 1901).

(1906) Director First National Bank, Berwick, Pa.; (1896-7) with First National Bank, Berwick, Pa.; (1897-9) in paymaster's department, Jackson & Woodin Manufacturing Co., builders of freight cars, Berwick, Pa.; (1899-1901) with American Car and Foundry Co. (successors to Jackson & Woodin Co.).

MARRIED Marie Brockway, June 7th, 1900, Berwick, Pa.

CHILDREN—Elizabeth Brockway Crispin, born January 3rd, 1905.

FRANK LINDLEY CRITCHLOW.

Princeton, N. J.

Preceptor in Modern Languages, Princeton University.

Entered '96 in Junior year; formerly member of Class of '92, Princeton University; (1896-7) instructor in modern languages, Princeton University (A.M., 1897); teaching in Pingry School, Elizabeth, N. J.; (1899-1902) studying at Johns Hopkins University (Ph.D., 1903); (1901) instructor in Romance languages, Johns Hopkins University; (1903) instructor in French, Princeton University.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

HENRY HAINES CROSS.

Mascota, Jalisco, Mexico. Home Address, Mt. Holly, N. J.

Mining Engineer.

(1896-7) Engineer with Pennsylvania R.R. Later, civil engineer at Atlantic City, N. J.

"Dear 'Bos:'

"This will have to take the form of a personal letter to you, and if I mention anything of interest, you will kindly separate the wheat from the chaff. I have been so far removed from civilization for the past few years that I feel rather on the outside of everything. No '96 or other Princeton men ever cross my path, or I theirs, and it's a sure sign of a blue day whenever my thoughts wander back to the good old times we had together. Once in awhile I am favored with a marriage announcement, and that always reaches me many days after the happy event. This is about all the information I have of what the boys I used to know are doing. As for myself, I have had the usual ups and downs, but on the whole can't kick. This section of Mexico is very beautiful, but remote from everything except insects. Have lived for days and days on beans and hope, the former almost destroying the latter. Just now everything looks bright and promising. Made a very nice strike here four months ago, and the tide is rising steadily. My only regret to-night is that I am so far from the boys and will not be able to get back for Reunion. However, something may turn up. It's a long, hard road from here to Princeton, but I think I would appreciate it more than most the fellows that will be there. I wish you all the success you deserve in the coming reunion, and I know it will be a success with you and Billy Reed at work. Remember me to all the boys, and remember that I shall be thinking of you every second of the time that you are in good old Princeton. Drink a glass for me, 'Bos,' and wish me luck, as I wish you in all your efforts.

"Ever yours,

"HARRY H. CROSS."

BENJAMIN DANGERFIELD, JR.

4727 Bayard Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Manager for Reymer & Bros. (Inc.), Confectioners, 243 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa. (since 1902).
(1896-1900) With Bank of Pittsburg, Pa.; (1900-1) discount clerk, Bank of Pittsburg.

MARRIED Helen Dickson, June 20th, 1905, Pittsburg, Pa.

SAMUEL BOYER DAVIS.

2134 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Law in Philadelphia, Pa., at 217 South Sixth Street (since 1901).

(1896-9) Studied at Harvard Law School; (1900) practised law with Strong & Cadwalader, New York City.

MARRIED Ruth Harding, September 26th, 1900, Woods' Holl, Mass.

CHILDREN—Priscilla Davis, September 26th, 1902, Boston, Mass.

Mary Hare Davis, born January 28th, 1906.

ARCHIBALD DEMING DAVIS.

Lakewood, N. J.

Doing nothing at present. New York address, 44 Wall Street.

(1897-8) With Samuel D. Davis & Co., bankers, 36 Wall street, New York; (1898-1900) cashier for C. B. Van Nostrand, 56 Wall street, New York; (1900-4) member of firm of A. D. Davis & Co., investment securities, 44 Wall street, New York; (1904-5) member of firm of Davis, Van Rensselaer & Myers (J. L. Myers '96), investment securities, 44 Wall street, New York.

JOHN ROSS DELAFIELD.

Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York; 111 East 39th Street, New York City.

Practising law at 25 Broad Street, New York City.

(1896-9) Studied law at Harvard Law School (LL.B., 1899), (A.M., Princeton, 1899); with Strong & Cadwalader, attorneys, New York City; (1901); practising law at 40 Wall Street, New York City; practising law at 25 Broad street, New York City; member of firm of Delafield & Howe; (1903) Citizens Union-Republican-Independent Democratic candidate for Board of Aldermen, New York City; defeated by Tammany;

MARRIED Violetta S. White, June 14th, 1904, New York.

CHILDREN—John White Ross Delafield, born May 12th, 1905.

ALFRED LEWIS PINNEO DENNIS.

518 Wisconsin Avenue, Madison, Wis.

301 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Professor of History in the University of Wisconsin.

(1897) Studying political science at Columbia University (Ph.D., 1901); (1897) studied at Heidelberg University, Germany; (1900-1) assistant in historical department, Harvard University; (1901-4) assistant and subsequently professor in history and political science at Bowdoin College; (1904-5) associate professor of history, University of Chicago; (1905-6) lecturer on modern history, Harvard University.

MARRIED Mary Boardman Cable, June 7th, 1899, Northampton, Mass.

CHILDREN—Mary Elizabeth Dennis, born April 13th, 1900.

Louise Cable Dennis, born August 25th, 1903.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

WILLIAM SUTTON DICKSON.

Wilkins Avenue, near Shady Avenue, East End, Pittsburg, Pa.

Auditor and Accountant, 1001 Keystone Bank Building, Fourth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

(1896) With Atlantic Refining Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; (1899) with George A. Kelly Co., wholesale druggists, 421 Seventh avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.; (1900) accountant at 225 Fourth avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.; (1903-4) lived in Southern California, representing Houghton, Mifflin & Co.; (1904) representing Provident Life and Trust Co., of Philadelphia, at 210 Lewis Block, Pittsburg, Pa.

GEORGE GOODWIN DEWEY.

87 Rush Street, Chicago, Ill.

Manager of Chicago Branch Office of Joy, Langdon & Co., 108 Worth Street, New York City, Cotton Goods Commission Merchants (since 1896).

"Skidzy" Dewey has received more free advertising than any one else in the class. This hasn't changed him at all, though some of his published pictures might make us think so. We append an article from the "Times" and a picture which appeared in one of the other papers.



GEORGE GOODWIN DEWEY

DEWEY, JR., A CHICAGOAN.

In Business and Doesn't Want to Pose as "Son of His Father."

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Feb. 13.—George Dewey, Jr the son of the hero of Manila, has become a permanent resident of Chicago. Young Dewey's announcement of his determination to become a Chicagoan has spread joy throughout social circles, and he is now the lion of the hour.

Although only twenty-three years old, the young man holds the responsible position as Western representative for a New York firm of dry goods commission merchants. His home is at the Lakota Hotel.

Since his arrival in Chicago the Admiral's son, who is of a retiring disposition, has avoided notoriety as much as possible, almost all of his time having been devoted to his business. One of the few social gatherings he has consented to attend will be a card party to be given at the home of Roland P. Marks.

"Please don't write any stories about me; write 'em about father," pleaded Dewey, Jr., when seen by a reporter this afternoon.

"Don't you see, I'm in Chicago on my own hook? I'm not Admiral Dewey's son to my trade. Nothing more or less than plain G. G. Dewey. If they find out who I am think of what will happen. There will be a lot of people down to this office, and I don't care to be handicapped by the fact that I am a son of my father."

And Mr. Dewey smiled pleasantly as, he bowed the reporter out.

HENRY STREET DICKERMAN.

941 South Fourth Street, Springfield, Ill.

With Springfield Coat Mining Co., 414½ East Washington Street, Springfield, Ill. (since 1903).

With '96 until Senior year; (1900) with Sattley Manufacturing Co., manufacturers of farm machinery, Springfield, Ill.

EDWARD LEWIS DODD.

19 Frederick Street, Newark, N. J.

Practising Medicine.

(1896-1900) Studied at College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City (M.D., 1900); (1901) interne at Paterson General Hospital, Paterson, N. J.; (1902) interne, Society of the Lying-In Hospital, New York City; medical examiner for the Pennsylvania Railroad; (1903) practised medicine at Derry, Pa.

ALFRED ABEL DOOLITTLE.

Princeton, N. J.—1027 Park Road, N. W., Washington, D. C.

Instructor in Biology and Zoology in Western High School, 35th and R Streets, Washington, D. C.

Formerly member of Class of '93, Princeton; (1897) Class of '77 Fellow in Biology, Princeton University; (1898) University Special Fellow in Biology, Princeton University (A.M., Princeton, 1897); (1898-9) instructor in science, Lake Forest Academy, Lake Forest, Ill.; (1899-1900) instructor in biology and zoology, Central High School, Washington, D. C.; (1900-6) instructor in biology in the high schools of the District of Columbia; summer of 1902, scientific assistant, Biological Survey, United States Department of Agriculture. Has conducted investigations for United States Bureau of Fisheries during summers of 1904 and 1905 at New England lakes.

MARRIED Mary Edna Terhune, June 26th, 1901, Princeton, N. J.

WILLIAM FURMAN DOTY.

Tahiti, Society Islands, Oceanica.

United States Consul, Tahiti (since 1902).

(1896) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary; evangelist for two churches, Gale, N. Y.; missionary at Port Clarence, Alaska, Reindeer Station Government School; (1900) studied at Princeton Theological Seminary; (1901) missionary and assistant United States Consul at Tahiti.

See "Missionary Record" in this volume.

GEORGE JOHN DREW.

519 Rock Island Street, Davenport, Iowa.

Present occupation not known.

With '96 in Freshman year. No answer to twelve letters this winter (two by registered mail).

JOHN N. DRUMMOND, JR.

230 North Newstead Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Member of the firm of John N. Drummond, Jr. & Co., Stock Brokers, corner Fourth and Locust Streets, St. Louis, Mo. and 25 Broad St., New York City.

(1894-1905), With Drummond Tobacco Co., St. Louis, Mo., resident manager.

MARRIED Margaret Griffiths, February 15th, 1900, Chicago, Ill.

RICHARD EVERETT DWIGHT.

Graham Court, Seventh Avenue, New York City.

Lawyer, Member of the firm of Carter, Hughes, Rounds & Schurman, 96 Broadway, New York City.

With '96 in Freshman year. Afterward a member of Class of '97, Princeton University. (1897-9) Studied Law at New York Law School; with Battery A in Cuba in 1898; since then, practising law in New York City.

MARRIED Gertrude Annie Grace, September 27th, 1899, Jamestown, N. Y.

ALEXANDER NELSON EASTON.

408 Bergen Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Real Estate Editor, "New York Herald," New York City.

(1896) Reporter on New York Tribune; (1897-9) reporter on New York Times; (1900) reporter on New York Journal; (1901) reporter on New York Herald.

MARRIED Margaret Pauline Farrell, June 29th, 1897, Brooklyn, N. Y.

DAVID FARRAGUT EDWARDS.

240 Harrison Avenue, Jersey City, N. J.

Practising Law at 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.

Studied in New York Law School, and studied law with Dickinson, Thompson & McMaster, 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J. (1901) practising law with Thompson & Hall, 1 Exchange Place, Jersey City, N. J.; delegate from Hudson County, N. J., to Democratic State Convention, 1898. (1897) coached Ohio State University football team; (1898) coached University of Texas football team; (1899) coached Newark Athletic Club football team.

MARRIED Grace Livingston Wright, September 4th, 1901, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Phoebe N. Edwards, born July 31st, 1902.

JAMES JOHNSTON ELLIOTT.

142 North Seventh Avenue, Nashville, Tenn.

Member of the firm of Luke & Elliott, State Managers at Nashville, Tennessee, for the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York (since 1903).

(1896-7) University Athletic treasurer, Princeton University. (1897-8) studied law at Cumberland University, Murfreesboro, Tenn. (LL.B., 1898). (1899) practised law at 819 Wainwright Building, St. Louis, Mo.; (1900) practised law at Murfreesboro, Tenn. and farmed. General manager of N. M. & S. Turnpike Co.; (1902) District Manager at Chattanooga, Tenn., for the Equitable Life Assurance Society of New York.

MARRIED Rose Elizabeth Hogan, June 30th, 1904, Chicago, Ill.

CHILDREN—Rose E. Elliott, born May 21st, 1905.

JAMES HENRY EMLEN.

Broad Street Bank Building, Trenton, N. J.

Residence, 30 South Broad Street, Trenton, N. J.

Civil Engineer.

(1899) With F. J. Epple and E. G. Weir; (1906) with Abraham Swan, Trenton, N. J.

JOHN PINNEY ERDMAN.

Yamaguchi, Japan.

Foreign Mission Minister at Yamaguchi, Japan, for the First Presbyterian Church of Baltimore, Md. (since 1904).

(1896-9) Studied at McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago, Illinois; president of Y. M. C. A., McCormick Seminary. In charge of Chapel of Second Presbyterian Church, Chicago, Illinois. (1900) Pastor Mission Chapel, Honolulu, H. I. (1899-1903) Assistant pastor Central Union Church, Honolulu, H. I. Captain of football and baseball teams, McCormick Seminary, Chicago (1897-8).

MARRIED Marion Eleanor Dillingham, August 10th, 1904, Oakland, California.

CHILDREN—Harold Randolph Erdman, born June 18th, 1905.

CHARLES MILTON EVANS.

322 York Avenue, Towanda, Pa.

With D. T. Evans, Dry Goods and Carpets, 410 Main St., Towanda, Pa. (since 1896).

MARRIED Mary Frances Spalding, June 22d, 1904, Towanda, Pa.

EDWARD GEORGE FAILE.

White Plains, New York.

Real Estate and Builder, White Plains, New York.

With '96 in Freshman year. (1895-1904) In coal and feed business.

MARRIED Florence E. Haviland, May 25th, 1894, New York City (*Mrs. Faile died January 13th, 1906*).

CHILDREN—Edward G. Faile, Jr.
Livingston R. Faile (*died*).
Samuel Faile.
David L. Faile.
Thomas H. Faile.
Florence E. Faile II.
Antoinette L. Faile.

DAVID FENTRESS.

Bolivar, Tennessee.

Practising Law at Bolivar, Tenn., and Managing "Shandy Plantation," Bolivar, Tenn. (since 1903).

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University. (1896-9) studied at Harvard Law School (LL.B., 1899). (1900-3) Attorney for Illinois Central R. R., Chicago, Ill.

MARRIED Mabel Kingsbury, November 15th, 1899, New Hartford, N. Y.

CHILDREN—James Fentress III., born December 10th, 1900.

David Kingsbury Fentress, born December 13th, 1904.

FRANCIS FENTRESS, JR.

468 Shelby Street, Memphis, Tenn.

Member of the firm of Estes & Fentress, Attorneys-at-Law, Equitable Building, Memphis, Tenn. (since 1905).

With '96 during Freshman year. Studied at Cumberland University, Murfreesboro, Tenn. (L. B., 1896). (1901) practising law at Memphis, Tenn.; (1901-2) personal inquiry agent for Illinois Central R. R. Co.; (1903-5) secretary of Woods-Harris Iron & Supply Co., Memphis, Tenn.

MARRIED Ethel Allen Coffin, November 14th, 1900, Memphis, Tenn.

CHILDREN—Mary Martin Fentress, born January 12th, 1903.

James Francis Fentress, born February 14th, 1905.

IRWIN LAWSON FISCUS.

Youngwood, Pa.

Manager of General Store.

With '96 in Freshman year.

LEON BERNASCONI FISH.

3 Arch Street, Norwalk, Conn.

Teaching in Carl H. Harstrom's School, Norwalk, Conn.

With '96 in Freshman and Junior years; (1897) teaching, later graduated with Class of 1900, Princeton. (1901) teaching at Norwalk, Conn.

MARRIED Marie Kittman, December 28th, 1903, at New York.

CHILDREN—Leon Augustus Fish, born March 11th, 1905.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER FISHER.

8 West Mt. Vernon Place, Baltimore, Md.

Practising Surgery and Medicine (since 1903), at 1300 Entaw Place, Baltimore, Md

(1896) Studying at Johns Hopkins Medical School Baltimore, Md., (M.D., 1900). (1900-1) On surgical staff of Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md. (1901-3) First assistant in surgery at the Union Protestant Infirmary, Baltimore, Md.

HERBERT WILLIAM FITZGERALD.

Superintendent for Dravo Contracting Co., Lewis Building, Pittsburg, Pa. (since 1905).

With '96 in Freshman year. Later entered Lehigh, Class of 1898. (1896-8) in building business with H. H. Hunt, 166 Devonshire street, Boston, Mass. (1899-1905) supervisor for Pennsylvania Railroad.

See "War and Army Record" in this volume.

EMORY LEYDEN FORD.

814 Majestic Building, Detroit, Mich.

Residence, 115 East Ferry Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

With Michigan Alkali Co., Detroit, Mich. (Chemist 1896-7; Purchasing Agent 1898-1900; Secretary and Treasurer 1901-1906).

(1898) Vice-President J. B. Ford Co., chemical manufacturers, Wyandotte, Mich. (1905) secretary and treasurer Wyandotte Terminal R. R. Co.; secretary and treasurer Imperial Gold Mining Co., Detroit, Mich; director Franklin Steam Ship Co., Detroit, Mich; director Detroit National Bank, Detroit, Mich.

MARRIED Valerie Etheridge Moran, January 26th, 1905, Detroit, Mich

ALEXANDER ROBERT FORDYCE, JR.

27 Pine Street, New York City.

Residence, Dayton, New Jersey.

Practising Law (since 1899).

Formerly member of Class of '96, Wesleyan; entered '96 in Sophomore year; (1896-8) studied at New York Law School (L.L.B., 1898); (1898-9) practised law with Alexander & Colby, 120 Broadway, New York City; (1903-4) twice elected to New Jersey State Assembly from Middlesex County, Republican ticket. (From the *Princeton Alumni Weekly*, April, 1905.)—"Alexander R. Fordyce, Jr., member of the New Jersey Assembly from Middlesex Co., has been appointed Deputy Quartermaster-General of

the National Guard of New Jersey, with the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel. Mr. Fordyce's civil and military record is summarised in a New Jersey newspaper as follows, under the heading, 'SALUTE NOW, COL. FORDYCE' and a portrait of the colonel. "Lieutenant-Colonel Fordyce is a member of the Assembly, serving his second term. He is a native of New York city, and a graduate of the Stevens High School, Rutgers Grammar School and Princeton University (1896, A. B.). In 1898 he was graduated from the New York law school with the degree of LL.B. He was admitted to the bar in New York and has an office in that city. He has an honorable military record of seven years with the Essex troop. He is one of the best riders in the troop and an expert shot. He was qualified five years as a marksman and three years as a sharp-shooter. Last summer his mark as a sharp-shooter was 248, which was one of the best made. He has also qualified four years as a revolver shot, at all distances. He served with the Essex troop in the strike riots at Paterson in 1902."

MARRIED Ida McCoy, November 22d, 1905, East Orange, N. J.

PERSIFOR FRAZER, JR.
1415 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Vice-President Harlan & Hollingsworth Corporation, Ship and Car Builders, Wilmington, Delaware (since 1905).

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years; studied later at University of Pennsylvania. (1894-1902) with Cramp's ship yard, Philadelphia, apprentice engineer (1894), and assistant to general superintendent (1902). (1902-6) secretary Union Petroleum Co., of Philadelphia.

See "War Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Mary Newbold Welsh, April 12th, 1897, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHILDREN—Maria Newbold Frazer, born November 7th, 1898.

Persifor Frazer III., born April 15th, 1900.

Isabel Frazer, born December 8th, 1903.

JOHN CALVIN FRENCH, JR.
Frenchtown, N. J.

Pastor of Presbyterian Church, Frenchtown, N. J. (since 1904).

With '96 in Senior year; formerly member of Class of '95, Waynesburg, Pa., College. (1896) studied at Princeton Theological Seminary. (1899-1904) pastor of Presbyterian Church, Cairo, N. Y.

MARRIED Priscilla McVay, September 17th, 1896, Pittsburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—Leanna May French, born May 9th, 1902.

WILLIAM HILL FULPER.
Flemington, N. J.

Secretary and Treasurer of Fulper Pottery Co., Flemington, N. J. (since incorporation, 1899).

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years. (1893-5) with Mercer Oil Co., Trenton, N. J.; (1895-1899) with American Oil and Supply Co., Newark, N. J.; (1903) with Universal Chemical Co.; (1903) with New Jersey Accumulation Co.

See "Literary and War Records" in this volume.

THOMAS GALT, JR.
Marion (Smyth Co.) Virginia.

Farming (since 1902).

(1896-1902) Farming at Hawarden, Iowa.

See "Political Record" in this volume.

NELSON BURR GASKILL.
Second and Penn Streets, Camden, N. J.

(Since 1905) Member of firm of Gaskill & Gaskill, Attorneys-at-Law (Counsel for Pennsylvania Railroad, West Jersey and Seashore Railroad Co., Camden and Trenton Railway Co., Ocean Casualty Co., etc), 301 Market Street, Camden, N. J.

(1896-7) Studied law with J. H. Gaskill, Camden, N. J.; (1897-8) studied law at Harvard Law School; (1900) practising law with J. H. Gaskill, Camden, N. J.

THOMAS LOGAN GASKILL.

Second and Penn Streets, Camden, N. J.

(Since 1905) *Member of firm of Gaskill & Gaskill (Counsel for Pennsylvania Railroad, West Jersey and Seashore Railroad Co., Camden and Trenton Railway Co., Ocean Casualty Co., etc), 301 Market St., Camden, N. J.*

(1896) Studied law with J. H. Gaskill, Camden, N. J.; (1897) studied law at University of Pennsylvania; (1899-1902) practised law in Newark, N. J.

AARON WILLIAM GODFREY.

21 Washington Terrace, East Orange, N. J.

General Life Insurance Broker, 52 William Street, New York.

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years; entered Class of '97, University of New York (A. B., 1897). (1897) reporter with New York City Press Association. (1897-8) mining in Mexico. (1898) with Philadelphia (Pa.) Press (1900) studying at University of Pennsylvania. (1900-1) telegraph editor and literary and exchange editor, *Newark Evening News*. (1901-4) one of the projectors of the *Searchlight*, a weekly publication in New York.

JOHN RANDOLPH GRAHAM.

234 West 21st St., New York City.

Practising Medicine (since 1900).

(1896-9) Studied medicine at Missouri Medical College, St. Louis, Mo. (M. D., 1899.) (1899-1900) interne in St. Louis City Hospital; (1902-6) medical inspector in Department of Contagious Diseases, Health Department, New York City.

MARRIED Belle Knight Ward, September 28th, 1904, Winchester, Va.

CHILDREN—John Randolph Graham, Jr., born August 9th, 1905.

CHARLES HENRY GRANT.

Whitridge Road, Summit, N. J.

President of A. J. Watts Co., 127 East 23d St., New York City, Manufacturers of "Crystal Gold" for dental work; laboratory, Summit, N. J.

With '96 until middle of Junior year; (1895-1906) with George M. Grant & Co., lumber, New York City; with American Lumber Co., New York City, (vice-president, 1900), 401 East 28th St. secretary and treasurer of Grantwood Co., 29 Broadway, New York City. (1906) president The Summit Garage, Summit, N. J.

MARRIED Edyth Louise Watts, April 4th, 1900, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Alfred Watts Grant, born December 3d, 1900.

Louise Collier Grant, born December 2nd, 1902.

EUGENE GRAY.

"Graymont," Grand View, O.

Member of firm of Meeker, Gray & Co. (formerly Eugene Gray & Co.), investment securities, New Hayden Building, Columbus, O. (since 1904).

(1896-1904) With Hayden-Clinton National Bank, Columbus, O. (paying teller, 1900).

MARRIED Mabel Sturgeon, July 25th, 1898, Newark, O.

CHILDREN—"THE '96 CLASS BOY," David Sturgeon Gray, born at Columbus, O., July 7, '99.

Charles Meldrum Gray, born August 1st, 1904.

LOUIS HERBERT GRAY.

354 Summer Ave., Newark, N. J.

Reviser and Translator for Jewish Encyclopedia (since 1904), Funk, Wagnalls & Co., 44 East 23rd St., New York City.

(1896) Classical Fellowship at Princeton University; (1898-1900) Fellowship in Indo-Iranian languages at Columbia University (A.M., 1898; Ph.D., 1900); American collaborator for *Orientalische Bibliographie* (Berlin) since 1900. (1900-2) chief cataloguer at Princeton University Library, and instructor in Indo-Iranian. (1902-3) with Dodd, Mead & Co., working on "New International Cyclopaedia."

See "Literary Record" and "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Florence Lillian Ridley, June 8th, 1904, Brooklyn, N. Y.

MELDRUM GRAY.

530 East Town St., Columbus, O.

With Pennsylvania R.R. Co., Star Union (Freight) Line, and with Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railway, at 330 North High St., Columbus, O.; traveling solicitor at Columbus, O. (1898-1901); Zanesville, O. (1903).

(1896) With Eldridge & Higgins Co., Columbus, O.; (1897) with Hayden-Clinton National Bank, Columbus, O.; (1897) traveling in Japan and China.

See "War Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Eleanor Dougherty Olds, November 10th, 1903, Columbus, O.

RENSELAER HAVENS GREENE.

247 East 65th St., Chicago, Ill.

With Swift & Co., packers, "H" Exchange Building, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Ill. (with firm since 1899); cattle driver, 1899; weight taker, 1899; cow buyer, 1899-1900; assistant head cattle buyer (1900-1906.) With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years. (1894-9) assistant principal High School, Fort Dodge, Ia.

MARRIED Aileen Saye Marquette, October 9th, 1901, Fort Dodge, Ia.

WOODWARD KEELING GREENE.

899 Pine St., San Francisco, Cal.

Home, 212 South Fifth St., Cedar Rapids, Ia.

Sales Agent National Biscuit Co., 111 Front St., San Francisco, Cal. (since 1902).

(1896-8) At Waterloo, Ia., and Decorah, Ia., with Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Northern Railway Co. (1899) in general freight office, Cedar Rapids, Ia., B. C. R. and N. R. R. (1902) fire insurance, Cedar Rapids, Ia. (1902) representing Federal Life Insurance Co., at Champaign, Ill. (1903) special salesman National Biscuit Co., 205 La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.

MARRIED Ellen Belle Safley, May 29th, 1899, Cedar Rapids, Ia.

ARTHUR GUNSTER.

402 Jefferson Ave., Scranton, Pa.

Member of firm of Gunster Brothers, Hardware, Plumbing, etc., 325 Penn Ave, Scranton, Pa.

(1898-1901) Agent at Scranton, Pa., for Philadelphia Oil Co.; electrical work with J. H. Spain, Scranton, Pa.; president and manager of Parsons Silk Throwing Co., Parsons, Pa.

WARREN JACKSON HAINES.

252 West Horrtter St., Germantown, Pa.

With J. T. Jackson & Co., Real Estate, 13th and Chestnut Sts., Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1896; member of firm, 1901).

See "War Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Laurine Wilson, October 9th, 1901, Centerville, Md.

CHILDREN—Warren Jackson Haines, Jr., born February 13th, 1903.

Lewis Marshall Haines II, born May 9th, 1904.

FORREST MAYNARD HALL.

Jackson Center, O.

Occupation unknown. No answer to about ten letters. With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years; later studied at University of Michigan Law School (LL.B., 1896).

BENJAMIN SCHUYLER HALSEY.

110 Central Park West, New York City.

Secretary of Sheffield Farms—Slawson-Decker Co.—Milk and Dairy Products, 512 West 57th St., New York City (since 1902).

With Sheffield Farms Dairy Co., clerk (1896-7); treasurer (1898-1901).

EDWARD WILLIAM HAMILTON.

2007 Grand Ave., Des Moines, Ia.

Member of firm of Hume & Hamilton, Attorneys-at-Law, 204-210 Good Block, Des Moines, Ia.

(1896-9) Teaching at Lawrenceville School; studying at Cornell University Summer Law School; (1900-02) studying at Columbia University Law School. (1902-05) practised law in Buffalo, N. Y. (with Rogers, Locke & Milburn, in 1903), and lectured in Buffalo Law School on "Negotiable Instruments."

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

GEORGE GORDON HAMMILL.

Stamford, Conn.; also 72 West 45th St., New York City.

President of the Glenn-Hayes Improvement Co., of West Virginia (Real Estate). New York Office, 10 Wall St., New York City.

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University. (1896) Studied at New York Law School. (1900) with T. G. Strong, counselor-at-law, 45 William St., New York. (1906) also connected with the Community Corporation of New York City.

MARRIED Margaret Willett Boardman, July 9th, 1901, Stamford, Conn.

CHILDREN—Marinus Willett Hammill, born November 29th, 1904.

JOHN HANLON.

Yavapai Club, Prescott, Ariz.

Mining Engineer.

(1896) Studying chemistry at Princeton. (1897-1906) superintendent Crown Point Mine, Briggs, Ariz.; (1899-1900) superintendent Albert Development Co.; (1902-6) manager Piedmont Cattle Co.; (1905-6) receiver Walnut Grove Water Storage Co.

NORRIS WILLIAM HARKNESS.

327 Market St., Trenton, N. J.

Pastor of Second Presbyterian Church, Trenton, N. J. (since 1901)

With '96 for four years. Later, member of Class of '97, Princeton University (A.B., 1897). (1897-1901) student at Princeton Theological Seminary.

MARRIED Anna Aylett Rust, January 14th, 1902, Washington, D. C.

CHILDREN—Norris Worrell Harkness, born November 28th, 1902.

HERBERT MELVILLE HARRIMAN.

New York City.

Present address and occupation unknown. With '96 in Freshman year. (1898) Won Metropolitan (N. Y.) and National Golf Championships; first native American to win National Golf Championship. (1905) in office of Union Pacific Railroad, Omaha, Neb.

MARRIED (Details unknown).

JOHN BUCHER HATFIELD.

Pittsburg, Pa. Home Address, Alexandria, Pa.

Automobile Business at Pittsburg, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years. Studied at Pierce Business College, Philadelphia, Pa. Previous occupations not known.

WILLIAM PRETTYMAN HEARN.

1120 Walnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Medicine.

(1896) Studied at Jefferson Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa.

SHARON PETER HEILMAN.

114 North McKean St., Kittanning, Pa.
Residence, 409 North Grant Ave., Kittanning, Pa.

Practising Surgery and Medicine (since 1900).

(1896-1900) Studied medicine at University of Pennsylvania (M.D., 1900); secretary of his Class; surgeon to plate glass factory. Candidate for coroner, defeated by 200 votes.

MARRIED Lupah Grant Muirhead, March 8th, 1898, Philadelphia, Pa.

DAVID BOYNTON HELM.

18 East 60th Street, New York City, and Ossining, N. Y.

Member of firm of Wm. E. Nichols & Co., Stock Brokers, 15 Wall Street, New York City (since 1901).

With '96 until Junior year. (1896) real estate with Charles E. Schuyler & Co., 1026 Boulevard, New York City. (1899) in charge of several estates, 95 Nassau Street, New York City, and dealer in investment securities.

DAVID FORD HENRY, JR.

Port Murry, N. J.

Manager of National Fire Proofing Co., Port Murry, N. J. (since 1894)

With '96 in Freshman year.

CHARLES CHOUTEAU HENSHAW.

New Iberia, La.

Member of firm of C. C. Henshaw & Bros., Owning and Operating Beaux Rivages and Belrive Plantations, Sugar and Rice.

CHRISTIAN STANGER HERITAGE.

Blairsville, Pa. Home Address, Glassboro, N. J.

Supervisor of Western Division, Pennsylvania Railroad, at Blairsville, Pa.

(1896-9) Civil engineer, Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore Railroad, Wilmington, Del.; (1903) supervisor Shamokin Division, Pennsylvania Railroad, Shamokin, Pa.

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Julia Frances Maull, June 2nd, 1903, Wilmington, Del.

CHILDREN—Mary Maull Heritage, born August 24th, 1904.

David Maull Heritage, born September 6th, 1905.

CHARLES AVERY HICKEY.

78 Front Street, Binghamton, N. Y.

With Dr. Kilmer's (Swamp Root) Company, Binghamton, N. Y.

With '96 in second half of Senior year; formerly member of Class of '96, Williams College. Studied law at Binghamton, N. Y.

EDWARD BLANCHARD HODGE, JR.

346 South 16th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Medicine (since 1902).

(1896-7) Studied medicine at University of Pennsylvania (M.D., 1899). (1899) resident physician at Children's Summer Home, Atlantic City, N. J. (1901-6) physician Presbyterian Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.

MARRIED M. C. Gretchen Greene, February 10th, 1904, Philadelphia, Pa.

FREDERICK EVANS HOFFMAN.

200 West Berry Street, Fort Wayne, Ind.

Vice-President of Hoffman Brothers Co., Lumber, 200 West Main Street, Fort Wayne, Ind. (since 1896).

EDWARD WILSON HOLMES.

165 King Street, Dover, Del.

Residence, No. 24 The Imperial, Washington, D. C.

Patent Attorney, 705 McGill Building, Washington, D. C.; practising before Patent Office (since 1904).

With '96 in Freshman year. (1894-5) studied law at Pasadena, Cal. Entered Leland Stanford, Jr., University, Palo Alto, Cal., Class of '99. (1897) agent Penn Mutual Life Insurance Co. (of Philadelphia), at Los Angeles, Cal. (1898-1901) studied at National Law School, Washington, D. C. (LL.B., 1900; LL.M., 1901). (1900) in law office of Eugene Carusi & Sons, Columbian Building, Washington, D. C. (1902-4) in real estate business, Washington, D. C.

ISAAC SMITH HOMANS.

Box 149, Greensboro, N. C.

Actuary and Director, Greensboro Life Insurance Co., Greensboro, N. C.

With '96 until Junior year. Later a member of Class of '97, Princeton University. (1896-7) with Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, 29 Broadway, New York City. (1897) with Sheppard Homans, consulting actuary, 31 Nassau Street, New York City. (1898) with "The Spectator" Company, insurance publishers, 95 William Street, New York City. (1900) with Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., Newark, N. J. (1902) actuary, Bankers Life Insurance Co., 35 Nassau Street, New York City. (1904) associate actuary, Union Central Life Insurance Co., Cincinnati, O.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Mary Wootton Van Wyck, November 11th, 1902, Perth Amboy, N. J.

CHILDREN—Isaac Smith Homans, Jr., born July 22nd, 1905.

ALFRED MUIRHEAD HOWELL.

1843 South 17th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Assistant Superintendent for Paul S. Reeves & Sons., Brass Founders, 1415 Catharine Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1902).

(1897-8) Secretary and treasurer Times Publishing Co., Williamsport, Pa. (1899-1902) Money Order and Registry Department, Post Office, Williamsport, Pa.

MARRIED Margaret McCormick Updegraff, June 15th, 1905, Williamsport, Pa.

DANIEL JAMES HOYT.

92 Cannon Street, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.

Practising Medicine (since 1902).

With '96 in Freshman year. (1893-4) teaching in North Galway, N. Y., Public School. (1895) member of Class of '97, Lafayette College. (1898-1901) in Union College, Schenectady, N. Y., Class of '99 (A.B., 1899). In Albany, N. Y., Medical College. (1901-2) studied medicine at University of Vermont (M.D., 1902). (1905) examiner in lunacy.

MARRIED Ida Smith Mitchell, June 17th, 1903, New York City.

CHARLES RIDGELY HUDSON.

Hawthorne Place, Springfield, Ill.

Member of firm of J. L. Hudson & Co., Wholesale and Retail Hardware, 506 East Adams Street, Springfield, Ill.

With '96 in Freshman year. Until 1904 teller in Ridgely National Bank, Springfield, Ill.

MARRIED Violet Sanborn, June 20th, 1899, Springfield, Ill.

AUGUSTINE LEFTWICH HUMES.

Orange, N. J.

Member of the firm of Noble, Jackson & Hubbard, Attorneys-at-Law, 52 William Street, New York City.

(1896-9) Studied at Harvard Law School (LL.B., 1899). Practised law with Hornblower, Byrne, Miller & Potter, New York City. Practised law with Boardman, Platt & Soley, 35 Wall Street, New York City.

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

ALEXANDER CAMPBELL JACKSON.

108 West Second Street, Berwick, Pa.

Attorney-at-Law, Jackson Block, Berwick, Pa.

(1897) Studied law with D. L. Rhone, 7 South Franklin Street, Berwick, Pa.

MARRIED Edna L. Kirby, June 19th, 1905, Towanda, Pa.

WILLIAM HERRON JAMISON.

213 Roup Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Manager of Estates, 610 Farmers Bank Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

Studied at Allegheny Theological Seminary. (1900) Pastor of the Duquesne Park United Presbyterian Church, Allegheny, Pa.

MARRIED Georgiana E. Anderson, April 20th, 1899, Princeton, N. J.

CHILDREN—Isabelle Herron Jamison, born February 1st, 1900.

Elizabeth Suydam Jamison, born April 3rd, 1902.

WALTER LATHROP JOHNSON.

115 Croton Avenue, Ossining, N. Y.

Manager for Shearson-Hammill & Co., Stock Brokers, 71 Broadway, New York City.

With '96 for three years; later with Class of '97, Princeton University; (1897-8) gentleman of leisure; (1898-1900) with McIntyre & Wardwell, commission merchants, Produce Exchange Building, New York City; (1900-2) with Raymond, Pynchon & Co., stock brokers, 71 Broadway, New York City.

ARCHIBALD TODD JOHNSON.

37 West Upsal Street, Germantown, Pa.

Practising Law at 532 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1899).

(1896-9) Studied law at University of Pennsylvania (LL.B., 1899).

GORDON JOHNSTON.

Address, Care War Department, Washington, D. C.

Home, 1721 12th Avenue South, Birmingham, Ala.

United States Army.

(1896) Football coach, University of North Carolina; (1896) insurance with Johnston & Badham (member of firm), 1921 First Avenue, Birmingham, Ala.; (1897-8) with Buck-Johnston Abstract Co., Abstracts of Title, Memphis, Tennessee; (1899) with Maryland Title Insurance & Trust Co., 1209 Light Street, Baltimore, Maryland; (1900-6) see "*War and Army Record*" in this volume.

MARRIED Anna Julia Johnson, May 25th, 1904, Baltimore, Md.

ALFRED BLOOMFIELD JONES.

598 East Market Street, Akron, Ohio.

Engineer (1903-6) Maintenance of Way, Pennsylvania Railroad (lines West of Pittsburg; Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Division).

Assistant on Engineer Corps at Pittsburg, Pa.; for Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railroad; (1899) engineer in charge at Grand Rapids, Michigan, for Grand Rapids and Indiana Railroad; (1901-3) assistant engineer; (1903) engineer maintenance of way at Indianapolis, Ind., for Pennsylvania Railroad (Indianapolis and Vincennes Division); (1904-6) engineer maintenance of way at Akron, Ohio, for Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railway.

MARRIED Helen Cross, December 27th, 1900, Mt. Holly, N. J.

CHILDREN—Alice Cross Jones, born December 10th, 1901.

JESSE DILLEY JONES.

70 West South Street, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Investment Securities, 2 Laning Building, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (since 1902).

(1896-1902) Journalist, *The Evening Leader*, Carbondale, Pa. Associate editor *Wilkes-Barre Times*.

MARRIED Elizabeth Musselman Foley, June 3rd, 1903, Williamsport, Pa.

CHILDREN—Alden Witmer Jones, born March 19th, 1904.

PERCY OGDEN JUDSON.

West Anderson Street, Hackensack, N. J.

Member of firm of P. O. Judson & Co., Importers of Floor Coverings, 36 East 20th Street, New York City.

(1897-1901) With Herbert Brush Manufacturing Co., Kingston, New York (Vice-President, 1900).

MARRIED Gertrude France, April 5th, 1899, New York.

CHILDREN—Madeline France Judson, born June 9th, 1900.

Rollin Wentworth Judson, born October 16th, 1902.

JOHN CAMPBELL KERR.

Englewood, N. J.

Member of firm of Kerr, Page & Cooper, Attorneys-at-Law, 149 Broadway, New York City.

(1896-8) Studied at Columbia University Law School (LL.B., 1899).

See "Political Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Elizabeth Archbald, October 25th, 1904, Scranton, Pa.

CARLTON MONTGOMERY KERSHOW.

2019 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Traveling in the Orient.

With '96 in Freshman year; later with Class of '97, Princeton University (B. S., 1897); (1898-1900) studied history and literature in Graduate School of University of Pennsylvania; (1902) with the Cotton Oil and Fibre Co., Norfolk, Virginia.

CHARLES H. KETCHAM.

100 William Street, New York City.

Practising Law.

With '96 in Freshman year.

ALFRED GEDNEY KILLMER.

Princeton Club, New York City.

Practising Law at 80 Broadway, New York City.

(1896-9) Studied at University of Pennsylvania Law School (LL.B., 1899).

JOHN DOUGLAS KILPATRICK.

Princeton Club, 72 East 34th Street, New York City.

Home, 1027 St. Paul Street, Baltimore, Md.

Secretary and Director Hudson Engineering and Contracting Co., 92 William Street, New York City (since 1900).

(1896-8) Studied electrical engineering at Princeton University (E. E., 1898). (1898) leading man in 'Triangle Club, Princeton University; (1899) with Henry R. Worthington Co., pumps, Elizabethport (N. J.) and Brooklyn; (1900) with Bacon Air Lift Co., 100 Broadway, New York City; (1905) consulting engineer on water supply for Brewster, New York. (1905-6) engineer in charge of construction of "Carnegie Lake," at Princeton, N. J.

KENNETH RALEIGH KINGSBURY.

South Orange, New Jersey.

With Standard Oil Co., 26 Broadway, New York.

(1896) Civil engineering at Newton, Mass; (1896-7) studied at Columbia School of Mines, Class of '98; (1897) mining in Idaho; (1897-1906) with Standard Oil Co., Lancaster Pa. (1898), Millway, Lane Co., Pa. (1899), New York City (1900-6).

MARRIED Nelle Risher Roberts, June 2d, 1903, East Orange, N. J.

FRANCIS MARSCHALK KIP, JR.

Neshanic Station, New Jersey.

With New York and New Jersey Telephone Co.

With '96 for two years (from 1894); later with Class of '97, Princeton University (A. B., 1897). Studied law at home.

LEROY GRESHAM KIRKMAN.
256 Orange Street, Newark, N. J.

Practising Medicine (since 1902).

(1896-1900) Studied at College of Physicians and Surgeons, New York City (M. D., 1900). (1901) resident physician Post Graduate Hospital, New York City; (1901) resident physician, Newark (N. J.) City Hospital. Lecturer at training school for nurses; (1906) assistant surgeon Home for Crippled Children, Newark, N. J. Chief of Clinic, Medical Department, St. James Hospital, Newark, N. J. Candidate for School Commissioner, Seventh Ward, Newark, 1905; defeated by 39 votes.

BERNARD STALLO KITTREDGE.
604 Neave Building, Cincinnati, Ohio.

Attorney-at-Law.

With '96 in Freshman year. Law student with Kittredge & Wilby, 604 Neave Building, Cincinnati, Ohio; (1895-7) studied at Cincinnati Law School (LL.B., 1897); (1900) attorney-at-law, Woodstock, Vt. MARRIED Mary Frances Collamer, February 27th, 1900, Woodstock, Vermont.

JAMES CARNAHAN KNIGHT.
Princeton, New Jersey.

Studying at Princeton Theological Seminary.

With '96 from Sophomore year; formerly at Parsons College, Fairfield, Iowa. (1898) Michigan agent, Ginn & Co., publishers, 378 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Ill. (1901) law student at University of Michigan. (1901) representing New York Life Insurance Co., at Majestic Building, Detroit, Mich.; (1902) civil engineer, Colorado Fuel & Iron Co. (1902-5) civil engineer, Seattle Electric Co., Seattle, Wash. (1902-5) head athletic instructor and football coach at University of Washington, Seattle, Washington. Started intercollegiate rowing on Pacific coast, 1903; (1905) with Boston Copper Co., of Seattle, Wash.

ROBERT RYLAND KNIGHT.
920 West Grace Street, Richmond, Virginia.

Pastor of Calvary Baptist Church, Richmond, Virginia (since 1904).

Studied at Georgetown (Ky.) College before entering Princeton. (1896-1900) studying at Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville, Ky. (Th.D., 1900), (Th.M., 1900). (1900-4) pastor of First Baptist Church, Ashland, Ky.

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

IWA GUMA KOKA.
Tokio, Japan.

Present occupation unknown; with '96 during Freshman year; afterward (1893) entered University of Pennsylvania, Class of '97 (C. E.); studied there one year.

EDWIN EDWARD KURTZEBORN.
3626 West Pine Boulevard, St. Louis, Mo.

Practising Surgery and Medicine at 5005a Delmar Building, St. Louis, Mo. (since 1903).

(1896-9) Studied at Marion Sims Medical College, St. Louis, Mo. (M. D., 1899).; (1900) studied medicine at University of Berlin, Germany.

LAWRENCE DEAN LA MONTE.
80 Washington Street, Binghamton, N. Y.
Capetown, South Africa.

With '96 for two years. No present occupation. After leaving Princeton studied at Hamilton College, Clinton, N. Y. For seven years member of British South African police.

WILLIAM EDMUND LAMPE.
59 Kwozenjidori, Sendai, Japan.

In Charge of the Japan Mission of the Reformed Church in the United States.

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896-8) studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (A. M., Princeton, 1898); (1898-9) studied at Seminary of the Reformed Church in the United States, Lancaster, Pa.; (1906) chairman of Foreign Relief Committee at Sendai, during famine in Japan. Professor in North Japan College at Sendai, Japan.

MARRIED Anna Lenora Thomas, December 28th, 1899, Boonsboro, Md.

CHILDREN—Mary Elizabeth Lampe, born October 3d, 1900.

William Thomas Lampe, born March 5th, 1902.

Grace Evelyn Lampe, born June 14th, 1903.

Harold Christian Lampe, born September 9th, 1905.

LANGDON LEA.

Care of J. T. Lea & Co., Stephen Girard Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Manager, General Superintendent and Member of Board of Directors of The Cannelton Coal Co., Cannelton, Kanawha Co., West Va. (since 1896).

Coached Princeton University football team 1896-1897-1898-1899-1901; coached University of Michigan football team 1900.

MARRIED Lavilla Belknap Lyons, November 12th, 1902, Charlottesville, Va.

CHILDREN—Francis Cabeen Lea born September 16th, 1904.

Biffy did not write a letter for our Triennial Record; but his latest letter to the Class Secretary is so full of Princeton enthusiasm that we will let it do service seven years latter.

"Dear Charlie:

"For 'general information' you will please note that, fortune willing, the Class of 1926 will have one of the finest as a leading light, in other words 'young Lea.' At the age of seventeen months, he's tough as a pine knot, can coax or raise the devil, as he wants, falls on the ball, talks six new languages of his own and weighs thirty-two pounds. For myself, I'm thirty pounds heavier than I was at our Commencement in '96, hair much thinner, but appetite and feelings just the same. The extra weight and appetite are caused and kept up by the all-day-out-door life I lead here at the mines; and my undergraduate-left-over sensations come from spending, each winter, every other week of the three winter months in Philadelphia, where I'm always a newly returned absentee, and therefore out of touch with all 'stale topics.' I see a number of Princeton men in Charleston, W. Va. frequently; Joe Gains, '86, (Congressman) Smith, '84; Walker, '95; Harry Anderson, '96, and Couch and John Dana, '02 or '03. Skinny Baylis dropped in, after ten years separation, a month or two ago, and tried to insure my life in his prize company, while a goodly number of old grads often make my house a night stop. I meet Princeton men all over the middle West, when I travel for the company, and find them all veritable Masons for 'glad hand' work and clannishness; in fact, the knowledge that one is a Princeton man seems to 'go,' out there, with good results; and I never saw a 'Tiger' yet who could not old his own or make a crowd sit up and have a good time. When I was best man for a Detroit friend in '01, he was given a smoker at the University Club. About two hundred and fifty were present and all sat around like Harvard élites until 'Pat' Ford, Jim Knight, MacMillan ('93) and his brother ('98). Altland ('98), a few other good Princeton rooters and I bunched up and started campus and grill-room singing, with the attendant necessities brought, by the aid of a few tips, in huge trayfuls. At first there was consternation, then curiosity, a little later a desire to mix, and finally intense brotherly love; and we raised the ceiling a good foot. The bar bills brought the club out of debt, two hundred and fifty new De Reszkes were in full bloom, and no one went home until four in the morning. So long until Commencement.

"Sincerely,

"LANGDON LEA."

FREDERICK CURWEN LEAS.
400 South 40th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Practising Medicine.

(1897) Studied at Philadelphia College of Pharmacy; studied at Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa. (M.D., 1904); (1897-1901) Leather business with Leas & McVitty, 303 Vine Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (also at Salem, Va., for same firm in 1897.)

LE ROY PORTER LEAS.

160 Salisbury Road, Brookline, Mass.

New England Manager (40 South Street, Boston, Mass.) for Leas & Mc Vitty (Inc.), Tanners and Leather Dealers, of Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1898).

(1896-7) With same firm in Philadelphia office.

MARRIED Ethel Ripley McKinney, June 4th, 1901, Boston, Mass.

CHILDREN—Norman Leas, born March 28th, 1902.

THOMAS DIMOCK LEONARD.

12 Tompkins Avenue, New Brighton, Staten Island, N. Y.

Real Estate, 35 Nassau Street, New York.

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University. (1896-7) traveled around the world with G. B. Rives, '96; (1898) with United Glass Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; (1898) with Interurban Railway, Syracuse, N. Y.; (1899-1904) on United States Geological Survey.

MARRIED Lucie Moore Norton, October 4th, 1902, Clifton, Staten Island, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Thomas Dimock Leonard, born August 1st, 1903.

Lucy Norton Leonard, born January 9th, 1905.

WILLIAM WIRT LEONARD.

827 Hamilton Terrace, Baltimore, Md.

Family Address, Salisbury, Md.

With E. E. Jackson Lumber Co., Law Building, Baltimore, Md.

(1896-8) Studying law at the University of Maryland; (1898-1901) Editor of Salisbury (Md.) *Courier*; (1901-6) practising law at Salisbury, Md.

MARRIED Nellie McBryde Jackson, February 21st, 1903, Baltimore, Md.

CHILDREN—William Wirt Leonard, Jr., born October 15th, 1904; died September 13th, 1905.

DAVID ANDRE L'ESPERANCE, JR.

The Pasadena, 740 Jefferson Avenue, Detroit, Mich.

Practising Law at 1017 Hammond Building, Detroit, Mich.

With '96 during Freshman year. (1894-6) Studied law at New York University (LL.B., 1896); Studied law with Fanshaw & Harris, 229 Broadway, New York City. Member of firm of Danner & L'Esperance, Attorneys-at-Law, 141 Broadway, New York City.

MARRIED Elise Hegeman Depew Strang, November 7th, 1900, Peekskill, N. Y.

WELDING DENNIS LIBBEY.

Overbrook, Pa.

With Libbey & Strullers, Bankers, 30 Broad Street, New York City.

1896-7) Gentleman of leisure; (1897-1905) with Hard & Rand, Coffee Importers, 107 Wall Street, New York City.

ROBERT LINCOLN LITCH.

64 Mallery Place, Wilkes-Barre, Pa.

Head of Latin Department, Harry Hillman Academy, Wilkes-Barre, Pa. (since 1898).

(1896-7) Held "Class of 1860 Fellowship in Experimental Science," Princeton University (A.M., 1897); (1906) Organist and Choirmaster of the M. E. Church, Kingston, Pa.; (1906) 'Cellist of the Scranton Symphony Orchestra.

MARRIED Ellen Webb Houser, September 6th, 1899, Bethlehem, Pa.

CHILDREN—Robert Brodhead Litch, born October 11th, 1900.

George Houser Litch, born March 2d, 1905.

ROBERT FORSYTHE LITTLE.

1748 Broadway, New York City.

Practising Law with White & Case, 31 Nassau Street, New York City (since 1904).

(1896-8) Studying at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); (1896-1902) practising law with R. F. Little, Sr., 63 Wall Street, New York City; (1903) practising law at 90 Wall Street, New York City; (1896-7) Secretary of the "Princeton House," New York.

MARRIED Janet Stewart Heath, June 7th, 1905, New York.

FREDERICK WILLIAM LOETSCHER.

32 Bank Street, Princeton, N. J. (1015 Lincoln Avenue, Dubuque, Ia.)

Instructor in Church History, Princeton Theological Seminary (since 1903).

(1896-7) Teaching at Lawrenceville School; (1897-1901) Studying at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1900; B.D., 1900); (1901-3) studying theology and ecclesiastical history in Germany, at University of Berlin and University of Strassburg.

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Mary Aletta McClelland, April 18th, 1901, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Lefferts Augustine Loetscher, born July 24th, 1904

JOSEPH MACKEY ROSEBERRY LONG.

126 West 70th Street, New York City.

Practising Law at 140 Nassau Street, New York City.

Studying at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); with Otis & Pressinger, Attorneys-at-Law, 111 Broadway, New York City; (1898) with Judge James A. Blanchard, New York City.

MARRIED Ella May Tuttle, June 16th, 1903, New York City.

JOHN HANCOCK LOUSER.

720-722 Cumberland Street, Lebanon, Pa.

Practising Law at Meily Building, Lebanon, Pa.

Studying law with Ex-Judge F. E. Meily, Lebanon, Pa; Candidate for District Attorney of Lebanon County.

PAUL LOVING.

229 East State Street, Columbus, O.

With Caleb L. McKee & Co., Brokers, Columbus Savings and Trust Co. Building, Columbus, O.

With '96 during Freshman year. Later with Class of '97, Princeton University. Formerly with Franklin Fire Insurance Co., Wyandotte Building, Columbus, O.

See "War Record" in this volume.

ALBERT HOWE LYBYER.

Home, Brazil, Ind.

Professor of Mathematics and Secretary of Faculty, Robert College, Constantinople, Turkey (since 1900).

(1897) Teaching Mathematics in Michigan Military Academy, Orchard Lake, Mich.; (1897-1900) studying at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1899; B.D., 1900); President and Vice-President of Class; Ordained Evangelist of Presbyterian Church of North America; Preach at Constantinople and Scutari, Turkey.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Clara Sidney Andrews, July 25th, 1901, Brazil, Ind.

WILLIAM THOMAS LYLE.

5019 Osage Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

Instructor in Civil Engineering, University of Pennsylvania (since 1902).

(1897-1900) Assistant Engineer Essex County Park Commission, Newark, N. J.; (1901-2) Civil Engineer, 792 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

MARRIED Mertie A. Dakin, July 17th, 1897, Aurora, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Thomas Howland Lyle, born October 5th, 1902.

GEORGE WOOD LYON.

P. O. Box 433, Port Elizabeth, South Africa.

With H. W. Peabody & Co., Importers (of 17 State Street, New York City); at Capè Town, South Africa (1896-1900); at Port Elizabeth, South Africa (1900-1906).

Vice-President of Princeton Club of South Africa.

MARRIED Engela Maria Johanna Stegmann, November 21st, 1901, Claremont, South Africa

CHARLES LAWRENCE MARTIN.

21 West 30th Street, New York City.

With Summit Silk Manufacturing Co., 482 Broome Street, New York City (1900-1902 at Summit Office; 1902-5 at factory, Palisade Silk Co., at West New York, N. J.; 1905-6 Salesman at New York Office).

With '96 for two years. (1896-9) Secretary of Petrolia Manufacturing Co., Soap, 24 Grove Street, New York City.

CHARLES INGALLS MARVIN.

Bronxville, N. Y.

In Comptroller's office, New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, Grand Central Station, New York City (since 1898).

(1896) Surveying with Florida Home Plantation Co., Narcosee, Fla.; (1897-8) Private Secretary.

MARRIED Anna Edwards Ferris, September 10th, 1902, Upper Saranac Lake, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Sherwood Ferris Marvin, born June 3d, 1903.

BENJAMIN ALLEN MASON, JR.

336 South 13th Street, Lincoln, Neb.

Member of firm of Mason & Mason, Attorneys-at-Law, 139 Burr Block, Lincoln, Neb.

Entered '96 in Senior year. Formerly attended Parsons College, Fairfield, Ia. (A.B., 1894; A.M., Parsons College, 1897); (1896-7) Studying at Princeton University and Theological Seminary (Post-graduate work); (1897-8) Instructor in Latin, Bellevue College, University of Omaha; (1898-1900) Professor of Political and Mental Science at Bellevue College, University of Omaha; (1900-1) Studying Law at State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Ia; (1902) Member of the firm of Burnham & Mason, Attorneys-at-Law, First National Bank Block, Beloit, Kan.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Vida Anderson, December 12th, 1905, at Salina, Kan.

WILLIAM ARNOT MATHER.

Family Address, 16 West 122d Street, New York City.

Missionary of the Presbyterian Church at Pao-Ting-Fu, China (since 1902).

(1898-1900) Studying at Hartford (Conn.) Theological Seminary (B.D., 1899); (1898-9) Preached at Presbyterian Church, Lakewood, N. J. First honor man in Senior class, Hartford Seminary, winning Thompson Fellowship for two years' graduate study; (1900-1) Studied at Marburg and Halle Universities, (Germany) and at Edinburgh University (Scotland); (1901-2) Acting Librarian of Hartford Theological Seminary.

MARRIED Grace Burroughs, August 30th, 1904, Coxsackie, N. Y.

WILLIAM FRANCIS MATTINGLY, JR.

"Locust Hill," Remington, Fauquier County, Va.

Family Address, 1616 H Street, N.W., Washington, D. C.

Farming.

(1896) Studying Law at Columbian University, Washington, D. C.; (1900) Raising cattle at Higbee, Otero County, Col.

MARRIED Evelyn G. Darby, August 23d, 1905, at Buck Lodge, Md.

SAMUEL HEWES MATTSON.

Princeton Club, 72 East 34th Street, New York. Home address, Sharon Hill, Pa.

N. Y. Office of The Ohio Brass Company (Railway Supplies) Mansfield, Ohio.

With '96 until Senior year. Formerly (two years, 1890-92) at Swarthmore College; (1897) with Pennsylvania Heat, Light and Power Co., Tenth and Sansome Streets, Philadelphia, Pa. Three years with Standard Supply and Equipment Co., 18 South 15th Street, Philadelphia, Pa. Two years with Taylor Iron and Steel Co., 253 Broadway, New York City.

ROBERT MAXWELL.

Rawal Pindi, Punjab, India.

Missionary of the Presbyterian Church and Teacher and Superintendent of the Boys' High School at Rawal Pindi, India (since 1902).

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896-9) Student at Allegheny Theological Seminary, Allegheny, Pa.

MARRIED Maud Pollock, August 14th, 1900, Pittsburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—*Margaret Maxwell, born February 12th, 1902; died October, 1902; Pollock Maxwell, born August 18th, 1903; George Small Maxwell, born February 8th, 1906.*

LAWRENCE JOHNSON MEAD.

15 West Eighth Street, New York City.

Secretary and Treasurer of the A. J. Watts Co., Manufacturers of Crystal Gold, 127 East 23d Street, New York City (since 1901).

With '96 until Junior year; (1894-1900) with R. Hoe & Co., 504 Grand Street, New York City.

MARRIED Anna Frances Ely, June 29th, 1901, Doylestown, Pa.

CHILDREN—Frances Louise Mead, born October 16th, 1902.

ALBERT GOODSSELL MILBANK.

45 East 61st Street, New York City.

Member of firm of Masten & Nichols, Attorneys-at-Law, 49 Wall Street, New York City (since 1902).

President of Class of '96, Princeton University; (1896-8) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); Trustee and Chairman of Finance Committee of Barnard College, N. Y.; Trustee of New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor; Member of Committee on Admissions, Bar Association, New York.

MARRIED Marjorie Elizabeth Robbins, January 28th, 1902, Boston, Mass.

CHILDREN—Albert Robbins Milbank, born May 9th, 1903.

Samuel Robbins Milbank, born March 16th, 1906.

DENNIS LONG MILLER.

515 West Hill Street, Louisville, Ky. Summer address, Pewee Valley, Ky.

Member of firm of Fitch, Miller & Co. (now Fitch-Miller Co.), Keller Building, Louisville, Ky.

With '96 until Junior year. (1906) President of the Owensboro Water Works Co.; Director in the Frankfort Water Co.; Director in the Danville Water Co.; Owner of the stock of the Defiance Water Co.; Director in the Plow Manufacturing Co. of B. F. Avery & Sons. Formerly general manager of Jeffersonville Street Car Co. Formerly Secretary of the firm of Dennis Long & Co., Manufacturers of Cast Iron Pipe (now absorbed by the United States Cast Iron Pipe & Fdy. Co.).

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Lucy Fitzhugh Young, June 4th, 1901, Louisville, Ky.

JOSEPH WALTER MILLER.

82 Washington Place, New York City.

Associated with Rev. George Alexander, D.D., of University Place Presbyterian Church, New York City.

Pastor of Bethlehem Church, 196 Bleecker Street, New York City (since 1904).

With Class of '96 two years. Later member of Class of '97, Princeton University (A.B., 1897); (1897-1900) Studying Theology at Auburn Theological Seminary, Auburn, N. Y.; (1898-1900) Pastor of Presbyterian Church, Onondaga Hill, N. Y.; (1900-1) Assistant Pastor of First Presbyterian Church, Schenectady, N. Y.; (1901-4) Assistant Pastor of the Spring Street Presbyterian Church, New York City.

MARRIED Jeannette Carter, October 20th, 1904, Morristown, N. J.

CHILDREN—Robert Carter Miller, born January 4th, 1906.

SAMUEL WILSON MILLER, JR.

5881 Marlborough Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Practising Law at 433 Fifth Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

(1896-8) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); with Miller & McBride, Attorneys Pittsburg, Pa.; (1899-1905) Member of firm of Miller & Miller, Attorneys-at-Law, Pittsburg, Pa.

MARRIED Willma Frew Graff, June 12th, 1900, Pittsburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—Samuel Graff Miller, born July 25th, 1903.

EDWARD KIRKPATRICK MILLS.

2 Perry Street, Morristown, N. J.

Practising Law at First National Bank Building, Morristown, N. J.

(1896-9) Studying at Columbia University Law School (LL.B., 1899).

MARRIED Laura Emmot Slade, January 21, 1905, Morristown, N. J.

CHILDREN—Edward Kirkpatrick Mills, Jr., born March 19th, 1906.

FREDERICK LIVINGSTONE MILLS.

45 Union Avenue, Jamaica, N. Y.

With Board of Education, 59th Street and Park Avenue, New York City.

(1896-7) Private Secretary to R. C. McCormick, (Member of Congress, First District, New York); (1897) Salesman, Standard Lithographic Co., New York; with New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, New York City; (1898) Law Stenographer in Law Department, Metropolitan Street Railway, New York City.

MARRIED Gabrielle Adelaide Hoyt, June 22d, 1898, Jamaica, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Frances Evelyn Mills, born August 2d, 1899.

Gordon Hoyt Mills, born December 13th, 1903.

WILLIAM GALBRAITH MITCHELL.

Grand Hotel, Rugby, England. Home, 1522 31st Street, Washington, D. C.

With the "British Thomson-Houston Co.," Rugby, England (since 1902).

(1896-1902) Electrical Engineer, General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.

See "War Record" in this volume.

JOHN JORDAN MOFFITT.

1705 North Front Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Practising Dentistry at 200 Pine Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman year. Studied Dentistry in University of Pennsylvania (D.D.S., 1899)

GEORGE FRANKLIN MOLL.

710 Kansas Avenue, Hiawatha, Kan.

Principal of Central High School, Hiawatha, Kan.

(1896-8) Formerly farming at Highland, Kan.

MARRIED Edith Frances Vinsonhaler, May 26th, 1897, Highland, Kan.

CHILDREN—Frederick Lester Moll, born March 31st, 1901.

Charles Raymond Moll, born January 3d, 1906.

JOHN JAMES MOMENT.

Orono, Ontario, Canada.

Studying at Hartford (Conn.) Theological Seminary, Class of 1906.

(1896-7) At home in Canada; (1897-8) Studying at Princeton Theological Seminary; (1898-1904) Teaching in Lawrenceville School; Master of Upper House; (1904) Entered Junior Class at Hartford Theological Seminary; President of Class (1905).

HARRY MORGAN MOORE.

4228 Delmar Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Practising Medicine at Linmar Building, St. Louis, Mo.

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896-8) Studied at St. Louis (Mo.) Medical College, Washington University (M.D., 1898).

MINOT CANFIELD MORGAN.

52 Maple Street, Summit, N. J.

Pastor of Central Presbyterian Church, Summit, N. J. (since 1903).

(1896-1900) Studied at Princeton Seminary and University (B.D., Sem., 1900; A.M., Princeton, 1900); (1897-8) Traveling abroad; (1900-1) Assistant to Pastor, Tenth Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1901-3) Pastor, Presbyterian Church, Far Rockaway, Long Island, N. Y.

ROLAND SLETOR MORRIS.

2131 DeLancey Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Law at 1617 Land Title Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1900). Member of firm of Duane, Morris, Hecksher & Roberts.

(1896-9) Studied at University of Pennsylvania Law School (LL.B., 1899); Studied law with J. deF. Junkin, Sixth and Walnut Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Augusta Twiggs Shippen West, April 20th, 1903, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHILDREN—Sarah Arndt Morris, born May 25th, 1904.

Edward Shippen Morris, born February 14th, 1906.

FREDERICK POOLEY MUDGE.

East Downingtown, Pa.

Farming.

(1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary; (1899-1905) Recuperating from illness in Pennsylvania; light farming.

WILLIAM HENRY MUSSER.

215 North Second Street, Harrisburg, Pa.

Practising Law at 216 Market Street, Harrisburg, Pa. (since 1905).

(1896-1902) Teaching in Harrisburg High School, Greek and Latin (A.M., Princeton, 1899); (1902-5) Studied law at University of Pennsylvania (LL.B., 1905).

JOSEPH LAURENCE MYERS.

Flushing, N. Y.

Member of firm of Van Rensselaer & Myers, Investment Securities, 44 Wall Street, New York (since 1905).

(1896-1900) Clerk with Handy & Harmon, Bankers, New York; (1900) Member of firm of A. D. Davis & Co., 44 Wall Street, New York City; (1904) Member of firm of Davis, Van Rensselaer & Myers, New York City.

MARRIED Henrietta Eugenie Hawley, January 23d, 1906, New York City.

FRANCIS CHARLES MACDONALD.

32 Mercer Street, Princeton, N. J.

Preceptor in English, Princeton University (since 1905).

(1897) Teaching at Kiskiminetas Springs School for Boys, Saltsburg, Pa.; (1897-9) Private Tutor, Worthington, Pa.; (1899-1901) in University Library, Princeton, N. J.; (1901-2) in Theological Seminary Library, Princeton, N. J.; (1902-5) Instructor in English, Lake Forest University, Lake Forest, Ill.; (1904) Registrar of Lake Forest University.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

ROBERT McNUTT McELROY.

86 Stockton Street, Princeton, N. J.

Assistant Professor of American History, Princeton University (since 1901).

(1896) Boudinot Historical Fellowship, Princeton University; (1897) University Fellowship in Social Science, Princeton University (A.M., Ph.D., Princeton, 1900); (1898-1900) Instructor in History, Princeton University; (1900-1) Studied history and politics, University of Leipzig, Germany; University of Berlin, Germany; Oxford University, England; (1906) Clerk of the Academic Faculty, Princeton University.

Verse of Faculty Song (by Class of 1904):

"Here's to Robert Mac Elroy,
He's surely a most emphatic boy;
His hair is red, his suit is blue,
But he's for Princeton thro' and thro'."

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Louise Robinson Booker, May 21st, 1900, Louisville, Ky.

CHILDREN—Elizabeth Hunt McElroy, born May 31st, 1901.

Louise McNutt McElroy, born August 17th, 1902.

JOHN CAPELL McFARLAN.

Amsterdam, N. Y.

No present occupation.

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University; with '96 in Freshman year; with McFarlan & Co., knit goods, Amsterdam, N. Y.; Bookkeeper (1896-8); Member of firm (1898-1903). Firm dissolved in 1903. No regular occupation since then.

MARRIED Jessie Sophrona Horstmann, November 16th, 1898, Schenectady, N. Y.

RICHARD PHILIP McGRANN.
Grand View Farms, Lancaster, Pa.

Stock Farming (since 1898).

Entered '96 in Junior year. Studied at Columbia University Law School. (1897) Mining in Idaho. (1902-3) Traveled around the world.

See "*Literary Record*" in this volume.

MARRIED Amy Penn-Gaskell Hall, December 10th, 1902, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHILDREN—Bernard Penn-Gaskell McGrann, born November 20, 1903.

WILBUR CLYDE McGREGOR.

Wheeling, W. Va.

With H. P. McGregor & Co., Wholesale China, 1208 Main Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

With '96 in Freshman year. Afterwards in Recorder's Office, Ohio County, W. Va.

MARRIED Grace H. Davis, February 7th, 1905, Bloomington, Ind.

WILLIAM STRONG McGUIRE.

26 Oliver Street, New York City.

Assistant District-Attorney, New York City (1905).

(1896) Studied at Columbia University Law School; (1897) Studied at New York Law School; (1901) Practised law at 35 Nassau Street, New York City; (1903) Assistant General Attorney for the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, 26 Exchange Place, New York City.

One of the men in the Class writes about McGuire:

"William Strong McGuire for the past five years has been surreptitiously carrying on a very unusual work in the worst section of the lower east-side of the city. He has formed a men's club of about the toughest characters in town, called the "Hamilton Athletic Club" and he is idolized by the members. Recently they gave him a jewelled watch fob as a testimonial.

"The work has the cordial sympathy and interest of William Travers Jerome, and last year at some meeting in Philadelphia, I am told, Mr. Jerome referred to McGuire by name as being the best example he knew of a college man performing the most difficult and efficient service toward improving the civic conditions in New York."

SCOTT McLANAHAN.

3 University Place, New York City.

Member of firm of Austin & McLanahan, Attorneys-at-Law, 192 Broadway, New York City (since 1901).

(1896-8) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); (1898) Practised law with George C. Austin, 192 Broadway, New York City; (1903-4) Secretary of Princeton Club of New York.

JOHN EVANS McLAIN.

1137 Wightman Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

Partnership with father, W. McLain; Iron and Steel Brokers, representing Cambria Steel Co. and Wm. Wharton, Jr. & Co. (Inc.), 917 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa. (since 1900).

With '96 until Junior year. (1895-7) Clerk with Lorain Steel Co., Johnstown, Pa.; (1897-1900) Salesman with J. B. Booth & Co., Iron and Steel Brokers, Pittsburg, Pa.

MARRIED Anna Linton, October 18th, 1898, Johnstown, Pa.

CHILDREN—Katharine McLain, born December 14th, 1899.

John Linton McLain, born June 21st, 1902.

Will McLain, born December 14th, 1904.

WALLACE DONALD McLEAN.

1373 Irving Street, Washington, D. C.

Practising Law at Columbian Building, 416 Fifth Street, Washington, D. C.

Studying at Columbian University Law School, Washington, D. C. (LL.B., 1898); (1898) in Treasury Department, Washington, D. C.

CHARLES BELL McMULLEN.

Tarkio, Mo.

Professor of Philosophy and Psychology, Tarkio (Mo.) College (since 1901).

Entered '96 in Senior year. Formerly at Tarkio College, Missouri (A.B., 1894); valedictorian of his class at Tarkio College; (1896-7) Professor of Latin and Greek, Hayward College, Fairfield, Ill.; (1897-1901) Studying at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1901; B.D., Seminary, 1901); (1904-5) Studied Philosophy and Psychology at Yale University.

JOHN HOBART MacMURDY.

159 Remsen Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

With J. Craig Havemeyer, Investment Securities, 43 Exchange Place, New York City (since 1905).

With '96 during Freshman year. (1897-1901) With Taylor & Brunton Ore Sampling Co., Victor, Colo, Salt Lake City, Utah, and Aspen, Colo.; (1903) Manager Colorado Can Co., 901 Wazee Street, Denver, Colo.; (1905) with Jarvis Hunt, Architect, 1405 Monadnock Building, Chicago, Ill

MARRIED Mrs. Mary F. Dillon, April 28th, 1900, Lancaster, Pa.

CLARENCE EGBERTS NEWMAN.

258 State Street, Albany, N. Y.

Secretary and Assistant Treasurer of the Federal Railway Signal Co., Troy, N. Y.

With '96 until Senior year. (1895) With New York State Erie Canal Survey; (1897) with Mechanics and Farmers Bank, Albany, N. Y., Exchange Clerk.

ADNAH NEYHART.

Member of firm of Grandin & Scheide, Petroleum, Framingham, Mass.

With '96 in Freshman year.

MARRIED Grace Grandin Stephenson, January 2d, 1895, Newton, Mass.

CHILDREN—Ruth Neyhart, born July 1st, 1900.

HAROLD BYRON NORTHRUP.

Johnstown, N. Y.

Member of firm of Batty & Northrup, Gloves, Gloversville, N. Y. (since January, 1906).

(1896-1905) With Northrup Glove Manufacturing Co., Johnstown, N. Y.

MARRIED Flora Cross, June 17th, 1903, Johnstown, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Margaret Northrup, born April 28th, 1905.

EDWARD BALDWIN OGDEN.

Chatham, N. J.

With Prudential Insurance Co., of Newark, N. J. (since 1895); in Investigation Department; formerly an Inspector.

With '96 in Freshman year.

MARRIED Edna Mildred Wilson, May 31st, 1904, Roseville, N. J.

CHILDREN—Herbert Suffern Ogden.

WILLIAM VASTINE OGLESBY.

Danville, Pa.

Practising Law.

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896-9) Studied at University of Pennsylvania Law School (LL.B., 1899); Justice of the Peace.

FRANK CLIFFORD OKEY.

Corning, Ia.

Practising Law. City Solicitor, Corning, Ia. (since 1904).

Bookkeeper with Corning National Bank, Corning, Ia.; Bookkeeper with Corning State Savings Bank, Corning, Ia.; (1898-1900) Studied law at State University of Iowa, Iowa City, Ia. (LL.B., 1900).

MARRIED Mary Alice Stoddard, April 7th, 1904, Villisca, Ia.

WILLETTE BRONSON ORR.

250 East Market Street, Chambersburg, Pa.

Practising Law.

Studied law with Sharpe & Sharpe, Chambersburg, Pa.; with Valley National Bank, Chambersburg, Pa.; Referee in Bankruptcy, Franklin and Fulton Counties, Pa.

FRANK ROOSEVELT OUTERBRIDGE.

252 West 78th Street, New York City.

With '96 during Freshman year. Later studied at Harvard University (C.E., 1896).

SAMUEL ROOSEVELT OUTERBRIDGE.

252 West 78th Street, New York City.

With '96 during Freshman year. Later studied at Harvard University (C.E., 1897); (1897-8) Civil Engineer with New York Central and Hudson River Railroad, Buffalo, N. Y.; (1898) with Quebec Steamship Co., New York City.

SINGLETON PEABODY OUTHWAITE.

555 East Broad Street, Columbus, O.

Attorney-at-Law with Outhwaite, Linn & Thurman, 905 Wyandotte Building, Columbus, O.

(1897) Studied law in New York Law School; (1898) Studied law in Ohio State University.

MARRIED Margaret Anne Gardner, January 3d, 1899, Columbus, O.

CHILDREN—Ellen Wilson Outhwaite, born September 26th, 1899.

Joseph H. Outhwaite II, born March 6th, 1901.

JOHN ROSSEEL OVERTON.

305 York Avenue, Towanda, Pa.

Practising Law, Towanda, Pa.

(1898) Reading law in father's office, Towanda, Pa; (1906) at head of Humphrey Manufacturing Co., Towanda, Pa., and W. Va.

DAVID PARK.

Home, Corinth, Miss.

Missionary at Muang Nan, Siam.

Studying at McCormick Theological Seminary, Chicago, Ill; President of "Students' Volunteer Union," of Chicago, Ill.

See "*Literary Record*" in this volume.

FREDERICK DALTON PARKER.

1348 South Hope Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Practising Law and Member of firm of F. D. Parker & Co., Real Estate and Investment Brokers, 227 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896) Traveled for the De Barros Co., San Francisco, Cal. (Expert Accountants) (1897-9) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1899); (1899-1902) Practising law at 120 Broadway, New York; (1906) also connected with sundry mining and manufacturing interests, and General Manager of the Hawthorne Water Co., Los Angeles, Cal.

WILLIAM BROWNE PARSONS.

371 Broadway, Flushing, N. Y.

Practising Law at 97 Nassau Street, New York City.

(1896-7) Real Estate, Flushing, R. R. (1897) Cashier for H. H. Cammann & Co., Real Estate, 51 Liberty Street, New York; (1899-1901) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B, 1901).

See "*War Record*" in this volume.

CHARLES EDGAR PATTON.

Home, Warriors' Mark, Pa.

Missionary of Presbyterian Church at Yeung Kong, China (mail via. Canton, China).

(1896-8) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1897).

See "*Missionary Record*" in this volume.

MARRIED Edith R. Carswell, June 7th, 1899, at Baltimore, Maryland. (Mrs. Patton died April 1st, 1902, at Canton, China.)

CHILDREN—Edith Carswell Patton, born March 3d, 1902.

ROBERT HUNTER PATTON II.

309 West 93d Street, New York City.

Member of firm of Patton, Stillman & Patton, Attorneys-at-Law, 40 Wall Street, New York City (since 1900).

(1896-8) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); (1898-1900) Practised law with Edwards & Bryan, 31 Nassau Street, New York City; practised law with Strong & Cadwalader, 40 Wall Street, New York City.

MARRIED Katharine Lyman Sharp, March 23d, 1904, Portsmouth, Va.

FREDERICK MARSHALL PAUL.

562 High Street, Newark, N. J.

Practising Medicine.

(1896-1900) Studied in University of Pennsylvania Medical School (M.D., 1900); (1899-1900, Summers) Resident Physician, Children's Seashore Home, Atlantic City, N. J.; (1901-3) Resident Physician, German Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1903-4) Prosector for Applied Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania; (1903-4) Assistant Demonstrator of Anatomy, University of Pennsylvania; (1905) Assistant Surgeon, Cornell Surgical Dispensary, New York City; (1905) Assistant Surgeon, St. Michael's Hospital, Newark, N. J.; (1904-6) Private Practice of Medicine, Newark, N. J.

ALBERT IRVING PAYNE.

Calgary, Alberta, N. W. T. Canada.

Manager Calgary Gas Light Co., Calgary, Canada (since 1905).

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University; with '96 in Junior and Senior years. (1896-1902) With Economical Gas Apparatus Construction Co., London, England; (1902-3) Gas Engineering in Japan; (1903-5) Manager and Secretary of Nelson Coke and Gas Co., Nelson, B. C.

RALPH BARTON PERRY.

5 Avon Street, Cambridge, Mass.

Assistant Professor of Philosophy, Harvard University (since 1905).

(1896-9) Studied Philosophy and Theology at Harvard University (A.M., 1897; Ph.D., 1899); (1899-1900) Instructor in Philosophy, Williams College; (1900-2) Instructor in Philosophy, Ethics and Pedagogy, Smith College, Northampton, Mass.; (1903) Instructor in Philosophy, Harvard University.

MARRIED Rachel Berenson, August 15th, 1905, London, England.

NATHAN ORCUTT PETTY.

Riverhead, N. Y.

Practising Law. Member of firm of Nathan D. & Nathan O. Petty.

With '96 in Freshman year; afterwards with Class of '97, Columbia University (A.B., 1897; A.M., 1898); (1897-9) Studied at Columbia Law School (LL.B., 1899).

MARRIED Maude Fieldler, April 11th, 1892, New York City.

ARTHUR EDMUND PEW.

Bryn Mawr, Pa.

Vice-President Sun Oil Co., 1212 Real Estate Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

(1898) Purchasing Agent, Sun Oil Co.; with People's Natural Gas Co., 248 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.; Vice-President, 1899; Purchasing Agent, 1898.

MARRIED Helene Crocker, November 30th, 1898, New York City.

CHILDREN—Arthur Edmund Pew, Jr., born September 25th, 1899.

Walter Crocker Pew, born June 4th, 1901.

HARRY GORDON PIERCE.

336 West 95th Street, New York City.

Practising Law at 25 Broad Street, New York City. Member of firm of Fox, Pierce & Rowe.

(1896-8) Private Tutor; (1896-8) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); (1898-1902) Practised law at 35 Nassau Street, New York; (1902-4) Member of firm of Pierce & Rowe.

MARRIED Austana Loring Angell, March 26th, 1902, Waverly, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Robert Pierce, born March 13th, 1904.

TALBOT EUGENE PIERCE.

"The Elms," 53d and Corwell Avenues, Chicago, Ill.

Superintendent of By-Products Coke Corporation, Semet-Solvay Coke Ovens, of Syracuse, N. Y., Manufacturers of Coke and By-products, Main Office, Syracuse, N. Y.; Chicago Office, 420-421 Marquette Bldg.; Works South Chicago, Ill.

(1896-7) Mining Engineer with A. L. Van Wickle, Hazleton, Pa.; (1897) with Lehigh Traction Road; (1898-1900) District Engineer Department, Washington, D. C.; (1900) Farming in Virginia; (1900-1) with Heyl & Patterson (Inc.), Contractors, Pittsburg, Pa.; (1901-6) with Semet-Solvay Co., of Syracuse, N. Y.

GASTON PEARSON PHILIP.

1230 Connecticut Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Engineering on Panama Canal.

With '96 until Senior year. (1901) Government Exploring Expedition in Alaska.

See "Record of Politics, etc., in this volume.

MICAJAH WALLIS POPE.

813 North Charles Street, Baltimore, Maryland.

Secretary and Treasurer of Mount Vernon Motor Co., Automobiles, 1118 Cathedral Street, Baltimore, Md.

With '96 in Freshman and Senior years; in interval at University of Virginia. (1896-7) In broker's office in Wall Street, New York; (1897-8) with Maryland Life Insurance Co.; (1899-1900) Secretary and Treasurer of Royal Gaslight, Heat and Power Co., Baltimore, Md.; (1900-1901) President Maryland Press Bureau.

JOHN PRENTISS POE, JR.

Home, 1500 Park Avenue, Baltimore, Md.

Bullfrog, Nev.

With the Denver Bullfrog Mining Co., Bullfrog, Nev.

With '96 during Freshman year. Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University; (1893-4) coached football team at University of Virginia; (1895) Steamboat business in Baltimore; (1895-6) Real Estate business in Baltimore; (1895-7) coached Princeton University football team; (1898) Spanish War Service; (1899) Ranch in New Mexico; (1899-1901) two years in Philippines in 23d U. S. Regular Infantry; (1902) Surveying around Baltimore, Md.; (1902-3) Ranch in New Mexico; (1904) two months in Marine Corps at Panama; (1904) Coal business, Charleston, W. Va.

See "War and Army Record" in this volume.

JOHN ALBERT POTTER.

Franklin, Delaware Co., N. Y.

203 West 81st Street, New York City.

Practising Law at 30 Broad Street, New York City (since October, 1905).

(1896-9) Teaching in Irving Institute, Tarrytown, N. Y.; (1899-1903) Teaching in J. A. Brown- ing's School, 31 West 55th Street, New York City; (1903-5) Studying at New York Law School and Special Teacher in Carpenter's School, 310 West End Avenue, New York City

WILLIAM WOODBURN POTTER.

1913 Spruce Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Architect, 1012 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1903).

(1896-9, 1903) Studying architecture with Cope & Stewardson, 320 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1899-1903) with Newman, Woodman & Harris, Architects, 167 Real Estate Trust Building, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1903) with Cass Gilbert, Architect, New York City.

See "War Record" in this volume

DAVID POTTER.

Care of Navy Department, Washington, D. C. Home, Salem, N. J.

Paymaster, United States Navy, Mare Island Navy Yard, California (since 1902).

(1896-7) Studying law with James Boyd Potter, Attorney-at-Law, Bridgeton, N. J.; (1897) Member of firm of Potter & Potter, Attorneys-at-Law, Bridgeton, N. J.; (January, 1898) won one of two appointments to Pay Corps of U. S. Navy, competitive examination of fifteen days, fifty candidates; (1898) Commissioned Assistant Paymaster, U. S. Navy; (1899) Commissioned Past Assistant Paymaster, U. S. Navy.

See "War and Literary Records" in this volume

MARRIED Jane Grey, April 23d, 1904. Salem, N. J.

EDGAR FITZ RANDOLPH II.

174 South Street, Morristown, N. J.

With Brinley & Holbrook, Landscape Architects and Engineers, 156 Fifth Avenue, New York City.

With '96 until Junior year. (1897-9) With "New York Building and Sanitary Inspection Co.," 874 Broadway, New York; (1900-5) resided in California.

OLIVER W. RAFFERTY.

5923 Kentucky Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

Fire Insurance Agent for J. W. Arrott (Ltd.), Arrott Building, Pittsburg, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman and Senior years. Sales Agent for Empire Portland Cement Co., 614 Lewis Block, Pittsburg, Pa.

MARRIED (details unknown).

WILLIAM BELDEN REED, JR.

162 West 121st Street, New York City.

Vice-President and General Manager, White Manufacturing Co., Machine Castings, 556 West 34th Street, New York City (since 1901).

(1896-7) Rapid Transit Commission, New York City; (1897-8) Metropolitan Street Railway Co., Construction Department, New York City; (1898-9) Chestnut Ridge Railway Co., Kunkletown, Pa.; (1899-1900) Terry & Tench Construction Co; (1900-1) Metropolitan Street Railway Co., Maintenance Department, New York City.

STANLEY CHESTER REESE.

216 North Lang Avenue, E. E., Pittsburg, Pa.

Mechanical Engineer, Riter Conley Manufacturing Co., Bridge and Structural Steel, Preble Avenue, Allegheny, Pa. (since 1902).

(1896-7) Held J. S. K. Mathematical Fellowship at Princeton University (A.M., 1897); (1897-8) held Thaw University Fellowship in Astronomy at Princeton University; (1898-9) studied Astronomy at Princeton University (Ph.D., 1899); (1899-1901) Assistant Astronomer, Yerkes Observatory (University of Chicago), Williams Bay, Wis.; (1901-2) Assistant, Engineering Department, Carnegie Steel Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

THOMAS RIDGWAY.

1301 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Practising Law at 310 North American Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman year. Studied at University of Pennsylvania Law School (LL.B., 1896); with Real Estate Investment Co., 721 Walnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

See "War Record" in this volume.

JOSEPH COTTRELL RIGHTER, JR.

Home, 929 West Fourth Street, Williamsport, Pa.

United States Army. First Lieutenant, Fourth U. S. Cavalry (since 1903), Manila, Philippine Islands.

(1896) Reporter on Williamsport *Daily Sun*; (1897-8) Reporter on Williamsport *Evening Sun*; (1898) with Company G, Twelfth Pennsylvania Volunteers; (1898) with W. Righter's Sons & Co., Lumber, Williamsport, Pa. Graduated in 1903 from General Service and Staff College, Fort Leavenworth, Kan.

See "War and Literary Records" in this volume.

SAMUEL GAYLE RILEY.

Anniston, Ala.

President and Professor of History, Anniston College, Anniston, Ala. (since 1905).

Formerly at Georgetown College, Kentucky; with '96 during Senior year. (1896-8) Studied Law and Politics at University of Michigan; (1899) studied Law in office of Hon. D. A. Greene, Birmingham, Ala.; (1899-1902) Professor of History and Political Science, Brenau College, Gainesville, Ga.; (1902-5) Professor of German, Southwestern Baptist University, Jackson, Tenn. Member of firm of Riley & Riley, Attorneys-at-Law, Lyon Terry Building, Birmingham, Ala.

MARRIED Anna Rose McConnell, September 16th, 1903, Gainesville, Ga.

GEORGE BARCLAY RIVES.

Care of United States Legation, Vienna, Austria.

Secretary of American Embassy at Vienna (since 1904).

Traveled around the world with T. D. Leonard, '96. (1897-8) With Manhattan Trust Co., 20 Wall Street, New York City; (1900) studied International Law at Columbian University, Washington, D. C.; (1902) Third Under Secretary at American Embassy at Berlin, Germany; (1903) Second Secretary of Embassy at Vienna, Austria.

MARRIED Elizabeth Emlen Hare, April 24th, 1900, New York City. (Mrs. Rives died July 23d, 1900).

[From *The New York Times*, April 3d, 1906.]

COMIC OPERA SITUATION AT OUR EMBASSY IN VIENNA.

Vienna, April 2.—The diplomatic situation resulting from the return of Mr. Storer to Vienna may be recommended to the attention of writers of satirical farce. The Foreign Office can communicate only with Mr. Storer, who is still the accredited Ambassador, while Washington can communicate only with First Secretary Rives, whom it placed in charge until the arrival of Mr. Storer's successor.

Mr. Storer and the First Secretary, who is recognized to have behaved with great delicacy and tact in an exceedingly difficult situation, sit therefore day by day under the same roof and embody a dead-lock.

This dead-lock precludes any such solution as a letter of recall by cable. Assuming the improbability that the Austro-Hungarian Government would sanction a telegraphed letter, the United States Government knows only Mr. Rives, to whom such a letter would presumably be addressed, but the Austro-Hungarian Government knows only Mr. Storer, to whom the letter could not be delivered pending the arrival of the new Ambassador. The dead-lock seems likely to continue.

Washington, April 2.—The State Department has no disposition to make any issue with the Austrian Government over the status of Mr. Storer. It has arranged to have Mr. Francis, the newly qualified Ambassador, present the letters of recall of Mr. Storer, and the former, in deference to the wishes of the Department, will sail on the 22d inst. from New York.

In the meantime, in view of the fact that there is little or no business of a diplomatic nature requiring prompt treatment at Vienna, it is regarded as immaterial whether or not Mr. Rives is recognized as Chargé.

ALGERNON BROOKE ROBERTS.

Bala, Pa.

Member of firm of Duane, Morris, Heckscher & Roberts, Attorneys-at-Law, 1617 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pa.

Studied at University of Pennsylvania Law School (LL.B., 1899); Assistant City Solicitor, Philadelphia, Pa., and Assistant United States District Attorney; (1900) Elector-at-Large, State of Pennsylvania; (1900) President, Board of Commissioners, Lower Merion Township, Pa.; State Senator from Montgomery County, Pa. (elected 1902).

MARRIED Elizabeth Binney Evans, June 12th, 1902, Cynwyd, Pa.

CHILDREN—*Algernon Roberts, born April 5th, 1903; died July 23d, 1905.*

Rowland Evans Roberts, born November 24th, 1904.

Rosalina Brooke Roberts, born November 29th, 1904; died March 12th, 1905.

ROBERT SINCLAIR RODGERS.

370 North Limestone Street, Springfield, O.

Manager of Manufacturing Department, Superior Drill Co. (Division of American Seeding Machine Co.), Springfield, O. (With Company since June, 1896.)

MARRIED Edith Anne Winwood, June 5th, 1900, Springfield, O.

CHILDREN—*Rachael Rodgers, born November 26th, 1901; died at birth.*

Alice Kilgore Rodgers, born August 4th, 1904.

AUGUST ROESLER.

Tuxedo Park, N. Y.

I. President, Engineering Company of America (since 1900); II. President, August Roesler Co., Engineers and Contractors, 41 Park Row, New York City (since 1900).

With '96 in Freshman year. (1894-8) With William Wicke Co., Cigar Ribbons, First Avenue and 31st Street, New York City; (1898) Mining in Black Hills, S. Dak.; (1900) Railroad Construction, W. & D. Railroad, S. Dak.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Agnes Bell Laidlaw, September 6th, 1899, Great Neck, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Elizabeth E. Roesler.

HENRY WELSH ROGERS.

3801 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Member of the firm of Rogers, Holloway & Co., Importers, Exporters and General Commission Merchants, 300 Bullitt Building, 131 South Fourth Street, Philadelphia, Pa., and 11 Broadway, New York (since 1897).

(1896-7) Private Secretary.

CHARLES ROLAND.

105 South Fifth Street, Reading, Pa.

Practising Medicine at Reading, Pa.

With '96 in Freshman year. (1893-4) Transittman for Engineering Corps; (1894-8) studied at University of Pennsylvania Medical School; (1898-9) Resident Physician in Reading Hospital, Reading, Pa.; Member of Board of Health, City of Reading, Pa.

See "War Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Elizabeth Seyfert, February 5th, 1902, Reading, Pa.

JOSEPH GEORGE ROSENGARTEN, JR.

325 South 17th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Manufacturing Chemist, with Powers, Weightman, Rosengarten Co., Ninth and Parrish Streets, Philadelphia, Pa.

(1896) Studied at Palm's Business College, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1897-1905) with Rosengarten & Sons, Manufacturing Chemists, 1700 Fitzwater Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

FREDERICK TUPPER SAUSSY.

23 West Gordon Street, Savannah, Ga.

Member of firm of Saussy & Saussy, Attorneys-at-Law, 13-15 York Street, West, Savannah, Ga. (since 1897).

Entered '96 in Junior year. Formerly member of Class of 1894, Emory College, Georgia (A.M., Princeton, 1901); (1896) Superintendent, Savannah Board of Trade.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

ANSELM EDWIN SCHAFF.

235 Franklin Place, Flushing, Long Island, N. Y.

With W. B. Nichols & Co., Investment Securities, 15 Wall Street, New York.

With '96 in Freshman year. Entered Columbia University, Class of 1898; with Day & Heaton, Brokers, 6 Wall Street, New York City.

See "War Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Margaret Grace McKnight, October 9th, 1901, Bayside, Long Island, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Margaret McKenzie Schaff, born December 25th, 1902.

JOHN HINSDALE SCHEIDE.

Titusville, Pa.

Member of firms of Grandin & Scheide (since 1902) and J. H. Scheide & Co. (since 1901), Petroleum, Titusville, Pa.

(1896-7) With Ohio Oil Co. (Clerk and Warehouseman) Findlay, O.; (1897) Secretary to General Manager, Oil City, Pa.; (1897-9) Field Superintendent, Woodville, O.; (1900-2) traveled abroad in West and in Mexico.

MARRIED Mary Abba Hewitt, January 6th, 1904, Derby, Conn.

WILLIAM HENRY SCHOONMAKER.

Clinton and Gates Avenues, Montclair, N. J.

Gentleman of Leisure.

MARRIED Genevieve Barnes, June 27th, 1901, North Haven, Conn.

CHILDREN—Alice Schoonmaker, born August 3d, 1904.

EDWARDS LYMAN SHELDON.

2 West 83d Street, New York City.

With '96 during Freshman year. With Walden & Benham, and E. B. Walden & Co., Exporters and Importers, 101 Water Street, New York City; (1902) with Forbes & Son, Produce Exchange Annex, New York City.

MARRIED Leonora Stults Wilson, September 11th, 1898, Interlaken, N. J. (Mrs. Sheldon died August 20th, 1904.)

JOHN CHARLES SHERRIFF.

830 Sheridan Avenue, Pittsburg, Pa.

Attorney-at-Law, 1324 Park Building, Pittsburg, Pa., (since 1900). Pittsburg Attorney for Fidelity and Casualty Co. of New York.

(1896) Sporting Editor, "Evening Record," Allegheny, Pa.; (1897) Society Editor, "Pittsburg Times"; (1897-9) Secretary of Sherriff Machinery Co., Pittsburg, Pa.; (1899-1900) studying at Pittsburg Law School (Western University of Pennsylvania) (LL.B., 1900); (1900) studied law in office of W. K. Jennings & Co., Pittsburg, Pa.

MARRIED Jacova Anne Bray, December 23d, 1905, Pittsburg, Pa.

WILLIAM DUNCAN SILKWORTH.

632 Eleventh Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Practising Medicine.

Studied at Bellevue Hospital Medical College (M.D., 1899); Ship Surgeon with Panama Railroad Steamship Line; (1906) Medical Examiner for Order of Knights of Columbus.

MARRIED Marie Antoinette Bennett, June 12th, 1902, Brooklyn, N. Y.

GEORGE ROSENGARTEN SINNICKSON.

230 West Rittenhouse Square, Philadelphia, Pa.

Civil Engineer with Pennsylvania Railroad, Dravosburg, Allegheny, Pa.

(1896-7) Post-graduate student at Princeton University (M.S., 1897); (1897-1906) Civil Engineer with Pennsylvania Railroad; (1900) Assistant Supervisor, Mt. Holly, N. J.; (1901) Tacony, Pa.

JAMES DUNN SMALL.

Calumet Club, Chicago, Ill.

Vice-President of Small Brothers & Co., Investment Securities, 610 Royal Insurance Building; Residence, 4596 Oakenwald Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

(1896) Studied law with Joseph D. Morris, 1317 Chamber of Commerce, Chicago, Ill.; (1897) studied law at Chicago College of Law (Lake Forest University); (1897) admitted to Illinois Bar, August, 1897; (1898) with Lackner, Butz & Miller, Attorneys-at-Law, Reaper Block, Chicago, Ill.; (1899) with National Cash Register Co., 103 East Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.; (1900-1) with Knight, Donnelly & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 216 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. (Manager Unlisted Securities Department); (1903) Member of firm of Howard, Small, Sibley & Co., Unlisted Securities, 603 National Life Building, Chicago, Ill.

LLOYD LLEWELLYN SMITH.

Care of War Department, Washington, D. C., or care of J. Clarence Smith, 511 Eighth Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Assistant Surgeon, United States Army (since 1903).

Studying at University of Leipzig, Germany; studying medicine at University of Pennsylvania (M.D., 1901); (1903) General Staff at Kings County Hospital, Brooklyn, N. Y.

See "War and Army Record" in this volume.

RALPH BROWN SMITH.

Blairsville, Pa.

I. Member of firm of Smith & Turner, Bituminous Coal, Blairsville, Pa.; II. Secretary and Treasurer Dalliba Coal Co., Blairsville, Pa.; III. Secretary and Treasurer McKean Coal Co., Blairsville, Pa.; IV. President of New York Wire & Spring Co., Hoboken, N. J.; V. Vice-President of Eclipse Oil Co., Blairsville, Pa.

(1896-8) With Golden Gate Wire and Spring Co., of Chicago, Ill.; Treasurer of New York Department, 436 Canal Street, New York City; (1899) Secretary and Treasurer, New York Wire & Spring Co., 71 Park Avenue, Hoboken, N. J.

MARRIED Laura Miller Graff, September 14th, 1905, Blairsville, Pa.

RALPH DUSENBURY SMITH.

112 Murray Street, Binghamton, N. Y.

Member of firm of Van Cleve & Smith, Attorneys-at-Law, 78 Court Street, Binghamton, N. Y. (since 1901)

(1896-8) Studied at New York Law School (LL.B., 1898); (1899) practised law with Lyon, Painter & Hinman, Masonic Temple, Binghamton, N. Y.

MARRIED Agnes Weed, March 20th, 1906, Binghamton, N. Y.

WILLIAM WESSENDREW SMITH.

1027 South Fifth Street, Springfield, Ill.

Member of firm of Thos. C. Smith's Sons, Undertakers, 325 South Fifth Street, Springfield, Ill. With '96 during Freshman year.

THOMAS CUMMINGS SMITH, JR.

1027 South Fifth Street, Springfield, Ill.

Member of firm of Thos. C. Smith's Sons, Undertakers, 325 South Fifth Street, Springfield, Ill. With '96 during Freshman year.

FRANCIS SYDNEY SMITHERS, JR.

Middletown, N. Y.

Rector, Grace Church, Middletown, N. Y. (since 1904)

Formerly at Lehigh University, Class of '94. (1896-9) Studied at General (Episcopal) Theological Seminary, New York City (B.D., 1899); (1899-1904) Curate of the Church of the Holy Trinity, 312 East 88th Street, New York City

HOMER CLAY SNITCHER.

Wyalusing, Pa.

Pastor of Second Presbyterian Church, Wyalusing, Pa.

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1898); (1899-1903) Pastor of First Presbyterian Church, Berthoud, Colo.

MARRIED Sarah Ewing Hunt, August 26th, 1899, Greenwich, N. J.

CHILDREN—Cornelia Hunt Snitcher, born August 31st, 1905.

WILLIAM FRANCIS MATTINGLY SOWERS.

1707 Massachusetts Avenue, Washington, D. C.

Resident Physician at Johns Hopkins Hospital, Baltimore, Md.

(1896-1900) Studying medicine at Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, Md. (M.D., 1900); Assistant in Surgery on Johns Hopkins Medical School.

OLIVER BENNETT SPRECHER.

141 South Eighth Street, Reading, Pa.

With Reading Iron Co., Baer Building, Reading, Pa.

With '96 until Senior year.

MARRIED Sarah Brumbach Leishiser, June 11th, 1903, Reading, Pa.

CHILDREN—Sarah Elizabeth Sprecher, born August 17th, 1904.

SAMUEL ROBERT SPRIGGS.

Home, Livingston Manor, N. Y.

Missionary of Presbyterian Church and Teacher in Government School at Point Barrow, Alaska (since 1899)

(1896-9) Studied at Princeton Theological Seminary.

See "Missionary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Eunice Cornelia Bouton, May 16th, 1899, Prattsville, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Harold Bouton Spriggs, born March 15th, 1903.

CHARLES ANTHONY STEIN.

175 West 81st Street, New York City.

*Advertising Manager of the J. Stevens Arms and Tool Co., 159 Broadway, Chicopee Falls, Mass.
(since 1903).*

With '96 until December, Junior year. (1895) Dry Goods Business, New York City; (1897) with Joseph Lowenherz, Advertising, 334 Temple Court, New York City; (1897-1903) Assistant Advertising Manager, Standard Varnish Works, 29 Broadway, New York City.

WALLACE MACLAY DE WITT STERRY.

21 West 74th Street, New York City.

Practising Law at 141 Broadway, New York City.

With '96 until Junior year. Formerly with Class of '95, Columbia University. Re-entered Columbia University.

FRANCIS GRAY STEWART.

27 East 38th Street, New York City.

Associate Architect with R. W. Gibson, 76 William Street, New York City.

Honorary Degree of A.M. from Princeton, 1899; (1896-1900) Architect with C. L. W. Eidlitz, 160 Fifth Avenue, New York City; (1897-8) studied Architecture at Columbia University; (1897-1905) Lecture Course to Civil Engineering Department, Princeton University.

THOMAS HENRY ATHERTON STITES.

Quincey Avenue, Scranton, Pa.

Practising Medicine at Connell Building, Scranton, Pa. (since 1902)

(1896-8, 1899-1901) Studied at University of Pennsylvania (M.D., 1901); (1901-2) Resident Physician, St. Agnes Hospital, Philadelphia, Pa.; (1904-5) at Home Office of Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York; (1906) Medical Referee for Mutual Life Insurance Co., of New York; Medical Examiner for Washington Life Insurance Co., of New York.

See "War and Literary Records" in this volume.

MARRIED Mary Adaline Henry, June 27th, 1905, Boulton, Pa.

WILLIAM LE ROY STOCKTON.

98 Mercer Street, Princeton, N. J.

Newark Residence, 50 Park Place.

With Prudential Insurance Co., 761 Broad Street, Newark, N. J.

(1896-9) Agent; (1899-1900) Inspector of Districts in Central Pennsylvania; (1900) Auditor; (1900) Inspector of "Ordinary" General Agencies; (1903) in Supervisor's Department. Assistant Manager of Ohio (located at Home Office in Newark, but supervising all business done in Ohio.).

JOSEPH HENRY STOPP.

5239 Angora Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa.

I. Assistant Title Officer, Equitable Trust Co., Philadelphia, Pa. II. Practising Law (since 1899).

Entered '96 in Senior year. Formerly at Muhlenberg College, Allentown, Pa. (A. B., 1895); (1896-9) Law Student with Biddle & Ward, 505 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

MARRIED Maude Evelyn Kurtz, January 30th, 1901, Allentown, Pa.

ARCHIBALD ALEXANDER TALMAGE.

625 West 21st Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Manager, Secretary and Treasurer of Blaisdell Co., Patentees and Manufacturers of Cyanide Vat Excavating and Distributing Machinery, 334 Pacific Electric Building, Los Angeles, Cal. (since 1903)

With '96 until Senior year. (1895-6) With R. Hoe & Co., New York City; (1897) Special Agent for Provident Savings Life Assurance Society of New York, at 173 Broadway, New York; (1896-8) Civil Engineer, Pennsylvania Railroad; 1898-9) A. A. Talmage & Co., Railway Equipment and Supplies 220 Broadway, New York City; President and General Manager, Michigan Street Railway Co. and Michigan Heat, Light and Power Co.; (1901-3) with John Wigmore & Sons Co., Machinery and Supplies, Los Angeles, Cal.; (1903) General Agent for Conservative Life Insurance Co., of Los Angeles, Cal.; (1904-6) Secretary and Treasurer of Blaisdell Filtration Co. (Municipal Plants); (1904-6) Secretary and Treasurer of Yuma Electric and Water Co., Yuma, Ariz.

MARRIED Virginia Woodruff, June 15th, 1895, Brielle, N. J.

CHILDREN—Virginia Archibald Talmage, born April 6th, 1896.

Beatrice Talmage (died).

Archibald Alexander Talmage, Jr., born July 29th, 1904.

GILES RUSSELL TAGGART.

Garrett Park, Md.

In Bureau of Corporations, Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C.

With '96 in Freshman year. (1893-5) Studied at University of Pennsylvania; (1895-1900) in Department of Justice, Washington, D. C.; (1897-1900) studied at Columbian University, Washington, D. C. (B.S., 1900); (1903-6) studied at Law School of George Washington University, Washington, D. C. (LL.B., 1906).

MARRIED Emma Rebecca Harper, June 29th, 1893, at Woodbury, N. J.

CHILDREN—Howard Ernest Taggart, born July 12th, 1894.

Giles Russell Taggart, Jr., born March 17th, 1897.

WILLIAM PATON THOMSON.

37 West La Crosse Avenue, Landsdowne, Pa.

I. General Manager for Erie City Iron Works (of Erie, Pa.) at 914 Land Title Building, Philadelphia, Pa. 1900); II. President of 100 Per Cent. Splice Co of Camden, N. J. (Railway Supplies), (since 1900); III. President of 100 Per Cent Insulated Rail Joint Co., of Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1903).

(1896) Building Inspector on Silk Mills at Altoona, Pa.; (1896) Manager and General Agent for Maintenance of Way Improvement Co., Altoona, Pa.; (1896-8) Engineer in charge of Construction of Trolley Line and Installation of Power House, Kitanning, Pa.

MARRIED Jessie Marian Green, October 11th, 1899, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHILDREN—Hazel Edna Thomson, born and died August 29th, 1905.

PAUL TILLINGHAST.

83 Lefferts Place, Brooklyn, N. Y.

With Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, 346 Broadway, New York.

(1896) Clerk in Home Office; (1897-8) Cashier of Metropolitan Agency; (1902-6) in charge of Policy Loan Department.

MARRIED Grace Louise Alden, June 11th, 1903, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WALTER CLARK TITUS.

495 West State Street, Trenton, N. J.

With Delaware River Quarry and Construction Co., Telephones, Trenton, N. J. (since 1905).

(1896-7) Assistant City Comptroller, Trenton, N. J.; (1898) Manager of Philadelphia Oil Co., at Trenton, N. J.; (1899-1904) building Gas Works in the West, with Frank D. Moses, Contractor.

WARREN MERWIN TOWER.

14 South Mountain Avenue, Montclair, N. J.

Treasurer of Tower & Lyon Hardware Co., 95 Chambers Street, New York City (since 1896).

JOHN MOORE TROUT.

Dobbs Ferry, N. Y.

Pastor of Greenburgh Presbyterian Church, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. (since 1902)

(1896-7) Chancellor Green Mental Science Fellowship, at Princeton University (A.M., 1897); (1897-1900) studying at Hartford (Conn.) Theological Seminary (B.D., 1900); (Editor of "Hartford Seminary Record"; Seminary Fellowship; Tyler Prize in Systematic Theology; (1900-1) studying theology at University of Halle (Germany); (1901-2) Instructor in Systematic Theology in Congregational College (McGill University) Montreal, Quebec.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Edith Wilson Leavitt, June 11th, 1902, Melrose Highlands, Mass.

CHARLES DUNBAR TRUMBULL.

3024 Forest Avenue, Kansas City, Mo.

Member of firm of Trumbull & Co., 1426 St. Louis Avenue, Kansas City, Mo. (since 1899); Chief Clerk of The American Refrigerator Co., 206-207 Scheidley Building, Kansas City, Mo. (since 1905)

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896-9) Cashier of the Trumbull Seed Co., 1426 St. Louis Avenue, Kansas City, Mo.; (1903-5) Assistant Chief Clerk in Missouri Pacific Local Office, Kansas City, Mo.

EDWARD BATES TURNER.

Home, Corning, Iowa.

Pastor of Kohala Union Church, Kohala, Hawaii.

(1896-9) Auburn (N. Y.) Theological Seminary; (1897-9) Union Theological Seminary; (1899) Teacher in Mills Institute, Honolulu, Hawaii (Chinese Boys' School); Agent Hawaiian Missionary Board; Director Native (Female) Seminary, Kohala, Hawaii.

MARRIED Gertrude Louise Norris, July 3d, 1900, Honolulu, Hawaii.

CHILDREN—Edward Harold Turner, born April 6th, 1901.

Helen Gertrude Turner, born June 29th, 1903.

Austin Norris Turner, born March 23d, 1905.

HORATIO WHITRIDGE TURNBULL.

70 West 55th Street, New York City.

With Electric Hose and Rubber Co., 137 William Street, New York.

With '96 in Freshman, Junior and Senior years. (1898) with American Telegraph and Telephone Co., 16 Dey Street, New York City; (1898) with Moore & Schley, Bankers and Brokers, 80 Broadway, New York City; (1901) with T. J. Taylor & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 30 Broad Street, New York City; (1902) in Copper business in New York City.

RALPH ERNEST URBAN.

102 South Overbrook Avenue, Trenton, N. J.

Clergyman, All Saints Protestant Episcopal Church, Trenton, N. J.

(1896-9) Studying at General Theological Seminary, New York City (A.M., Princeton, 1899).

MARRIED Mary Elizabeth Gunsauls, June 13th, 1901, Stroudsburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—Catharine Urban, born September 27th, 1903.

HERBERT URE.

322 Elmira Street, Williamsport, Pa.

Pastor of Presbyterian Church of the Covenant, Williamsport, Pa. (since December, 1905)

(1896-7) On "Newark (N. J.) Sunday Call"; (1897-1900) Student at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1900); (1900-5) Pastor of First Presbyterian Church, Mt. Carmel, Pa.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Ethel Allcock, October 23d, 1901, Newark, N. J.

CHILDREN—Ruth Ure, born May 20th, 1904

GEORGE DAWES VAN ARSDALE.

55 Lincoln Park, Newark, N. J.

Chemist in charge of New York Laboratory of Copper Queen Consolidated Mining Co. (one of the Phelps-Dodge Companies), 99 John Street, New York City (since 1899).

(1896-7) Chemist for Parke, Davis & Co., Detroit, Mich.; (1897-9) Chemist for S. S. White Co., Staten Island, N. Y.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Jessie E. Mayo, May 14th, 1898, Newark, N. J.

CHILDREN—Child born and died August, 1903.

FRANK PHINEAS R. VAN SYCKEL.

Irvington-on-Hudson, N. Y.

Teaching at Mackenzie School, Dobbs Ferry, N. Y. (since 1904).

Formerly member of Class of '94, Princeton University. (1896-1901) teaching; (1901) Family Instructor with S. S. McClure, taking two years' trip around the world; (1901-2) teaching at Helicon Hall, Englewood, N. J.; (1902-4) teaching Private Classes of boys at Irvington, N. Y.

WILLIAM WISWELL VERNER.

Care of Navy Department, Washington, D. C., or Care of Charles C. Scaife, 1238 Western Avenue, Allegheny City, Pa.

Assistant Surgeon in the Medical Corps of the United States Navy, assigned to the "Wisconsin," Asiatic Fleet (since 1904).

With '96 during Freshman year. (1899-1900) Mining in Alaska; studying at Hahnemann Medical College, Philadelphia, Pa. (M.D., 1901, Head of Class); (1902) Member of Baldwin-Zeigler Expedition to Polar Regions; (1902) practicing Medicine at Philadelphia, Pa., "The Duquesne," 16th and Walnut Streets; (1903) studied at Medico-Chirurgical College, Philadelphia, Pa. (M.D., 1903)

See "War Record" in this volume.

MONTGOMERY BLAIR WAILES.

Northport, Long Island, N. Y.

Practising Law at 120 Broadway, New York.

With '96 in Freshman year. (1897) Practising law at Leonardtown, Md.; (1898) Editor "Cyclopedia of Law" (Edward Thompson & Co), Northport, L. I.; (1903) practising law with Russell & Winslow, 253 Broadway, New York City.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Anne Thompson, April 23d, 1902, Brooklyn, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Edward Thompson Wailes, born February 16th, 1903.

HARRY GODFREY WARING.

Greystone Park, Yonkers, N. Y.

Real Estate and Insurance, 49 Warburton Avenue, Yonkers, N. Y. (since 1904).

With '96 until Junior year. (1894-6) With Lidgerwood Manufacturing Co., New York City; (1896-8) with Provident Savings Life Assurance Society, 29 Broadway, New York City; (1898-1904) with Hatch & Cox, Brokers, 71 Broadway, New York City.

MARRIED Evelyn Hope Peddie, October 21st, 1902, New York City.

EDWARDS PIERPONT WARD.

439 West 123d Street, New York City.

Practising Law at 277 Broadway, New York City.

Studying law with Rowe & Fairchilds, Dansville, N. Y. Practising law at Geneseo, N. Y.

MARRIED Mary Marguerite Whipple, October 21st, 1902, Geneseo, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Mary Elizabeth Ward, born August 17th, 1903.

FRANK HAWLEY WARD.

12 Grove Place, Rochester, N. Y.

With Stromberg-Carlson Tel. Manufacturing Co., Rochester, N. Y. (since 1904)

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. Studied Electrical Engineering at Princeton University (E.E., 1899); (1899-1901) with General Electric Co., Schenectady, N. Y.; (1901-2) with Lake Superior Power Co., Sault Ste. Marie, Ontario, Canada; (1902-3) Superintendent Thomasville Electric Gas and Light Co., Thomasville, Ga.; (1903-4) with Ward's Natural Science Establishment, Rochester, N. Y.

BRAINARD HENRY WARNER, JR.

Kensington, Montgomery Co., Md.

Practising Law at Bond Building, Washington, D. C.

With '96 in Freshman year. Formerly Clerk with Gas Co.; in the Coal business and Managing Editor of *Montgomery Press*, Kensington, Md.; Consular Service at Leipzig, Germany; Vice-Consul, Consul, 1903-4; (Ph.D. from University of Leipzig, 1903). Also studied at Columbian (now George Washington) University, Washington, D. C.

See "Literary Record" in this volume.

DORR EUGENE WARNER.

38 Brightwood Street, East Cleveland, O.

I. Attorney-at-Law and Proctor in Admiralty, 316 Perry-Payne Building, Cleveland, O.; II. (1906) Director of Glenville, O., Banking and Trust Co.

(1896-9) Studied law at Western Reserve University, Cleveland, O. (LL.B., 1899); (1903-4) practised law in Cleveland, O., with M. B. & H. H. Johnson, 1899; Member of firm of Pinney & Warner.

See "War Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Mary Eleanor Patterson, October 21st, 1903, Geauga Lake, O.

CHILDREN—Eugene Patterson Warner, born July 24th, 1904.

JOHN WATERHOUSE.

Corner Kewalo and Dominis Streets, Honolulu, Hawaii.

Treasurer and Director, Alexander & Baldwin (Inc.), Sugar Factors and Commission Merchants, 208 Stangerwald Building, Honolulu, Hawaii (since 1901).

(1896-9) With J. T. Waterhouse, General Merchandise, Honolulu; (1899-1901) with Bishop & Co., Bankers and Insurance Agents, Honolulu.

MARRIED Martha Mabel Alexander, February 6th, 1900, Oakland, Cal.

CHILDREN—Martha Montague Waterhouse, born July 18th, 1902.

Elizabeth Pinder Waterhouse, born September 8th, 1903.

Samuel Thomas Waterhouse, born November 20th, 1904.

GEORGE HENRY WATERS.

Swatow, China (care of U. S. Postal Agency, Shanghai, China).

Missionary of Baptist Church, Swatow, China.

(1896-9) Studied at Rochester Baptist Theological Seminary (B.D., 1899); (1897-8) (Summers) Acting Pastor of Churches at Park Rapids and Long Prairie, Minn.

MARRIED Mary Kay Scott, May 7th, 1901, Swatow, China.

CHILDREN—*Edward Henry Waters, born October 30th, 1902; died November 3rd, 1902.*

Herbert Ogden Waters, born November 15th, 1903.

Henry Scott Waters, born January 3d, 1906.

LEON JOSEPH WAYAVE, JR.

429 Classon Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Teaching in Commercial High School, Dean and Albany Streets, Brooklyn, N. Y.

(1899) Teaching in High School, Schenectady, N. Y., Department of History.

See "Honors and Prizes Record" in this volume.

MARRIED Susan A. Boughton, August 6th, 1902, Schenectady, N. Y.

CHILDREN—Theodore Marshall Wayave, born January 18th, 1906.

PAUL CHARLES WEED.

529 Holly Avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

Member of firm of Weed, Parker & Co., Fire Insurance, 103 German American Bank Building, St. Paul, Minn. (since 1901)

(1896) With Wholesale Shoe House, St. Paul, Minn.; (1897-1901) Special Agent, Orient Fire Insurance Co., at St. Paul, Minn.

MARRIED Emily Stickney, September 12th, 1900, St. Paul, Minn.

CHILDREN—*Emily Stickney Weed, born October 28th, 1901 (died).*

Abbie Bartlett Weed, born October 23d, 1902.

Emily Lucile Weed, born April 17th, 1904.

ARTHUR LEDLIE WHEELER.

2205 St. James Place, Philadelphia, Pa.

Manager for Winthrop, Smith & Co., Bankers and Brokers, 434 Real Estate Building, Philadelphia, Pa. (since 1901)

Formerly member of Class of '95, Princeton University; entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896) Assistant Engineer for Morris, Tasker & Co., Philadelphia, at Maripol, Russia (Nicopol-Maripol Mining and Metallurgical Co.); (1897-1901) with Freight Department, Pennsylvania Railroad, Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES HALLOCK WHITEHEAD.

2000 East 73d Street, Kansas City, Mo.

Vice-President of Whitehead Realty Co., 801 Wyandotte Street, Kansas City, Mo. (since 1902)

(1896-7) With Missouri Union Trust Co., Kansas City, Mo.; (1898) Member of firm of C. W. & C. H. Whitehead, Real Estate, Kansas City, Mo.

MARRIED Mary Maud Askew, October 4th, 1898, Kansas City, Mo.

CHILDREN—Charles Franklin Whitehead, born January 10th, 1900;

Kirk Whitehead, born May 2d, 1902

LLEWELLYN ASHBRIDGE WHITE.

218 South Sichel Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Member of firm of L. A. White & Co., Wholesale and Retail Groceries, 2201-3 Downey Avenue, Los Angeles, Cal.

With '96 in Freshman year. (1894-5) In Philadelphia office of the National Surety Co., of New York; (1895-1900) Ranching in Southern California; (1900-4) Engineer with Southern Pacific Railroad at Los Angeles, Cal.

MARRIED Linda Hancock Delany, May 7th, 1898, Pasadena, Cal.

CHILDREN—Thomas Cronsedale White, born August 18th, 1900.

Louise Ashbridge White, born January 7th, 1905.

THOMAS YOUNG WICKHAM.

371 East 66th Street, Chicago, Ill.

Vice-President Wickham Grain Co., Member of Board of Trade and Secretary of Beach-Wickham Grain Co., 280 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill. (since 1903)

Entered '96 in Senior year. Before entering Princeton, attended Central University, Pella, Ia.; Des Moines (Iowa) College, and Parsons College, Fairfield, Ia. (1897-1900) Studied at Harvard Law School (LL.B., 1900); (1900-1) practised law with Strong, Milsted & Ehle, Chicago, Ill.; (1901-2) Member of firm of Wickham & Hester, Attorneys-at-Law, 240 La Salle Street, Chicago, Ill.

MARRIED Lelia Erdice, October 7th, 1903, Keota, Ia.

CHILDREN—Marian Erdice Wickham, born December 31st, 1905.

CHARLES GORDON WIESTLING.

Vandalia, Ill.

Assistant Agent for Vandalia Railroad Co. (since 1904)

(1896-1900) Deputy County Clerk, Vandalia, Ill.; (1900-4) Assistant Editor, *Fayette County Democrat*, Vandalia, Ill.; (1904) with Local Press Bureau, World's Fair, St. Louis; (1904) on staff of *St. Louis Republic*.

ROBERT MORRIS WILKINS.

With '96 during Freshman year. Afterward member of Class of '97, Cornell University; (1898) Assistant Engineer United States Navy, U. S. S. *Baltimore*, at Philippine Islands.
See "*War Record*" in this volume.

CHARLES FREDERICK WILLIAMS.

300 Lexington Avenue, New York City.

Member of firm of Conway & Williams, Attorneys-at-Law, 15 William street, New York City.

(1896-9) Harvard Law School (LL.B., 1899); (1900) practising law with Beecher & Scoville, 237 Broadway, New York City.

ROBERT FUTHEY WILLIAMS.

Haverford, Pa.

Assistant Secretary and Treasurer, Merion and Radnor Gas and Electric Co., Ardmore, Pa. (since 1896)

With '96 during Freshman year. (1893-4) Lumber business; (1894-5) studied art abroad; (1895-6) Civil Engineer; (1896-1906) with United Gas Improvement Co., of Philadelphia, Pa.

CURTIS MOORE WILLOCK.

Defiance, O.

I. Secretary and Treasurer of American Steel Package Co., Manufacturers of Sheet Steel Bottle Cases, Defiance, O. (since 1904); II. President and General Manager of the Waverly Arms Co., Shot-gun Manufacturers, Defiance, O.

(1896-9) Harvard Law School (LL.B., 1889); (1900-4) Attorney-at-Law, 43 Leader Building, Pittsburg, Pa.; Candidate for Common Council, Twentieth Ward, Pittsburg, Pa.; defeated in three-cornered contest. Ran 200 ahead of ticket (Republican).

MARRIED Mary Carter Stevenson, May 30th, 1900, Pittsburg, Pa.

CHILDREN—Elizabeth Willock, born July 20th, 1904.

Samuel Moore Willock, born January 5th, 1906.

CHARLES ALEXANDER WILSON.

Home, Tarkio, Mo.

1895 Financial Agent at Alexandria, Egypt, for United Presbyterian Mission.

Entered '96 in Senior year. Formerly at Tarkio (Mo.) College (A.B., 1895); (1896-9) teaching German, History and Literature at Stuttgart (Ark.) College; Vice-President of Stuttgart College; (1900) with David Rankin, Cattle Dealer, Tarkio, Mo.

MARRIED Maud Brandon, June 1st, 1905, Fountain Green, Ill.

HARRY BYRAM WILSON.

Melton, Mass.

With Surpass Leather Co., 39 South Street, Boston, Mass. (since 1902)

With '96 in Freshman year. (1894-1900) In Leather business in Boston, Mass.; (1900-2) Reporter on Sports, *Boston Globe*.

MARRIED Anna V. Waters, September 20th, 1895, Boston, Mass.

CHILDREN—Louise Wilson, born July 19th, 1896.

Marion Wilson, born January 26th, 1898.

WILLIAM ROLLA WILSON.

1075 Lafayette Street, Denver, Colo.

General Manager for State of Colorado, for Washington Life Insurance Co., of New York, 209 Colorado Building, Denver, Colo.

(1896-1903) Member of firm of Wilson & Collier, Sewing Machines, 821 15th Street, Denver, Colo.; (1903-4) Agent for Equitable Life Assurance Society, of New York; (1904-5) Superintendent of Agencies, Colorado National Life Insurance Co.

MARRIED Margaret Leonard, December 12th, 1895, Denver, Colo.

CHILDREN—William Leonard Wilson, born February 16th, 1900

ARTHUR EDWARD WINTER.

127 Highland Avenue, Orange, N. J.

Member of firm of Winter & Smillie, Bankers, 50 Wall Street, New York City (with firm since 1896).

MAYNARD WINTON.

Addison, N. Y.

Member of firm of Park, Winton & True, Manufacturers of Sashes, Doors and Blinds, Addison, N. Y.

With '96 in Freshman and Sophomore years. (1895-8) With Knox Door Co., at Winton, Minn., and traveled for the firm.

CHARLES WESLEY WISNER, JR.

2118 Oak Street, Baltimore, Md.

Practising Law at 200 East Lexington Street, Baltimore, Md.

(1896-9) Teaching in American Protestant College, Beirut, Syria; (1900) teaching in Brooklyn, N. Y., Polytechnic Institute; (1900-2) studying law in University of Maryland (LL.B., 1902).

GEORGE WATSON WOMACK, JR.

721 Hague Avenue, St. Paul, Minn.

With Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co., Wholesale Hardware; Manager of Contract Sales Department.

With '96 until Junior year. With Farwell, Ozmun, Kirk & Co., Wholesale Cutlery, St. Paul, Minn.; (1899) Engineering Department, Omaha Railroad.

CHARLES LADD McKEEHAN WOODBURN.

109 Main Street, Towanda, Pa.

Practising Medicine at Towanda, Pa.

Entered '96 in Sophomore year. (1896) Studied at University of Pennsylvania Medical School (M.D., 1899).

MARRIED Bessie Cleveland Moore, July 5th, 1900, Canton, Pa.

CHILDREN—John Moore Woodburn, born June 4th, 1901.

JOHN LADISLAUS WOLDENBERG.

Home, Plock, Russian Poland. (1906) 159 West 78th Street, New York City; care of Hastings & Gleason, Attorneys-at-Law, 258 Broadway, New York City.

With '96 in Junior and Senior years. (1896) Office with Hastings & Gleason, working for Polish interests in New York City; (1896) care of Estates at Plock, Poland; (1899) employed as Correspondent with Warsaw Branch of New York Life Insurance Co., 5 Sarski Place, Warsaw, Russian Poland; (1899-1901) with Wlodarkiewicz & Sielucki, Patent Solicitors, Wlodzimierska 16, Warsaw; (1901-3) with Shauckert & Co., Electrical Works, Warsaw, Poland; (1903-5) with Norblin Br., Buch & Werner, Warsaw, Poland; (1905) left Poland on account of Revolutionary troubles.

EDWARD STRONG WORCESTER.

388 Pearl Street, Burlington, Vt.

Assistant Pastor Broadway Congregational Church, 149 Broadway, Norwich, Conn. (since 1903)

(1896-7) Teaching in Princeton Preparatory School; (1897-8) Instructor in Latin, Princeton University; (1899-1901) studied at Hartford (Conn.) Theological Seminary (B.D., 1901); (1898-1903) studied at Berlin (Germany) University; (1899) Thompson Prize in Hebrew, Hartford Theological Seminary.

GEORGE RENICK WORK.

844 Pine Grove Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

With Work Brothers & Co., Clothing Manufacturers, Wabash and Monroe Streets, Chicago, Ill. (since 1894)

With '96 in Freshman year. Formerly (two years) in Oil and Gas business in Kansas and South-west.

MARRIED Elsie Gould, February 12th, 1896, at Evanston, Ill.

CHILDREN—Dorothy Renick Work, born August 2nd, 1897.

John Gould Work, born October 15th, 1902.

WILLARD JUREY WRIGHT.

Lebanon, O.

Member of firm of Thompson & Wright, Attorneys-at-Law, Odd Fellows Building, Lebanon, O.

(1896) Deputy Probate Judge, Warren County, O.; (1897) studying law at University of Cincinnati, O.; (1897) played Tackle on Football team of University of Cincinnati, O.

MARRIED Harryet Crigler, March 14th, 1903, Springfield, O.

CHILDREN—Russell C. Wright, born April 3d, 1904.

Lot Wright, born April 6th, 1905

PHILIP WALTER YARROW.

2201 Sidney Street, St. Louis, Mo. Residence, 2111 Allen Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Pastor of Olive Branch Congregational Church, St. Louis, Mo. (since 1902)

(1896-9) Studying at Hartford Theological Seminary, Hartford, Conn.; (1899) Pastor of Congregational Church, Fosston, Minn.; (1900-1) Pastor of Congregational Church, Montevideo, Minn.; (1901) Trustee of Windom Institute, Montevideo, Minn.

MARRIED Georgiana Robinson, August 8th, 1900, Lawrence, Mass.

CHILDREN—Paul Yarrow, born July 17th, 1901.

Dorothy Yarrow, born January 6th, 1904.

JESSE REINHART ZEIGLER.

Mercer, Mercer Co., Pa.

Pastor of Great Island Presbyterian Church, Lockhaven, Pa. (since 1902)

Formerly at Grove City (Pa.) College (A.B., 1895). With '96 in Senior year. (1896-7) Teaching in High School, Mercer, Pa.; (1897-1900) studied at Princeton Theological Seminary (A.M., Princeton, 1900); (1900) Presbyterian Minister at Forty Fort, Luzerne County, Pa.; (1900-2) Pastor of Stella Church, Maltby, Pa.



From The New York Herald, May 22d, 1906.

ALEXANDER N. EASTON DEAD

Expert Writer on Real Estate Topics Fails to Rally After Operation for Cancer.

Alexander N. Easton, of No. 408 Bergen street, Brooklyn, died in the New York Hospital yesterday as the result of an operation for cancer. Mr. Easton had been a sufferer from cancer for more than two years and was compelled to give up his work several months ago.

Mr. Easton, who was the son of Mr. and Mrs. Nelson S. Easton, was born in Morristown, N. J., but while still a child moved with his parents to Summit, N. J. His early education was received at the Bordentown Military Institute, in New Jersey. He was graduated with the class of 1896 from Princeton University, and during his course carried off many honors.

He had been employed on the New York *Herald* for several years, and previous to that had worked on other newspapers in the city. He had given much study to real estate operations in New York and its vicinity, and was generally regarded as an expert in values.

His wife, three brothers and a sister survive him.

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